Mount Sangingshan National Park

1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property

Mount Sanqingshan National Park

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
Mount Sanqingshan National Park	28.916 / 118.064	22950	16850	39800	2008
Total (ha)		22950	16850	39800	

1.4 - Map(s)

Title	Date	Link to source
Mount Sanqingshan - Detail of M. Sanqingshan Nominated Property	2007	

1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

Comment

http://sqs.sqs.gov.cn/

- 2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)
- 2.1 Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is not designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks	×	

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

Sanqingshan joined the Global Geopark Network (GGN) in 2012 and became a member of the UNESCO Global Geopark in 2015. The territory of Sanqingshan World Natural Heritage Site overlaps partially with that of Sanqingshan Global Geopark.

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

Not applicable

- 2.4 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

 Not applicable
- 2.5 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	×

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

The scope of Sanqingshan WHS overlaps partially with that of Sanqingshan UNESCO Global Geopark. Despite of differences in the highlights of work, both have commons goals in conservation and sustainable development and have been cooperating closely in various programs and activities. Specifically, they both share the common goals in protecting and preserving the naturalness, integrity, and outstanding universal value (OUV) of the natural ecology, the geographic and geological relics.

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

No

- 2.10 Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware
- 2.11 Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

 No
- 2.12 Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.
- 3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value
- 3.1 Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

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Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Values

Mount Sanqingshan National Park displays a unique array of forested, fantastically shaped granite pillars and peaks concentrated in a relatively small area. The looming, intricate rock formations intermixed with delicate forest cover and combined with ever-shifting weather patterns create a landscape of arresting beauty.

Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty: Mount Sanqingshan's remarkable granite rock formations combine with diverse forest, near and distant vistas, and striking meteorological effects to create a landscape of exceptional scenic quality. The most notable aspect is the concentration of fantastically shaped pillars and peaks. The natural beauty of Mount Sanqingshan also derives from the juxtaposition of its granite features with the mountain's vegetation enhanced by meteorological conditions which create an ever-changing and arresting landscape. The access afforded by suspended walking trails in the park permits visitors to appreciate the park's stunning scenery and enjoy its serene atmosphere.

Integrity

The park boundaries are appropriately drawn to protect the naturalness of the landscape and the areas required to maintain the scenic qualities of the property. The property, although relatively small, includes all of the granite peaks and pillars which provide the framework for its aesthetic values. Boundaries are accurately surveyed and demarcated. The property's integrity is enhanced by the designation of a buffer zone that is not part of the inscribed property.

Requirements for Protection and Management

The property has effective legal protection, a sound planning framework and is currently well managed. The park benefits from strong government support and funding. The park's natural resources are in good condition and threats are considered manageable. There is an effective management regime in place for the park. The key requirement is to manage the property to retain its aesthetic values, and a delicate balance will need to be maintained with the provision of visitor access. The most significant threat relates to the future increase in tourism, and careful and sensitive planning of the related infrastructure and access development is required.

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a quideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	Landscape aesthetics	×			
3.2.2	Geology and geomorphology	×			
3.2.3	Biodiversity	×			
3.2.4	Meteorological landscape	×			
3.2.5	Granite and figurative formations of granite rocks	×			
3.2.6					
3.2.7					
3.2.8					
3.2.9					
3.2.10					
3.2.11					
3.2.12					
3.2.13					
3.2.14					
3.2.15					

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Sanqingshan WHS is effectively protected through the following regulations and stipulations: The Management Regulations of Sanqingshan Scenic Area; The Stipulations on the Protection and Management of Geologic Relics in Sanqingshan. Meanwhile, the Comprehensive Law Enforcement Administration assigns designated personnel to take charge of the management and maintenance of the geological heritage. Thus, Sanqingshan's OUV has been well protected.

4. Factors Affecting the Property

4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.1.2 - Commercial development

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	Y Net relevant
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.1.3 - Industrial areas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X		×	×			→	
○ Negative X	×		×			→	

4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×				,
Negative							

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Tourist service facilities in the property provide daily services and necessities for tourists. The scale and dimensions of the facilities are strictly controlled in construction. The facilities are harmonized with the environment. The reasonably hidden arial plank paths and cable car system provide favorable transport means for tourists to access the scenic area for appreciating the unique landscapes and to experience the heritage value while minimizing damages to the tourism resources.

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
○ Positive ★	×		×				7
Negative							

4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Outside

Relevant X Not relevant

4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.2.4 - Marine transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

Relevant X Not relevant

4.2.5 - Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The mountain-ring road was constructed to traverse the property, and two cable car systems and an ecological parking lot were also built. Environmental Impact Assessment was carried out before the construction of these infrastructure. During construction operations, the scales and dimensions of these facilities were strictly controlled to maintain the harmony with the natural surroundings. As these are artificial structures, they have posed some impact on the natural landscape, to some extent.

4.3. Services Infrastructures

4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant	

4.3.4 - Localised utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
Positive X	×	×	×			\rightarrow		
Negative								

4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

× Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	G Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X		×	×			\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Power supply equipment and communications equipment are installed in the property. These infrastructures are primarily used to effectively carry out protection and management activities and serve community residents and tourists so that they can be better mobilized to participate in heritage conservation and management. The scale and dimensions of the facilities are strictly controlled in construction.

4.4. Pollution

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

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Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.4.2 - Ground water pollutionPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	✗ Not relevant
4.4.3 - Surface water pollutionPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.4.4 - Air pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):	

4.4.5 - Solid waste

Relevant

Not relevant

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
○ Negative X		×	×			→		

× Not relevant

4.4.6 - Input of excess energy

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
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4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The domestic waste in the heritage site have been centrally collected and treated in centralized facilities for regulated and harmless management. Sanqingshan garbage transfer center was built. The waste generated in the tourist service areas and by community residents are centrally treated and disposed, creating positive impact on the conservation of the ecological environment of the property.

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.5.2 - Aquaculture

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.5.3 - Land conversion

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.5.5 - Crop production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.8 - Commercial hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

Relevant X Not relevant

4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.2 - Quarrying

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

Relevant X Not relevant

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4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant	1	Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
○ Negative X		×	×			→	

4.7.2 - Relative humidity

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
○ Negative X		×	×			→	

4.7.3 - Temperature

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
		×	×			\rightarrow	

4.7.4 - Radiation/Light

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.5 - Dust

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
○ Negative X		×	×			→	

4.7.7 - Pests

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites. The data are logged and analyzed to assess the impact of climate change on the ecological and meteorological value, as well as the important geological heritage sites in the property.

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow	
Negative							

4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Inside

✗ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×			→	
Negative							

4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
	Tot following

4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Outside

X Relevant			1	Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		→		
Negative								

4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

× Relevant	Not relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×			\rightarrow	
		×	×			→	

4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×				7
○ Negative X		×	×			\rightarrow	

4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The heritage site has a history of human habitation for nearly a thousand years. Through regularly conducting a series of folk activities and events, the management body is committed to transmit and give full play to the ethnic folklores and traditional customs. These activities and events have greatly enhanced the sense of ownership of the local communities in heritage conservation and strengthened their social identities as ethnic minority groups.

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

levant	X Not relevant
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4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

✗ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	C Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×				1
Negative X	×			×	S		

4.9.3 - Military training

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
	v Not relevant

4.9.4 - War

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.9.5 - Terrorism

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

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4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The property successfully promoted the handling of the Sanqingshan Python Peak climbing case, and conveyed the judicial value orientation of protecting the property. It took advantage of the educational value of the case in the protection of natural resources and raised awareness of tourists for natural resources conservation. At the same time, the property has also adopted more stringent protection measures to prohibit the deliberate destruction of the heritage.

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×			\rightarrow	

4.10.2 - Flooding

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant
	v Not relevant

4.10.3 - Drought

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.10.4 - Desertification

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Not relevant

4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.10.6 - Temperature change

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact Origin		Origin	Origin Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
		×	×			→	

4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Affected by the oceanic climate, the mountain environment is characterized by vertical climatic zones along the elevation gradient. Due to the abundant rainfall, high humidity and many foggy days, the annual foggy period reaches about 215 days. The ever-changing dense clouds and fog form marvelous landscapes. Meteorological conditions generally demonstrate more advantages than disadvantages and have not yet affected the OUV of the property.

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

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4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.11.2 - Earthquake

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact Origin		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
○ Negative X	×	×	×			→	

4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The extreme weather of heavy rainfalls has led to occasional small and medium-sized landslides. The key sites of potential disasters were treated with engineering measures which has not affected the important resources of the property. The management institutions of the property have enhanced the prevention and control of landslides by taking such measures as mass monitoring and prevention, monitoring by patrol, and early warning and forecasting.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

Relevant X Not	relevant
----------------	----------

4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

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4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
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4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

positively

Relevant	X Not relevant
4 12 7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors	selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

X Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact Origin		Origin	Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	C Outside	→ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×	×			•
Negative							

4.13.2 - Legal framework

× Relevant		Not relevant						
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact				
Impact	Gurrent	Potential	Inside	G Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×			→		
Negative								

4.13.3 - Governance

X Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact Origin			rigin Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	→ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×			→	
Negative							

4.13.4 - Management activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

× Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact Origin						
Impact	G Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×				/
Negative							

4.13.5 - Financial resources

× Relevant	Not relevant
** Ivelevalit	10.15014.1

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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow		
Negative								

4.13.6 - Human resources

★ Relevant		Not relevant						
	Impact Origin				Trend of impact	mpact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×			\rightarrow		
Negative								

4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

★ Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact					
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	▶ Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×	×		\rightarrow			
Negative									

4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

positively

440.0 Plane a summer to a summer to the fact	and a least a discount to A 40 and a final to a the annual to a literature and the least a lea
4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the fact	ors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or

× Not relevant

The property is managed and monitored closely in accordance with the Regulations on the Management of Sanqingshan. The direct management institution of the property is Sanqingshan Administration Commission, the financial situations are sound and stable. There are currently 350 management staff in the management body, Their responsibilities are to effectively carry out various resources and environmental protection, and social and economic management activities.

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact			Origin	Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development					
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	①		9	•	→
		9		•	\rightarrow
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	•	9		•	-
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure					
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	O	9		•	7
4.3 Services Infrastructures					
4.3.4 Localised utilities	0	9	9	•	→
4.3.5 Major linear utilities	•		9	•	\rightarrow

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4.4 Pollution						
4.4.5 Solid waste						
			9	•		→
4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric						
4.7.1 Wind						
			ø	@		→
4.7.2 Relative humidity						
			ø	@		→
4.7.3 Temperature						
			9	•		→
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)						
			a	•		→
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage			•			
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses	•	A		•		→
4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage	•	a	a	(_
4.8.2 Society's valuing or neritage						
4.8.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	•		<i>-</i> 3	()	100	_
4.0.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system		-1	-1	©	G	
4.8.5 Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community	©	A	q	•		→
,,		•	9	③		→
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	O	A	9	③		7
			9	③		·
4.9 Other human activities			0	3		
4.9.2 Deliberate destruction of heritage	•		Ø	•		,
4.012 Domporate deciration of normage		- I	-0	9	78	
4.10 Climate change and severe weather events		-0			3	
4.10.1 Storms						
4.10.1 3001115		a	a			_
A 40 C Tomporative above		7	4	•		
4.10.6 Temperature change				()		
			4	•		
4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events						
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide		200	-			
		9	9	•		→
4.13 Management and institutional factors			-0			
4.13.1 Management system/Management plan	O	9	4	•	F	
4.13.2 Legal framework	•	A	q	•		_
4. 19.2 Legal II alliewulk		-1	-1			~
4422 Cananana		20				
4.13.3 Governance	O	9	9	•		→
4.13.4 Management activities	(9	9	②		

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4.13.5 Financial re	13.5 Financial resources							•		→
4.13.6 Human reso	.13.6 Human resources							•		→
4.13.7 Low impact	research/monitoring acti	vities			O	9	9	•	Œ	\rightarrow
Legend	Current	Potential	Negative	Positive	Inside	de		Outsi	de	

- 4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors
- 4.16.1 Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors
- 4.1 Buildings and Development

Name	Name				Origin		Trend
4.1.4 Major	visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	•		9	•		\rightarrow
			q		•		\rightarrow
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

Spatial so	cale - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Tempora	I scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - I	Impact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Managen	nent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - D	evelopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.2.1 Groun	nd transport infrastructure	•	9	•	P
Spatial sca	lle - Area affected by the factor				
	Restricted				
×	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				

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	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.3.4 Local	4.3.4 Localised utilities		9	9	•	\rightarrow
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

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Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.3.5 Major	linear utilities	•		9	•		→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact							
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

4.4 Pollution

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.4.5 Soli	.4.5 Solid waste				
			9	•	\rightarrow
Snatial so	ale - Area affected by the factor				
Opatiai 30	and - Ariod aniocica by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				

×	Frequent
	On-going On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.7.1 Wind					
			9	•	→
Spatial sca	lle - Area affected by the factor				
	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
×	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years				

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	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

	Increasing				
Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.7.2 Relat	4.7.2 Relative humidity				
			P	•	→
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor				
Sp.	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
×	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - In	pact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				

Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
~	Static

Name	Impact		Origin	Trend
4.7.3 Temperature				
		9	•	→

Increasing

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare

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	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going Control of the Control of t				
Impact -	mpact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Managen	nent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - D	evelopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				
		Impact			
Name				Origin	Trend
4.7.0 Wa	er (rain/water table)		ø	•	
			7	•	_
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor				
	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
×	Widespread				
Tempora	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going On-going				
Impact -	mpact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Managen	nent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				

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Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses		•	q		•	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.8.2 Socie	ty's valuing of heritage	•		9	•	→

Spatial sca	scale - Area affected by the factor		
	Restricted		
	Localised		
×	Extensive		
	Widespread		
Temporal s	al scale - Occurence of the impact		

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	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact		-3	Origin	rod.	Trend
4.8.4 Chang	ges in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	O	4	9	•	G	→
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×							
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
	Widespread						
	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic						
	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare						
	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic						
Temporal s	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes						
Temporal s X Impact - Im	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant						
Temporal s	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor						
Temporal s X Impact - Im	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant						
X Impact - Im	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major						
X Impact - Im X	Cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major Intermittent or sporadic						
X Impact - Im	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major nt response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity						
X Impact - Im X	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major nt response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity Medium capacity						
X Impact - Im X	Widespread cale - Occurence of the impact One off or rare Intermittent or sporadic Frequent On-going pact on the attributes Insignificant Minor Significant Major nt response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity						

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Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.8.5 Identi	Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community al scale - Area affected by the factor Restricted		q	9	•	→
				9	•	\Rightarrow
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name	tte of touriem/Vicitation/Pocreation	Impact		63	Origin	Trend
4.0.0 impac	ts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation		A	9	Q	
				9	•	\rightarrow

Spatial sca	cale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted	
×	Localised	
	Extensive	
	LAIGHSIVE	
	Widespread	
Tomporal s	Il scale - Occurence of the impact	
remporars	i scale - Occurence of the impact	

	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
×	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	Impact - Impact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
×	High capacity Medium capacity					
×						
×	Medium capacity					
	Medium capacity Low capacity					
	Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources					
	Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources velopement over the last 6 years					

4.9 Other human activities

Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.9.2 Del	iberate destruction of heritage	•	9	9	•		1
			9			(5
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempora	Il scale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact -	Impact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manager	nent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						

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	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

4.10 Climate change and severe weather events

Name	lmpact		Origin	Trend		
4.10.1 Stori	10.1 Storms					
			q	9	③	\Rightarrow
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

Name	Impact			Origin	Trend
4.10.6 Temperature change					
			9	•	\rightarrow

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive

×	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.11.4 Ava	4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
			9	9	•		→
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - In	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						

	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.1 Ma	nagement system/Management plan	•	9	9	•	Œ	-
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Tempora	I scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going On-going						
Impact -	mpact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manager	nent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - E	evelopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.13.2 Legal framework	•	9	9	•		\rightarrow

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted	

	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
	Minor					
×	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impac			Origin	Trend
4.13.3 Gov	rnance	O	9	9	•	→
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Ggrinioan					
	Major					

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×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.13.4 Mana	agement activities	•	9	9	•	7
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
						_
Name	ncial resources	Impact	q		Origin	Trend
7. 13.3 FIIId			-1		G)	
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					

	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact		-m	Origin	Trend
4.13.6 Hum	an resources	O	4	9	•	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
×	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					

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×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact		<i>~</i> 3	Origin	0.00	Trend
4.13.7 LOW	mpact research/monitoring activities	©	9	9	•	F	→
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years						
**	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

- 4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)
- 4.17.1 If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor
- 4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.
- 4.18.1 Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

4.18.1.1	Landscape aesthetics	×		
4.18.1.2	Geology and geomorphology	×		
4.18.1.3	Biodiversity	×		
4.18.1.4	Meteorological landscape	×		
4.18.1.5	Granite and figurative formations of granite rocks	×		

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The boundaries are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The buffer zones are **adequate** to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

Sanqingshan is owned by the state with a clear legal status and ownership, and demarcated boundaries of the property and its buffer zone. The conservation targets of the heritage site are specific and clearly identified and the management institutions are well established with complete regulations and mechanisms. In the establishment and development of the heritage site, we have always adhered to the principles of "giving priority to protection, science-based planning, and sustainable use".

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

Mount Sanqingshan National Park is the state property of the Peoples Republic of China. It was designated a national park by the State Council of the Peoples Republic of China in 1988. In 2005 it was further designated a national geopark by the Chinese Ministry of Land and Resources and in 2006 inscribed on the list of National Natural Heritage by the Ministry of Construction. The park is protected under a number of national laws with major protection and management afforded under the umbrella of the 2006 Regulations on Management of Mount Sanqingshan National Park of Jiangxi Province.

Comment

In 2020, a new round of efforts on revising the Master Plan of the scenic and historic area was launched in full scale to effectively push forward the "Revision of the Master Plan of Sanqingshan (2020-2035)". To date, various plans have been successively prepared, such as "Sanqingshan Conservation Management Plan", "the High-quality Development Plan of Sanqingshan Tourism Industry". These efforts aim at building ecological civilization and science-based planning, and conservation management.

5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for effective management and protection**

5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice

The Regulations on the Management of Sanqingshan was adopted for implementation by the Standing Committee of the Provincial People's Congress of Jiangxi Province. The Regulations authorizes the status of the Sanqingshan Administration Commission as the main body of administrative law enforcement and clarifies

the prohibited acts in the protected areas at all levels. The adoption of the regulations turned a new leaf for the science-based, standardized, and legal protection of Sanqingshan.

5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

The property and its buffer zone are managed through Sanqingshan Administration Commission. There exist effective legal protection and complete planning framework for the property, and a series of conservation measures including legislation, planning, administration, publicity and so on have taken shape.

5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Public management system joint national/ local

If 'Other', please specify

5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A statutory Management Plan or zoning plan for the property.
Traditional ways of management recognised by local communities and other specific groups
Governance mechanisms that foster and respect traditional practices, knowledge and uses of the property
Agreed 'Memorandums of Understanding' between different managing institutions, groups or others, including documents agreed with local communities for management
Mechanisms to promote equal participation among and within groups, including different levels of authority, local communities, indigenous people, women and men, and other specific groups
A framework for inclusive economic development, including equal access and distribution of resources and opportunities arising from the protection of the property
A code of practice developed by local communities or other groups
A code of practice developed by industry
An integrated management plan combining World Heritage and any other designations
A management plan
An annual work plan or business plan
A disaster, climate or conflict risk management plan
A visitor/visitation management plan
An environmental management framework

5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

The property is protected by many laws and regulations, including The Constitutions, The Wildlife Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and The Regulations on Scenic Areas. An effective administrative management system at the national, provincial, and municipal levels was established and functional. Shangrao Municipal Government has set up Sanqingshan Administration Commission to secure strong institutional guarantee for implementing the site conservation management plan.

5.3.4 - Management Documents

Title	Status	Available	Date	Link to source
Conservation and Management Plan of Mount Sanqingshan National Park	In Force	Available	2007	

5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

The 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape is not relevant to this property

- 5.3.6 If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done.
- 5.3.7 Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

No use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

- 5.3.8 If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:
- 5.3.9 Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property?

 No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties
- 5.3.10 If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done
- 5.3.11 Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property

There is adequate coordination between all bodies/levels involved in the management of the property

5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is fully adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being only partially implemented

5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and many of its activities are being implemented

5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities				×	
5.3.15.2	Local authorities				×	
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone				×	
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.15.5	Women				×	
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify					

5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities					×
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.16.4	Landowners				×	
5.3.16.5	Women					×
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children				×	
5.3.16.7	Researchers				×	
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists				×	
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists				×	
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry				×	
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries				×	
5.3.16.12	NGOs				×	
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups	×				
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify					

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality				×	
5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)				×	
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status				×	

5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach		×	
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood		×	
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property		×	

5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

Pursuant to The Tourism Management Plan of Sanqingshan WHS, strict management and close monitoring have been implemented, and the conservation awareness of the general public was raised to achieve sustainable development and to maintain and enhance the property's OUV. Sanqingshan responded proactively to environmental protection by conducting environmental education to community residents and visitors; formulated a series of policy measures; and increasing the input for environmental protection

5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

Sanqingshan in accordance with The Master Plan of Sanqingshan Scenic Area and The Regulations on the Management of Sanqingshan Scenic Area, has carried out lawful protection, utilization and management of the Site. The ongoing master plan is about to expire and work for updating a new cycle of The Master Plan was launched. The plan will formulate the directions and goals of the upcoming phase and to facilitate better science-based conservation, development, and utilization of the property.

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	3 %	0 %
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	12 %	0 %
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	59 %	70 %
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	26 %	30 %
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.12	Other	0 %	0 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available budget is adequate for effective management of the World Heritage property

6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over both the medium- and long-term

6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

The management body of the Site functions as a treasury of the county level financing with independent accounting qualifications. With rapid tourism development, tourism income is growing yearly, contributing to year-on-year increase in the total financial revenue and yearly decreasing ratio of no-tax revenue in total financial income. Besides, special funding from the national and provincial geological funds were applied with substantive increase. The overall financial conditions are stable.

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	72 %	57 %
6.1.6.2	Women	28 %	43 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources are adequate for management needs

6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Good
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Fair
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Good
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Good
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Good
Risk preparedness	Fair
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Fair
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Good
Marketing and promotion	Good
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Good
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

 $\textbf{No}\ \textbf{use}$ has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

- 6.1.11 If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.
- 6.1.12 Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and fully implemented; all technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally

6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

The management body currently has 350 management staffs including 76 professions and technicians. They can carry out various resources and environmental protection, social and economic management effectively through inviting experts to give lectures to strengthen staff training and conservation knowledge to raise their capacity in heritage management, conservation. The management body regularly organizes training courses for stakeholders, such as tour guides, owners of homestay inns.

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained?

Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is acceptable for most key areas but there are gaps

7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme** of research, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared with local communities and some national agencies

7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

The Site has cooperated with domestic and international research institutes and universities to carry out research projects, such as heritage conservation, geosciences, biodiversity inventories, landscape, and conservation planning, which has generated plentiful research achievements. A doctoral dissertation paper titled The Formation of Granite Geological and Geomorphic Features and Its Mechanisms of Sanqingshan, Jiangxi was published. Over 50 journal papers were published.

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Fair
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Women	Good
Youth/children	Good
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Fair
National/international tourists	Fair
Tourism industry	Good
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a planned and effective education and awareness programme for children and youth that contributes to the protection of the World Heritage property

8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

Local communities
Local/municipal authorities
Landowners
Women
Youth/children
Researchers
Local Visitors
National/international tourists
Tourism industry

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Good
Site museum	Good
Information booths	Good
Guided tours	Good
Trails/routes	Good

Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Good
Transportation facilities	Fair
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

Two visitor centers, 15 management stations were built in the Site. Consultation desks are set up in the visitor centers and multiple tour nodes to provide information services to tourists. Other facilities include Sanqingshan Museum that exhibit the geological relics, biodiversity, and folk cultural characteristics of Sanqingshan. Over 300 signboards for interpreting the geological relics, biodiversity, cultural ruins, and tourism maps were installed in various localities in the property.

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

1301000 / 1512000 / 1379000 / 1329000 / 1297000 /

9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries

Accommodation establishments

Tourism industry

Visitor surveys

9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

One day (no overnight stay)

9.4 - Please provide the source of information

Smart tourism platform statistics, tourist questionnaire surveys, hotel and restaurant inquiries, statistics on entry and exit gates in scenic areas, etc.

9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

38.64 / 15.46 / 23.18 / 37.87 / 15.46 / 7.73 /

9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Smart tourism platform statistics, tourist questionnaire surveys, etc.

9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a planned and effective strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property

9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

Sanqingshan Administration Commission performs work activities for tourism management and tourism in accordance with The Tourist Management Plan of Sanqingshan World Heritage Site.

9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

Yes, using a different system

If a different system, please specify

Sanqingshan Smart Tourism Platform was built for the heritage site. Through collecting operational data of the scenic area at multiple dimensions, from synchronized data channels, opinions information from the Internet, tourist satisfaction data, as well as media communications data, the big data of Sanqingshan all-area tourism is built for smart tourism management in the Site.

9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is good cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The Outstanding Universal Value of the property is adequately presented and interpreted

9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In $\boldsymbol{many\ locations}$ and $\boldsymbol{easily\ visible}$ to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property?

Fees are collected and make a substantial contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

The High-quality Development Plan for Tourism Industry in Sanqingshan (2019-2025) was formulated in 2019. It contains planning details for the sustainable tourism development, promotion of tourism environmental protection, strengthening supervision on tourism development so that the overall environment for tourism development in Sanqingshan will be upgraded.

9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

Sanqingshan Administration Commission has set up special fund from the tourism revenue to return benefits to community residents using a series of beneficiary polices, such as providing medical insurance and offering free compulsory education. Promote the improvement of rural human settlements and the building of beautiful towns by creating the demonstration sites for beautiful communities, such as Bahuang, Fenglin, Lingtou Mountain, Fangtang, etc., and achieved the overall upgrade and transformation of the community environment; Provide jobs like forest rangers, tour guides and hygienic cleaners, as well as job training for community residents, so that the local residents have had the opportunities to participate in the conservation management; Actively guide the community residents to create their own businesses and develop tourism economy, such as homestay inns, featured agriculture and forestry industries, handicrafts, and cultural service industries; Relying on the influence of the heritage site, local residents have not only solved the employment problem, but also generated considerable economic income.

9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property

The Tourism Management Plan for Sanqingshan WHS and Sanqingshan High-quality Tourism Development Plan were formulated and implemented. Strict monitoring and management are practiced to mitigate the impact. Environmental protection education for community residents and tourists are conducted, and relevant policy measures are introduced to increase input for environmental protection and effectively alleviate the pressures from tourism development and local economic activities.

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme of monitoring**, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value

10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined for measuring the state of conservation and are being used in monitoring of how the Outstanding Universal value of the property is being maintained

10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation				×
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system				×
10.3.3	Character of governance				×
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations				×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development				×
10.3.6	Capacity development				×

10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

An indicator system conforming to heritage management requirements is developed to carry out regular monitoring of the integrity of granite geological and geomorphological relics, ecological and geological processes and biodiversity indicators, ecological environment, land use, tourist management, and natural disasters at the property.

10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Local communities	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Researchers	Fair
Tourism industry	Fair

Local businesses and industry	Poor
NGOs	Poor
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?

Implementation is underway

10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

The WHC decision stated that tourism was the biggest threat to the property. In order to enhance the integrity and management of the property, Sanqingshan Administration Commission has conducted strict management and close monitoring in accordance with The Regulations on the Management of Sanqingshan. The Master Plan of Sanqingshan is accorded for science-based conservation, development and resources use. The Tourist Management Plan of Sanqingshan WHS was also formulated and implemented.

10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

The heritage value, heritage display, atmospheric environment and threats are monitored primarily by using modern technology to strengthen real-time monitoring and management of all individual elements at the property. Through Sanqingshan Smart Tourism Platform, monitoring information is scientifically analyzed on a regular basis. The results and treatment suggestions are reported to the management body in time to provide technical decision making of the management body.

11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

Management System/Management Plan	
No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	×
No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	×
The management system at the property is only being partially implemented	×
Funding	
No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×
elect 0 more issues.	
	No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property The management system at the property is only being partially implemented Funding No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property Blect 0 more issues.

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.1	Buildings an	d Development					
4.1.4	Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	in the property provide daily services and necessities for tourists. The scale and dimensions of the facilities are strictly controlled in	In the scope of the property, the Construction and Housing Management Bureau and the Scenic Administration Bureau are mandated to enforce strict control on the related infrastructure development.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.4	Pollution						
4.4.5	Solid waste	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanitation within the heritage site has been improved by building garbage transfer center, installing more recycling bins, establishing a special environmental sanitation department and personnel, and strictly regulating sanitation management.	Patrol and monitoring of the waste generated in the tourist service areas and by community residents is intensified and special prevention efforts are addressed to the key areas.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.7	Local condit	ons affecting physical fa	bric				

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4.7.1	Wind	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites.	All-weather monitoring of wind direction and wind speed is conducted. The data are logged and analyzed to assess the impact of climate change on the ecological and meteorological value.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.7.2	Relative humidity	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites.	All-weather monitoring of relative humidity is conducted. The data are logged and analyzed to assess the impact of climate change on the ecological and meteorological value.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.7.3	Temperature	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites.	All-weather monitoring of temperature is conducted. The data are logged and analyzed to assess the impact of climate change on the ecological and meteorological value.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.7.6	Water (rain/water table)	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites.	All-weather monitoring of rainfall is conducted. The data are logged and analyzed to assess the impact of climate change on the ecological and meteorological value.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
4.8	Social/Cultu	ral uses of heritage					
4.8.5		Identity, social cohesion, changes in lot population an community	cal				
4.8.6		Impacts of tourism/Visitation	/Recreation				
4.10	Climate cha	nge and severe weather	events				
4.10.1		Storms					
4.10.6	Temperature change	Criterion (vii): Superlative natural phenomena or natural beauty.	Sanqingshan Meteorological Bureau was established for the heritage site to monitor real-time climate change through one (1) national meteorological observatory and eight (8) meteorological observation sites.	All-weather monitoring of meteorological elements, including wind direction, wind speed, relative humidity, temperature, and rainfall, is conducted.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
Question	not completed						

12.2. Summary - Management Needs

12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

5.3	Management System/Management Plan					
		Actions	Timeframe	Lead agency (and others involved)	More info / comment	

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No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	The management body of the property shall carry out relevant research on climate change in collaboration with local meteorological department and develop countermeasures to address the issues.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	With reference to Managing Disaster Risks for World Heritage, the management body of the property shall formulate risk management policies.	20032020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
The management system at the property is only being partially implemented	The management body of the property shall implement fully the management systems and mechanism, and put into practice the conservation management regulations and stipulations, as well as carry out monitoring.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
Funding				
No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	With reference to the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management body of the property shall implement training and capacity building activities to enhance the capability and competency of the managers and other stakeholders.	2003-2020	Sanqingshan Administration Commission	None
	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property The management system at the property is only being partially implemented Funding No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property The management system at the property The management system at the property is only being partially implemented No use has been made of the Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management body of the property shall implement to practice the conservation management regulations and stipulations, as well as carry out monitoring. With reference to Managing Disaster Risks for World Heritage, the management body of the property shall formulate risk management policies. The management body of the property shall implement fully the management systems and mechanism, and put into practice the conservation management regulations and stipulations, as well as carry out monitoring. Funding With reference to the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management body of the property shall implement training and capacity building activities to enhance the capability and competency of the managers and other stakeholders.	been made of the Policy Document on climate change in collaboration with local meteorological department and develop countermeasures to address the issues. Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property The management body of the property shall formulate risk management policies. The management system at the property is only being partially implemented No use has been made of the World Heritage Properties at the property The management system at the property is only being partially implemented No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management body of the property No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management body of the property shall implement training and capacity building activities to enhance the capability and competency of the managers and other stakeholders.	been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property The management body of the property shall formolater at the property shall implemented system at the property shall implemented The management system at the property shall implemented No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks for World Heritage, the management body of the property shall formulate risk management policies. The management system at the property shall implement fully the management system as and mechanism, and put into practice the conservation management regulations and stipulations, as well as carry out monitoring. No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks for World Heritage the management body of the property shall implement fully the management system at the property is only being partially implemented No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Developing, the management training and capacity shall implement training and capacity shall implement training and capacity building activities to enhance the capability and competency of the managers and other stakeholders. Heritage Properties at the property shall implement training and capacity building activities to enhance the capability and competency of the managers and other stakeholders.

Summary - Management Needs completed

- 12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property
- 12.3.1 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property?

 Not applicable (sites inscribed exclusively under criteria vii to x (natural World Heritage properties)
- 12.3.2 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property?

 The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact
- 12.3.3 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been maintained.

12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values and the state of conservation of the World Heritage property are intact

12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

The management body of the property effectively carries out protection of the geological natural heritage, cultural heritage and natural ecological environmental in line with The Operational Guidelines, The Regulations on the Management of Sanqingshan Scenic Area and The Master Plan of Sanqingshan so that the OUV, natural resources and integrity of the property is protected sound and safe and maintained in a state of natural evolution.

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Positive
Research and monitoring	Positive
Management effectiveness	Positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	Positive
Recognition	Positive
Education	Positive

Infrastructure development	Positive
Funding for the property	Positive
International cooperation	Positive
Political support for conservation	Positive
Legal/Policy framework	Positive
Advocacy	Positive
Institutional coordination	Positive
Security	Positive
Gender equality	Positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Positive
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

International exchanges and cooperation within the heritage system should be strengthened through introducing advanced conservation technologies and methods and encouraging professional and technical personnel at geological heritage sites to make technological innovations.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

There are 165 households with 716 people in Baqi Village, Fenglin Town in Sanqingshan WHS, among whom, 28 poor are households with 73 people. Baqi Village is located in a remote mountainous area with scattered habitations, few income alternatives and poor infrastructure. The road network has not yet developed, communication facilities were outdated. Weak self-development ability make it difficult for them to master various new skills and agricultural sciences and technology. Sanqingshan Administration Commission has implemented poverty alleviation measures including infrastructure improvement, tourism projects, housing projects, and others, plans for the development of featured rural tourism industry were formulated with high standards. An ecological and environment-friendly hiking trail system for tourism was constructed, and various measures were taken to protect the roadside vegetation, streams, rocks and so on. The original residential settlements in Baqi were renovated, and boutique homestay inns were created maintaining traditional rural style and original cultural elements. Local villagers were guided to vigorously develop homestay inns and organize its own associations. The operation and management models were standardized to improve service quality. Baqi Village was transformed from a "provincial poverty village" to a "Provincial 3A Rural Tourist Area". Baqi Village is a successful model of ecotourism poverty alleviation. The commission has guided community residents to actively participate in conservation, management and development of the resources and environment, implemented a series of policies that benefit the people, and properly harmonized the relationship between "scenic preservation" and "making the people rich". The awareness of community residents to participate in conservation management continues to increase, forming satisfying situations of active participation in resource management and protection.

14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

Sustainable Development	
Synergies	
State of Conservation	
Management	
Governance	
Capacity Building	

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The World Heritage Convention	
The concept of Outstanding Universal Value	
The property's Outstanding Universal Value	
The concept of Integrity and/or Authenticity	
The property's Integrity and/or Authenticity	
Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value	

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15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Good
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Good

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Update of management plans

Awareness raising

Advocacy

15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage
Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff
Responsible persons for local designated sites under other international conventions/ programmes
UNESCO National Commission
Local communities

15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance is explicitly considered and effectively implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire?

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

450 / 100 / 200 /

15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources		×
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training	×	

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

Not all required information was accessible.

15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire			×	
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions		×		

15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	No support
UNESCO National Commission	Good

ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	No support
ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	No support

15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	No support
National Commission for UNESCO	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	No support
IUCN International	No support

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

- 15.5.4 If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented?
- 15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee
- 15.6.1 Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

No item were proposed for update

- 15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.7.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.7.2 Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.