WHV – Borobudur, INDONESIA
18 – 31 July 2011

Borobudur Temples Compounds, Indonesia
Cultural site inscribed in 1991

The Borobudur temple, a famous Buddhist temple dating from the 8th and 9th centuries, was built in 3 tiers: a pyramidal base with 5 concentric square terraces, the trunk of a cone with 3 circular platforms and, at the top, a monumental stupa. The walls and balustrades are decorated with fine low reliefs, and around the circular platforms are 72 openwork stupas, each containing a statue of the Buddha.

Project objectives: The project aims at developing the participation of the temple conservation taking into account the natural threat represented by the Mount Merapi eruption and follow-up training of young guardians using non-formal education.

Project activities: The WHV-Borobudur project will involve international volunteers and local senior high school students in training to become Borobudur Young Guardians. They will create promotional and educational material to be used to run their awareness-raising workshops at different information stands around the temple.

Partners: Several partners from local to national levels such as the Borobudur Conservation office, the Ministry of Culture and Tourism and the UNESCO Jakarta office will provide materials, human resources and authorizations in coordination with different stakeholders.

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For the description of the activities: www.whvolunteers.org and www.ccivs.org