		MISSION I	Potential type of INDIRECT impact	
	Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive
CONCEPT	 Ecological disturbance or clearance of natural habitats for pre- construction surveys 	 Opportunity to implement advanced enhancement actions 	 Disassociation of individuals or communities from the landscape in expectation of project development 	 Opportunity to promote integrated landscape planning
PLANNING	- Direct tangible impacts due to surveying (e.g., removal of plants or extant built structures)		 Lack of or reduction in maintenance practices in expectation of project development Controlled or uncontrolled removal of significant cultural attributes or species in expectation of project development 	 Community engagement with planning processes can lead to a better understanding of significance and associations The study of cultural and natural contexts can deliver new knowledge, such as through archaeological investigations, oral history projects, inventories of species and populations, geology, etc. Identification and removal of invasive species
CONSTRUCTION				

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Environmental (also related to natural heritage values)	 Loss or degradation of natural habitats Disturbance of or injury to wildlife from construction traffic, noise, activities or night lighting Pollution by dust, construction materials or vehicle emissions Introduction of alien invasive species Habitat loss or fragmentation from the construction of transmission lines Collision and electrocution risk for bats and birds 	- Opportunity to improve the biodiversity management of rights of way	 Increased local resource use, wildlife disturbance or pollution from temporary construction workforce Induced access via cleared rights of way Supply chain and manufacturing impacts Displacement of agricultural or other activities 	- Opportunity for increased local employment
OPERATION				 Potential for biodiversity enhancement along rights of way
Environmental (also related to natural heritage values)	 Loss or degradation of natural habitats Behavioural displacement (species- specific) Wildlife collisions or electrocutions 	 Biodiversity enhancement along rights of way 	 Induced access along cleared rights of way 	 Reduced carbon footprint Contribution to addressing the global climate emergency

	 Barriers to wildlife movement Light pollution from night lighting Obstructed views and visual intrusions 			
REPOWERING	 Collisions or displacement of wildlife species along reconfigured transmission lines 	 Potential for reducing collision risks through reconfiguration 	- As for the construction phase	 More efficient transmission of low-carbon electricity
DECOMMISSIONING	 Ecological disturbance from dismantling and removing turbines 	 Restoration of natural habitats 	 Loss in biodiversity value through cessation of right-of-way management 	 Opportunity to promote integrated landscape planning
RECOVERY				

(Please note that these lists are intended only to provide examples and are by no means exhaustive. For the question of assessing visual impacts, see '<u>Note 4'</u>)