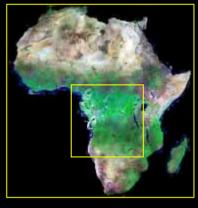
Congo Forests of Central Africa: Critical for Biodiversity Conservation



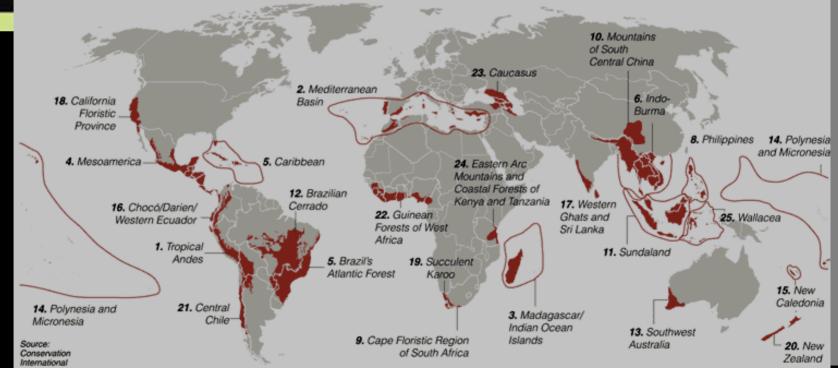
Olivier Langrand, Senior Vice President Juan Carlos Bonilla, Senior Director Central Africa John Watkin, Critical Ecosystem Partnership Fund Conservation International, Washington DC

Paris, September 16, 2004





HOTSPOTS Earth's 25 Richest and Most Endangered Ecoregions

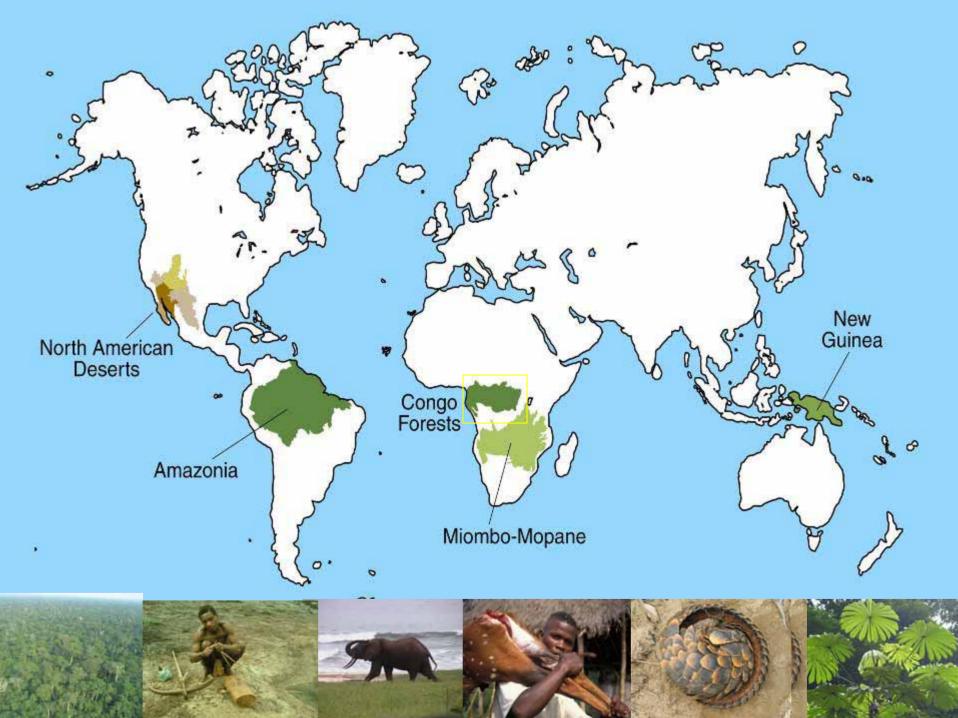


HOTSPOTS

44% of all plants
35% of all vertebrates
in

1.4% of Earth's land surface





High Biodiversity Wilderness Areas

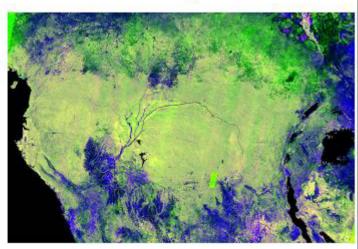
8.98 million km² 51,340 plant species (17.1% endemic) 2,203 vertebrate spp. (8.0% endemic)

Miombo Mopane - Congo Forests Size: 3.7 million km2 — 1.7 million km2 Plants: 8,500 spp. (4,600) — 9,750 spp (4,000) Mammals: 336 spp. (14) — 270 spp. (39) Birds: 938 spp (54) — 708 spp. (10)





Congo











CONGO FORESTS – A WEALTH OF BIODIVERSITY

• THE SECOND LARGEST TROPICAL **FOREST IN THE** WORLD





THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

- THE MOST BIOLOGICALLY DIVERSE AFRICAN COUNTRY.
 - •9,750 VASCULAR PLANT SPECIES, 3,300 to 4,000 ENDEMICS
 - •1,100 BUTTURFLY SPECIES
 - •142 REPTILE SPECIES, 15 ENDEMICS
 - •139 AMPHIBIAN SPECIES, 28 ENDEMICS









•270 MAMMAL SPECIES, 39 ENDEMICS



IMPORTANT TECHNICAL CHALLENGE AND LIMITED FINANCIAL RESOURCES

- •HIGH LEVEL OF BIODIVERSITY
- •HIGH LEVEL OF RISK
- •FEW EXISTING OR POTENTIAL PARTNERS
- •EXISTING FINANCIAL RESOURCES NOT A THE SCALE OF THE OF THE WORK TO BE ACHIEVED
- •ECONOMY LARGELY BASED ON NATURAL RESOURCES EXTRACTION (including bush meat)

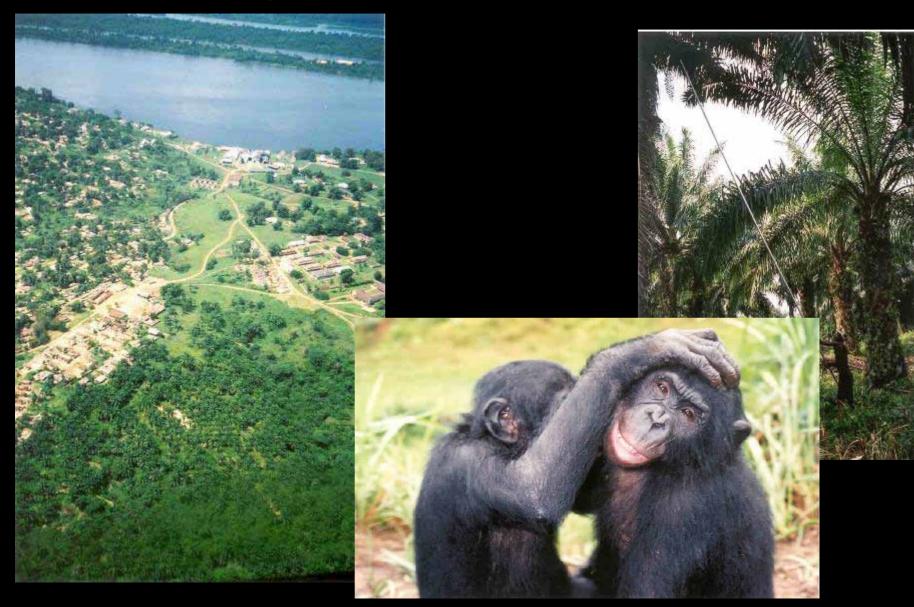






Seizing the Opportunity in DRC

Seizing the Opportunity in DRC: The Maringa-Wamba-Lopori Landscape



Seizing the Opportunity in DRC: The Maiko Tayna Kahuzi Biega





