## Fanjingshan

### 1. World Heritage Property Data

#### **1.1 - Name of World Heritage property** Fanjingshan

#### 1.2 - World Heritage property details

#### 1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	т	ſotal (ha)	Inscription year
Fanjingshan	27.896 / 108.68	40275	37239	7	7514	2018
Total (ha)		40275	37239	7	7514	
1.4 - Map(s)	.4 - Map(s)					
Title				Date	Link to so	ource
Fanjingshan - Map of the Inscribed Property				2018		

#### 1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

#### Comment

http://www.fanjingshan.cn/

#### 2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)

## 2.1 - Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is not</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	×	
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

#### 2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

Fanjingshan was listed to the UNESCO World Network of Biosphere Reserves in 1986.

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.4 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years? No

2.5 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	×
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

#### 2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

The Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve and the Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage are managed by the same administrative body, which is also responsible for the management of the Fanjingshan UNESCO Man and the Biosphere Reserve.

## 2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

No

2.10 - Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware None.

2.11 - Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

No

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.

3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

#### 3.1 - Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

### Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

#### Brief synthesis

The Fanjingshan World Heritage property is located in South-West China, covering a total area of 40,275 ha, fully enclosed by a buffer zone of 37,239 ha. Fanjingshan is located in a monsoonal climatic context and is an important source of water for the surrounding landscapes and beyond, with some 20 rivers and streams feeding the Wujiang and Yuanjiang River systems, both of which ultimately drain into the Yangtze River.

The property consists of two parts, namely the Jian Nan subtropical evergreen forests ecoregion (64%) and the Guizhou Plateau broadleaf and mixed forests ecoregion (36%). The highest peak, Mt Fenghuangshan, has an elevation of 2,570 m above sea level (masl) and the property covers and an altitudinal range of more than 2,000 m. The resulting vertical stratification of vegetation falls within three major altitudinal vegetation zones: evergreen broadleaf forest 2,200 masl).

Fanjingshan is an island of metamorphic rock in a sea of karst and is home to many ancient and relict plant and animal species which originated in the Tertiary period, between 65 million and 2 million years ago. The property's geologic and climatic characteristics have shaped its flora which behaves as if it were on an island. This has led to a high degree of endemism, with a total of 46 locally endemic plant species, 4 endemic vertebrate species and 245 endemic invertebrate species. The most prominent endemic species are Fanjingshan Fir (Abies fanjingshanensis - EN) and Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey (Rhinopithecus brelichi - EN), both of which are entirely restricted to the property. Three species of Fagus (F. longipetiolata, F. lucida, and F. engleriana) are the dominant species of what is understood to be the largest primary beech forest in the subtropical region.

A total of 3,724 plant species have been recorded in the property, an impressive 13% of China's total flora. The property is characterized by an exceptionally high richness in bryophytes as well as one of the distribution centres for gymnosperms in China. The diversity of invertebrates is also very high with 2,317 species. A total of 450 vertebrate species are found inside the property. Fanjingshan being the only habitat in the world for Fanjingshan Fir and Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey, as well as 64 plant and 38 animal species that are listed as globally threatened, including the tree Bretschneidera sinensis (EN), Chinese Giant Salamander (Andrias davidianus - CR), Forest Musk Deer (Moschus berezovskii - EN), Reeves's Pheasant (Syrmaticus reevesii - VU), and Asiatic Black Bear (Ursus thibetanus - VU).

**Criterion (x):** Fanjingshan is characterized by an exceptional richness in bryophytes, with 791 species, of which 74 are endemic to China. The property also has one of the richest concentrations of gymnosperms in the world, with 36 species. A significant number of endemic species are distributed inside the property, including 46 local endemic and 1,010 Chinese endemic plant species, as well as 4 locally endemic vertebrate species. The most notable of these is the endangered Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey, which is found only in Fanjingshan and nowhere else in the world. Another prominent endemic species is Fanjingshan Fir, which is also restricted to this property.

The property contains 64 plant and 38 animal species that are listed as Vulnerable (VU), Endangered (EN) or Critically Endangered (CR) on the IUCN Red List, most notably Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey, Chinese Giant Salamander, Forest Musk Deer, Reeves's Pheasant, Asiatic Black Bear, and Bretschneidera sinensis.

#### Integrity

The property comprises three contiguous areas: Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve, Yinjiang Yangxi Provincial Nature Reserve, and a small area of National Non-Commercial Forest. The property behaves like a biogeographic island and is relatively small, however at the time of inscription, it is of adequate size to ensure the complete representation of the key habitats and viable populations which convey the property's significance. The boundaries of the property and its buffer zone are clearly designated. The property covers all important local floristic elements, and is of sufficient size to encompass the entire known home range of Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey. Maintaining good ecological connectivity between the different types of protected areas which make up the property will be crucial to the viability of isolated and very restricted range populations of threatened species.

Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve is also a UNESCO Biosphere Reserve. It will be important to rationalise, where feasible, the zones of the Biosphere Reserve to correspond with the boundaries of the property and its buffer zone in order to streamline protection and management.

#### Protection and management requirements

All land in the property is owned and regulated by the State Party. The property is protected by a comprehensive range of national and provincial legislation applicable to the national and provincial nature reserves, as well as the small area of National Non-Commercial Forest which make up the property. Furthermore, much of the buffer zone and the wider landscape enjoy various levels of legal protection, as they are part of provincial parks. In addition, the villages within the property and its buffer zone each have their own village regulations, which prescribe certain behaviours that respect the natural environment of the mountain.

There are three main management agencies responsible for the property, i.e. the Administration of Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve, the Administration of Yinjiang Yangxi Provincial Nature Reserve, and the Forest Department. In March 2018, the Ministry of Natural Resources was formally established in China. All the protected areas in China are now implemented under a single unified management system by the National Forestry and Grassland Administration under the Ministry. In August 2017, the Institutional Committee of the People's Government of Guizhou Province approved the establishment of Protection and Management Bureau of Fanjingshan Natural Heritage, to ensure unified management across the property and its buffer zone.

Other relevant plans exist for the management of each of the constituent protected areas (except for the National Non-commercial Forest), for ecotourism development of Guizhou Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve, and for the conservation of Guizhou Snub-nosed Monkey. To a certain extent, these plans also address threats outside the boundaries of the property, where the component protected areas extend beyond these boundaries.

Current staffing levels, although relatively small, are considered adequate at the time of inscription, in part due to the collaboration with local police and the small portion of the property which is open to the public. A system is being implemented to monitor visitors, environmental quality, natural disasters, human activity, and villages. The property is relatively small with highly endangered and vulnerable species populations and it will be important that growing tourism demand is carefully managed to avoid negative impacts on the Outstanding Universal Value.

There are several villages within the property and in the buffer zone and a voluntary relocation and compensation programme is in effect to reduce the permanent population within the property. It will be critical to ensure that any relocation is fully voluntary and in line with the policies of the World Heritage Convention and relevant international norms, including principles related to free, prior and informed consent, effective consultation, fair compensation, access to social benefits and skills training, and the preservation of cultural rights.

## 3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	A unique isolated ecosystem in a sea of surrounding limestone with high endemism	×			
3.2.2	The largest primary beech forest in the subtropical region	×			
3.2.3	The only habitat for the endemic species Guizhou Snub-nosed monkey (Rhinopithecus brelichi)	×			
3.2.4	The only habitat for the endemic species Fanjingshan fir (Abies fanjingshanensis)	×			

3.2.5	Outstanding floral richness of comprising unique bryophytes and gymnosperms	×		
3.2.6				
3.2.7				
3.2.8				
3.2.9				
3.2.10				
3.2.11				
3.2.12				
3.2.13				
3.2.14				
3.2.15				

### **3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value** Since its inscription on the World Heritage List in 2018, the outstanding universal value of Fanjingshan has been well protected.

#### 4. Factors Affecting the Property

#### 4.1. Buildings and Development

#### 4.1.1 - Housing

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.1.2 - Commercial development	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.1.3 - Industrial areas	
Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×		×			
Negative							

#### 4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

X Relevant N				Not relevant				
	Impact Origin			rigin Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×				
Negative								

## 4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.1.4: Some illegal tourism infrastructures in the buffer zone of the Fanjingshan Property have been and will be gradually dismantled for ecological restoration, which will have a positive impact on the property. 4.1.5: The heritage presentation system was updated, including hundreds of popular science explanatory boards, which played a positive role in enhancing the understanding and cognition of tourists and local community on the OUV, and thus promotion of conservation.

#### 4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

#### 4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current Potential 💿 Insid			C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	

O Positive X	×	×	×	×	$\rightarrow$	
Negative						
4.2.2 - Underground transp	ort infrastructu	ure				
Relevant			× Not relevant			
4.2.3 - Air transport infrast	ructure					
Relevant			× Not relevant			
4.2.4 - Marine transport inf	rastructure					
Relevant			X Not relevant			
4.2.5 - Effects arising from	use of transpo	rtation infrastru	cture			

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×	×	<b>N</b>		

## 4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.2.1: No new roads have been constructed in the property and buffer zone. Only part of the original roads were upgraded, and the cement pavement was replaced by asphalt pavement, reducing noise and vibration, and making the color more harmonious with the environment, causing a positive impact. 4.2.5 The use of roads and the cable car cause a slight impact but in decreasing trend after the implementation of impact mitigation measures.

#### 4.3. Services Infrastructures

## 4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant				
Impact Origin			Origin	gin Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X		×	×	×		→		
Negative X	×		×	×	<b>N</b>			

#### 4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

#### 4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Relevant

× Not relevant

#### 4.3.4 - Localised utilities

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		→	
Negative							

### 4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Relevant

× Not relevant

## 4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.3.1 Pianyan Reservoir located at the edge of the buffer zone and Qingduhe Reservoir at the edge of the property are under construction, both of which are livelihood projects, mainly to meet the drinking water and irrigation needs of residents. Both reservoirs were approved by Guizhou Provincial Development and Reform Commission in 2013. The relevant environmental impact assessment and the impact assessment on the biology and ecology were approved, showing the construction is feasible.

#### 4.4. Pollution

#### 4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.2 - Ground water pollution	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.3 - Surface water pollution	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.4 - Air pollution	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.5 - Solid waste	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.6 - Input of excess energy	
Relevant	X Not relevant

## 4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage Property is not polluted by any of the above aspects.

#### 4.5. Biological resource use/modification

#### 4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Relevant			X Not relevant						
4.5.2 - Aquaculture									
Relevant			× Not relevant	X Not relevant					
4.5.3 - Land conversion									
× Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1		
Negative									

### 4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals

### 4.5.5 - Crop production

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		<b>→</b>	
Negative							

#### 4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Relevant

X Not relevant

### 4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

X Relevant	levant			Not relevant				
	Impact	Impact			Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×	×		<b>→</b>		
Negative								
4.5.8 - Commercial hunting	4.5.8 - Commercial hunting							
Relevant	Relevant		X Not relevant					
4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting	g							
Relevant			× Not relevant					
4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood pro	4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production							
Relevant			X Not relevant					

## 4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The Regulations on the Protection of Fanjingshan in Tongren have very strict regulations on the utilization of biological resources in the property. Through the extensive publicity and strict law enforcement by the national and local governments and administrative agencies, the people's legal awareness and protection awareness have been enhanced. In recent years, commercial hunting and subsistence hunting have not been found in the Fanjingshan property and the buffer zone.

### 4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.6.2 - Quarrying	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.6.3 - Oil and gas	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.6.4 - Water (extraction)	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

### 4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

#### 4.7.1 - Wind

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.2 - Relative humidity	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.3 - Temperature	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.4 - Radiation/Light	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.5 - Dust	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)	
Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.7.7 - Pests

× Not relevant

## 4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

#### 4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

#### 4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			
Negative							

#### 4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

#### 4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

Relevant	× Not relevant
	Hot fold and

#### 4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact Origin			gin Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			
Negative							

#### 4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

× Relevant									
	Impact Origin			rigin Trend of impact					
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×	×	×	×					

## 4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

After the successful inscription of Fanjingshan World Heritage Property, increased number of visitors (controlled within the scope of the capacity), benefit the local communities in obtaining development opportunities in transportation, accommodation, travel services and so on. The economic income are increased, driving the development of the local economy, promote the sustainable livelihoods, which are positivefor heritage conservation.

#### 4.9. Other human activities

#### 4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.3 - Military training	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.4 - War	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.5 - Terrorism	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.6 - Civil unrest	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

### 4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

### 4.10.1 - Storms

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.2 - Flooding	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.3 - Drought	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.4 - Desertification	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.6 - Temperature change	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

## 4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.2 - Earthquake	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide	
Relevant	X Not relevant

### 4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

### 4.12.1 - Translocated species

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.6 - Modified genetic material	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

None.

### 4.13. Management and institutional factors

### 4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

## 4.13.2 - Legal framework

X Relevant	Relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			
Negative							

### 4.13.3 - Governance

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

### 4.13.4 - Management activities

X Relevant			1	Not relevant					
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact					
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Coutside	S Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×	×	×	×					
Negative									

#### 4.13.5 - Financial resources

X Relevant			1	Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact	f impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1	
Negative								

### 4.13.6 - Human resources

X Relevant			1	Not relevant						
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact						
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing			
O Positive X	×	×	×	×						
Negative										

### 4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

X Relevant			I	Not relevant						
Impact Origin			Trend of impact							
Impact	4 Current	Potential	<ul> <li>Inside</li> </ul>	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing			
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1			
Negative										

#### 4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

Relevant

× Not relevant

## 4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

After the successful inscription of Fanjingshan World Heritage Property, its protection and management have been greatly enhanced.

4.14. Other factor(s)

#### 4.14.1 - Other factor(s) None.

### 4.15. Factors Summary Table

## 4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure		9	9		Ċ	
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	<b>→</b>

4.2.5 Effects arising from use of transporta	ation infrastructure								
				0	4		٢	Ċ	\$
4.3 Services Infrastructures									
4.3.1 Water infrastructure				٢		9	۲	Ċ	<b>→</b>
				9	4		۲	Ċ	\$
4.3.2 Renewable energy facilities				•	4	9	۲	œ	1
4.3.4 Localised utilities				$\odot$	<b>N</b>	<b>a</b>	۲	1.	<b>→</b>
							3	3	
4.5 Biological resource use/modification									
				-	-			- 1	
4.5.3 Land conversion				٢	4	4	٢	Ċ	-
4.5.5 Crop production				٢	4	4	٢	Ċ	<b>→</b>
4.5.7 Subsistence wild plant collection				٢	4		٢	Ċ	<b>→</b>
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage									
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associa	ative uses			٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	1
4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage				•			۲	14	
4.0.2 Coolety 5 Valuing of Hernage				•	-,	-,	9	Ç	•
4 9 E Identity, cooled aphagian, changes in	local population and comm	unity		<u>_</u>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		18	
4.8.5 Identity, social cohesion, changes in	local population and comm	unity		0	4	9	٢	G.	
					-				
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreat	tion			0	4	9	•	E C	
4.13 Management and institutional factors				9	4	4	٩	<b>ে</b>	
-									
4.13.1 Management system/Management p	blan			٢	4	4	٩	Ċ	-
4.13.2 Legal framework				٢	4	4	٢	Ċ	
4.13.3 Governance				٢	4	9	٢	Ċ	
4.13.4 Management activities				٢	4	9	٢	Ċ	1
4.13.5 Financial resources				٢	4	9	۹	Ċ	1
4.13.6 Human resources				٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	1
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring act	tivities			٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	1
Logond Current	Potential	Nonotivo	O Positive	a lar	do		C Outsi	do	
Legend Current	M Potential	Negative	V POSILIVE	<ol> <li>Insi</li> </ol>	ue		GOUIS	ue	

## 4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

## 4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

## 4.1 Buildings and Development

Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.1.4 Ma	or visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	٢	9	9		Ċ	
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tompor	Il scale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact -	Impact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manage	nent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - I	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.1.5 Inte	erpretative and visitation facilities	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempora	Il scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						

	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						

## 4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name		Impact	t		Origin		Trend
4.2.1 Gro	und transport infrastructure	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	<b>→</b>
Creatial of	ale - Area affected by the factor						
Spatial So	ale - Area anected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempora	scale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - I	mpact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						

Trond	Developement over the last 6 years					
×	Decreasing					
	Static					
	Increasing					
						-
Name	fects arising from use of transportation infrastructure	Impac		Origin		Tren
4.2.0 EI		9	4	۲	Ē	•
		-	-1	Q	G	24
Spatial	scale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Tempo	al scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact	Impact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manage	ment response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend -	Developement over the last 6 years					
×	Decreasing					
	Static					

Increasing

## 4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.3.1 Water	I.3.1 Water infrastructure			9	٢	Ċ	<b>→</b>
		9	9		٢	Ċ	\$
Creatial again	a Area affected by the feature						
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						

Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
×	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

# Name Impact Origin Trend 4.3.2 Renewable energy facilities Impact Impact

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor			
×	Restricted			
	Localised			
	Extensive			
	Widespread			
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact			
×	One off or rare			
	Intermittent or sporadic			
	Frequent			
	On-going			
Impact - In	npact on the attributes			
×	Insignificant			
	Minor			
	Significant			
	Major			
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond			
×	High capacity			
	Medium capacity			
	Low capacity			

No capacity and / or resources

#### Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name		Impact			Origin	
4.3.4 Localised utilities		4	9	۲	Ċ	<b>→</b>
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						

×	Restricted			
	Localised			
	Extensive			
	Widespread			
Temporal	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact			
×	One off or rare			
	Intermittent or sporadic			
	Frequent			
	On-going			
Impact - Im	apact on the attributes			
×	Insignificant			
	Minor			
	Significant			
	Major			
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond			
×	High capacity			
	Medium capacity			
	Low capacity			
	No capacity and / or resources			
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years			
	Decreasing			
×	Static			
	Increasing			
	Increasing			

## 4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.5.3 Land conversion		٢	9	9	٢	Ċ	1
Spatial sca	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						

	Widespread		
Temporal	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact		
	One off or rare		
×	Intermittent or sporadic		
	Frequent		
	On-going		
Impact - In	npact on the attributes		
	Insignificant		
×	Minor		
	Significant		
	Major		
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond		
×	High capacity		
	Medium capacity		
	Low capacity		
	No capacity and / or resources		
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years		
	Decreasing		
	Static		
×	Increasing		

Name		Impact			Origin	
4.5.5 Crop production	•	9	9	٢	Ċ	<b>→</b>

## Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
×	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity

### Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.5.7 Subsi	4.5.7 Subsistence wild plant collection		4	٢	۴	<b>→</b>
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
×	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					

-	
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

## 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses		٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	
Snatial sca	ile - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						

	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
×	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

me

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.8.2 Soci	4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage		4	9	۲	Ċ	
Snatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor						
Opullal SO							
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						

On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

Insignificant × Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond × High capacity

Medium capacity

	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Name Impact O			Origin	Origin		
4.8.5 Ident	ty, social cohesion, changes in local population and community	0	9	9	٩	Ċ	
Creation and	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - In	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
x	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.8.6 Impa	cts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	0	4	9	٢	٢	
		0	9	9	٢	٢	<b>N</b>
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						

×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	spact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

## 4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name	Name Impact		Origin		Trend		
4.13.1 Manag	gement system/Management plan	•	9	9	٩	G	
Spatial scale	e - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal so	ale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Imp	act on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Managemen	t response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						

	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name		Impac	:		Origin		Trend
4.13.2 Lega	I framework	٢	9	9	٢	Ċ	1
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						

	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond

×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.3 Governance	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
Restricted						
Localised						
Extensive						

Widespread

×

Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
remporar	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Managemo	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

# Name Impact Origin Trend 4.13.4 Management activities Impact Impact

Spatial scale	Area affected	l by th	e factor	
opatial scale	Alea allecter		ie lactor	

opatial sea	ie - Alea allected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity

No capacity and / or resources

#### Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name		Impact Orig		Origin		Trend
4.13.5 Financial resources	0	9	9	۲	Ċ	1

### Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static

×

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend	
4.13.6 Human resources	$\odot$	9	9	۲	F	1	

## Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Increasing

opullar ool	
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact

Network of the second of the s		One off or rare						
image: series of the strate		Intermittent or sporadic						
XOriginal Sector S								
isolation       isolation         isolation <th>×</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	×							
<pre>Magnianal Micro Mic</pre>	Impact - Im							
implication intermediation intermediatis intermedinate intermediation intermediation intermedia		Insignificant						
Approxima Chaptery of management to respond         Secondary of management to respond         Year         Addition approxima Chaptery of management to respond         Augusty and consumes         Tard-Versional Second         Addition approximation approximate approximation approximate approximation ap								
Amount of the sequency of management to respond         Image: Amount of the sequency	×	Significant						
Amount of the sequency of management to respond         Image: Amount of the sequency		Major						
align a gandy         is a gandy         Table Joint Construction         Table Joint Construction         align a gandy of or escores         Table Joint Construction         Table Joint Construction         align a gandy	Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
<pre>network the test of test</pre>	×	High capacity						
main         Tendent         main         scale         Main		Medium capacity						
Weight and a set of the		Low capacity						
Beasesing         State         Xaming         Name       main particular partic		No capacity and / or resources						
Second       Image: Second	Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years						
Arasing         Name       Impact       0		Decreasing						
Name       Impact       Origin       Impact       Origin       Impact       Origin       Impact		Static						
A137 Low part research/monitoring activities       Image: Constraint of the second secon	×	Increasing						
A137 Low part research/monitoring activities       Image: Constraint of the second secon								
Spatial subsection         Spatial subsection         keatricide	Name		Impact					Trend
Restricted           Restricted           Localised           Retensive           Widespread           Temperture of the impact           Intermittent or sporadic           Intermittent or sporadic           Norging           Intermittent or sporadic           Intermittent or sporadic <th>4.13.7 Low</th> <th>v impact research/monitoring activities</th> <th>٢</th> <th>4</th> <th>4</th> <th>٢</th> <th>Ċ</th> <th>/</th>	4.13.7 Low	v impact research/monitoring activities	٢	4	4	٢	Ċ	/
Restricted           Restricted           Localised           Retensive           Retensive           Widespread           Temport J- Course of the impact           Internition or sporadic           Internition or sporadic           Norgoing           Indenficient           Insignificant           Norgoing           Significant           Norgoing           Indenficient           Significant           Marc           Hageacity           Indenficient								
K         Coalised           Keasive         Exensive           Velocement         Velocement           Terror         Coalised           K         Memory and								
kensive       kensive       Wdespread       Temperal	Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor						
Kidespread         Ferporat	Spatial sca							
Temperature of the impact         Courence of the impact         De off or rare       Internittent or sporadic         Impact - Veropatica       Frequent         Do of joing       Internittent or sporadic         Impact - Veropatica		Restricted						
No off or rare           Internition or sporadic           Internition or sporadic           Frequent           On-oging           Internition           Insignificant           Insignificant<		Restricted Localised						
intermittent or sporadic       intermittent or		Restricted Localised Extensive						
Kequent       Frequent       On-going       Impact - V the attributes       Insignificant       Xequent       Significant       Xequent       Minor       Xequent       Minor       Hanagement to respond       Xequent to respond       Xequent to respond       Xequent to respond       Main capacity       Index uncapacity       Medium capacity       Index uncapacity       Index uncapacity	×	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread						
Angeoing         Impact - Impact - Impact and Impact	×	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact						
Impact -	×	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare						
Insignificant         Minor         Significant         Major         Haip         Kanagement to respond         Keim capacity of management to respond         Moi or capacity of management to respond         Low capacity         Moi or capacity         Moi or capacity         Moi or capacity         Moi or capacity	X Temporal s	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic						
Minor         X       Significant         Major         Kanagement to respond         X       High capacity of management to respond         X       High capacity of management to respond         X       Low capacity         X       High capacity	X Temporal s	Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread scale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent						
X     Significant       Major       Variagement to respond       X     High capacity of management to respond       X     High capacity       Image: Note that the second	× Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going						
Major       Management to respond       Xanagement to respond       Xanagement to respond       Migh capacity       Migh capacity       Low capacity	× Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going						
Management response - Capacity of management to respond         X       High capacity         Medium capacity       Medium capacity         Low capacity       Low capacity	× Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         mpact on the attributes         Insignificant						
Image: A state of the stat	X Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         mpact on the attributes         Insignificant         Minor						
Medium capacity Low capacity	X Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scurrence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         match attributes         Insignificant         Minor         Significant						
Low capacity	× Temporal s	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         mor         Insignificant         Minor         Significant         Major						
	× Temporal a X Impact - Im X Manageme	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         scale - Occurence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         mior         Isignificant         Minor         Significant         Major         Extersponse - Capacity of management to respond						
No capacity and / or resources	× Temporal a X Impact - Im X Manageme	Restricted         Localised         Extensive         Widespread         courrence of the impact         One off or rare         Intermittent or sporadic         Frequent         On-going         mior         Significant         Minor         Significant         Major         High capacity						
	× Temporal a X Impact - Im X Manageme	Restricted   Localised   Extensive   Widespread   scale - Occurence of the impact   One off or rare   Intermittent or sporadic   Frequent   On-going   majorificant   Minor   Significant   Minor   Significant   Minor   High capacity   High capacity						

#### Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

### 4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

## 4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

Fanjingshan is not a serial property.

#### 4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

## 4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1	A unique isolated ecosystem in a sea of surrounding limestone with high endemism	×			
4.18.1.2	The largest primary beech forest in the subtropical region	×			
4.18.1.3	The only habitat for the endemic species Guizhou Snub-nosed monkey (Rhinopithecus brelichi)	×			
4.18.1.4	The only habitat for the endemic species Fanjingshan fir (Abies fanjingshanensis)	×			
4.18.1.5	Outstanding floral richness of comprising unique bryophytes and gymnosperms	×			

#### 5. Protection and Management of the Property

#### 5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The boundaries are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

#### 5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

#### 5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The buffer zones are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

#### 5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

#### 5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

The Administration of Fanjingshan Nature Reserve (The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage) has carried out the project of defining the boundary of Fanjingshan world heritage. A total of 340 marks (28 boundary tablets and 312 boundary piles) were completed in the property and 1,060 marks (72 boundary tablets and 988 boundary piles) in the buffer zone. The boundaries of the property and buffer zone are clearly known to the authorities and local community residents or businesses.

#### 5.2. Protective Measures

#### 5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

## Comment

The Regulations on the Protection of Fanjingshan of Tongren City, adopted at the 13th Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Second People's Congress of Tongren City on August 30, 2018, and approved at the 5th Meeting of the Standing Committee of the 13th People's Congress of Guizhou Province on September 20, 2018, are hereby promulgated and shall come into force as of January 1, 2019. It has played a very important role in the protection and management of Fanjingshan.

## 5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

## 5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

## 5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

#### 5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for

#### maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for** effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

#### 5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

#### 5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice

The Regulations on the Protection of Fanjingshan are divided into six chapters with a total of 44 articles, with the protection of Fanjingshan WH as the object. It clarifies the scope and zonation, further elaborates the provisions of the superior law, and draws up operational and enforceable protection measures with Tongren features. In order to form a joint supervision force, the responsibilities of the governments, related departments and the Fanjingshan management organization are defined.

## 5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

None.

#### 5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Public management system joint national/ local

#### If 'Other', please specify

#### 5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A statutory Management Plan or zoning plan for the property.

Other forms of statutory or non-statutory plans (e.g. strategic plans)

Traditional ways of management recognised by local communities and other specific groups

Governance mechanisms that foster and respect traditional practices, knowledge and uses of the property

Mechanisms to promote equal participation among and within groups, including different levels of authority, local communities, indigenous people, women and men, and other specific groups

A framework for inclusive economic development, including equal access and distribution of resources and opportunities arising from the protection of the property

A code of practice developed by industry

An integrated management plan combining World Heritage and any other designations

A management plan

An annual work plan or business plan

A disaster, climate or conflict risk management plan

A visitor/visitation management plan

An environmental management framework

#### 5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

The management system of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage is from the State Forestry and Grassland Administration to the Provincial Forestry Department of Guizhou Province to the People's Government of Tongren City and then the Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage. The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage was established after the successful inscription, to carry out unified and coordinated management of the entire property and the buffer zone.

#### 5.3.4 - Management Documents

Title	Status	Available	Date	Link to source
Management Plan	N/A	Available	2018	

## 5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

The 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape is not relevant to this property

5.3.6 - If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done. None.

## 5.3.7 - Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

## 5.3.8 - If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:

The implementation of the energy-saving stove project in the Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage Site has taken into account the carbon emission mitigation

requirements set out in the Policy.

## 5.3.9 - Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property ? Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties

## 5.3.10 - If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done

The Fanjingshan Heritage Site has carried out disaster prevention and reduction activities and adopted effective measures.

#### 5.3.11 - Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state;

#### local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property

There is adequate coordination between all bodies/levels involved in the management of the property

#### 5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is fully adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

#### 5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being fully implemented and monitored

#### 5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and all of its activities are being implemented and monitored

# 5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities			×		
5.3.15.2	Local authorities					×
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone			×		
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.15.5	Women			×		
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups			×		
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify	Relevant touris	m companies			

## 5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities					×
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.16.4	Landowners					×
5.3.16.5	Women					×
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children					×
5.3.16.7	Researchers					×
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists					×
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists					×
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry					×
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries					×
5.3.16.12	NGOs				×	
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify					

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the *World Heritage Convention* 

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality				×	
5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)					×
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status					×
5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach				×	
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood					×
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property					×

#### 5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

The Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage Management System helps to provide ecosystem services and benefits to the local community, most obviously helping to promote inclusive local economic development and providing alternative livelihoods that help improve people's lives.

#### **5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan** None.

#### 6. Financial and Human Resources

#### 6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	80 %	0 %
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	20 %	0 %
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	0 %	50 %
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	0 %	30 %
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	0 %	20 %
6.1.1.12	Other	0 %	0 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

**6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above** None.

#### 6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively? The available **budget is acceptable** but **could be further improved** to fully meet the management needs

#### 6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over both the medium- and long-term

#### 6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

Funds for the protection and management of the Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage in 2019-2020 are from the national and provincial financial funds, which will be used for the project costs and ecological protection etc.. Running costs are arranged by Tongren Municipal People's Government as a whole, and part of the ticket and cable car operating income is handed over to Tongren Municipal People's Government to support the daily operation of heritage protection and management.

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	65 %	60 %
6.1.6.2	Women	35 %	40 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

#### 6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property

## 6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Fair
Community participation and inclusion	Good
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Fair
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Good
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

### 6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following

disciplines	
Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Good
Risk preparedness	Good
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Good
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Good
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

#### 6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

#### 6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

Fanjingshan have undertaken and implemented a number of actions. Items are listed below. 4.3 Training on management of World Heritage properties is developed and implemented to strengthen planning and management skills. 8.3 Local communities, and other stakeholders, working with site managers, are encouraged to actively participate in the protection and presentation of World Heritage properties.

## 6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff

## 6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training None.

#### 7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained? Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is **acceptable** for most key areas but there are gaps

## 7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme** of research, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

#### 7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared widely with active outreach to local communities and national and international audiences

#### 7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

In 2020, the management agency applied for special funds to carry out biodiversity survey in the buffer zone of Fanjingshan Property. At present, the team from Guizhou Normal University has won the bid and is carrying out investigation and research, in order to improve the biodiversity list and provide scientific data and information for the protection of Fanjingshan.

#### 8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

## 8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Fair
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Youth/children	Fair
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Fair
National/international tourists	Fair
Tourism industry	Fair
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

## 8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a planned and effective education and awareness programme for children and youth that contributes to the protection of the World Heritage property

#### 8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

Local communities
Local/municipal authorities
Landowners
Women
Youth/children
Researchers
Local Visitors
National/international tourists
Tourism industry
Local businesses and industries
NGOs

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Good
Site museum	Good
Information booths	Good
Guided tours	Good
Trails/routes	Good
Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Fair
Transportation facilities	Good
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

## 8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building None.

#### 9. Visitor Management

#### 9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

1000000 / 1435600 / 1200700 / 831500 / 608800 /

#### 9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries

Tourism industry

#### 9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

Overnight stay

#### 9.4 - Please provide the source of information

Information on the number of tourists mainly comes from statistics of relevant departments.

#### 9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

70 / 14 / 10 / 15 / 10 / 10 /

#### 9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Tourist Administration and Tourist Questionnaire.

## 9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a planned and effective strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property

#### 9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

The Protection and Management Plan of the Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage Nominated Property and the Master Plan of Guizhou Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve (2014-2023) have special chapters that set out strategies for managing tourists, tourism activities and their effects on the World Heritage Site.

#### 9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

#### 9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

Yes, using a different system

## If a different system, please specify

1. Thirteen sewage treatment stations have been established to treat the sewage from toilets and living areas in the property and buffer zone, and the discharged water has reached the Level A standard of the Pollutant Discharge Standard for Urban Wastewater Treatment Plant (GB18918-2002). 2. Carry out water quality monitoring, long-term monitoring of water quality of Heiwan River in Fanjingshan; 3. Strictly control the number of visitors to the scenic spots, control the number of visitors to the scenic spot in accordance with the Master Plan of Guizhou Fanjingshan National Nature Reserve (2014-2023), invite expert teams to evaluate the ecological tourism of Fanjingshan, and formulate improvement measures in time according to the evaluation results. 4. Strengthen the publicity of laws and regulations such as the Forest Law, the Regulations on the Protection of Fanjingshan, and the Regulations on the Nature Reserve. 5. Establish a fixed sample plot and monitor the vegetation change of the sample plot every year.

## 9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is good cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

#### 9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The Outstanding Universal Value of the property is adequately presented and interpreted

## 9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In  $\ensuremath{\text{many locations}}$  , but  $\ensuremath{\text{not easily visible}}$  to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property? Fees are collected and make a substantial contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

## 9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

## If 'Yes', please specify

In 2019, Tongren Municipal Government put forward the strategy of

### 9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

## If 'Yes', please specify

Economic benefits: The development of tourism has boosted the local economy, increased employment opportunities for community residents, and more people are engaged in tourism-related jobs. Roads and infrastructure in the scenic spot have also been repaired. Social benefits: the identity consciousness of community residents has risen significantly, which also provides a carrier for the spread of traditional culture; Protection benefit: The protection designation of Fanjingshan makes the managers pay more attention to the protection and management, and the outstanding universal value of the property is also well maintained and protected.

## 9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property None.

#### 10. Monitoring

## 10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is considerable monitoring but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving the understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

## 10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved

#### 10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation				×
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system				×
10.3.3	Character of governance				×
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations				×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development				×
10.3.6	Capacity development				×

#### 10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

The relevant departments of the governments at all levels have carried out different types of monitoring. The main monitoring indicators include the area of the nature reserves, species and quantity of min species of animals and plants, forest fires, forest diseases and insect pests, invasive species, the number of tourists, the quality and quantity of surface water, and the development of the community, collaborative management and so on.

#### 10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Local communities	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Good

Local businesses and industry	Good
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

**10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?** Implementation is complete

### 10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

The items 4, 5 and 6 in the Decision have been implemented.

### 10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

The items 4, 5 and 6 in the Decision have been implemented.

### 11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

#### 11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.3	Management System/Management Plan	
5.3.7	Some use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	×
5.3.9	Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	×
6.1	Funding	
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	×
6.1.7	Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	×
6.1.10	Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	×
10	Monitoring	
<b>10</b> 10.1	Monitoring There is considerable monitoring at the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	×
_	There is considerable monitoring at the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding	×
10.1 10.2	There is <b>considerable monitoring</b> at the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	

### 12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

### 12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.2	Transportati	on Infrastructure					
4.2.5	Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure	criterion (x): habitats for animals.	1. Improve the road quality and reduce noise; 2. Control private cars to enter the lower station of the cable car and enter by environmentally friendly vehicles; 3.Improve the quality of the friendly vehicles, reduce noise and exhaust emissions.	1. Strengthen the monitoring of noise and air quality; 2. Strengthen the monitoring of animals and plants.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.
4.3	Services Infr	astructures					

4.3.1	Water infrastructure Social/Cultur	criterion (x habitats fo animals ar plants.	or on i nd imp inte pro mai Far forv mei imp mei orig	Detail the EIA, focusing the assessment of its act on the OUV, grity and the tection and hagement of ijingshan, and put ward mitigation asures; 2. Continue to lement the mitigation asures proposed in the inal EIA.	1. Strengthen the monitoring of the attributes of the property surrounding the two reservoirs; 2. Strengthen the monitoring of environmental quality of the property and buffer zone.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County, The reservoir construction agencies.	None.
4.8.6	Impacts of tourism/Visitation/R	ecreation	criterion (x): habitats for animals and plants.	1. Strengthen touris management and control tourism activ within the heritage presentation area; 2 Implement ticket reservation system control the visitor number within carry capacity. 3. Strictly control the new tour infrastructure.	monitoring of the attributes of the prope surrounding the touris activities; 2. Strengthe the monitoring of to environmental quality the property and buffe ing zone.	n of	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County, relevant tourism companies.	None.

Summary - Factors affecting the Property **completed** 

## 12.2. Summary - Management Needs

## 12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

5.3 Management	System/Management Plan
----------------	------------------------

5.5						
		Actions	Timeframe	Lead agency (and others involved)	More info / comment	
5.3.7	Some use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	Enhance the study, understanding and publicity of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties, and develop actions based on the situations of Fanjingshan, then implement the actions.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.	
5.3.9	Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	Enhance the study, understanding and publicity of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties, and develop actions based on the situations of Fanjingshan, then implement the actions.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.	
6.1	Funding					
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property		-	The Administration of Fanjingsha World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jia County, Yinjiang County and Son County.	ngkou	
6.1.7	Human resources <b>partly meet</b> the management needs of the World Heritage property		aff Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingsha World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jia County, Yinjiang County and Son County.	ngkou	

6.1.10	Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	Enhance the study, understanding and publicity of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development, and develop actions based on the situations of Fanjingshan, then implement the actions.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	Enhance capacity building and skills training for the staff, and introduce more talents.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.
10	Monitoring				
10.1	considerablesmonitoring atithe Worldf	Establish a comprehensive monitoring system especially focusing on the OUV, ntegrity and management of the Fanjingshan Property, based on the current monitoring indexes.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.
10.2	the values of s the World i Heritage f	Establish a comprehensive monitoring system especially focusing on the OUV, ntegrity and management of the Fanjingshan Property, based on the current monitoring indexes.	Long-term.	The Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, relevant agencies in Tongren City and Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County and Songtao County.	None.

Summary - Management Needs completed

## 12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property

12.3.1 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property? Not applicable (sites inscribed exclusively under criteria vii to x (natural World Heritage properties)

## 12.3.2 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property? The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact

## 12.3.3 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been maintained.

## 12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values and the state of conservation of the World Heritage property are intact

## 12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

The state of conservation of the Fanjingshan property is good.

#### 13. Impact of World Heritage Status

#### 13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Very positive
Research and monitoring	Positive
Management effectiveness	Very positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	Very positive
Recognition	Positive
Education	Positive
Infrastructure development	Negative
Funding for the property	Very positive
International cooperation	Positive
Political support for conservation	Very positive
Legal/Policy framework	Very positive
Advocacy	Positive
Institutional coordination	Positive
Security	Positive
Gender equality	Positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Very positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Positive
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

#### **13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts** None.

#### 14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### 14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

The administrative area of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage covers three counties and more than 10 departments. To this end, Tongren City established the Administration of Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage, formulated the "the Regulations on the Protection of Fanjingshan", and implemented the "Fanjingshan Community Co-management and Co-construction Implementation Plan". In order to ensure that the law enforcement authority related to Fanjingshan does not cross or omit, they have combed the list of administrative law enforcement powers of departments related to the protection and management of Fanjingshan to make sure that there are laws to follow and rules to follow. It not only integrates the resources of various parties, but also saves the administrative cost, and efficiently promotes the protection and management work. Tongren has established a regional law enforcement coordination mechanism and a joint resource management mechanism for the Fanjingshan World Natural Heritage Site, forming a working pattern of joint law enforcement and joint management of natural resources among Jiangkou County, Yinjiang County, Songtao County and relevant municipal departments. It has promoted biodiversity conservation and sustainable development of the community, and actively explored the mode of co-management and co-construction by the community, thus alleviating the people's dependence on and utilization of the resources of Fanjingshan, and alleviating the contradiction between conservation and development.

#### 14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

stainable Development
nergies
nagement
vernance
pacity Building

#### 15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

#### 15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

#### 15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The World Heritage Convention

The concept of Outstanding Universal Value
The property's Outstanding Universal Value
The concept of Integrity and/or Authenticity
The property's Integrity and/or Authenticity
Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value
Monitoring and reporting

## 15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Good
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Good

### 15.2. Use of Data

#### 15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Update of management plans	
Fundraising	
Awareness raising	
Advocacy	

#### 15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

The data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting will be very helpful for the future work of the Fanjingshan Property, in protection, conservation, presentation and sustainable development.

#### 15.3. Timing and resources

#### 15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage
Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff
Focal points of other international conventions/programmes
Responsible persons for local designated sites under other international conventions/ programmes
Staff from other World Heritage properties
UNESCO National Commission
Local communities
IUCN International
IUCN national/regional
External experts

**15.3.2** - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance is explicitly considered and effectively implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire? Yes

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

240 / 168 / 120 /

### 15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources		×
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training		×

#### 15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

## 15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

 $\label{eq:Most} \textbf{Most} \ \textbf{required information was accessible.}$ 

#### 15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire			×	
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions			×	

#### 15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

In section 4.16.1 of Recommendation, positive and negative impacts need to be distinguished and evaluated separately when evaluating spatial scales, time scales, impacts, management responses, and trends.

#### 15.5. Training and Guidance

#### 15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Not applicable
UNESCO National Commission	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Good
ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Good

#### 15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Not applicable
National Commission for UNESCO	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Fair
IUCN International	Good

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

15.5.4 - If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented? None.

15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

#### 15.6.1 - Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

No item were proposed for update

15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.1 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise None.

15.7.2 - Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.