Le Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene

1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property

Le Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
Le Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene	45.953 / 12.226	20334.2	43988.2	64322.4	2019
Total (ha)		20334.2	43988.2	64322.4	

1.4 - Map(s)

Title	Date	Link to source
Le Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene - Map of the inscribed property	2019	

Comment

The site has a commitment area. This zone includes the municipalities of Cappella Maggiore, Colle Umberto, Codognè, Cordignano, Fregona, Godega di Sant'Urbano, Mareno di Piave, Moriago della Battaglia, Sarmede, San Fior, Sernaglia della Battaglia, Segusino, Santa Lucia di Piave and Vazzola. The area includes the municipalities that have adhered to a Protocol stipulated with the Region, whose purpose is to follow a common regulation for the management, protection and preservation of the rural landscape.

1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

Comment

Sito Web https://collineconeglianovaldobbiadene.it/ Social Media https://www.facebook.com/coneglianovaldobbiadeneumanita https://www.instagram.com/collinepatrimonioumanita/?igshid=YmMyMTA2M2Y= IL SITO WEB SARA' AGGIORNATO CON UNA PAGINA DEDICATA AL PIANO DI GESTIONE

- 2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)
- 2.1 Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is not</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

No

2.4 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

2.5 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

In a territory bordering the site there is the UNESCO Biosphere Reserve Monte Grappa. In recent months, contacts are underway with the reserve manager to activate synergistic sustainable tourism projects. The projects mainly concern the management of sustainable tourism and sustainable mobility.

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

No

- 2.10 Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware
- 2.11 Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

No

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World

Programme of which you aware.

- 3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value
- 3.1 Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Brief synthesis

The Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene in northeast Italy is an area characterised by distinctive hogback morphological system which provides a distinctive mountain character with scenic vistas, and an organically evolved and continuing landscape comprised of vineyards, forests, small villages and agriculture. For centuries, the harsh terrain has both shaped and been adapted by distinctive land use practices. They include the land and soil conservation techniques that comprise the viticultural practices using Glera grapes to produce the highest quality Prosecco wine. Since the 17th century, the use of the ciglioni – the patterned use of grassy terraces used to cultivate areas with steep slopes – has created a distinctive chequerboard pattern with rows parallel and vertical to the slopes. In the 19th century, the specific training of the vines known as bellussera, was developed by local farmers, contributing to the aesthetic characteristics of the landscape. The mosaic appearance of the landscape is a result of historical and ongoing environmental and land use practices. The plots dedicated to vineyards, established on ciglioni, coexist with forest patches, small woodlands, hedges, and rows of trees that serve as corridors connecting different habitats. In the hogbacks, small villages are scattered along the narrow valleys or perched on the crests.

Criterion (v): The Colline del Prosecco di Conegliano e Valdobbiadene is a viticulture landscape resulting from the interaction of nature and people over several centuries. The adaptation and transformation of the challenging terrain of the hogback geomorphology has required the development of specific land use practices, including: vineyard management by hand on steep slopes; the grassy terraces known as ciglioni, which follow the contours of the land, stabilising the soils and vineyards; and the bellussera training system which was developed in the area about 1880. As a result, the vineyards contribute to a distinctive 'chequerboard' appearance with perpendicular rows of high vines, interspersed with rural settlements, forests and small woods. Despite many changes, the history of sharecropping in this area is also reflected in the landscape patterns.

Integrity

The boundary of the property is of adequate size, and contains the attributes of Outstanding Universal Value within a topographically distinct and intact landform. Despite many changes and challenges posed by pests, wars, poverty, and the industrialisation of viticulture, many of the attributes such as the vineyards, ciglioni and architectural elements demonstrate a good state of conservation, and the patches of forest have been maintained. Ecological processes are critically important for the sustainability of the landscape and the vineyards. Threats are currently managed, although the state of conservation of some elements (particularly architectural and urban elements in the buffer zone) require improvement, and climate change has accentuated the incidence of landslides. The landscape could be vulnerable to irreversible change due to the pressures of production of Prosecco within a growing global market. Agricultural and viticultural techniques for maintaining the integrity of the landscape are continuing, including manual harvesting.

Authenticity

The main attributes of the property relate to the distinctive landscape, where nature and human history have shaped and been shaped by an adapted and specific system for viticulture and land use. Despite many changes, the attributes demonstrate authenticity, and are documented through sources such as inventories and cadasters, historical and religious paintings, and historical documents that demonstrate the introduction of the ciglioni, and the operation of the sharecropping system from the first land registries in the 18th century.

Protection and management requirements

The property and its attributes are subject to protection measures at national and local levels; and municipalities and professional associations have introduced additional safeguards through territorial planning tools and the formation of legal and voluntary charters. The protection of the rural landscape is primarily guaranteed by the rules of the Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG that favour the maintenance of the vineyards, ciglioni and other attributes that are fundamental for maintaining local traditions and to the protection of the agricultural biodiversity and associated ecosystem services.

Almost all of the property has been nominated to the National Register of Historical Rural Landscapes, a programme developed by the Ministry of Agriculture for the protection of agricultural rural landscapes. The forest vegetation is protected by the forest restrictions included in the National Code for Cultural Heritage, as well as by the management plan of the Site of Community Interest (SCI) of the EU Natura 2000 network applicable to the area. The buildings of historical and monumental value are all protected at national level by the Codice dei Beni Culturali e del Paesaggio (Cultural Heritage and Landscape Code) issued by Legislative Decree No. 42, 22 January 2004, along with all public buildings, state property and church-owned buildings that are more than 50 years old. The legal protection could be further strengthened through the implementation of the Detailed Landscape Plan (Piano Paesaggistico di Dettaglio) (PPD) at the regional level; the implementation of Intermunicipal regulation of rural police (Regolamento intercomunale di polizia rural); and the full implementation of the 'Technical rule - Articolo unico' in all relevant municipalities.

The management of the site is primarily linked to the plans and planning processes developed by the local authorities – the Veneto Region and the Treviso Province – which support and guarantee the participation of all stakeholders through a specific Regional Law (No. 45/2017). Construction of new production areas and buildings in the agricultural zone that are not strictly necessary for the working of agricultural land is not permitted. The Management Plan requires further development, adoption and implementation.

Comment

The Updating of the Management Plan is ongoing

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	The geomorphology – Hogback (the average height above sea level, the steepness of the slopes, and the geographical character)	×			
3.2.2	The ingenuity of growers (the agrarian management techniques, especially with regard to measures to contain erosion and the techniques of vine breeding and training)	×			
3.2.3	The landscape mosaic (the size and orientation of patches, type and origin of design).	×			
3.2.4	The vineyards and terraces named "ciglioni", the small settlements and the forests	×			

3.2.5			
3.2.6			
3.2.7			
3.2.8			
3.2.9			
3.2.10			
3.2.11			
3.2.12			
3.2.13			
3.2.14			
3.2.15			

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

A reconnaissance work is underway on the analysis of the agricultural and rural landscape in the buffer zone and currently the attributes are all perfectly preserved as per scientific research carried out.

4. Factors Affecting the Property

4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

Relevant	X Not relevant				
4.1.2 - Commercial development					
Relevant	X Not relevant				
4.1.3 - Industrial areas					
Relevant	X Not relevant				

4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
Positive X	×	×	×	×			•	
Negative								

4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Plates and road signs have been placed that delimit the territories of the Core Zone and Buffer Zone An infopoint dedicated to the Site in Valdobbiadene has been created, further information points will then be created in Conegliano, Vittorio Veneto and Pieve di Soligo

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing

Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							
4.2.2 - Underground transp	ort infrastructure	•					
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.2.3 - Air transport infrastr	ructure						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.2.4 - Marine transport infi	rastructure						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.2.5 - Effects arising from	use of transporta	ntion infrastru	cture				
Relevant			× Not relevant				
 4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively 4.2.1. A train-bus integration project is underway to facilitate the arrival of visitors within the core zone without the use of private vehicles. 							
4.3. Services Infrastructur	res						
4.3.1 - Water infrastructure							
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.3.2 - Renewable energy fa	acilities						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.3.3 - Non-renewable ener	gy facilities						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.3.4 - Localised utilities							
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.3.5 - Major linear utilities							
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively							
4.4. Pollution							
4.4.1 - Pollution of marine	waters						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.4.2 - Ground water pollut	ion						

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.2 - Ground water pollution	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.3 - Surface water pollution	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.4 - Air pollution	
Relevant	× Not relevant

4.4.5 - Solid waste

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive	×	×	×	×			•
Negative							

4.4.6 - Input of excess energy

relevant
relevant

4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.4.5 A project called "Let's protect our environmental heritage together" is under way, which aims to inform citizens and young people about less waste production and more conscious sorting. This project is created in synergy with SAV.NO. the waste management company of the territory (https://www.savnoservizi.it/it)

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Relevant	X Not relevant		
4.5.2 - Aquaculture			
Relevant	X Not relevant		
4.5.3 - Land conversion			
Relevant	X Not relevant		
4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals			

× Not relevant

4.5.5 - Crop production

Relevant

X Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
○ Positive ★	×		×			→	
Negative							

4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Delevent	Maria de la companya della companya
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
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4.5.8 - Commercial hunting

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production

Relevant	Not relevant

4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.5.5. Positive impact of the presence of olive groves around the Revine Lakes in the core zone (small oil production)

4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.6.2 - Quarrying

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×				-

Negative

4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

	•	•			
Relevant			× Not relevant		

4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.6.2. The materials of the rock quarries located in the area can be used in redevelopment and conservation of the rural heritage.

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.2 - Relative humidity

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.3 - Temperature

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
	×			×			7

4.7.4 - Radiation/Light

evant	✗ Not relevant
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4.7.5 - Dust

4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
○ Negative X	×			×			P

4.7.7 - Pests

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
	×			×		→	

4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Relevant	X Not relevant
	THE ISLOCATION

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.7.3 The impact of temperature is mainly related to its increase. 4.7.6 As a result of climate change, the rains of recent years have become more intense and stronger. This phenomenon is under constant monitoring. 4.7.7 – Pests The presence of outbreaks of Flavescence dorée combined with a general worsening of climatic conditions constitutes a serious threat to the sustainability of viticulture. An effective handling of this problem in under special attention by the competent authorities.

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×			7
Negative							

4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×				P
Negative							

4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
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4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

✗ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×			→	
Negative							

4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×	×		→	

4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			,
Negative							

4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage . The population of the site is becoming increasingly aware of what the protection of the World Heritage Sites means. 4.8.4 - The population is very careful to carry on the historical traditions 4.8.5. - Unfortunately cause the period of Covid 19 there is less social cohesion. Now these trends are getting better. 4.8.6. - The tourist trend in the area is improving significantly thanks to the opening of new accommodation facilities.

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Relevan	t en	X Not relevant
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4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.9.3 - Military training

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.9.4 - War	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.9.5 - Terrorism	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.9.6 - Civil unrest	
Relevant	× Not relevant

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×	×			1

4.10.2 - Flooding

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.10.3 - Drought

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
○ Negative X	×		×	×			7

4.10.4 - Desertification

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

Relevant X Not relevant

4.10.6 - Temperature change

Relevant	
Relevant	Not relevant

4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.10.1 Storms, often accompanied by hail, wind gusts and localized heavy rainfall, may have a destructive effect on vineyards, agricultural arrangements, and the hydraulic and road networks. 4.10.3 Drought. The generalized reduction in rainfall has a serious impact in hilly terrain, where the residual rainfall, often more intense, tends to run off rather than infiltrate. Since emergency irrigations interventions are difficult, sometimes the situation puts the cultivations of vines in crisis.

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.11.2 - Earthquake

Relevant

** Not relevant

4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Relevant

** Not relevant

4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide

× Relevant	1	Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
	×		×	×		\rightarrow	

4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

× Relevant			1	Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
Positive								
Negative X	×		×	×		→		

4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)

Relevant X Not relevant

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.11.4 The risk of landslides is closely related to the geological structure of the territory and the steep slopes, in association with extreme rainfall events. This risk is mitigated by the good agricultural soil management practices adopted by the winegrowers, which are facing an increasing environmental pressure. 4.11.5 The risk of erosion is potentially present, in relation to the morphological structure of the territory, but it has been historically controlled by a vineyards management.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

Relevant	X Not relevant								
I.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species									
Relevant	X Not relevant								
4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species									
Relevant	X Not relevant								
4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species	4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species								
Relevant	X Not relevant								
4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species	4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species								
Relevant	X Not relevant								
4.12.6 - Modified genetic material									
Relevant	X Not relevant								

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current Potential		Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	

O Positive X	×	×	×		,
Negative					

4.13.2 - Legal framework

✗ Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	Gurrent	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×	×	×				7		
Negative									

4.13.3 - Governance

× Relevant			1	Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing		
Positive X	×	×	×				1		
Negative									

4.13.4 - Management activities

★ Relevant			Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×				/	
Negative								

4.13.5 - Financial resources

× Relevant			Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			P	
Negative								

4.13.6 - Human resources

X Relevant		Not relevant	Torondo of Comment				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
○ Positive ★	×	×	×				1
Negative							

4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

× Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×		×			/
Negative							

4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

× Relevant			Not relevant	
	Impact	Origin		Trend of impact

Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×				/
Negative							

4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The Scientific Committee is preparing the management plan for the coming years with targeted and appropriate studies that respond to ICOMOS recommendations using regional and local observatories, universities and data offices. The governance of the site is stable and financial resources increase thanks to the entry of new members who have understood the value of protecting a World Heritage Site.

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact	t		Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	O	9	9	•	Œ	-
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	O	q	9	•	Œ	1
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	O	9	9	•	F	1
4.4 Pollution						
4.4.5 Solid waste	O	9	9	•	Œ	1
4.5 Biological resource use/modification						
4.5.5 Crop production	O	9		•		\rightarrow
4.6 Physical resource extraction						
4.6.2 Quarrying	O	9	9	•		1
4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric						
4.7.3 Temperature						
		q			Œ	_
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)						
		ø			Œ	,
4.7.7 Pests						
		A			(§	→
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage					4	
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses	©	q	q	•	16	,
T.O. I NILLIANOPII NILLIANITOII GIULI ASSOCIALITE USES		7	7	G	9	
4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage	©	A	q	•		_
,		U	•	3		
4.9.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system		•	1			_
4.8.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	O	9	4	•		→
4.8.5 Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community						

		9	q	•	Œ	\rightarrow
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	•	9	q	•	F	7
4.10 Climate change and severe weather events						
4.10.1 Storms						
		9		•	Œ	1
4.10.3 Drought						
		q		•	Œ	1
4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events						
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
		q		•	Œ	→
4.11.5 Erosion and siltation/Deposition						
		4		•	Œ	→
4.13 Management and institutional factors						
4.13.1 Management system/Management plan	O	4	Ą	•		<i>P</i>
4.13.2 Legal framework	©	q	q	•		-
4.13.3 Governance	©	q	q	•		,
4.13.4 Management activities	©	q	q	•		,
4.13.5 Financial resources	•	q	q	•	Œ	7
4.13.6 Human resources	•	9	9	•		-
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring activities	•	9	9		Œ	<i>></i>
4.13.8 High impact research/monitoring activities	②	9	q	•		,
Legend	Ins	ide		Outsi	de	
Positive Positive	• ins	iue		G Outsi	uc	

4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

4.1 Buildings and Development

Name					Origin	Trend	
4.1.4 Major	4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure			9	•	Œ	1
Spatial sca	lle - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						

	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
,	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact	t		Origin		Trend
	oretative and visitation facilities	Impact	4	q	Origin	F	Trend
	oretative and visitation facilities			q		G	
4.1.5 Interp	oretative and visitation facilities ale - Area affected by the factor			9		E	
4.1.5 Interp				q		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interp	ale - Area affected by the factor			q		F	
4.1.5 Interp	ale - Area affected by the factor Restricted			q		F	
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised			q		(4)	
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive			9		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread			9		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurrence of the impact			व		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurrence of the impact One off or rare			q		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Scale - Occurence of the impact Intermittent or sporadic			9		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Scale - Occurence of the impact Intermittent or sporadic Frequent			9		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Congoing			eq.		G	
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Inpact on the attributes Insignificant Minor			व		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going spact on the attributes Insignificant			व		(
4.1.5 Interp	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Inpact on the attributes Insignificant Minor			व		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interposed at the second	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going spact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant			ब		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interposed at the second	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Insignificant Minor Significant Major			व		ઉ	
4.1.5 Interposed at the second	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Apact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major					ઉ	

	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing				
	Static				
×	Increasing				

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name	Name		Impact				Trend	
4.2.1 Groun	nd transport infrastructure	O	9	9	•	F	1	
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor							
	Restricted							
	Localised							
×	Extensive							
	Widespread							
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare							
	Intermittent or sporadic							
×	Frequent							
	On-going On-going							
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes							
	Insignificant							
	Minor							
×	Significant							
	Major							
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond							
	High capacity							
×	Medium capacity							
	Low capacity							
	No capacity and / or resources							
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years							
	Decreasing							
	Static							
×	Increasing							

4.4 Pollution

Name	Impac	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.4.5 Solid waste	©	9	9	•	Œ	<i>P</i>
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
Restricted						

	Localised
×	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
×	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name		Impact		Origin			Trend	
4.5.5 Crop	4.5.5 Crop production		9		•		\rightarrow	
Custial ass								
Spatiai Sca	ale - Area affected by the factor							
×	Restricted							
	Localised							
	Extensive							
	Widespread							
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare							
	Intermittent or sporadic							
	Frequent							
×	On-going							
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes							
	Insignificant							
	Minor							
×	Significant							
	Major							

Management response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

4.6 Physical resource extraction

Localised Extensive Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact ** One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant ** Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity ** Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing	Name		Impact		Origin		Trend		
Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Windespread Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Windespread Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Low capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Temporal Scale - Occurence of the impact Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Widespread Significant Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity No capacity and / or resources Temporal Scale - Occurence of the impact Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Management or sporadic No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact No capacity and / or resources No capacity and / or resources No capacity and / or resources	4.6.2 Quar	rying	•		9	•		7	
Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Windespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Windespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Windespread Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Windespread Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Low capacity Low capacity and / or resources Temporal Scale State Decreasing Widespread State S									
Localised Extensive Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact X One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant X Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond Wide management response - Capacity of management to respond X Medium capacity X Medium capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing X Static	Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor							
Extensive Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact X One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant X Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity X Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and/or resources Trend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing X Static	×	Restricted							
Widespread Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Cone off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Significant Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing K static		Localised							
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact Cone off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Extensive							
Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Frend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Widespread							
Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity No capacity of resources Trend - Development over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	Temporal	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact							
Frequent On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	×	One off or rare							
On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Intermittent or sporadic							
Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Frequent							
Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		On-going							
Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	Impact - Impact on the attributes								
Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Insignificant							
Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	×	Minor							
Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Significant							
High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Major							
Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond							
Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		High capacity							
No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static	×	Medium capacity							
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static		Low capacity							
Decreasing Static									
X Static	Trend - De								
		Decreasing							
Increasing	×								
		Increasing							

4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend	
Tullio	impuot	Origini	III	

4.7.3 Tempe	rature					
			9		C	1
Spatial scale	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal so	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Imp	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managemen	t response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name 4.7.6 Water	(rain/water table)	Impact		Origin		Trend
			9		Œ	7
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive Widespread					
Tomporal se	cale - Occurence of the impact					
remporar so	One off or rare					
×						
^	Intermittent or sporadic Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Imr	pact on the attributes					
paot - IIII	Insignificant					
	nog.mour.					

×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.7.7 Pests						
			4		C	\rightarrow
Spatial sca	ele - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
**	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
lumant lum	epact on the attributes					
impact - im						
**	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Increasing

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.8.1 Ritual	/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses	O	A	9	•	C	1
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
,	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
**	Significant						
	Major						
Managama							
	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.8.2 Socie	ty's valuing of heritage	O	9	9	•		
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
	pact on the attributes						

	Insignificant					
	Minor					
×	Significant					
	Major					
Managemei	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact		~~	Origin	Trend
4.8.4 Chang	es in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	O	9	9	•	→
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Imp	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managemer	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					

Name

Trend

Origin

Impact

4.8.5 Identi	8.5 Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community						
			q	q	•	Œ	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
×	Decreasing						
	Static						
	Increasing						
Name	ts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	Impact	q	q	Origin		Trend
4.0.0 impac	is of tourishin visitation/necreation		7	7	•	(
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						

	Minor					
×	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					

4.10 Climate change and severe weather events

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.10.1 Stori	ns						
			q		•	Œ	-
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend		
4.10.3 Drou	ght							
			q		•	Œ	1	
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor								
	Restricted							
	Localised							
	Extensive							
×	Widespread							
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare							
×	Intermittent or sporadic							
	Frequent							
	On-going							
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes							
	Insignificant							
×	Minor							
	Significant							
	Major							
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond							
	High capacity							
×	Medium capacity							
	Low capacity							
	No capacity and / or resources							
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years							
	Decreasing							
×	Static							
	Increasing							

4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name	Impact	Impact			Origin	
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
		9		•	Œ	→
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
×	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent

	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.11.5 Eros	ion and siltation/Deposition	_	_			
			4	•	F	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
×	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					

4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name	Name				Origin		Trend
4.13.1 Man	agement system/Management plan	•	9	9	•		
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
×	Major						
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name 4.13.2 Lega	al framework	Impact	q	q	Origin		Trend
			•	•			
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						

	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
×	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.13.3 Gov	ernance	•	9	9	•	/
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
×	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					

	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.4 Man	agement activities	O	9	9	•		-
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
×	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.5 Fina	ncial resources	O	9	9	•	Œ	/
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						

×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
	Minor					
×	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact		~	Origin	Trend
4.13.6 Human resources		•	9	9	•	/
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
	Minor					
×	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					

	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.7 Low	impact research/monitoring activities	O	9	9		Œ	-
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name	i impact research/monitoring activities	Impact		<i>[</i>]	Origin		Trend
4. 13.6 High	i impact researcininomornig activities	O	9	9	Q		
Spatial sca	lle - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						

	Frequent
×	On-going On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1	The geomorphology – Hogback (the average height above sea level, the steepness of the slopes, and the geographical character)	×			
4.18.1.2	The ingenuity of growers (the agrarian management techniques, especially with regard to measures to contain erosion and the techniques of vine breeding and training)	×			
4.18.1.3	The landscape mosaic (the size and orientation of patches, type and origin of design).	×			
4.18.1.4	The vineyards and terraces named "ciglioni", the small settlements and the forests	×			
4.18.1.5					

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The boundaries are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The buffer zones are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

The managing authority has adequately signaled to citizens and locals the proximity of the site through communications, billboards, plaques, involvement in events shared with the citizen for the knowledge and promotion of the OUV of the site and its buffer zone.

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for effective management and protection**

5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

- 5.2.7 Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice
- 5.2.8 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property
- 5.2.8 The drafting of the Regional Landscape Plan is in progress.
- 5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Public management system joint national/ local

If 'Other', please specify

5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A management plan

5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

The managing body of the World Heritage Site has set up a scientific committee that is drawing up the Management Plan. The Management Plan is composed of internationally renowned professors from the Universities of Padua, Venice and Florence. Universities carry out studies on the territory and acquire data from local authorities to coordinate the Management Plan.

5.3.4 - Management Documents

Title	Status	Available	Date	Link to source
Management Plan	N/A	Available	2018	
Management Plan 2019	N/A	Available	2019	

5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

The 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape is **not relevant** to this property

- 5.3.6 If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done.
- 5.3.7 Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

No use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

- 5.3.8 If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:
- 5.3.9 Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property?

 No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties
- 5.3.10 If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done
- 5.3.11 Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property

There is adequate coordination between all bodies/levels involved in the management of the property

5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is fully adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being fully implemented and monitored

5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and many of its activities are being implemented

5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities				×	
5.3.15.2	Local authorities					×
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone				×	
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.15.5	Women				×	
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups				×	
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify	Economic stake	eholder and NGOs			

5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities					×
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.16.4	Landowners					×
5.3.16.5	Women					×
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children					×
5.3.16.7	Researchers					×
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists				×	
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists				×	
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry				×	
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries					×
5.3.16.12	NGOs					×
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups					×
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	economic stakeh	olders			

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality					×
5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)				×	
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status					×

5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach			×
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood			×
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property			×

5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

The management system implements the principles of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention. In the Management Plan being updated, there will be a section with a direct reference to the objectives of the 2030 Agenda.

5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

The management plan is being updated and is addressing all the issues to attention, there is a strong participation in events, seminars for young people, special events and evenings dedicated to the knowledge and promotion of the site and its Buffer Zone.

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	%	%
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	%	%
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	%	%
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	85 %	85 %
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	%	%
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	%	%
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	15 %	15 %
6.1.1.12	Other	%	%
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

Veneto Region, 29 Municipalities, Province of Treviso, Chamber of Commerce of Treviso and Belluno, Protection Consortium of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Wineries, Trade Associations, Local Bodies, Associations of volunteers.

6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs

6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over the medium-term and planning is underway to secure funding over the long-term

6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

6.1.5 Partnerships are being defined to find other sources of financing.

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	50 %	50 %
6.1.6.2	Women	50 %	50 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources are **adequate** for management needs

6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
--------------	------

Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Fair

6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

6.1.11. Some capacity building actions are being planned as part of the Management Plan updating process to increase awareness of the meaning of the designation and how the agreement is implemented concretely at the local territorial level (professionals, bodies, institutions, etc.)

6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff

6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

6.1.13. Some capacity building actions are being planned as part of the Management Plan updating process to increase awareness of the meaning of the designation and how the agreement is implemented concretely at the local territorial level (professionals, bodies, institutions, etc.)

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained?

Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is adequate

7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme** of research, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal

7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared with local communities and some national agencies

7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

The Scientific Committe, Veneto Region, local authorities and universities and trade associations provide full knowledge and research on the most relevant issues regarding the property.

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Fair
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Women	Not applicable
Youth/children	Poor
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Fair
National/international tourists	Fair
Tourism industry	Fair
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a planned education and awareness programme for children and/or youth but it only partly meets the needs

8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

Local communities			
Landowners			
Youth/children			
National/international tourists			
Tourism industry			
Local businesses and industries			
NGOs			

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Fair
Site museum	Poor
Information booths	Fair
Guided tours	Fair
Trails/routes	Fair
Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Good
Transportation facilities	Fair
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

There are many projects ongoing and planned for education (i.e. with schools, UNESCO Volunteers, courses with trade associations), as well as many projects for information (increase of information booths, trails tours, online communication, etc) aimed at raising awareness regarding the OUV of the property

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

105.258 Core 53.400 (BZ) / 79.778 (core) 42.891 (BZ) / 48.872 (core) 26.287 (BZ) / 96.628 (core) 62.980 (BZ) /

9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Accommodation establishments

Other

9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

Two overnight stays

9.4 - Please provide the source of information

9.2 Data are available from the Regional Osservatory of the Veneto Region on tourism arrivals connected to the Accommodation establishments 9.3 there is an increase from 2.7 overnight stays to 3.1 average

9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

100 / 50 / 12 / not applicable / not applicable / 20 /

9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Data are available from the Regional Osservatory of the Veneto Region on tourism statistics connected to the Accommodation establishments

9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a planned and effective strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property

9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

A specific tourism strategy has been developed to avoid overtourism phenomena and it will be part of Management Plan under update

9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

Yes, using a different system

If a different system, please specify

The system is based on a specific tool run by the site manager collecting several data from different stakholders involved

9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is good cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The Outstanding Universal Value of the property is adequately presented and interpreted

9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In many locations and easily visible to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property? No fees are collected

9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

There are many training courses carried out by schools, voluntary associations and trade associations to prepare the various actors who will interact with tourists to provide correct and unambiguous information regarding the site declared a World Heritage Site.

9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

There is an increase economic opportunities due to the increase of visitors, an increase in the sense of ownership and identity, an increase in the awareness of heritage conservation

9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property

9.11 – 9.12 A project "Buy UNESCO" has been created to disseminate to the tourism indusrty the property's OUV. 9.13.5 16 Explanatory bronze plaques in each municipality of the World Heritage Area e 73 road signs indicating the boundaries of the World Heritage Site.

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme of monitoring**, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value

10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved

10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation			×	
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system		×		
10.3.3	Character of governance		×		
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations		×		
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development		×		
10.3.6	Capacity development		×		

10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

The Management Plan is being updated and the key indicators are being defined for the issues indicated above through the definition of an overall monitoring system.

10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Local communities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Good
Women	Good
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Poor
Local businesses and industry	Good
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?

Implementation is underway

10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

The State Party is analyzing the studies to respond to the various recommendations contained in Decision 43 PARAGRAPH 8B.37 following the indications received from ICOMOS.

10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

Many meetings were held with stakeholders who are included in the World Heritage area. Universities are developing studies to respond to ICOMOS recommendations. The managing body of the site interfaces daily with the Ministry of Culture, the Veneto Region, the Chamber of Commerce, the Municipalities, the Trade Associations, the Protection Consortium to constantly update the data available and insert them into the studies.

11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.3 Management System/Management Plan

5.3.7	No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	×			
5.3.9	No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	×			
6.1	Funding				
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	×			
6.1.10	Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×			
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	×			
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building				
8.2	There is a planned education and awareness programme for children and/or youth but it only partly meets the needs	×			
10	Monitoring				
10.2	Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved	×			
Please select 0 more issues.					
□ Ple	ease save this question to reflect changes				

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.7	Local condit	ions affecting physical fak	oric					
4.7.3	Temperature	The consideration regarding the temperature depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are only monitor the situation.	to	Every month temperature data are taken and the situation is checked.	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection.	No more comment
4.7.6	Water (rain/water table)	The consideration of rainfall phenomena depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are onl monitor the situation	ly to	Every month rainfall data are taken and the situation is checked.	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	No more comment.
4.7.7	Pests	revival of the disease of flavescence dorée for vines that is contrasted with the	The flavescence dorée is contrasted with the regulated replanting of the few vines affected by the disease.	taker the p Cone Prose and F Agric check	y month the data are n by the Consortium for rotection of segliano Valdobbiadene ecco Superiore DOCG Regional agency for sulture . The situation is ked, under control and oving.		Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene, Regional agency for Agriculture	No more comment.
4.8	Social/Cultu	ral uses of heritage						

4.8.5	cohesion, phanesion, changes in local population and community to a community to	positive because in the every event, in every plar moment of sharing, ass the awareness of the the medium of the every event.	population are nned in the form of	Monitoring is constant through monthly meetings with the population.	Monthly	Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene, schools, voluntary associations, trade associations, private individuals.	No more comment.
4.10	Climate change	e and severe weather events	S				
4.10.1	Storms	The consideration of severe wheather events depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are only monitor the situation.	Every month to storm data are taken and the situation is checked.	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DCCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	No more comment.
4.10.3	Drought	The consideration of drought depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are only monitor the situation.	Every month drought data are taken and the situation is checked and under control.	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	No more comment.
4.11	Sudden ecologi	ical or geological events					
4.11.4	Avalanche/Landslide	e The consideration of landslide and avalanche phenomena depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are only to monitor the situation.	·	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua/Florence, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	No more comment.
4.11.5	Erosion and siltation/Deposition	The consideration of erosion phenomena depends on climate change. Currently, no criteria and no attributes have changed. There is only a higher threshold of attention for monitoring these phenomena for the future.	Currently the actions implemented are only to monitor the situation	erosion data are	Monthly	CNR, University of Padua/Florence, Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	No more comment.

Summary - Factors affecting the Property **completed**

12.2. Summary - Management Needs12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

5.3	Management Sys	tem/Management Plan				
		Actions	Timeframe	Lead agency (and others involved)	More info / comment	

5.3.7	No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	CNR, University of Padua/Florence,regio for Environmental Protection used the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Cha university scientific studies, various reseathe CNR and the Regional Agency for Environmental Protection.	inge and	semiannual		CNR, University of Padua/Floren Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of th Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	е
5.3.9	No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	CNR, University of Padua/Florence,regio for Environmental Protection used the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Cha university scientific studies, various reseathe CNR and the Regional Agency for Environmental Protection.	inge and	semiannual		CNR, University of Padua/Floren Consortium for the protection of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore DOCG, Association for the Heritage of th Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and regional Agency for Environmental Protection	е
6.1	Funding						
6.1.3	The availab budget is acceptable could be further improved to fully meet it managemen needs of the World Herit. property	the intervention of public and private that increasingly become aware that it is important to preser world Heritage Site of the Prosect of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene best possible way for future generate	ate me rve the co Hills in the	nnual	Prosecc	iion for the Heritage of the o Hills of Conegliano and iadene, public and private ies	No more comment.
6.1.10	Some use I been made the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developme the World Heritage property	of Heritage Capacity Building Strateg World Heritage both in the studies Scientific Committee concerning the guidelines for the realization of a handbook for the redevelopment of	gy at s of the he	nnual	Universi Universi	ty of Venice and a spin off of this ty.	No more comment.
6.1.12	A site-base capacity building pla programme place and partially implemente some techn skills are be transferred those mana the property locally, but most techn work is car out by extestaff	ongoing with the studies and the documents of the Scientific Comm cis in concerning the guidelines for the realization of a handbook for the redevelopment of existing rural but and the implementation aging to aging	nittee	nnual	Universi Universi	ty of Venice and a spin off of this ty.	No more comment.
8	Education, Inform	nation and Awareness Building					
8.2	There is a planned education and awareness programme for children and/or youth but it only partly meets the needs	School Project: with the Territorial School Office is implemented a school coordination project to train teachers who will then teach students the value of being citizens of a WH site. WHV project: The storytellers of the Beauty (18-35 years old)	annual	Co Sc	Association of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene, Territorial School Office, World Heritage Volunteers Centre		No more comment.
10	Monitoring						

10.2	Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved	The monitoring system of the indicators is being implemented by interacting the data of the local territorial system with those elaborated by the scientific committee.	Monthly	Association for the Heritage of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene and Scientific Committee.	No more comment.
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Summary - Management Needs completed

- 12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property
- 12.3.1 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property?

 The Authenticity of the World Heritage property has been preserved
- 12.3.2 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property? The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact

12.3.3 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been maintained.

12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values and the state of conservation of the World Heritage property are intact

12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

Since the date of inscription on the World Heritage list, an enormous work has been carried out by the competent bodies to ensure the maintenance of the conservation of the site through a series of scientific studies aimed at responding to the recommendations of ICOMOS and constant monitoring and through a work of awareness of citizenship.

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Very positive
Research and monitoring	Very positive
Management effectiveness	Very positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	Very positive
Recognition	Very positive
Education	Very positive
Infrastructure development	Very positive
Funding for the property	Very positive
International cooperation	Very positive
Political support for conservation	Very positive
Legal/Policy framework	Very positive
Advocacy	Very positive
Institutional coordination	Very positive
Security	Very positive
Gender equality	Very positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Very positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Very positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Very positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Very positive

Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

The impact of inclusion on the World Heritage list has been excellent in all areas. The UNESCO designation has created impetus to significantly improve the World Heritage Site in every sector. Through the new management plan there will be a further strengthening of these trends.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

In recent years, many projects have been born related to several areas of development, among which we mention training projects with the coordination of schools and volunteering projects with the World Heritage Volunteers, but also sustainable mobility projects with Trenitalia and ECOLOG (project of carrying capacity) and sustainable tourism development projects such as the Trail of Prosecco Hills and 40 itineraries. In addition, projects to improve waste management in the area have started with the Sav.NO company that manages waste disposal. And also sustainable mobility projects related to the use of bicycles such as the tracing of bike routes for all targets. As far as viticulture is concerned, there is a project to repopulate bees in the area (over 60 million bees). Viticulture is increasingly sustainable. We are also working hard to reactivate small rainwater storage basins outside the UNESCO area to counteract periods of drought. A lot of work is also being done on the cultural development of the area, bringing out the artistic and architectural peculiarities of the area to such an extent that we have been recognized as the Capital of Culture 2023 in the Veneto region. We are also developing a handbook for the redevelopment of existing historic buildings. Work is also underway on an implementation of the technical specification that takes into account the evolution of the work of the Scientific Committee.

14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

Sustainable Development	
Synergies	
State of Conservation	
Management	
Governance	
Capacity Building	

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The property's Outstanding Universal Value

Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value

Monitoring and reporting

15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Not needed
Site Managers	Not needed
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Not needed
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Not needed

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Update of management plans

Awareness raising

15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

This is the first periodic report drawn up for the site inscribed on the World Heritage List of the Prosecco Hills of Conegliano and Valdobbiadene. The surveys carried out to compile the Periodic Report will be very useful in the implementation of the Management Plan.

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage

Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff

Staff from other World Heritage properties

15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire?

Gender balance has not been explicitly considered or implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire?

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

50 / 50 / 20 /

15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources		×
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training	×	

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

Most required information was accessible.

15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire			×	
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions			×	

15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

No suggestions. The questionnaire is perfect.

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Good
UNESCO National Commission	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable
ICCROM international/regional	Good
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable

15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Good
National Commission for UNESCO	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Good
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

- 15.5.4 If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented?
- 15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee
- 15.6.1 Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee
 - Map(s)

Reason for update: The site has a commitment area. This zone includes the municipalities of Cappella Maggiore, Colle
Umberto, Codognè, Cordignano, Fregona, Godega di Sant'Urbano, Mareno di Piave, Moriago della Battaglia, Sarmede, San Fior, Sernaglia della
Battaglia, Segusino, Santa Lucia di Piave and Vazzola. The area includes the municipalities that have adhered to a Protocol stipulated with the Region,
whose purpose is to follow a common regulation for the management, protection and preservation of the rural landscape.

• Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee
Reason for update: The Updating of the Management Plan is ongoing

Changes to these items will need to go through the proper processes.

- 15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- **15.7.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise**The compilation was an opportunity to raise awareness in proceeding with the studies and updating of the Management Plan. The preparatory phases for the compilation derive from the studies of the scientific committee of the association and from the research of local authorities.
- 15.7.2 Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.