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UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE

Bureau of the World Heritage Committee Seventeenth Session

UNESCO Headquarters, 21-26 June 1993, Paris, France Room IX (Fontenoy Building)

Item 7 of the Provisional Agenda: Examination of Nominations of Properties to the World Heritage List and the List of World Heritage in Danger

Identification No.	Name of Property	State Party having submitted the nomination (in accordance with Article 11 of the
		Convention)

A. Nominations of Natural Properties to the World Heritage List

A.1. New nominations:

655	Sierra de la Biosfera de las Minas	Guatemala
666	Fossil Findings of Ipolytarnoc	Hungary
650	Wild Ass Sanctuary	India
661	Yakushima	Japan
662	Shirakami- Sanchi	Japan
646	Cedars of Lebanon	Lebanon
654	Jiddat-al- Harasis and	Oman

Philippines

its adjoining areas St. Paul

Subterranean National Park

Tubataha Reef Philippines
Marine Park

A.2. Extension to a World Heritage site:

Central Eastern Australia
Rainforests of
Australia
(re-nomination
of the Wet Tropics
of Queensland and
additional areas)

B. Nominations of Cultural Properties to the World Heritage List

B.1. New nominations:

652

675	Joya of Ceren	El Salvador
231	Red Fort, Delhi	India
232	Humayun Tomb, Delhi	India
233	Qutub Minar and associated monuments, Delhi	India
659	Boyne Valley	Ireland
670	Matera	Italy
661	Residence of Himeji-jo	Japan
660	Buddhist ensemble of Horyu-ji	Japan
676	Zacatecas	Mexico
666	Lumbini and associated sites	Nepal

648	Jesuit missions	Paraguay
647	Inca Temple of Huaytará	Peru
677	Baroque Churches	Philippines
656	Sintra	Portugal
657	Sergiev Posad, Architectural ensemble of the Laure of the Trinité - Saint-Serge	Russia
665	Monastery of Guadalupe of Cáceres	Spain
664	Merida	Spain
669	The Path of Saint- Jacques-de-Compostelle	Spain
555	Birka-Hovgarden	Sweden
658	Corro and its dunes	Venezuela
678	Hué	Vietnam
611	Zabid	Yemen

B.2. Deferred nominations:

619bis Karlstejn Castle Czech Republic

At the sixteenth session of the Committee, several delegations requested that ICOMOS undertake a study of the historicity of the nineteenth century restoration of this Castle and present a report at the seventeenth session of the Bureau. The inscription of this cultural property was deferred until such a report became available.

The Czech authorities have provided ICOMOS complementary information concerning the problems raised by members of the Committee.

546bis Maulbronn Monastery Germany

At its fourteenth session, the Bureau deferred the examination of this nomination until the authorities of the Federal Republic of Germany have included all parts outside the enclosure that are representative of

the activities engaged in on the estate and, in particular, the fisheries and hydraulic works. The Bureau also expressed the wish that a global study to highlight the most significant monuments of Cistercian architecture be undertaken.

The German authorities have reformulated this nomination, proposing a new boundary, and providing complementary information concerning the value of certain monuments.

618bis

Banská Stiavnica

Slovak Republic

At its sixteenth session, which took place in Paris during 6-10 July 1992, the Bureau deferred this nomination to allow the Slovak authorities to provide additional background information concerning the concrete existence of a heritage bearing witness to mining activities.

The information requested by the Bureau has been provided by the competent authorities.

620bis

Spis Castle

Slovak Republic

At its sixteenth session, the Bureau deferred the examination of this property to allow the competent Slovak authorities to establish a management plan for this ensemble.

Additional information, including that requested by the Bureau, has been provided by the competent authorities of the Slovak Republic.

620bis

Vlkolinec

Slovak Republic

At its sixteenth session, held in Paris during 6-10 July 1992, the Bureau returned this nomination to allow the competent authorities in the Slovak Republic to provide additional information regarding the natural and rural environment of the village and to supply details of the management plan for the ensemble. Furthermore, the Bureau requested ICOMOS to carry out a comparative study among similar properties in Central Europe.

The Slovak authorities have provided a revised nomination, including a comparative study for the consideration of the Bureau.

556bis

Engelsberg Ironworks

Sweden

At its fifteenth session, which was held in Paris between 17 and 21 June 1991, the Bureau deferred the examination of this nomination pending the completion of a study by ICOMOS of the industrial heritage, which had been requested by the Commitee.

The Swedish authorities have provided complementary information and ICOMOS has done a new evaluation of this nomination.

558bis

Skogakyrkogarden

Sweden

At its fifteenth session, held in June 1991, the Bureau deferred the examination of this nomination pending the results of a comparative study of this type of property.

Following a mission undertaken by ICOMOS, a report on this site will be presented to the Bureau.

602bis

Boukhara

Uzbekistan

At its fifteenth session, held in Paris during 17-21 June 1991, the Bureau recommended the inscription of this property but asked ICOMOS to submit, as soon as possible, a new and more thorough evaluation. In this connection the Bureau encouraged ICOMOS to send a field mission to update the information contained in the nomination. An expert mission of ICOMOS visited the site in November 1991, but the Bureau, during its special session in December 1991, in Carthage (Tunisia), deferred the examination of this nomination.

The authorities of Uzbekistan have indicated their wish to reconsider this nomination and the Bureau is invited to examine the new evaluation of ICOMOS.

C. Nominations of mixed properties to the World Heritage List

C.1. New nominations

672 Ha-Long Bay Vietnam

673 Cuc-Phong Vietnam

National Park

C.2. Deferred nominations

554bis Reserva del Mexico

Vizcaino

At its fourteenth session held in Paris, during 11-14 June 1990, the Bureau recommended that this nomination be

deferred and noted that the site as a whole corresponded well to the biosphere reserve concept of UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme and encouraged the Mexican authorities to propose it for official inclusion in the international biosphere network.

As concerns world heritage values, the Bureau noted that only two major coastal lagoons and their associated shorelines were of outstanding universal significance as breeding and parturition areas for grey whales under criterion (iv). The Bureau therefore requested the Mexican authorities to revise the boundaries of the nominated area to include only those areas and to provide information on the management measures that would be implemented in the future to ensure the protection of the whale populations. As the whales are migratory, the Bureau recalled that the condition of integrity in paragraph 36(v) of the 'Operational Guidelines' concerning arrangements for the condition protection of areas used by grey whales for the rest of their life cycle needed to be met as much as possible. The Bureau, furthermore requested ICOMOS to evaluate the cultural values of the important rock art sites at El Vizcaino.

The Mexican authorities have re-nominated Reserva del Vizcaino as a **mixed site**, modified the boundaries in accordance with the suggestions made by the Bureau and provided additional information on the management measures implemented to protect the migratory whale populations.