Hill Forts of Rajasthan

1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property

Hill Forts of Rajasthan

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
Chittorgarh Fort	24.883 / 74.646	305	440	745	2013
Kumbhalgarh Fort	25.149 / 73.58	268	1339	1607	2013
Ranthambore Fort	26.02 / 76.455	102	372	474	2013
Gagron Fort	24.626 / 76.187	23	722	745	2013
Amber Fort	26.985 / 75.852	30	498	528	2013
Jaisalmer Fort	26.913 / 70.913	8	89	97	2013
Total (ha)		736	3460	4196	

1.4 - Map(s)

Title	Date	Link to source
Hill Forts of Rajasthan - map of inscribed property	2013	

1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

Comment

https://indianculture.gov.in/node/2537389

- 2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)
- 2.1 Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is not designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

No Comment

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

No

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- 2.4 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?
- 2.5 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?
- 2.6 Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

 No
- 2.7 Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

No Comment.

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

No

2.10 - Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware

Not Applicable

2.11 - Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

No

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.

There is no mention in the memory of the World programme.

3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

3.1 - Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Brief synthesis

Within the State of Rajasthan, six extensive and majestic hill forts together reflect the elaborate, fortified seats of power of Rajput princely states that flourished between the 8th and 18th centuries and their relative political independence.

The extensive fortifications up to 20 kilometres in circumference optimized various kinds of hill terrain, specifically the river at Gagron, the dense forests at Ranthambore, and the desert at Jaisalmer, and exhibit an important phase in the development of an architectural typology based on established "traditional Indian principles". The vocabulary of architectural forms and of ornaments shares much common ground with other regional styles, such as Sultanate and Mughal architecture. Rajput style was not 'unique', but the particular manner in which Rajput architecture was eclectic (drawing inspiration from antecedents and neighbours) together with its degree of influence over later regional styles (such as Maratha architecture) do make it distinctive.

Within the defensive walls of the forts, the architecture of palaces and other buildings reflects their role as centres of courtly culture, and places of patronage for learning arts and music. As well as housing for the court and military guard, most had extensive urban settlements within their walls, some of which have persisted to the present day. And some also had mercantile centres as the forts were centres of production and of distribution and trade that formed the basis of their wealth. Most of the forts had temples or sacred buildings, some pre-dating the fortifications and outliving the Rajput kingdoms, and many of these remarkable collections of buildings still attract followers. Collectively the forts contain extensive water harvesting structures, many of which are still in use.

As a former capital of the Sisodia clan and the target of three famous historical sieges, Chittorgarh is strongly associated with Rajput history and folk lore. Furthermore the sheer number and variety of architectural remains of early date (ranging from the 8th to the 16th centuries) mark it as an exceptional fort in its scale and monumentality comparable to very few other Indian forts. Kumbhalgarh was constructed in a single process and (apart from the palace of Fateh Singh, added later) retains its architectural coherence. Its design is attributed to an architect known by name –Mandan – who was also an author and theorist at the court of Rana Kumbha in Chittorgarh. This combination of factors is highly exceptional. Situated in the middle of forest, Ranthambore is an established example of forest hill fort and in addition, the remains of the palace of Hammir are among the oldest surviving structures of an Indian palace. Gagron is an exemplar of a river-protected fort. In addition its strategic location in a pass in the hills reflects it control of trade routes. Amber Palace is representative of a key phase (17th century) in the development of a common Rajput-Mughal court style, embodied in the buildings and gardens added to Amber by Mirza Raja Jai Singh I. Jaisalmer is an example a hill fort in desert terrain. The extensive township contained within it from the outset, still inhabited today, and the group of Jain temples, make it an important (and in some respects even unique) example of a sacred and secular (urban) fort.

Criterion (ii): The Hill Forts of Rajasthan exhibit an important interchange of Princely Rajput ideologies in fort planning, art and architecture from the early medieval to late medieval period, within the varied physiographic and cultural zones of Rajasthan. Although Rajput architecture shared much common ground with other regional styles, such as Sultanate and Mughal architecture, it was eclectic, drawing inspiration from antecedents and neighbours, and had a degree of influence over later regional styles such as Maratha architecture.

Criterion (iii): The series of six massive hill forts are architectural manifestations of Rajput valour, bravery, feudalism and cultural traditions, documented in several historic texts and paintings of the medieval and late medieval period in India. Their elaborate fortifications, built to protect not only garrisons for defence but also palatial buildings, temples, and urban centres, and their distinctive Rajput architecture, are an exceptional testimony to the cultural traditions of the ruling Rajput clans and to their patronage of religion, arts and literature in the region of Rajasthan over several centuries.

Integrity

As a series, the six components together form a complete and coherent group that amply demonstrate the attributes of Outstanding Universal Value, without depending on future additions to the series.

When considered as individual components, Chittorgarh and Ranthambore include all relevant elements to present their local, fort-related significances. However, ICOMOS is concerned about the surrounding development and industrial activities around Chittorgarh Fort, in particular the pollution and landscape impact of the nearby quarries, cement factories and zinc smelting plants, which, if continued or even expanded, have the potential to adversely affect the property.

The wider setting of Chittorgarh is vulnerable to urban development as well as industrial and mining activities that cause notable air pollution. At Jaisalmer the wider setting and views to and from the fort could be vulnerable to certain types of urban development in the surrounding town. While at Gagron the setting could be under threat from unregulated construction.

Within the forts, there are acknowledged development pressures derived from continued encroachment and enlargement of residential communities. The stability of the overall hill on which Jaisalmer rests is vulnerable to water seepage as a result of the lack of adequate infrastructure.

Authenticity

As a series, the six sites have the capacity to demonstrate all the outstanding facets of Rajput forts between the 8th and 18th centuries. Each of the sites is necessary for the series.

For the individual forts, although the structures at each of the sites adequately convey their value, some are vulnerable. The original exterior plaster at Amber Fort and Gagron Fort has been replaced, which has caused a loss of historic material and patina. At Chittorgarh and Kumbhalgarh Forts, there are structures in a state of progressive decay or collapse, which are vulnerable to losing their authenticity in material, substance, workmanship and design. At Jaisalmer within the urban area, individual buildings are in need of improved conservation approaches.

Protection and Management requirements

Chittorgarh, Kumbhalgarh, Ranthambore and Jaisalmer Forts are protected as Monuments of National Importance of India under the Ancient and Historical Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (Declaration of National Importance) Act of 1951 (No. LXXI of 1951 (AMASR)) and the AMASR Amendment of 2010. They were listed in 1951 (Kumbhalgarh, Ranthambore and Jaisalmer) and in 1956 (Chittorgarh) respectively. The 1951 national legislation provides unlimited protection to the monuments designated in its framework and the 2010 amendment establishes a 200 metre protection zone around the area of the designated Monuments of National Importance.

Gagron and Amber Forts are designated as State Protected Monuments of Rajasthan under the Rajasthan Monuments, Archaeological Sites and Antiquities Act of 1968. They were both listed in the very year the act was adopted. The 1968 Act stipulates that no person, including the owner of the property, can carry out any construction, restoration or excavation work, unless permission has been granted by the responsible state authorities. In the case of Amber Palace an additional

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notification for the protection of a 50 metre buffer zone around the property has been issued. All sites have buffer zones designated, but there is a need for clearer planning policies for these in order to regulate development.

The overall management of the six properties is steered by the State Level Apex Advisory Committee, which was established through Order A&C/2011/3949 on 11 of May 2011. It is chaired by the Chief Secretary of Rajasthan and comprises members of the concerned ministries, namely Environment & Forests, Urban Development and Housing, Tourism, Art, Literature & Culture, Energy and various representatives of the heritage sector including the ASI. The Apex Advisory Committee meets on a quarterly basis and is designed to constitute the overall management framework of the serial property, guide the local management of the six serial components, coordinate cross-cutting initiatives, share research and documentation, share conservation and management practices and address the requirements of common interpretative resources.

To implement the recommendations of the Apex Advisory Committee, the Amber Development and Management Authority, acts as an overarching authority for management implementation. This was legalized through notification by the Chief Secretary of the Government of Rajasthan dated 14 October 2011.

There are Management Plans designed to cover the period 2011 to 2015 for five of the six sites. For Jaisalmer, the Management Plan for the property along with sub-plans including visitor management, risk preparedness, and livelihood generation for the local population, will be completed by end of 2013. There is a need for policy statements in the Plans to reference Outstanding Universal Value and for more detailed action plans to be produced for the implementation of the management policies, as well as for indicators for management quality assurance during the implementation processes. For the first revision of the Plans, it would be desirable to provide an over-arching volume for the whole series that sets out agreed approaches.

To reverse the vulnerabilities of certain individual structures within the forts, there is a need for short-term conservation actions. For Jaisalmer, there is a need to ensure the major conservation project for infrastructure and conservation of individual buildings is delivered according to the agreed timescale. Conservation of the extremely extensive fortifications and ensembles of palaces, temples and other buildings will call for extensive skills and resources. A capacity building strategy to raise awareness of the importance and value of these skills, as part of an approach to livelihood generation, could be considered.

In order to ensure a clear understanding of how each of the forts contributes to the series as a whole, there is a need for improved interpretation as part of an interpretation strategy for the overall series.

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	Testimony of the cultural traditions of Rajput.	×			
3.2.2	Rajput architecture	×			
3.2.3	Associated with the center of Rajputs power and control	×			
3.2.4	Extensive settlements within the walls	×			
3.2.5	Centre of learning, art and music	×			
3.2.6					
3.2.7					
3.2.8					
3.2.9					
3.2.10					
3.2.11					
3.2.12					
3.2.13					
3.2.14					
3.2.15					

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value No Comment

- 4. Factors Affecting the Property
- 4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X	×		×	×			7	

4.1.2 - Commercial development

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Relevant

** Not relevant

4.1.3 - Industrial areas

Relevant

** Not relevant

4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

Relevant X Not relevant

4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×			1
Negative							

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Factor 4.1.1 Housing is significant in Chittorgarh Fort as this has an entire municipal ward exists in the fort premise that has around 600-700 houses (population of approx- 3500) and in Jaisalmer Fort, which is a Living Fort. There are proper interpretative and visitation facilities provided in all the Forts.

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive 🗶	×	×		×		→		
Negative								

4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure	

4.2.4 - Marine transport infrastructure

Relevant

** Not relevant

× Not relevant

4.2.5 - Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure

Relevant X Not relevant

4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

No Comments.

Relevant

4.3. Services Infrastructures

4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact Orig		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	G Outside	№ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×	×		→		
Negative								

4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Relevant X Not relevant

4.3.4 - Localised utilities

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Gurrent	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
Positive X	×		×	×		→		
Negative								

4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Re	elevant	X Not relevant
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4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Q.4.3.1 & 4.3.4 The Rajasthan Urban Infrastructure Development Project (RUIDP), a state government, carried out developmental Works within the Jaisalmer Fort for proper laying of underground pipelines for drinking water, Sewerage and electric and Telephone cable.

4.4. Pollution

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters	
Relevant	★ Not relevant
4.4.2 - Ground water pollution	
Relevant	★ Not relevant
4.4.3 - Surface water pollution	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.4.4 - Air pollution	
Relevant	※ Not relevant
4.4.5 - Solid waste	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.4.6 - Input of excess energy	
	**

4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

No Comments.

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

× Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact				Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X		×	×			\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.5.2 - Aquaculture

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current Potential		Inside	G Outside	Decreasing → Stable ✓ Increasing		Increasing	
O Positive X		×	×			\Rightarrow		

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Negative	
4.5.3 - Land conversion	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated ani	imals
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.5 - Crop production	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.8 - Commercial hunting	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant

4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Q. 4.5.1 and 4.5.2 pertains to only Amber fort. In the Amber fort complex, there is a lake name as Maotha Lake which source is only rainwater and Fishery department (Rajasthan State government) carry out aquaculture.

4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining

✗ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative X		×		×		\rightarrow	

4.6.2 - Quarrying

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Q 4.6.1 The Mining pertain to only Chittorgarh fort. The mining work going nearby the fort is now stopped after a Hon'ble court order was taken out in August 2011. The Hon'ble court has declared a buffer zone of 10 km around the fort wall as a no mining and no industrial zone. So, currently, there is no problem of Minning.

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

Relevant	× Not relevant

4.7.2 - Relative humidity

Relevant	✗ Not relevant

4.7.3 - Temperature

•	
Relevant	× Not relevant
4.7.4 - Radiation/Light	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.5 - Dust	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)	
Relevant	× Not relevant
4.7.7 - Pests	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.8 - Micro-organisms	

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

× Not relevant

Not applicable

Relevant

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

× Relevant		Not relevant						
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact				
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
○ Positive ★	×	×	×	×		→		
Negative								

4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Relevant X Not relevant

4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

Relevant X Not relevant

4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Relevant X Not relevant

4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation



4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Q.4.8.1 There are many Religious places and temples inside the Hill forts. Pilgrim often visit these temples to pay their homage. Tourism has provided ample of employment opportunities to the locals, thus helping in their Livelihood.

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

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X Relevant		Not relevant							
Impact Origin			Origin	Trend of impact					
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing		
Positive									
○ Negative X	×	×	×	×			,		
4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage									

4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

Relevant × Not relevant

4.9.3 - Military training

× Not relevant

4.9.4 - War

Relevant X Not relevant

4.9.5 - Terrorism

Relevant × Not relevant

4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Q.4.9.1 Unauthorized/illegal constructions within the Forts specially in Jaisalmer which is a living fort and others in Chittorgarh, Kumbhalgarh. Such type of activities have been halted and violations are being legally pursued under the provisions of the AMASR Act 1958 and rules 1959; A & V Act 2010 and Rajasthan Monuments, Archaeological Sites And Antiquities Act, 1961 and Rules 1968. Thus, currently the situation is stable.

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.2 - Flooding

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.3 - Drought

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.4 - Desertification

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

× Not relevant

4.10.6 - Temperature change

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Relevant × Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Not Applicable

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

Relevant × Not relevant

4.11.2 - Earthquake

Relevant × Not relevant

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4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)

Relevant × Not relevant

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Not applicable.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species	

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species

4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors	selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or

× Not relevant

positively Not Applicable.

Relevant

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

≭ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×		→	
Negative							

4.13.2 - Legal framework

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×	×		\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.13.3 - Governance

X Relevant	Not relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	№ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive	×	×	×	×		→	
Negative							

4.13.4 - Management activities

× Relevant	1	Not relevant					
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.13.5 - Financial resources

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	♦ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×		→	
Negative							

4.13.6 - Human resources

× Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact	Frend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×	×		\rightarrow		
Negative								

4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×			,
Negative							

4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

elevant	X Not relevant
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4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

All the Six World Heritage Sites are management well, under the jurisdiction of State Department of Archaeology and Archaeological Survey of India.

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

Not Applicable.

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact	ì	Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development					
4.1.1 Housing					
		A	•	Œ	<i>></i>

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4.2 Transportation Infrastructure 4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure 4.3 Services Infrastructures 4.3.1 Water infrastructure 4.3.4 Localised utilities 4.5 Biological resource usermodification 4.5 Hishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→ → →
4.3 Services Infrastructure 4.3.1 Water infrastructure 4.3.4 Localised utilities 4.5 Biological resource use/modification 4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→ → →
4.3.1 Water infrastructure 4.3.4 Localised utilities 4.5 Biological resource use/modification 4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→ → →
4.5.4 Localised utilities 4.5 Biological resource use/modification 4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.5 Biological resource use/modification 4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8 Nitual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.5.1 Fishing/collecting aquatic resources 4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8 Natival/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.5.2 Aquaculture 4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	
4.6 Physical resource extraction 4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	
4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.6.1 Mining 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage 4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses 4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	→
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation 4.9 Other human activities	
4.9 Other human activities	→
	→
4.9.1 Illegal activities	
○ 4 9 0 €	-
4.13 Management and institutional factors 4.13.1 Management system/Management plan	
4.13.1 management system/management plan	
4.13.2 Legal framework	→
4.13.3 Governance	→
4.13.4 Management activities	→
4.13.5 Financial resources	→
4.13.6 Human resources	→
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring activities	7
Legend	

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4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

4.1 Buildings and Development

Name

4.1.1 Ho	using		q				
			-1		Q)	G	
Spatial s	scale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact -	Impact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manage	ment response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend -	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name	erpretative and visitation facilities	Impact	e P	q	Origin	·	Trend
4.1.5 1110	orpredute and visitation racinities		-1	-1	9	G	
	scale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
T	Widespread						
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
Jill Earta	of Pojenthan						12 of 27

Impact

Origin

Trend

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	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	Management response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend		
4.2.1 Grou	4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure		9	9		F	\Rightarrow
Custial ass	Associated by the feeter						
	lle - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						

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Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend	
4.3.1 Water	infrastructure	O	9		•	Œ	→	
Snatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor							
×	Restricted							
	Localised							
	Extensive							
	Widespread							
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare							
	Intermittent or sporadic							
×	Frequent							
	On-going							
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes							
	Insignificant							
×	Minor							
	Significant							
	Major							
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond							
	High capacity							
×	Medium capacity							
	Low capacity							
	No capacity and / or resources							
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years							
	Decreasing							
×	Static							
	Increasing							
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend	

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.3.4 Local	sed utilities	O	9	•	Œ	→
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					

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	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
×	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going Control of the Control of t				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
	Insignificant				
×	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name	lame Impact			Origin	Trend
4.5.1 Fishi	ng/collecting aquatic resources	©	9	•	\rightarrow
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
×	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going				
Impact - In	npact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				

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	Medium capacity				
×	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				
Name 4.5.2 Aquad	ultura	Impact	9	Origin	Trend
4.5.2 Aquat			-1		
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact				
×	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going Control of the Control of t				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

4.6 Physical resource extraction

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.6.1 Mining							
				9		G	→
0	Associated by the factor						
Spatial sc	lle - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						

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respond			
	o respond	o respond	o respond

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.8.1 Ritua	l/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses	0	9	9	•	F	\rightarrow
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						

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Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name			_	Origin		Trend
4.8.6 Impac	ts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	O	9	•	F	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					

4.9 Other human activities

Low capacity

Decreasing
Static
Increasing

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

No capacity and / or resources

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.9.1 Illegal activities						
		9	9	•	Œ	/

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Spatial sca	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor								
	Restricted								
×	Localised								
	Extensive								
	Widespread								
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact									
	One off or rare								
×	Intermittent or sporadic								
	Frequent								
	On-going								
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes								
	Insignificant								
	Minor								
×	Significant								
	Major								
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond								
	High capacity								
×	Medium capacity								
	Low capacity								
	No capacity and / or resources								
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years								
	Decreasing								
×	Static								
	Increasing								

4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.13.1 Man	agement system/Management plan	O	9	9	•	Œ	\rightarrow
Spatial sca	lle - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						

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×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.2 Lega	l framework	O		9	•	(→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name 4.13.3 Gove		Impact		1 13	Origin		Trend
7. 13.3 GOVE	a number	O	9	q	•	G	\rightarrow

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Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact		_	Origin		Trend
4.13.4 Man	agement activities	•	9	9	•	G	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						

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×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact		_	Origin		Trend
4.13.5 Fina	ncial resources	0	9	9	•	F	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact		m29	Origin	06	Trend
4.13.6 Hum	an resources	0	A	9	•	Œ	\rightarrow

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Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.7 Low	impact research/monitoring activities	O	4	9	•	G	/
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						

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×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

Yes, Our property is a serial inscription (Nomination) as a Hill forts of Rajasthan. The forts are adapted to and optimized various kinds of hill terrain, including the summit and the slope of semi-arid hills, forested hills, desert hills and hills protected by water. Other human activities factor has impacted the almost all forts either partially or extensively.

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1	Rajput architecture	×			
4.18.1.2	Testimony of the cultural traditions of Rajputs	×			
4.18.1.3	Associated with the center's of Rajput power and control	×			
4.18.1.4	Extensive settlements within the walls	×			
4.18.1.5	Centre of learning, art and music	×			

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The boundaries are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries $\mbox{\it are}\mbox{\it known}\mbox{\it by}\mbox{\it both}$ the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The buffer zones are **adequate** to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

At present, the boundaries are known by the managing authorities and are adequate the protect the site setting. The Boundaries are regularly monitored by the field staff and adherence is ascertained by taking legal action against the violators, whenever necessary.

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

Chittorgarh, Kumbhalgarh, Ranthambore and Jaisalmer Forts are protected as Monuments of National Importance of India under the Ancient and Historical Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (Declaration of National Importance) Act of 1951 (No. LXXI of 1951 (AMASR)) and the AMASR Amendment of 2010. They were listed in 1951 (Kumbhalgarh, Ranthambore and Jaisalmer) and in 1956 (Chittorgarh) respectively. The 1951 national legislation provides unlimited protection to the monuments designated in its framework and the 2010 amendment establishes a 200 metre protection zone around the area of the designated Monuments of National Importance. Gagron and Amber Forts are designated as State Protected Monuments of Rajasthan under the Rajasthan Monuments, Archaeological Sites and Antiquities Act of 1968. They were both listed in the very year the act was adopted. The 1968 Act stipulates that no person, including the owner of the property, can carry out any construction, restoration or excavation work, unless permission has been granted by the responsible state authorities. In the case of Amber Palace an additional notification for the protection of a 50 metre buffer zone around the property has been issued.

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- 5.2.2 Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category
- 5.2.3 Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for effective management and protection**

5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for** effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice Chittorgarh, Kumbhalgarh, Jaisalmer and Ranthambore forts are comes under the control of A.Sl.. These four forts are managed and governed by the AM & ASR Act 1958 and Rules 1959, AMASR (Amendment and Validation) Act 2010 and National Conservation Policy 2014. The Amber and Gagron forts comes under the control of Rajasthan State Archaeological Depart. Both are managed and governed by the Rajasthan Monuments, Archaeological Sites And Antiquities Act, 1961

5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

No Comments.

and Rules 1968

- 5.3. Management System/Management Plan
- 5.3.1 Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Public management system joint national/ local

If 'Other', please specify

5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A management plan

An annual work plan or business plan

5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

The Hill forts of Rajasthan have six majestic forts wherein Amber and Gagron are managed/maintained by State Arch. dept. Rajasthan are being protected by The Rajasthan Monuments, Archaeological Sites And Antiquities Act, 1961 and Rules 1968. And remains four forts are being managed/maintained the guidance of the Director General, ASI; Jt. D.G, Director and S Arch., ASI. These four properties are being protected following the provisions of the AMASR Act 1958 and rules 1959; A & V Act 2010.

- 5.3.4 Management Documents
- 5.3.5 Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

Some use has been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape

- 5.3.6 If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done. No comments
- 5.3.7 Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

No use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

5.3.8 - If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:

Not Applicable.

- **5.3.9 Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property ? Some use** has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties
- 5.3.10 If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done

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The Site management Plan (SMP) for Jaisalmer fort is prepared for same puporse.

5.3.11 - Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property

There is adequate coordination between all bodies/levels involved in the management of the property

5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is fully adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being fully implemented and monitored

5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and many of its activities are being implemented

5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities			×		
5.3.15.2	Local authorities			×		
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone			×		
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples			×		
5.3.15.5	Women			×		
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify					

5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities				×	
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities				×	
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples				×	
5.3.16.4	Landowners				×	
5.3.16.5	Women				×	
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children				×	
5.3.16.7	Researchers					×
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists				×	
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists					×
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry					×
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries				×	
5.3.16.12	NGOs				×	
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify					

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality					×

5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)		×	
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status		×	
5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach			×
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood		×	
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property		×	

5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

The management system at the site indirectly involves in contributing to fostering inclusive local economic development, and enhancing livelihood. As large part of the community is dependent on tourism related industry for their daily livelihood. The number of footfalls is directly related to the proper tourism management activities at the site. Increase on footfalls, directly affects the livelihood of the local community.

5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

The primary role of the management system at the site is the regular conservation, preservation, and maintenance of the World Heritage Property. The same is carried out with the help of budgetary allocation by the Government of India.

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	%	%
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	%	%
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	%	%
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	66.66 %	%
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	33.34 %	%
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	%	%
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.12	Other	%	%
		Total 100 %	Total 0 %

6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

The four forts Chittorgarh, Kumbhalgarh, Jaisalmer and Ranthambore are under the jurisdiction of ASI, M/o,Culture, GOI, and their Conservation and Maintenance of the property, the funds is being allocated by the Archaeological Survey of India, M/o Culture, Government as per the conservation programmed every year. Amber and Gagron fort are under the jurisdiction of Government of Rajasthan and Two-Third of the generated revenue can be ploughed back for the property as per administrative decision

6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available budget is adequate for effective management of the World Heritage property

6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are $\boldsymbol{secure\ over\ both\ the\ medium-\ and\ long-term}$

6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

The current budgetary provisions are sufficient to manage the property.

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	75 %	80 %
6.1.6.2	Women	25 %	20 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

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6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources are adequate for management needs

6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Fair
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Fair

6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Fair
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Fair
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Fair
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Fair

6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

There is constant effort at training of conservation professionals, craftsmen, engage local residents in interpretation of the site

6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and fully implemented; all technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally

6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

Professionals are trained in the field of conservation, management of the property from time to time

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained?

Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is $\,\textbf{adequate}\,$

7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

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There is considerable research but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared with local communities and some national agencies

7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

Research work/projects are undertaken by various agencies, these have utilized by the department, and are good knowledge bank.

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Fair
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Youth/children	Good
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Good
National/international tourists	Good
Tourism industry	Fair
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a planned and effective education and awareness programme for children and youth that contributes to the protection of the World Heritage property

8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

Local communities
Local/municipal authorities
Indigenous peoples
Landowners
Women
Youth/children
Researchers
Local Visitors
National/international tourists
Tourism industry
Local businesses and industries
NGOs

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Good
Site museum	Not provided but needed
Information booths	Fair
Guided tours	Fair
Trails/routes	Good

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Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Fair
Transportation facilities	Fair
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

Competitions like essay writing, painting, quiz, etc. Involving the youth, by engaging students from various schools and colleges, their teachers, parents, guardians visit the site. Such study tours prove to be helpful in the educating the public and awareness building. Certain programs and activities are conducted on Museum Day, World Heritage Day, and World Heritage Week. These programs include lecture series, various other activities.

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

580527 / 759228 / 532794 / 384806 / 589506 /
486479 / 532064 / 472396 / 422555 / 370243 /
1862092 / 2135154 / 1947182 / 1766946 / 1898301 /
31604 / 90 35565 / 30260 / 26540 / 32037 /
N/A /

9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries

9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

One to three hours

9.4 - Please provide the source of information

There are four forts which are ticketed monument, therefore, information regarding visitors is provided. Jaisalmer and Ranthambore both forts are ticket free, therefore there is no any source of information for these structures.

9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

59.35 / 23.35 / 11.4 / 8.74 / 45.68 / 65.33 /
62.54 / 25.83 / 14.7 / 8.74 / 49.35 / 67.21 /
57.35 / 22.14 / 12.85 / 8.56 / 46.99 / 62.85 /
57 / 22.14 / 12.85 / 3.34 / 46.99 / 62.85 /

9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Visitor survey and local market survey. TICKET COSTS/ ASI OFFICE/RAJASTHAN STATE GOVERNMENT

9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a planned and effective strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property

9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

Single door entry/ exist, ensures proper visitor movement. Adequate visitor infrastructure is provide for tourists in all the Forts

9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

${\bf 9.10 \cdot ls \; the \; effectiveness \; of \; tourism \; management \; regularly \; monitored?}$

Yes, using a different system

If a different system, please specify

State Tourism Department

9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is good cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The Outstanding Universal Value of the property is adequately presented and interpreted

9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

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In many locations and easily visible to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property? Fees are collected, but make no contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

State Tourism Department

9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

State Tourism Department

9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property

Locals around the Fort are dependent indirectly on tourism related industry for their livelihood. Increase in the number of footfalls provides adequate income source to the locals.

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme of monitoring**, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value

10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined for measuring the state of conservation and are being used in monitoring of how the Outstanding Universal value of the property is being maintained

10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation				×
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system				×
10.3.3	Character of governance				×
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations				×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development				×
10.3.6	Capacity development				×

10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

Four forts comes under the control of ASI and regular monitoring is being done by the Director General, ASI through the Jt DG (Conservation) and the Director (WH, Monument, Conservation and RD). Site Manager (SA, ASI, monitor the WH property through the regular inspection). Remaining Amber and Gagron fort comes under the control of State Arch. Depart. Rajasthan and regular monitoring is being done by Director and Circle Superintending incharges.

10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Local communities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Fair
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Good
Local businesses and industry	Good
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable

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10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee? Implementation is underway

10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

The World Heritage Committee Decision 39 COM 7B.65, asking for Management Plan of Jaisalmer Fort has been completed and submitted. The implementation of Management Plan is in process. Other recommendations are underway.

10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

All the attributes of sites are regularly monitored.

11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.3	Management System/Management Plan	
5.3.5	Some use has been made of the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation to develop policies and best practices for the protection of the property	
5.3.7	No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	×
5.3.9	Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	×
6.1	Funding	
6.1.10	Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×
7	Scientific Studies and Research Projects	
7.2	There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	×
Pleas	se select 1 more issues.	

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.1	Buildings and	d Development					
4.1.1	Housing	Not applicable	Regulated under the AMASR Act 1958 And Rules 1959.	Regularly	Regularly	Archaeological Survey of India and Rajasthan State Archaeology & Museum Department	Not applicable
4.6	Physical reso	ource extraction					
4.6.1	Mining	Not applicable	The Mining activity is examined by Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. An Order passed in July 2013 foresees no mining within 1km zone and permits only manual limestone and shale quarrying within the 2km zone.	Regularly	Not applicable	Archeological Survey of India, Jodhpur Circle	An Order passed in J. 2013 by Apex court foresees no mining within 1km zone and permits only manual limestone and shale quarrying within the 2km zone. Heavy mining machinery is only permitted beyond the 2kmzone, while blasting is strictly prohibited
4.9	Other human	activities					
4.9.1	Illegal activities	Not applicable	Regular Monitoring by Archaeological Survey of India and Rajasthan State Archaeology & Museum Department.	Regularly	Not applicable	Archaeological Survey of India and Rajasthan State Archaeology & Museum Department.	Not applicable

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12.2. Summary - Management Needs

12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

		Management System/Management Plan						
	Actions	Timefra	ame		Lead agency (and others involved)	More info / comment		
No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	Not applicable	Not app	Not applicable		Not applicable	Not applicable		
Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	Site Management Plan for Jaisalmer Fort has been submitted	In proce	In process of implementation		Archaeological Survey of India	Not applicable		
Funding								
been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity	f from time to time in the field conservation and management	of	On going, regular process	· Ard	chaeological Survey of India	Not applicable		
Scientific Studies a	and Research Projects							
		On going	process	Archaeolog	gical Survey of India	Not applicable		
	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development the World Heritage property Scientific Studies at There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property Scientific Studies and Research Projects There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property Scientific Studies and Research Projects There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property Scientific Studies and Research Projects There is considerable projects. There is considerable projects. There is considerable projects. There is considerable projects. There is considerable projects.	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Properties at the property Funding Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage Property Development at the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	Not applicable Not applicable		

Summary - Management Needs completed

- 12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property
- 12.3.1 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property?

 The Authenticity of the World Heritage property has been preserved
- 12.3.2 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property?

 The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact
- 12.3.3 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been **maintained**.

12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values and the state of conservation of the World Heritage property are intact

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12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

Significant efforts have been made to ensure integrity of the site, with regular conservation measures undertaken from time to time

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Very positive
Research and monitoring	Very positive
Management effectiveness	Very positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	Positive
Recognition	Very positive
Education	Positive
Infrastructure development	Positive
Funding for the property	Positive
International cooperation	Very positive
Political support for conservation	Positive
Legal/Policy framework	Positive
Advocacy	Positive
Institutional coordination	Not applicable
Security	Very positive
Gender equality	Positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Positive
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

The overall impact is positive. Conservation of monuments, research, management, and quality of life for locals have improved. Funding, advocacy, and public support have also been positively affected.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level No Comments.

14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

Sustainable Development
State of Conservation
Management
Capacity Building

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The concept of Outstanding Universal Value
The property's Outstanding Universal Value
The concept of Integrity and/or Authenticity
Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value
Monitoring and reporting

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15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Good
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Fair
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Fair

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Update of management plans

Awareness raising

15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

This data can be used to revise priorities and it will also be used to generate more awareness and sensitize various components of the community and government departments.

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff
Staff from other World Heritage properties

15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance is explicitly considered and effectively implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire?

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

4-5 hours per day / 55 /

15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

		Additional resources	No	Yes
1	5.3.5.1	Human resources		×
1	5.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training	×	

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

All required information was accessible.

15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire			×	
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions		×		

15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

No Comments.

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable

ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable			
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable			
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable			

15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Not applicable
National Commission for UNESCO	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

15.5.4 - If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented? No Comment

15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

15.6.1 - Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

No item were proposed for update

15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.1 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise No Comment.

15.7.2 - Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.

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