St Kilda

1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property St Kilda

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)		Total (ha)	Inscription year
St Kilda	57.817 / -8.577	24201.4	0		24201.4	1986
Total (ha)		24201.4	0		24201.4	
1.4 - Map(s)						
Title				Date	Link	to source
Revised World He	ritage Site Boundary			2003		

Comment

The World Heritage Centre identified in December 2022 that they did not hold an up-to-date clear map which showed the delimitation of the property. We are in the process of producing the requested map in line with the World Heritage Centre's technical requirements, with support from Historic England. It will be submitted for the approval of the World Heritage Committee in advance of 46COM along with others from the UK State Party.

1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

- 1. St. Kilda
- 2. <u>Natural site datasheet from WCMC</u>

2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)

2.1 - Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is not</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

2.4 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

2.5 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if

No

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

Not aware

2.10 - Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware

2.11 - Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.

3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

3.1 - Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

The tiny archipelago of St Kilda, lying off the west coast of mainland Scotland, is breathtaking. Formed from the rim of an ancient volcano associated with the opening up of the North Atlantic some 65-52 million years ago, the intensely dramatic, jagged landscape of towering cliffs – some of the highest sea cliffs in Europe – and sea stacks present stark black precipitous faces plunging from steep grass-green slopes in excess of 375m. Scenically, every element appears vertical, except the smooth amphitheatre of VillageBay on Hirta with its relict historic landscape. Exposure to some of the greatest wave heights and strongest wind speeds in Europe plays a major role in shaping the coastal ecology.

With nearly one million seabirds present at the height of the breeding season, St Kilda supports the largest seabird colony in the north-east Atlantic, its size and diversity of global significance making it a seabird sanctuary without parallel in Europe. The very high bird densities that occur in this relatively small area, conditioned by the complex and different ecological niches existing in the site and the productivity of the surrounding sea, make St Kilda unique. Of particular significance are the populations of Northern Gannet, Atlantic Puffin and Northern Fulmar. The sight and sound of these myriad seabirds adds significantly to the scenic value and to the experience of the archipelago during the breeding season.

The islands' isolation has led to two outstanding examples of remote island ecological colonisation and subsequent genetic divergence in the two endemic sub-species, the St Kilda Wren and St Kilda Fieldmouse. The feral Soay sheep, so much a feature of the landscape, represent an ancient breed, descendents of the most primitive domestic sheep found in Europe. They provide a living testament to the longevity of human occupation of St Kilda and, in addition, are a potentially significant genetic resource.

The combination of oceanic influences (proximity of deep ocean currents along the continental slope, extreme exposure to waves and oceanic swell, high water clarity) and local geology around the archipelago has created a marine environment of unparalleled richness and colour. The seabed communities are outstanding in terms of biodiversity and composition, including 'northern' and 'southern' species at the extremes of their range. The plunging underwater rock faces are festooned with sea life – a kaleidoscope of colour and form kept in constant motion by the Atlantic swell, creating an underwater landscape of breathtaking beauty. The complex ecological dynamic in the marine environment is essential to maintenance of both the terrestrial and marine biodiversity.

Overlaying the spectacular natural landscape and giving scale to it all, is a rich cultural landscape that bears exceptional testimony to millennia of human occupation. Recent research indicates that the archipelago has been occupied on and off for over 4000 years. The landscape including houses, large enclosures and cleits – unique drystone storage structures found, in their hundreds, across the islands and stacks within the archipelago – culminates in the surviving remains of the nineteenth and twentieth century cultural landscape of Village Bay. The time depth, preservation and completeness of the physical remains, provides a tangible and powerful link to the islands' past history, its people and their way of life, a distinctive existence, shaped by the St Kildan's response to the peculiar physical and geographic setting of the islands.

The islands provide an exceptionally well preserved and documented example of how, even in the most extreme conditions of storm-swept isolated island living, people were able to live for thousands of years from exploiting natural resources and farming. They bear physical witness to a cultural tradition that has now disappeared, namely reliance on seabird products as the main source of livelihood and sustenance, alongside subsistence farming. These age-old traditions and land uses that have so shaped the landscape, have also unquestionably contributed to its aesthetic appeal.

St Kilda represents subsistence economies everywhere – living off the resources of land and sea and changing them over time, until external pressures led to decline, and, in 1930, to the abandonment of the islands. The poignancy of the archipelago's history, and the remarkable fossilised landscape, its outstanding and spectacular natural beauty and heritage, its isolation and remoteness, leave one in awe of nature and of the people that once lived in this spectacular and remarkable place.

Criterion (iii): St Kilda bears exceptional testimony to over two millennia of human occupation in extreme conditions.

Criterion (v): The cultural landscape of St Kilda is an outstanding example of land use resulting from a type of subsistence economy based on the products of birds, cultivating land and keeping sheep. The cultural landscape reflects age-old traditions and land uses, which have become vulnerable to change particularly after the departure of the islanders.

Criterion (vii): The scenery of the St Kilda archipelago is particularly superlative and has resulted from its volcanic origin followed by weathering and glaciation to produce a dramatic island landscape. The precipitous cliffs and sea stacks as well as its underwater scenery are concentrated in a compact group that is singularly unique.

Criterion (ix): St Kilda is unique in the very high bird densities that occur in a relatively small area, which is conditioned by the complex and different ecological niches existing in the site. There is also a complex ecological dynamic in the three marine zones present in the site that is essential to the maintenance of both marine and terrestrial biodiversity.

Criterion (x): St Kilda is one of the major sites in the North Atlantic and Europe for seabirds with over 1,000,000 birds using the island. It is particularly important for gannets, puffins and fulmars. The maritime grassland turf and underwater habitats are also significant and an integral element of the total island setting. The feral Soay sheep are also an interesting rare breed of potential genetic resource significance.

Integrity

The islands encompass exemplary and well preserved remains of the distinctive way of life that persisted in this remote area, unaltered after the St Kildans abandoned the islands. They encompass the complete fossilised cultural landscape. The natural heritage of the archipelago is the result of natural processes coupled with its long history of human occupation and, more recently, external human influences. The marine environment is largely intact.

Ownership and stewardship of the archipelago by the National Trust for Scotland, the statutory designations in place, the archipelago's remote location, the difficulty of accessing it and human activities almost entirely centred upon Hirta, have significantly contributed to retaining the integrity of the archipelago's heritage.

However, both natural and cultural attributes are threatened to a degree by a range of remote and local environmental and anthropogenic factors such as climate change and unsustainable tourism. Climatic conditions and coastal erosion remain the main threat to the abandoned houses, cleits and other archaeological remains across the archipelago. Large-scale off-shore developments could pose a potential threat to the pristine setting of the islands. Accidental introduction of invasive species poses a significant threat to the natural heritage; and probably the most severe potential threat to the integrity of the marine environment comes from variations in the marine ecosystem, especially the plankton, caused by climate change. Lack of strong protection of the marine environment, unsustainable fishing methods and oil spills also pose a threat to the marine environment and seabird colonies.

The modern installations, the radar base and related buildings, associated with the UK Ministry of Defence (MOD) operations on Hirta, take up a relatively small footprint, although they do still have an impact on the landscape, as do the coastal defences.

Authenticity

The challenge for conservation of the cultural landscape is to keep a balance between the principle of minimum intervention and active conservation work necessary to minimise decay, whilst keeping records of all the work that is done. With few exceptions this has meant re-using fallen materials, with little introduction of new materials. Where new materials have necessarily been required these have largely, and as far as possible, been like-for-like replacements. A representative sample of the 1400 cleits is monitored and actively maintained.

Protection and management requirements

The primary legislation that protects the archipelago and surrounding seas and their key attributes are: The Conservation (Natural Habitats. & C.) Regulations 1994, as amended; The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981; The Land Reform Act 2003; Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004; The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979; The Planning etc. (Scotland) Act 2006; and The Environmental Liability (Scotland) Regulations 2009. The Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP) sets out the primary policy guidance on the protection and management of the historic environment in Scotland.

The archipelago and surrounding seas are protected by a number of national and international designations, both statutory and non-statutory. For the natural values, the property is designated as a Special Area of Conservation, Special Protection Area, National Nature Reserve, Site of Special Scientific Interest, National Scenic Area, Marine Consultation Area and Geological Conservation Review Site. For the cultural values, selected areas of Hirta are designated as Scheduled Monuments. These designations are backed up by UK, Scottish and local policies, plans and legislation.

The National Trust for Scotland (NTS), a charity, owns and manages the archipelago of St Kilda. Management is guided by a Management Plan which is approved and its implementation overseen by the major stakeholders.

Currently, the MOD has the only full time presence on the islands, although NTS and other conservation bodies/researchers are there for a significant part of the year. The current management regime is vulnerable to the withdrawal of the MOD and to resource constraints within the NTS.

Management of the cultural heritage will proceed on the basis of the minimum intervention required to sustain the attributes of the property's Outstanding Universal Value, underpinned by the recent intensive and systematic archaeological survey of the whole archipelago, carried out by the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland. Conservation of the marine environment, at present, lacks the strong protection of the terrestrial heritage, and ensuring its greater protection in the future will be critical. Management of the natural heritage is and will continue to be one of non-intervention, allowing natural processes to take their course, except where a feature of greater heritage significance is under threat.

Many of the challenges facing St Kilda and/or the NTS in its management of the archipelago -e.g. the threat of invasive species, unsustainable tourism or fishing practices, coastal erosion, etc. -are tackled through working closely with relevant stakeholders, undertaking systematic research and monitoring, providing adequate resources and implementation of the approved and endorsed Management Plan for the property.

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	See note				
3.2.2					
3.2.3					
3.2.4					
3.2.5					
3.2.6					
3.2.7					
3.2.8					
3.2.9					
3.2.10					
3.2.11					
3.2.12					
3.2.13					
3.2.14					
3.2.15					

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

We do not have an agreed list of attributes but are committed to delivering these within the next 12 months (St Kilda World Heritage Site Management Plan 2022-2032; Action Plan 6.4.6 Identify attributes and submit for approval).

4. Factors Affecting the Property

4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.1.2 - Commercial development

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant			X Not relevan	nt			
 4.1.3 - Industrial areas Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2 • Not relevant 	2013):						
Relevant			X Not relevan	nt			
 4.1.4 - Major visitor accomm Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2 Not relevant 		associated infra	structure				
Relevant			X Not relevan	nt			
 4.1.5 - Interpretative and vis Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2 Relevant, Positive, Current 	2013):	es					
X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow	

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Negative

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow	
Negative X	×		×			→	

4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant	X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact	Impact Orig		Trend of impact					
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow			
Negative X	×		×			\rightarrow			
 4.2.4 - Marine transport inf Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant 									
X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				

Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			→	
Negative X		×		×		→	
4.2.5 - Effects arising from Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/	•	rtation infrastru	cture				

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The small harbour allows access for visitors and also essential goods and services to arrive but there is the potential for it to be a pathway for invasive non-native species that could have a negative impact on the seabird colonies and landscape. Teh helicopter landing pad also allows for essential goods and services including emergency medical aid but is a potential pathway for invasive species

4.3. Services Infrastructures

4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Gurrent	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×				1
Negative							

4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×		8		

4.3.4 - Localised utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×			\rightarrow	

4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

X Not relevant

4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

There is a diesel powered power plant to supply electricity to the island. While the emissions from the plant are polluting, the power plant is very small and replaces an older less efficient plant, so the emissions and energy consumption are less than the last periodic reporting cycle

4.4. Pollution

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

PositiveImage: Second Seco	Not relevant					
PositiveImage: Second seco	Origin T		Trend of impact			
Negative X X 4.1 - Ground water pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Relevant 4.1 - Surface water pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Relevant Kelevant Kelevan	Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
A.2. Ground water pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant A.3. Surface water pollution trevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Relevant A.4 Air pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Relevant Relevant Relevant Relevant Relevant Relevant Kater bolic waste revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Relevant Kater bolic waste revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): . Not relevant Kater bolic waste						
Relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant 4.3 - Surface water pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant 4.4 - Air pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant 4.5 - Solid waste revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant X Not relevant	×					
A.3. Surface water pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant A.4. A Air pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant Relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant A.5. Solid waste revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant × Not relevant						
Relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant 4.4 - Air pollution revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant						
A.4 Air pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant Relevant A.5 Solid waste Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant						
revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant Not relevant Not relevant Not relevant Not relevant Relevant Not relevant Not relevant						
A.5 - Solid waste trevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant Relevant X Not relevant						
revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): • Not relevant Relevant						
 4.6 - Input of excess energy revious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside 						

× Not relevant 4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or

positively

Relevant

Macro-plastics are being noted in many seabirds' nests. Bird entanglements in plastic including fishing line is being noted. Plastic beads and microplastics are noted in seabird gullets and Great skua pellets

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X	×	×		×		→		

4.5.2 - Aquaculture

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

• Not recount	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.3 - Land conversion Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.5 - Crop production Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.8 - Commercial hunting Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.5.9 - Subsistence huntingPrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors positively	selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or
4.6. Physical resource extraction	
4.6.1 - MiningPrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.6.2 - Quarrying

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X		×		×	N		

4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×				1

4.7.2 - Relative humidity

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×			\rightarrow	

4.7.3 - Temperature

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

X Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×			×			/
474 Badiation/Light							

4.7.4 - Radiation/Light

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.7.5 - Dust

 Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ Not relevant 	(2013):									
Relevant	Relevant			X Not relevant						
4.7.6 - Water (rain/water tal Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant	-									
X Relevant				Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact					
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing			
O Positive										
Negative X		×		×						
4.7.7 - Pests Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant	(2013):									
Relevant			X Not relevant							
4.7.8 - Micro-organisms Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant	/2013):									
X Relevant				Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact					
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing			
O Positive										
Negative X	×		×				7			

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Sea Surface temperatures are rising, this is causing changes in the marine ecosystem. Some prey species are moving and so some seabird species population declining Rainfall is increasing and intensity of rainfall episodes is changing. Sudden downpours flood buildings and cause damage to the built heritage. The effect on natural heritage is unknown at the present time Micro-organisms-a current outbreak of avian flu (H5N1) has severely impacted on some seabird species with significant mortality

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge s Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	system
X Relevant	Not relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×			×			1

4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×			×		→	
Negative X	×	×		×			1

4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Tourist numbers are rising but still within manageable numbers Lack of skilled traditional craftspeople impacting on ability to maintain and repair buildings

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
😑 Negative 🗙	×			×			1

4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.3 - Military trainingPrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.4 - WarPrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.9.5 - TerrorismPrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Ghost fishing is a problem outside the WHS, affecting seabird population in the site. I could not find any data on trends but assumed increasing

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant			1	ot relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X	×			×			1	

4.10.2 - Flooding

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
Positive								
Negative X		×	×				1	

4.10.3 - Drought

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X		×		×			1	

4.10.4 - Desertification

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Or		Origin	in Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×			×			1

× Not relevant

4.10.6 - Temperature change

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact	Impact		Origin Trend o		rend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive									
Negative X	×			×			1		
4 10 7 Other elimeter	hanga impacto								

4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Potential, Outside

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.2 - EarthquakePrevious answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013): Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):	

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant	I	Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×		×			\rightarrow	
4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire) Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant	/2013):						
Relevant			× Not relevant				

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact C		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X		×		×				

4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):
 - Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant			1	Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive									
Negative X		×		×			1		

4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact C		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×			→		
Negative X	×		×			→		

4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Introduction of Invasive non-native species is a concern but we have procedures in place. The Soay and Boreray blackface sheep are feral populations, that are part of the cultural heritage and a significant genetic resource. They have no predators and their population is determined by grazing and weather.

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

× Relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Coutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.13.2 - Legal framework

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×			×		\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.13.3 - Governance

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×			×		→	
Negative							

4.13.4 - Management activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×			→	
Negative							

4.13.5 - Financial resources

× Relevant			ļ	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×	×		→	
Negative							

4.13.6 - Human resources

X Relevant			I	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/2013):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing

O Positive X	×	×	×		\rightarrow	
Negative						
4.13.8 - High impact resear Previous answer Cycle 2 (23/07/ • Not relevant	-	activities				
Relevant			× Not relevant			

4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	٢	4		۹		→
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	٢	9		٢		→
	٢	9		٢		→
4.2.3 Air transport infrastructure	0	9		٢		→
	0	9		٢		→
4.2.4 Marine transport infrastructure	٢	9		٢		→
	0		9		Ċ	→
4.3 Services Infrastructures						
4.3.1 Water infrastructure	٢	9		٢		1
4.3.3 Non-renewable energy facilities						
	0	9		٢		\$
4.3.4 Localised utilities						
	٢	9		٢		→
4.4 Pollution						
4.4.1 Pollution of marine waters						
	0	9			Ċ	1
4.5 Biological resource use/modification						
4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources						
	0	9	9		Ċ	→
4.6 Physical resource extraction						
4.6.3 Oil and gas						
	0		9		٢	$\mathbf{S}_{i,j}$
4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric						
4.7.1 Wind						
	0	9		۹		1
4.7.2 Relative humidity						

	0	4				→
4.7.3 Temperature						
	9	9			107	
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)		-1			9	
			-		-	
	9		4		Ċ	
4.7.8 Micro-organisms						
	0	4		٢		-
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage						
4.8.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system						
	0	9			Ċ	1
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	٢	4			۴	→
	0	4	9		۴	
4.9 Other human activities						
4.9.1 Illegal activities						
	9	9			Ċ	
4.10 Climate change and severe weather events						
4.10.1 Storms						
	0	4			Ċ	,
4.10.2 Flooding						
	9		9	٢		
4.10.3 Drought			-,	Q.		•
4. 10.5 Drought			~7		-	
	9		4		¢	-
4.10.5 Changes to oceanic waters						
	0	4			Ċ	1
4.10.6 Temperature change						
	0	4			٢	1
4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events						
4.11.5 Erosion and siltation/Deposition						
	0	9		٢		→
4.12 Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species						
4.12.2 Invasive/Alien terrestrial species						
	0		9		Ċ	
4.12.4 Invasive/Alien marine species						
	9		9		Ċ	
4.12.5 Hyper-abundant species	٢	4		٢		→
	9	9		٩		→
4.13 Management and institutional factors						
4.13.1 Management system/Management plan	٢	9		٢		→
				4		
4 12 2 Logal framework	0	1 77			110	
4.13.2 Legal framework	٩	4			Ģ.	
4.13.3 Governance	٢	9			Ċ	→

4.13.4 Managemen	t activities				٢	9		٢		→
4.13.5 Financial re	sources				٢	9		۲	Ċ	→
4.13.6 Human reso	ources				٢	9		٢		→
4.13.7 Low impact	research/monitoring activ	vities			\odot	9	9	٢		→
Legend	4 Current	Potential	Negative	O Positive	 Insid 	de		C Outsi	de	

4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

4.1 Buildings and Development

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.1.5 Interp	pretative and visitation facilities	٢	9	٢	→
Spatial sca	ile - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
~	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - Im	apact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	Int response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

image kaland image kaland <th>Name</th> <th></th> <th>Impact</th> <th></th> <th>Origin</th> <th>Trend</th>	Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
Special colspan="2">Special colspan="2">Special colspan="2">Special colspan="2" Restricted by the factor Restricted Colspan=2 Restricted Restricted Res	4.2.1 Grou	nd transport infrastructure	٢	9	۲	→
kerided Revised Localised Staniave kerided Revised Reported Staniave Reported			0	9	٩	→
image kaland image kaland <td>Spatial sca</td> <td>Ile - Area affected by the factor</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Spatial sca	Ile - Area affected by the factor				
kanking kan	×	Restricted				
image: second image: secon		Localised				
Importantion of the impact 		Extensive				
Main Market Market		Widespread				
Image:	Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
Algo and a set of the set of t		One off or rare				
Market		Intermittent or sporadic				
maarie in terstributes is ginficant is gi		Frequent				
kinginificant Minor Significant Major Maior M	×	On-going				
More Management of the space	Impact - Im	apact on the attributes				
image: space in the second of the second	×	Insignificant				
Major Magenetic response - Capacity of management to respond Major Migle capacity Medium capacity Medium capacity Modium capacity		Minor				
Management esponse - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Frend - Decreasing Becreasing Increasing Main M		Significant				
High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Frend - Decreasing Becreasing Attic Increasing		Major				
Medium capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend-tower the last 6 years Decreasing Static Increasing Mame Impact Orgin Trend	Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
kan	×	High capacity				
No capacity and / or resources Frend - Decreasing Static Increasing Name Impact Origin Trend		Medium capacity				
Image: Properties over the last 6 years Decreasing Static Increasing Name Impact Origin Trend		Low capacity				
Decreasing Static Increasing Name Impact Origin Trend		No capacity and / or resources				
Static Increasing Name Impact Origin Trend	Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years				
Increasing Name Impact Origin Trend		Decreasing				
Name Impact Origin Trend	×	Static				
		Increasing				
123 Air transport infrastructuro	Name		Impact		Origin	Trend

4.2.3 Air transport infrastructure	٢	9	٢	→
	0	9	٢	→

Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic

×	Frequent			
	On-going			
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes			
×	Insignificant			
	Minor			
	Significant			
	Major			
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond			
×	High capacity			
	Medium capacity			
	Low capacity			
	No capacity and / or resources			
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years			
	Decreasing			
×	Static			
	Increasing			
Name		Impact	Origin	Trend

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.2.4 Marine transport infrastructure	٢	9		٢		→
	9		9		Ċ	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing

×	Static
	Increasing

4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.3.1 Wate	rinfrastructure	0	9	٢	
Spatial sca	Ile - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years				
×	Decreasing				
	Static				
	Increasing				
Name	enewable energy facilities	Impact		Origin	Trend
5.5 NUI-I	energy identities	0	4	٩	\$
			-1	Q	20

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

One off or rare

-	
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact

	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact -	- Impact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manage	ement response - Capacity of management to respond				
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend -	Developement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				
Name	lame			Origin	Trend
4.3.4 Lo	.3.4 Localised utilities				
		9	9	۹	→
Spatial	scale - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact -	- Impact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manage	ement response - Capacity of management to respond				
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trond	Developement over the last 6 years				

	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.4 Pollution

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.4.1 Pollut	I.4.1 Pollution of marine waters					
		0	9		Ċ	1
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					

4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.5.1 Fishi	4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources						
		0	9	9		۴	→
0	to Anno affected boothe factor						
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						

	Widespread		
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact		
	One off or rare		
×	Intermittent or sporadic		
	Frequent		
	On-going		
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes		
	Insignificant		
×	Minor		
	Significant		
	Major		
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond		
	High capacity		
	Medium capacity		
×	Low capacity		
	No capacity and / or resources		
Trend - Dev	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years		
	Decreasing		
×	Static		
	Increasing		

4.6 Physical resource extraction

Name	Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.6.3 Oil and gas							
		0		9		Ċ	\$
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						

	Medium capacity
×	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric

Name		Impact			Origin	Tren
4.7.1 Wir	d					
		0	9		٢	1
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Tempora	I scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact -	mpact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manager	nent response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - I	evelopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Tren
	ative humidity	impact			ongin	Tren
		0	4		٢	→
Spatial s	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor					

Restricted

	Localised
×	Extensive
×	
	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
×	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name Impact Origin Trend 4.7.3 Temperature

Spatial scale - Area affected by	the factor
Spallal Scale - Alea allecteu by	y the lactor

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor		
	Restricted	
	Localised	
	Extensive	
×	Widespread	
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare	
×	Intermittent or sporadic	
	Frequent	
	On-going	
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes	
	Insignificant	
	Minor	
×	Significant	
	Major	
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond	

	High capacity
	Medium capacity
×	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years Decreasing
Trend - De	

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)						
	0		9		Ċ	1

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted		
	Localised		
×	Extensive		
	Widespread		
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact		
	One off or rare		
×	Intermittent or sporadic		
	Frequent		
	On-going		
Impact - Im	apact on the attributes		
	Insignificant		
×	Minor		
	Significant		
	Major		
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond		
	High capacity		
×	Medium capacity		
	Low capacity		
	No capacity and / or resources		
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years		
	Decreasing		
	Static		
×	Increasing		

Name		Impact			Origin	
4.7.8 Micro-organisms						
	9	4		٢		1
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
Restricted						

×	Localised		
	Extensive		
	Widespread		
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact		
	One off or rare		
×	Intermittent or sporadic		
	Frequent		
	On-going		
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes		
	Insignificant		
×	Minor		
	Significant		
	Major		
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond		
	High capacity		
	Medium capacity		
×	Low capacity		
	No capacity and / or resources		
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years		
	Decreasing		
	Static		
×	Increasing		

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend				
4.8.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system										
		٢	9		۴					
Spatial sca	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor									
×	Restricted									
	Localised									
	Extensive									
	Widespread									
Temporal s	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact									
	One off or rare									
	Intermittent or sporadic									
	Frequent									
×	On-going									
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes									
	Insignificant									
×	Minor									
	Significant									
	Major									

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

·····g-···	
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

lame		npact		Origin		Trend
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	٢	9			Ċ	→
	0	9	9		Ċ	1

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

 Restricted Localised Extensive Widespread Temporal set - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - tor the attributes No insignificant
Extensive Extensive Widespread Femporal Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact
Widespread Temporal => - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact => to the attributes X Insignificant
Temporal scale Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent Frequent On-going Impact - the attributes X Insignificant
Ne off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - try the attributes Inignificant
Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going Impact - traitibutes X Insignificant
Frequent On-going Impact - Impact - Interattributes X Insignificant
On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes Image: Impact of the attributes
Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant
X Insignificant
Minor
Significant
Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond
High capacity
Medium capacity
Low capacity
No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years
Decreasing
Static
X Increasing

4.9 Other human activities

Name	Impact		Origin	Trend
4.9.1 Illegal activities				

	9	9		Ċ	
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor					
Restricted					

	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
×	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

4.10 Climate change and severe weather events

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.10.1 Stor	4.10.1 Storms					
		0	9		Ċ	
Creation and						
Spatial Sca	ale - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - In	npact on the attributes					

	Insignificant				
×	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
	Static				

× Increasing

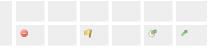
Impact			Origin		Trend
4.10.2 Flooding					
	٢	9	۲		

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
×	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

Name Impact Origin

Trend



Spatial scale - Area affected by the facto

Spatial scal	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

Name	Impact	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.10.5 Changes to oceanic waters						
	9	9			Ċ	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
	Medium capacity
×	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.10.6 Temperature change					
	0	9		Ċ	1

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

-	
	Restricted
	Localised
×	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
	Medium capacity
×	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.11.5 Eros	ion and siltation/Deposition					
		٢	9	۲		→
Snatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
_						
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

4.12 Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.12.2 Inva	.12.2 Invasive/Alien terrestrial species						
		٢		9		Ċ	1
Snatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor						
opullar so							
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						

	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.12.4 Invasive/Alien marine species					
	0	9		Ċ	1

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
×	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
	Medium capacity
×	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.12.5 Hyper-abundant species	٢	9	٢		→
	0	9	۲		→

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name	Name		Impact				Trend
4.13.1 Management system/Management plan		٢	9		٢		→
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor							
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						

	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static

Increasing

Name		Impact			Origin	
4.13.2 Legal framework	٢	9			Ċ	→

Spatial scale - Area affect	ted by the factor
-----------------------------	-------------------

opullui sou	ine - Alea anected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
×	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing

×	Static
	Increasing

Name	Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.13.3 Governance		٢	4			۴	→
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - In	npact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

lame		Impact			Origin	
4.13.4 Management activities	٢	9		٢		→

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted				
	Localised				
×	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				

	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
×	High capacity Medium capacity
×	
×	Medium capacity
	Medium capacity Low capacity
	Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources
	Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources velopement over the last 6 years

Name		Impact			Origin	
4.13.5 Financial resources	٢	9		۲	Ċ	→

Spatia	scale -	Area	affected	by the	e factor
--------	---------	------	----------	--------	----------

Spatial Sca	ile - Area anecteu by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
×	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	spact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	Int response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing

×	Static
	Increasing

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.13.6 Hum	4.13.6 Human resources		9	٢	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor				
	Restricted				
	Localised				
×	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
×	Frequent				
	On-going				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
	Insignificant				
×	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring activities	٢	4	9	٢		→

Spatial sca	Ile - Area affected by the factor
	Restricted
×	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic

×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					

4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1					
4.18.1.2					
4.18.1.3					
4.18.1.4					
4.18.1.5					

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The boundaries do not limit the ability to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value but they could be improved

5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by the management authority but are not known by local communities/landowners

5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The property has no buffer zone and does not need one

5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The property has no known and recognised buffer zone

5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property Many of the seabird species range outwith the boundary of the WHS to feed and rest. However, it would be unreasonable to include large areas of the North

Atlantic within the boundary

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

The site has been designated as a National Nature Reserve and a National Scenic Area from 1957. Selected areas of Hirta are included on the Scheduled Monument, and are protected under the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979.

Other protective designations:

Special Area for Conservation

- Special Protection Area
- National Nature Reserve (on land only).
- Site of Special Scientific Interest (on land only).
- National Scenic Area.
- Marine Consultation Area.
- Scheduled Ancient Monument .
- · Geological Conservation Review Site (on land only).

Source: Advisory Body Evaluation (2005); Periodic Reporting Cycle 2

5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

2013-2023 / Outer Hebrides Local Development Plan / x / https://www.cne-siar.gov.uk/media/12598/ohldp-adopted-plan.pdf

2022-2032 / St Kilda World Heritage Site Management Plan / x / https://www.nts.org.uk/visit/places/st-kilda/highlights/conservation-work

5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property? The property has no buffer zone

5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is acceptable capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property but some deficiencies of enforcement remain

5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice Please refer to the State Party's Section I questionnaire for a list of national legislation relevant to UK World Heritage Sites.

5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Charitable management (e.g. by NGO)

If 'Other', please specify

5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A statutory Management Plan or zoning plan for the property.

Other forms of statutory or non-statutory plans (e.g. strategic plans)

Agreed 'Memorandums of Understanding' between different managing institutions, groups or others, including documents agreed with local communities for management

Mechanisms to promote equal participation among and within groups, including different levels of authority, local communities, indigenous people, women and men, and other specific groups

An integrated management plan combining World Heritage and any other designations

A management plan

An annual work plan or business plan

A joint approach to management of cultural and natural heritage

5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

St Kilda has a Management Plan produced by the National Trust for Scotland, the owners and managers of the site. The plan is signed and supported by the statutory agencies for cultural and natural heritage (Historic Environment Scotland and NatureScot) and the local authority. The stakholder group meet twice a year for operational reasons and to review progress on the Management Plan

5.3.4 - Management Documents

Title	Status	Available	Date	Link to source

St. Kilda World Heritage Site Management Plan 2003-2008	N/A	Available	2003	
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Comment

There is a St Kilda World Heritage Site Management Plan 2012-17 and also St Kilda World Heritage Site Management Plan 2022-2032 https://www.nts.org.uk/visit/places/st-kilda/highlights/conservation-work

5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

The 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape is not relevant to this property

5.3.6 - If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done.

5.3.7 - Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

5.3.8 - If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:

5.3.9 - Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property ? No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties

5.3.10 - If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done

5.3.11 - Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property There is coordination between the range of administrative bodies involved in the management of the property, but it could be improved

5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The management system/plan is **fully adequate** to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being fully implemented and monitored

5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and many of its activities are being implemented

5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities		×			
5.3.15.2	Local authorities				×	
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone				×	
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.15.5	Women				×	
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify					

5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities				×	
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.16.4	Landowners	×				
5.3.16.5	Women					×

5.3.16.6	Youth/Children		×		
5.3.16.7	Researchers				×
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists				×
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists				×
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry			×	
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries			×	
5.3.16.12	NGOs				×
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups	×			
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify				

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality				×	
5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)	×				
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status					×
5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach	×				
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood				×	
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property					×

5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	0 %	1 %
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	0 %	11 %
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	76 %	5 %
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	12 %	36 %
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	12 %	1 %
6.1.1.12	Other	0 %	46 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

A small part of the site is leased to the Ministry of Defence, a government department. The rent from this accounts for 46% of our income

6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs

6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over both the medium- and long-term

6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	75 %	64 %
6.1.6.2	Women	25 %	36 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property

6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Fair
Environmental sustainability	Fair
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair

6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff

6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained? Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is acceptable for most key areas but there are gaps

7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme** of research, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared widely with active outreach to local communities and national and international audiences

7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

7.2 There is a small amount of planned research which contributes to some aspects of management and improving understanding. We are hoping to increase the scope of research within a planned framework. This answer didn't seem to fit any of the options

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Good
Women	Fair
Youth/children	Fair
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Good
National/international tourists	Fair
Tourism industry	Good
Local businesses and industries	Good
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth

8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

ocal communities
Researchers
.ocal Visitors
lational/international tourists
ocal businesses and industries
טלמו איז

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Not needed
Site museum	Fair
Information booths	Not needed
Guided tours	Not provided but needed
Trails/routes	Fair
Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Fair
Transportation facilities	Not needed
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

6278 / 3890 / 254 / 4898 / 5577 /

9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries

9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

One day (no overnight stay)

9.4 - Please provide the source of information

The site is only accessible by boat. Cruise ships book in and put passengers ashore for 2-6 hours, these account for around 50% of our visitors. Day trips from neighbouring islands account for most of the remainder and their passengers stay for 5 hours. All vessels and their passenger numbers are recorded as there is only one point of entry.

9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

0.7 / 0 / 310 / 26.50 / 0 / 14.45 /

9.6 - Please provide the source of information

The National Trust for Scotland run the only campsite and only souvenir shop. Admission is not charged to the visitor but to any commercial boat operator on a sliding scale. Transportation cost is for a person on a day trip to St Kilda and is taken from their websites. The figures exclude cruise ship passengers who come as part of a longer trip

9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation

9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property? Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

No

If a different system, please specify

9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the

Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is good cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made

9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In many locations and easily visible to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property? Fees are collected and make a substantial contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives? Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

Scotland's UNESCO Trail

9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

Local communities operate boat services. Provide accommodation and food.

9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, integrated programme of monitoring, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value

10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is **adequate and key indicators have been defined** for measuring the state of conservation and **are being used in monitoring** of how the Outstanding Universal value of the property is being maintained

10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation				×
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system				×
10.3.3	Character of governance		×		
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations				×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development			×	
10.3.6	Capacity development		×		

10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Fair
Local communities	Poor
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Good
Women	Good
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Poor
Local businesses and industry	Not applicable
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?

No relevant Committee recommendations to implement

10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.1	Boundaries and Buffer Zones						
5.1.2	The boundaries of the World Heritage property are known by the management authority but are not known by local communities/landowners	×					
5.1.3	The property has no buffer zone						
5.1.4	The property has no known and recognised buffer zone						
5.2	Protective Measures						
5.2.4	The property has no buffer zone						
5.2.6	There is acceptable capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property but some deficiencies of enforcement remain	×					
5.3	Management System/Management Plan						
5.3.7	Some use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	×					
5.3.9	No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property						
5.3.11	There is coordination between the range of administrative bodies involved in the management of the property, but it could be improved	×					
6.1	Funding						
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property						
6.1.7	Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	×					
6.1.10	No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×					
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	×					
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building						
8.2	There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth	×					
9	Visitor Management						
9.7	There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation	×					
9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	×					
Pleas	Please select 0 more issues.						
D Ple	Please save this question to reflect changes						

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.4	Pollution						
4.4.1	Pollution of marine waters	Criterion 9 - high bird densities complex ecological dynamic in three marine zones Criterion 10 - a major site for seabirdsunderwater habitats	Scottish Govt. Marine Litter Strategy 2014 1- Improve public and business attitudes and behaviours aroundmarine litter 2 - reduce marine and coastal based sources of marine litter 3-Support the removal of marine litter 4- Improve	Voluntary beach litter surveys using best practice techniques & OSPAR guidelines. Monitoring of seabed litter and microplastic conducted by Marine Scotland Monitoring of microplastic thru sampling dead fulmars stomach	Review 2027	Scottish Government & Marine Scotland	None

				monitorin	g							
4.7	Local condit	ions affecting physical fa	bric									
4.7.1	Wind	Criterion 5 the cultural landscape reflects age-old traditions and land use unique dry stone structures	Iandscape reflects Climate Vulner age-old traditions and Assessment at land use unique dry mitigation		Inerability built structures		2023/24		National Trust for Scotland and Historic Environment Scotland			
4.7.3	Temperature	Criterion 5 the cultural land reflects age-old traditions a use Criterion 9 high bird d complex ecological dyna three marine zones Criteria major site for seabirdsur habitats The feral Soay	raditions and land gas igh bird densities Trai gical dynamic in zero nes Criterion 10 a abirdsunderwater		Reduce greenhouse gas emissions Official Statistics on Scottish greenhouse gas emissions Transition to a net zero economy gas emissions determine progress towards national emissions reduction targets Policy outcome indicators		house gress ial uction	e by 2032. Net zero by 2045		n Scottish Government		Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2019
4.7.6	Water (rain/water table)	Criterion 5 the cultural landscape reflects age-old traditions and land use Criterion 10 a major site for seabirds The feral Soay sheep	- undertake Vulnerabilit Assessmer develop mi outcomes. building au while adap changing c	y nt and tigation from Retain thenticity ting to limate. impact of wet n sheep	station Ongoin sheep E regular	re a weather on St Kilda g research into Established building ing regime	202	4- 2032	Scotlan	nd and Historic gover nment Scotland for Cli mana		sh and UK mment responsibility mate Action Site gers responsible for ation and mitigation
4.7.8	Micro-organisms	complex ecological dyna three marine zones Criteri major site in the North Atla	tur in a relatively small area in place ecological dynamic in place ecological dynamic in place ecological dynamic in the north Atlantic and professeabirdsimportant for respectivelyimportant for mage ecological dynamic ecological dynam		Review and Enhanced seabin implement biosecurity population monitoring of seabind populations Facilitate research into avian flu Contribute data on mortality to national agencies and international forum			Scc Dep Env		Scotland, NatureScot, glu Department for HS Environment, Food and se Rural Affairs ww sk ur of (2 th sp		ere is currently a bal pandemic of N1 affecting abirds On St Kilda have over 65% ortality in Great ua and are dertaking a survey gannets this year 123) to understand impact on this accies. Other accies also affected
4.8	Social/Cultu	ral uses of heritage										
4.8.4	Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	Criterion 5 the cultural landscape reflects age-old traditions and land use	Develop an enhance tr building sk focusing of dyking and	aditional monitoring programme 2032 ills, undertaken n dry stone				and Historic	There are fewer skilled craftspeople to undertake repair and maintenance on the traditional buildings			
4.9	Other human	n activities										
4.9.1	Illegal activities	Criterion 9 - high bird densities Criterion 10 - a major site for seabirds	Improve pu business at behaviours marine litt marine and based sour litter 3-Supp removal of	egy 2014 1- Enviror ublic and Aquacu attitudes and s around tter 2 - reduce d coastal rces of marine		Carried out by Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science				Scottish Govt. Marine Scotland		carded fishing gear lost fishing
4.10	Climate char	nge and severe weather e	vents									
4.10.1	Storms	Criterion 5 the cultural la reflects age-old traditior use Criterion 9 high biro complex ecological dy three marine zones Crit major site for seabirds habitats The feral Soc	as and land densities mamic in erion 10 a underwater	Action Pla undertake Vulnerabil Assessme develop m from outco Retain bui authenticit adapting t climate. R	Climate ity int and itigation omes. Iding y while o changin	Weather s St Kilda A seabird ar sheep pop monitoring	nnual Id Soay Julation	203	2 5	National Trust for Scotland, Nature Scot, Historic Environment Scotla	o in nd m o s re	creased frequency storms may also anage, impacting a deliveries of upplies, staff, ssearchers and quipment

Changes to oceanic waters	•	Reduce greenhouse				
	Criterion 10 - a	gas emissions Transition to a net zero economy	Regular monitoring carried out by National Oceanography Centre, Southampton, UK	2022-2032	UK government, Scottish government	Changes to ocean currents have been identified as a threat to the St Kilda WHS at the recent Climate Vulnerability workshop
Temperature change	Criterion 9 - high bird densities Criterion 10 - a major site for seabirds	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions Transition to a net zero economy	Official Statistics on Scottish greenhouse gas emissions determine progress towards national emissions reduction targets Policy outcome indicators	75 % reduction by 2032. Net zero by 2045	Scottish Government	Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2019

12.2. Summary - Management Needs

12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

5.1	Bound	aries and Buffer Zo	nes							
			Actions			Timeframe	Lead agend (and others involved)		ore info / mment	
5.1.2	World H are kno manage but are local	undaries of the Heritage property own by the ement authority e not known by nities/landowners	(https://www.nts.org.uk/visit/places/st-kilda/highlights/conservation-work) /td> Historic Environment Scotland NatureScot			Scotland is also the toric managemen vironment authority, so ttland the boundar				
5.2		Protective Measu	res							
5.2.6		There is acceptab capacity/resource to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property but some deficiencies of enforcement rema	es 6.4 work collaboratively with stakeholders to deliver the Plan. The key stakeholders meet every 6 months and include statutory authorities. This opportunity can be used to raise the profile of St Kilda	2023-203	Scotland Marine Scotland resource genera complia within t location		and Marine Scotland resource limitations generally very high compliance with let within the WHS. Th location of St Kilda		e WHS. The remote	
5.3		Management	System/Management Plan							
5.3.7		Some use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Chan on World Heritage Properties at the property	change adaptation and mitigation based outcomes of a Climate Vulnerability Ind assessment and Impacts of Climate Ch f World Heritage Properties policy docum	d on the ex ange on	2025		National Trust for Scotland none (NatureScot, Historic Environment Scotland)		ne	
5.3.11		There is coordination between the range of administrative bodies involve in the management the property, but it could b improved	implement recommendations		2023-2032		National Trust for Scotland Historic non Environment Scotland, NatureScot, Western Isles Council		ne	
6.1		Funding								

6.1.7	Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	commit to care for aspects of St Kild (current St Kild Management Plan	5) da	National Trust for Scotland	The National Trust for Scotland is a charity that owns and manages the WHS and as such has limited resources. We will look to maximise the resources we have through staff training and volunteer opportunities as well as maximising income
6.1.10	No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development a the World Heritage property	Make use of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development developing future plans	2024/25 in	National Trust for Scotland	None
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is i place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managin the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	n 9 1	ongoing	National Trust for Scotland	it makes better sense to use external staff to deliver some key tasks that require technical skills
8	Education, Informatio	n and Awareness Building			
8.2		dertake an interpretation audit and duce an interpretive plan			There is some resource on HES website for children and youth. We currently lack resource to deliver more
9	Visitor Managemen	t			
9.7	There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation	Deliver a strategy for St Kilda that provides clear management guidance on how to encourage and deliver more sustainable tourism (St Kilda Action Plan 2022-2027)	2025-2027	National Trust for Scotland	We currently lack resource to deliver more effectively
9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	Undertake an interpretation audit and produce an interpretive plan (St Kilda Action Plan 2022-2027)	by 2025-2027	National Trust for Scotland (Historic Environment Scotland NatureScot)	N/A d,
	lanagement Needs	completed			

12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property

12.3.1 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property? The Authenticity of the World Heritage property has been preserved

12.3.2 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property? The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact

12.3.3 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been maintained.

12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values are being **partially degraded** but the state of conservation of the World Heritage property has **not been significantly** impacted

12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Positive
Research and monitoring	No impact
Management effectiveness	No impact
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	No impact
Recognition	Very positive
Education	No impact
Infrastructure development	No impact
Funding for the property	No impact
International cooperation	Very positive
Political support for conservation	Positive
Legal/Policy framework	No impact
Advocacy	Positive
Institutional coordination	Positive
Security	No impact
Gender equality	No impact
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	No impact
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	No impact
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	No impact
Other	No impact
If 'Other', please specify	

13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value

Monitoring and reporting

15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Fair
Site Managers	Fair

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Not needed
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Not needed

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Update of management plans

15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff

Staff from other World Heritage properties

15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance has **not been explicitly** considered or implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire? Yes

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

40 / 8 / 36 /

15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources	×	
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training	×	

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

Most required information was accessible.

15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire				×
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions			×	

15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

The question on how much time and resources to complete the form - it would be helpful to have this highlighted near the beginning of the questionnaire, or have it embedded in the programme

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Fair
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Not applicable
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable
ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable

15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre

Fair

State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Fair
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Not applicable
National Commission for UNESCO	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

15.5.4 - If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented?

15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

15.6.1 - Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

• Map(s)

Reason for update: The World Heritage Centre identified in December 2022 that they did not hold an up-to-date clear map which showed the delimitation of the property. We are in the process of producing the requested map in line with the World Heritage Centre's technical requirements, with support from Historic England. It will be submitted for the approval of the World Heritage Committee in advance of 46COM along with others from the UK State Party.

Changes to these items will need to go through the proper processes.

15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.1 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.2 - Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.