1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property

Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuaries - Wolong, Mt Siguniang and Jiajin Mountains

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuaries - Wolong, Mt Siguniang and Jiajin Mountains	30.833 / 103	924500	527100	145160	00	2006
Total (ha)		924500	527100	145160	00	
1.4 - Мар(s)						
Title				Date	Link	to source
Map and revised boundary and buffer of WH Nomination Site with Townships and Counties				2005		
1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)						

1. The UNESCO Courrier

2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)

2.1 - Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is not</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	×	
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

Wolong National Natural Reserve, as one of the 18 management units of the heritage, joined World Biosphere Reserve in 1980.

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.4 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

2.5 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

No

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

No

2.10 - Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware

2.11 - Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

No

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.

3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

3.1 - Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Brief synthesis

Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuaries - Wolong, Mt Siguniang and Jiajin Mountains is principally renowned for its importance for the conservation of the giant panda, recognized as a "National Treasure" in China and as a flagship for global conservation efforts. The property is the largest and most significant remaining contiguous

area of panda habitat in China and thus the world. It is also the most important source of giant panda for establishing the captive breeding population of the species.

In addition to the giant panda, the property features a great number of endemic and threatened species of plants and animals, including other iconic mammal species such as the red panda, snow leopard and clouded leopard among the 109 species of mammals recorded (more than 20% of all Chinese mammals). The property is an important centre of endemism for some bird taxa with 365 bird species recorded, 300 of which breed locally. However the property is particularly important for flora, being one of the botanically richest sites of any temperate region in the world with some 5,000 – 6,000 species recorded. Many species are relicts, such as the dove tree, and there is significant diversity in groups such as magnolias, bamboos, rhododendrons, and orchids. The property is a major source and gene pool for hundreds of traditional medicinal plants, many now under threat.

Located in China's southeast province of Sichuan in the Qionglai and Jiajin Mountains between the Chengdu Plateau and the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau, the property includes seven nature reserves and eleven scenic parks in four prefectures or cities. It covers a total area of 924,500 ha surrounded by a buffer zone of 527,100 ha.

Criteria (x): The Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuary includes more than 30% of the world's population of giant Panda and constitutes the largest and most significant remaining contiguous area of panda habitat in the world. It is the most important source of giant panda for establishing the captive breeding population of the species. The property is also one of the botanically richest sites of any temperate region in the world or indeed anywhere outside of the tropical rain forests. Underlining the outstanding value is that it protects a wide variety of topography, geology, and plant and animal species. The property has exceptional value for biodiversity conservation and can demonstrate how ecosystem management systems can work across the borders of national and provincial protected areas.

Integrity

The boundaries of the property have been designed to maximize the protection of giant panda habitat based on panda survey data carried out in 2003-2004, as well as the distribution of existing natural habitat. Fragmentation of habitat makes it essential that large intact areas of panda habitat are adequately protected and also that green corridors are established to enable movement of panda species and to avoid inbreeding. A number of towns, villages, agriculture land, major infrastructures and sites of high impact tourism have been excluded from the property, leaving enclaves.

Integrity issues include the need to enhance integrated monitoring and management capacity across all 18 management units of the property; establish and implement tourism management plans and tourism impact monitoring programmes; review existing infrastructure within the property with a view to better controlling impacts and, where possible, to remove infrastructure and allow habitat restoration with native species; ensure the "Sichuan World Heritage Management Committee" has sufficient powers, resources and authority to ensure it can effectively carry out its role in relation to management of the property; and to closely monitor the impact of the dam at Yaoji, and the associated relocation of people. Reviewing the possibilities for future addition of areas of high nature conservation value to the property, with priority on those areas which are particularly important for panda habitat and which are close to but outside the property (such as the Rongjin Nature Reserve which is as a critical link between the giant panda populations of Quionglaishan and Liangshan), is also recommended.

Protection and management requirements

The Property is wholly owned by the government of the People's Republic of China. It is protected under a range of laws and regulations at national and provincial levels, including: *Regulations on Wild Plant Protection of the People's Republic of China* (1997): *Forest Law of the People's Republic of China* (1998); *Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China* (2002), *Regulations of the People's Republic of China on Nature Reserves* (2002); *Cultural Heritage Protection Law of the People's Republic of China* (2002); *Law of the People's Republic of China on Wildlife Protection* (2004); *Scenic Areas Ordinance of the State Council of the People's Republic of China* (2006); *Regulations on the Management of Nature Reserves of Sichuan Province* (2000); and *Regulations on the Management of Scenic and Historic Areas of Sichuan Province* (2010). *Regulations on the Protection of World Heritage of Sichuan Province* was issued in 2002, which is the legal basis for direct management of all the World Heritage properties in the province and is a very important measure for the protection of the property.

A management plan of 2002 aims to ensure that "The biodiversity, ecosystem and habitat of the giant panda will be effectively protected in the World Heritage site and social and economic development of the human population in the area will be harmonized with the natural environment guidelines for the area and for management of different types of use". It provides a sound framework for site management and conservation.

The property has three levels of management: the Sichuan Provincial World Heritage Management Committee, the relevant Prefecture or City World Heritage Management Office, and the local site management agencies. Sichuan World Heritage Management Committee and Sichuan World Heritage Experts Committee have been formed under the Provincial Government to achieve coordination, and to improve authoritative and scientific management effectively.

The property is currently well-protected and in good condition. Following the 2008 Sichuan Earthquake which measured 8.0 on the Richter scale, a restoration and reconstruction plan for the property has been compiled and implemented. Future management priorities include to progressively increase the level of staffing and resources within all reserves within the property; improve the coordination relationship between all reserves within the property; better support scientific research and education; and maximize the tourism benefit and minimize the tourism impact.

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	Wild population of Giant Panda	×			
3.2.2	Diversity of Habitats	×			
3.2.3	Endangered wild mammals and birds	×			
3.2.4	Rich montane flora, with many endemic plant species	×			
3.2.5					
3.2.6					
3.2.7					
3.2.8					
3.2.9					
3.2.10					
3.2.11					
3.2.12					

3.2.13			
3.2.14			
3.2.15			

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

the features were identified according to the statement of OUV, and with reference to recent Outlook assessment of IUCN in 2020.

4. Factors Affecting the Property

4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.1.2 - Commercial development	

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant	
4.1.3 - Industrial areas		
Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):		

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

× Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×	×			-
Negative X		×	×	×			

4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside

X Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact C		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			
Negative X		×	×	×			/

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

There are no urban high-rise buildings, unplanned urban expansion, residential buildings that erode/ change the skyline, commercial development, industrial areas and other problems in the Heritage. A limited amount of major tourism infrastructure was built in buffer area (in or near the existing towns/villages), not in heritage site. They provide alternative livelihood (especially for local employment) for local villagers; interpretative and visitation facilities are also mostly in the buffer area.

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant			Not relevant	
	Impact	Origin		Trend of impact

Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×	×		\rightarrow	
Negative X		×	×	×		→	

4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact O		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	S Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X		×		×			
Negative							

4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.2.4 - Marine transport infrastructure	
Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):	
Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside	
Relevant	× Not relevant

× Not relevant

4.2.5 - Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin	Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
😑 Negative 🗙		×		×			

4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

There is no air or marine transport infrastructures in the property. While the road connecting the mountain area with lowlands let local people access to the outside world, it may increase the possibility of habitat fragmentation. The increasing traffic volume may cause more environmental disturbances. The onging Dujiangyan-Mount Siguniang Rail which has been submitted to the World Heritage Center will reduce the impact of the existing ground transportations on the heritage after completion.

4.3. Services Infrastructures

4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	Gurrent	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×		×	×					
Negative X	×		×		8				
 4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside 									
X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact Origin		Origin	Trend of impact					

Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			
Negative							
4 3 3 - Non-renewable ener	av facilities						

× Not relevant

4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

evious aliswei Cycle 2 (02/08/2011).

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

Relevant

4.3.4 - Localised utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact Origin			Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×		×			1	
Negative								

4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				ot relevant Trend of impact Outside >> Decreasing →> Stable /> Increasing				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact	d of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×			×			1	
Negative								

4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

There was no new dam, and many small hydropower stations were removed in the past 6-8 years. The small hydropower stations were integrated for centralized power supply, and solar energy is commonly used, which significantly reduced fuelwood consumption. Utility facilities such as sewage pipes are built along major roads or in villages, improving the quality of life.

4.4. Pollution

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Relevant	× Not relevant
 4.4.2 - Ground water pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.4.3 - Surface water pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.4.4 - Air pollution Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.4.5 - Solid waste

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact	Impact		Origin T		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
Ositive								
Negative X		×		×		\rightarrow		
4.4.6 - Input of excess Previous answer Cycle 2 (0								

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

only a few of mining sites in the buffer zone are still in operation, which existed before the Heritage joined the World Heritage List. With the requirements of tailings and slag outward transportation and comprehensive utilization of the mining wastes (such as for making building materials), the negative impact has been obviously reduced. However, the potential impact needs to be paid attention to.

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant			X Not relevant							
4.5.2 - Aquaculture Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): • Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside										
Relevant X Not relevant										
4.5.3 - Land conversion Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):										
	Impact		Origin	Origin Trend of impact						
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing			
Positive X	×	×	×			→				
Negative										

4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant	Relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×				1

4.5.5 - Crop production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

× Relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×			→	
Negative							

4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Ori		Origin	Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×			→	

4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X		×	×		N		
Negative X		×	×		N		
4.5.8 - Commercial hunting							

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant			× Not relevan	× Not relevant				
4.5.9 - Subsistence huntin Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08 • Not relevant	•							
Relevant			X Not relevan	X Not relevant				
 4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside, Outside 								
X Relevant			Not relevant					
Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×			\rightarrow		

4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Negative

Mountain pasture and commercial wild plant collection are still important livelihoods and sources of cash income for some local residents, which is a threat to habitat. Hunting is strictly banned, while the Grain for the green programme and the restoration projects continually implemented in the last 6-8 years in and around the property has contributed to forest coverage and regeneration.

4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining

Ρ

-
revious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 Not relevant

× Relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative X		×		×	N		
4.6.2 - Quarrying Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ • Not relevant	/2011):						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
 4.6.3 - Oil and gas Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ Not relevant 	/2011):						
Relevant			X Not relevant				
4.6.4 - Water (extraction) Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ • Not relevant	/2011):						
Relevant			× Not relevant				
4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or							

4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

A few mining sites are still operating in the buffer zone. They started before the inscription, but the negative impacts have been mitigated by compulsory resource cyclic utilization, pollutant control and ecological restorations, while concerns still remain for the potential risks.

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.2 - Relative humidityPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.3 - TemperaturePrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.4 - Radiation/LightPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.5 - DustPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table) Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
4.7.7 - Pests Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):	

× Not relevant

4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Inside

Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside 	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X		×	×		N		

4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Not relevant

Relevant X	Not relevant

4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside

X Relevant	nt				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1	
Negative								

4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin		Origin	Origin Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×	×			1
Negative X		×	×	×		\rightarrow	

4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or

positively

With the development of urbanization, there are more immigrants. The overall intensity of local resource use is becoming lower, which is good for protection. Tourism has a positive impact in general as it provides alternative livelihood to local communities, while it is necessary to have better planning and regulation.

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside, Outside

				Nie (and a second					
X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive									
Negative X		×	×	×	8				
 4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ Not relevant 	-								
Relevant	Relevant			X Not relevant					
4.9.3 - Military training Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ • Not relevant	2011):								
Relevant			X Not relevant						
4.9.4 - War Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ • Not relevant									
Relevant			× Not relevant						
4.9.5 - Terrorism Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/ • Not relevant	2011):								
Relevant			× Not relevant	t					

4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Hunting and other illegal activities have been strictly banned, taking place only occasionally, with a decreasing trend.

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.10.2 - Flooding

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.10.3 - Drought

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.10.4 - DesertificationPrevious answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.10.6 - Temperature change Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant
 4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Not relevant 	
Relevant	X Not relevant

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.11.2 - Earthquake

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
🤤 Negative 🗙	×	×	×	×		→		

4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X	×	×	×	×			1	

4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

Relevant	X Not relevant	
4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):Not relevant		
X Relevant	Not relevant	
here and	Onlaria	Trend of laws of

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	S Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X		×	×	×		→	

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

After the major earthquake in 2008, another major earthquake occurred in 2013, with an epicenter in Lushan County within the heritage site and magnitude of 7.0, causing human life and vegetation losses, but the overall impact on the property is slight according to technical assessment. The aftermath landslides were more frequent after disasters and are still frequent today, resulting in frequent and massive traffic interruptions even today.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

- Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):
 - Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

X Relevant	ant				Not relevant				
	Impact C		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive									
Negative X		×	×	×		\rightarrow			

4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact	Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive									
Negative X		×	×	×		\rightarrow			
 4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011): Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside 									
Relevant			× Not relevan	t					
4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien ma Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/0 • Not relevant	-								
Relevant			× Not relevan	t					
4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant = Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/0 • Not relevant	-								
Relevant			× Not relevan	t					

4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

spruce dieback and pine wilt disease occurred sporadically in and around the property.

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×		×	×		\rightarrow		
Negative								

4.13.2 - Legal framework

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	Inside	Cutside	> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing	
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			1	
Negative								

4.13.3 - Governance

X Relevant				Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×		×	×					
Negative									

4.13.4 - Management activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

X Relevant	K Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	Inside	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×	×	×	×			/		
Negative									

4.13.5 - Financial resources

X Relevant	elevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Outside	Secreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing		
O Positive X	×			×		→			
Negative									
4.13.6 - Human resources									
× Relevant			Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact				

Impact	4 Current	9 Potential	 Inside 	C Outside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×	×			/
Negative							
4 13 7 - Low impact resear	ch/monitoring	activities					

t research/monitoring activities Low impa

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	4 Current	Potential	 Inside 	Cutside	Solution Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×				~
Negative							
I.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities							

Previous answer Cycle 2 (02/08/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The original conservation management plan is based on 18 conservation management units of the property. Most of the 18 conservation management units have been integrated. With the establishment of Giant Panda National Park, which is partly overlapped with the property, and restructuring of the management units (many of them integrated into the national park), the management plan needs to be updated

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name Impact			Origin		Trend	
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	٢	9		۲	Ċ	1
	0		9	٢	Ċ	2
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	٢	9	9	۲	Ċ	
	0		9	٢	Ċ	1
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	٢	9		٢	Ċ	→
	0		9	٢	Ċ	→
4.2.2 Underground transport infrastructure	٢		9		Ċ	1
4.2.5 Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure						
	0		9		Ċ	
4.3 Services Infrastructures						
4.3.1 Water infrastructure	٢	9		٢	Ċ	
	0	9		٢		N
4.3.2 Renewable energy facilities	0	9	9	۲	Ċ	
4.3.4 Localised utilities	٢	9	9		Ċ	
4.3.5 Major linear utilities	٢	9			Ċ	

4.4 Pollution						
4.4.5 Solid waste						
	0		9		Ċ	→
4.5 Biological resource use/modification						
4.5.3 Land conversion	٥	9	9	٢		→
4.5.4 Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals						
	٢	9	9	٩		
4.5.5 Crop production	٢	9		٢		→
4.5.6 Commercial wild plant collection						
	٢	9	9	٩		→
4.5.7 Subsistence wild plant collection	٢		9	٩		\$
	٢		9	٩		\$
4.5.10 Forestry/Wood production	٢	9		٢		→
4.6 Physical resource extraction						
4.6.1 Mining						
	٢		9		(F	<u>\</u>
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage	-				4	
4.8.3 Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting						
······································	0		9	۲		
4.8.5 Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community	0	Ø		() ()	18	-
		-,	-,	C.	G	
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	٢	9		۲	Ċ	1
	0		9	۲	Ċ	→
4.9 Other human activities						
4.9.1 Illegal activities						
	0		9	٢	Ċ	N
4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events						
4.11.2 Earthquake						
	٥	9	9	٢	Ċ	→
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
	٢	9	9	٢	Ċ	1
4.11.6 Fire (wildfire)						
	0		9	۹	Ċ	→
4.12 Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species						
4.12.1 Translocated species						
	٢		9	۹	۴	→
4.12.2 Invasive/Alien terrestrial species						
	0		9	٩	Ċ	→
4.13 Management and institutional factors						

4.13.1 Management system/Management plan	٢	4		٢	۴	→
4.13.2 Legal framework	٢	9	9	۹	Ċ	1
4.13.3 Governance	٢	4		٢	۴	
4.13.4 Management activities	٢	9	9	٢	Ċ	1
4.13.5 Financial resources	٢	9			Ċ	\rightarrow
4.13.6 Human resources	٢	4		٢	Ċ	
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring activities	٢	4		٢		
Langend Current El Detection Revenue		da		Curtai	de	
Legend Current Potential O Negative O Positive	Insi	ae		Coutsi	ae	

4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

4.1 Buildings and Development

Name		Impact	:		Origin		Trend
4.1.4 Majo	4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure		9		۲	Ċ	
		٢		9	٢	Ċ	
Spatial sca	Ile - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - In	apact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						

Trend - D	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impact	:		Origin		Trend
4.1.5 Inte	rpretative and visitation facilities	0	4	4	•	۲.	1
		9		4	٢	Ċ	-
Spatial s	cale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempora	I scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact -	Impact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manager	nent response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - D	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name	ne Impact		Origin		Trend		
4.2.1 Grou	4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure		9		٢	Ċ	→
		0		9	٢	Ċ	→
Oracticlas	and the second burths for the						
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						

Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Impact Origin			Trend		
4.2.2 Underground transport infrastructure	٢		9		Ċ	1

Contini	scale - Ar	an affecte	ممالك مرما ام	

Spatial Sca	ale - Area anected by the factor
	Restricted
	Localised
×	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity

No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

field bet	
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.2.5 Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure					
	9	9		Ċ	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

opatial sca	
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
×	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.3.1 Water infrastructure		٢	9	٢	Ċ	
		0	9	٢		\$
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					

	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

Name

4.3.2 Ren	4.3.2 Renewable energy facilities		9	9	۲	Ċ	
Spatial so	ale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						

Impact

Origin

Trend

one off or rare Intermittent or sporadic intermittent or sporadic intermittent or sporadic On-going Impact - interattributes Impact - intermittent insignificant insignificant intermittent or sporadic inginificant Minor Impact - intermittent or sporadic inginificant		
Request Frequent on-going Impact - tor the attributes Insignificant X Minor Significant Minor Minor Minor Minor High capacity of management to respond		One off or rare
On-going Impact - I		Intermittent or sporadic
Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant X Minor Significant Major Maior High capacity of management to respond X High capacity	×	Frequent
Insignificant X Minor Significant Major Management to respond X High capacity of management to respond		On-going
X Minor Significant Major Management to respond X High capacity	Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
Significant Major Management to respond X High capacity		Insignificant
Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond X High capacity	×	Minor
Management response - Capacity of management to respond X High capacity		Significant
High capacity		Major
	Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
Medium capacity	×	High capacity
		Medium capacity

L	Low capacity
Ν	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Develo	opement over the last 6 years
C	Decreasing
S	Static
×	ncreasing

Name		

4.3.4 Localis	ed utilities
---------------	--------------

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.3.4 Localised utilities		٢	9	9		Ċ	
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						

	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent

× On-going Impact - Impact on the attributes

×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond

×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Descention

	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Name		pact			Origin		
4.3.5 Major	4.3.5 Major linear utilities		•		Ċ			
Spatial sca	Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor							
×	Restricted							
	Localised							
	Extensive							

	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.4 Pollution

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend	
4.4.5 Solid	waste							
		0		9		۴	→	
Snatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor							
×								
~	Localised							
	Extensive							
	Widespread							
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact							
×	One off or rare							
	Intermittent or sporadic							
	Frequent							
	On-going							
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes							
×	Insignificant							
	Minor							
	Significant							
	Major							
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond							
×	High capacity							

	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name		Impact	:		Origin	Trend
4.5.3 Lan	d conversion	٢	4	9	۲	→
Creatial or	ale. Area official by the forter					
	cale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - I	mpact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - D	evelopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact	:		Origin	Trend
4.5.4 Live	stock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals					
		0	9	9	٢	1
Spatial so	ale - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Vient Banda Sanatuariaa Walang Mt Siguniang and Jiajin Mauntaina					04 of E2

×	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
×	Frequent				
	On-going				
Impact - In	npact on the attributes				
	Insignificant				
×	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond				
	High capacity				
×	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				
Name		Impac		Origin	Trend
4.5.5 Crop	production	٢	9	۲	→
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - In	apact on the attributes				
	Insignificant				

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
×	Decreasing Static				

Name	Impact	t		Origin		Trend
4.5.6 Commercial wild plant collection						
	٢	9	9	٢		→

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor							
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	Int response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						

Increasing

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.5.7 Subsi	stence wild plant collection	٢		9	٢		\$
		0		9	۲		5
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						

	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - In	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

Name		Impact		Origin	Trend
4.5.10 Fore	stry/Wood production	٢	4	٩	\rightarrow
Snatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
^	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	emporal scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
×	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going .				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				
	Insignificant				
×	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				

×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.6 Physical resource extraction

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.6.1 Mini	ng					
		0	9		Ċ	\$
Snatial so	ale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact					
×	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - I	npact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years					
×	Decreasing					
	Static					
	Increasing					

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.8.3 Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting			

		0	9	٢	N
Spatial car	ile - Area affected by the factor				
×	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact				
×	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going				
Impact - In	apact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond				
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

Name	Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.8.5 Identi	ity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community	٢	4	9	۲	Ċ	1
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						

 Significant

 Major

 High capacity of management to respond

 Medium capacity

Low capacity
No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Decreasing
Decreasing
Static

× Increasing

Name	Impact	:		Origin		Trend
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	٢	9		۲	Ċ	1
	0		9	۲	Ċ	→

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

4.9 Other human activities

Name

Origin



Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
×	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
×	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.11.2 Eart	I.11.2 Earthquake						
		9	9	9	٢	Ċ	→
Spatial sca	Ile - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						

Impact - Impact on the attributes Insignificant × Minor Significant Major Management response - Capacity of management to respond High capacity × Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing Static × Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
	0	9	9	۲	Ċ	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor
opular could findu anoticu by monatic

Spatial Sca	ie - Area anecteu by the factor
	Restricted
×	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	apact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.11.6 Fire	wildfire)						
		٢	9	٢	۴	→	
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

4.12 Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend
4.12.1 Tra	nslocated species					
		0	9	٢	Ċ	→
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					

	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.12.2 Invasive/Alien terrestrial species						
	0		9	٢	Ċ	→

XRestandLaisedLaisedLaisedLaisedVersendImportDestandImportI	Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor
kensive kensive Velospread termite be off or rare kensive proved kensive proved kensive proved kensive proved kensive proved kensive	×	Restricted
Yeldespread Temport = - Cocurrence of the impact Immittent or sporadic Yeldespread Intermittent or sporadic Yeldespread Mori Intermittent or sporadic Significant Intermittent or respond Major Intermittent or respond Yeldespread Major Intermittent or respond Yeldespread Intermittent or respond Yeldespread Intermittent or respond Yeldespread Intermittent or respond Intent or respond <		Localised
Temper Securace of the impact Temper One off or rare X Intermittent or sporadic X Frequent On-going On-going Impact		Extensive
Image:		Widespread
K Internitent or sporadic Frequent Frequent In-poing Internitent or sporadic Impact - Internitent Inspinicant Significant Significant Internitent or sporadic Internitent or sporadic Impact - Internitent or sporadic<	Temporal s	icale - Occurence of the impact
Frequent Prequent On-going Insport		One off or rare
index On-going Impact - June attributes Impact - Jun	×	Intermittent or sporadic
Impact -		Frequent
Insignificant Minor Significant Major Management to respond Kanagement to respond Value High capacity of management to respond Value No capacity No capacity and / or resources Terrent - Devertent over the last 6 years Decreasing		On-going
initiant	Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
Significant Major Manageerrer Capacity of management to respond Main provide the spond of the spond Medium capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Decreasing Decreasing	×	Insignificant
Major Management to respond X High capacity of management to respond X High capacity Medium capacity Medium capacity Low capacity Low capacity and / or resources Trend - Decreasing Decreasing		Minor
Hanagement to respond X High capacity High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity Low capacity and / or resources Trend - Decreasing Decreasing		Significant
High capacity Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Decreasing		Major
Medium capacity Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing	Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
Low capacity No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing	×	High capacity
No capacity and / or resources Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing		Medium capacity
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years Decreasing		Low capacity
Decreasing		No capacity and / or resources
	Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
X Static		Decreasing
	×	Static

4.13 Management and institutional factors

ment system/Management plan Area affected by the factor	Impact	9		Origin ④	Ċ	Trend
Area affected by the factor						-
Area affected by the factor						
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
sstricted						
calised						
tensive						
idespread						
e - Occurence of the impact						
ne off or rare						
termittent or sporadic						
equent						
n-going						
t on the attributes						
significant						
nor						
gnificant						
ajor						
esponse - Capacity of management to respond						
gh capacity						
edium capacity						
w capacity						
o capacity and / or resources						
pement over the last 6 years						
acreasing						
atic						
creasing						
				Origin		Trend
mework	0	4	4	٢	Ċ	/
Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor						
estricted						
calised						
tensive						
idespread						
	- Cocurence of the impact ane off or rare termitient or sporadic equent	ne off or rare lemittent or sporadic lemittent or lemittent de lemittent or lemittent de lemittent or lemittent de lemit	ee off or rane termitent or sporsdic termite	ne of for rare equeft or rare equeft de rare to the atributes significant and a data atributes significant and a data atributes significant sign	and of or rare isermitiant or spondlo oquant additional additional </td <td>no d'o rano termiterior o spondie equinit termiterior o spondie equinit termiterior o spondie termiterior o spondie termiterior o spondie and and and and and and and and and and</td>	no d'o rano termiterior o spondie equinit termiterior o spondie equinit termiterior o spondie termiterior o spondie termiterior o spondie and and and and and and and and and and

 Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

 One off or rare

 Intermittent or sporadic

	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
×	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond

×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.13.3 Governance		9	۹	Ċ	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
×	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
×	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
---	------------
×	Increasing

Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.13.4 N	lanagement activities	0	9	9	٩	G	
Spatial	scale - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
^	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact	Impact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manage	ment response - Capacity of management to respond						
×	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend -	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend

Name		impact		Origin		Trena
4.13.5 Fina	ncial resources	٢	9		Ċ	→
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					

×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact Origin					Trend
4.13.6 Human resources	٢	9		۲	Ċ	

Spatial	scale -	Area	affected	by	the factor
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Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
	Restricted
×	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
×	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing

Increasing	×	Static		
		Increasing		

Name		Impact	÷	Origin	Trend
4.13.7 Low	impact research/monitoring activities	٢	4	٢	1
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor				
	Restricted				
×	Localised				
^					
	Extensive				
	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
×	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
	On-going				
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes				
×	Insignificant				
	Minor				
	Significant				
	Major				
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond				
×	High capacity				
	Medium capacity				
	Low capacity				
	No capacity and / or resources				
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years				
	Decreasing				
	Static				
×	Increasing				

4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1	Wild population of Giant Panda	×			
4.18.1.2	Diversity of habitats	×			
4.18.1.3	Endangered wild mammals and birds	×			
4.18.1.4	Rich montane flora, with many endemic plant species	×			
4.18.1.5					

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value? The boundaries do not limit the ability to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value but they could be improved

5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by the management authority but are not known by local communities/landowners

5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The buffer zones do not limit the ability to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value but they could be improved

5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by the management authority but are not known by local communities/landowners

5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

Recent field surveys found that some parts of the boundaries do not fit to the actual situation including giant panda habitat and other wildlife species distributions and human settlements. Some parts of the boundaries are not recognised by local communities and other local stakeholders. Therefore, minor modifications to the boundaries are suggested.

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

Comment

In addition to the existing Regulations of Sichuan Province on Protection of World Heritage Sites (updated in 2016), The Giant Panda National Park was established in 2018. Many of the 18 management units were emerged into the national Park.

5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

199420052011, 2017 / Regulations of the people's republic of china on nature reserves / http://www.lawinfochina.com/display.aspx?lib=law&id=12164&EncodingName=big5 19852020 /

FORESTRY LAW OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA /

http://english.mofcom.gov.cn/aarticle/lawsdata/chineselaw/200211/20021100053781.html 19892018 / Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Wildlife /

http://www.lawinfochina.com/display.aspx?id=1195&lib=law&EncodingName=big5 2019 / the Master Plan of Giant Panda National Park /

http://www.giantpandanationalpark.com/ 20022005 / Overall management plan- the world Heritage Sichuan Giant Panda Santuraries -Wolong, MT. Siguniang and Jiajin Mountains / http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/1213

2015 / Regulation on application and management of world natural heritage, natural and cultural heritage (for Trial Implementation) /

http://www.mohurd.gov.cn/wjfb/201512/t20151208_225863.html 19962017 / Regulations of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Wild Plants / http://lawinfochina.com/display.aspx?lib=law&id=6285

20062016 / Regulations on Scenic and Historic Areas / http://lawinfochina.com/display.aspx?id=23503&lib=law

2014 / Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China / http://www.moj.gov.cn/Department/content/2014-04/25/592_201403.html 20022016 /

Water Law of the People's Republic of China /

http://lawinfochina.com/display.aspx?id=22552&lib=law 19861988199820042019 / Land Administration Law of the People's Republic of China /

5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for

maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice

The regulations formulated the goals, principles, governance structures, responsibilities and general measures of protection, while the overall plans give the specified targets of protection, the objectives, boundaries and functional zoning, specified measures and action plans. For example, The Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, etc., defined the overall protection goals, principles, management structures, responsibilities and general measures for protection.

5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

the legal framework is adequate to protect the OUV and its integrity, but the management plan needs to be updated.

5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Public management system joint national/ local

If 'Other', please specify

5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

A statutory Management Plan or zoning plan for the property.
A code of practice developed by local communities or other groups
A management plan
An annual work plan or business plan
A disaster, climate or conflict risk management plan
A visitor/visitation management plan
An environmental management framework
An assessment of biological and cultural diversity and ecosystem services provided by the property

5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

The National Forestry and Grassland Administration is responsible for guiding the management of natural heritage sites nationwide. The property was managed by is 4 cities, 10 counties, Sichuan Forestry and Grassland Administration(SFGA) and 18 management units (nature reserves, scenic spots) under the common protection and management planning framework. After the establishment of the Giant Panda National Park, the management of the property is guided and coordinated by the SFGA.

5.3.4 - Management Documents

Title	Status	Available	Date	Link to source
The World Heritage Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuary –Wolong, Mt. Siguniang and Jiajin Mountains	N/A	Available	2005	

5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

No use has been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape

5.3.6 - If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done.

5.3.7 - Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

5.3.8 - If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:

monitoring the effects of climate change was integrated in the research plan of Giant Panda National Park.

5.3.9 - Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property ? Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties

5.3.10 - If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has been done

5.3.11 - Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property There is coordination between the range of administrative bodies involved in the management of the property, but it could be improved

5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is **only partially adequate** to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being only partially implemented

5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and many of its activities are being implemented

5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities			×		
5.3.15.2	Local authorities				×	
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone			×		
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.15.5	Women			×		
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups					
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify					

5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities				×	
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples	×				
5.3.16.4	Landowners				×	
5.3.16.5	Women				×	
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children				×	
5.3.16.7	Researchers				×	
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists				×	
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists				×	
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry				×	
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries				×	
5.3.16.12	NGOs				×	
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups					
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify					

5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the *World Heritage Convention*

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality				×	
5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)				×	
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status				×	
5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach				×	
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood			×		
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property				×	

5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

Resource uses like slope farming, hunting, mining and hydropower were banned or strictly controlled, while alternative livelihood like tourism is emerging but yet to be developed.

5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

With establishement of Giant Panda National Park and merging of the management units, the management plan of the property needs to be updated.

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	%	%
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	0.1 %	%
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	%	%
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	15 %	%
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	25 %	10 %
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	59.9 %	90 %
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.12	Other	%	%
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available **budget is acceptable** but **could be further improved** to fully meet the management needs

6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over the medium-term and planning is underway to secure funding over the long-term

6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

The property received 40 thousands USD from the World Heritage Center to assess damage after the 2013 earthquake.

6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	54 %	52 %
6.1.6.2	Women	46 %	48 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property

6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Fair
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Poor
Capacity development and education	Fair
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Fair

Awareness raising and public information/communication	Fair
Marketing and promotion	Fair
Interpretation	Poor
Visitor management/tourism	Fair
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Fair

6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Fair
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Poor
Capacity development and education	Poor
Administration	Fair
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Poor
Marketing and promotion	Not available
Interpretation	Poor
Visitor management/tourism	Poor
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Fair

6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff

6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained? Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is **acceptable** for most key areas but there are gaps

7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

There is considerable research but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated? Research results are shared with local communities and some national agencies

7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Fair
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Poor
Women	Good

Youth/children	Fair
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Fair
National/international tourists	Good
Tourism industry	Fair
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth

8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

Local communities
Local/municipal authorities
Youth/children
Local Visitors
National/international tourists
Tourism industry
Local businesses and industries

8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Poor
Site museum	Fair
Information booths	Poor
Guided tours	Poor
Trails/routes	Fair
Printed information materials	Poor
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Poor
Transportation facilities	Poor
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

1 200 000 / 2 700 000 / 3 600 000 / 3 200 000 / 2 800 000 /

9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries	
Accommodation establishments	
Tourism industry	
Visitor surveys	

9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

Overnight stay

9.4 - Please provide the source of information

Tourism bureaus of respective counties

9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

30 / 29 / 20 / 10 / 15 / 30 /

9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Tourism bureaus of respective counties

9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation

9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is managed but improvements could be made

9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

Yes, using a different system

If a different system, please specify

Regular inspection and supervision by the competent authorities of nature conservation and tourism

9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is limited cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made

9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In many locations, but not easily visible to visitors

9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property? Fees are collected, and make some contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

Each county has developed a tourism development plan based on sustainable strategy

9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

If 'Yes', please specify

local tour guide, local employments , small vendors, land renting etc.in hotels,

9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property Tourism is emerging and yet to be developed in spite of a few spots already being hot for years.

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is considerable monitoring but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving the understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved

10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

Extend of indicators	Not	No	Indicators have been defined but are	Indicators are in place and in use since the last
	applicable	indicators	not yet in use	Periodic Reporting cycle

10.3.1	State of conservation	×
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system	×
10.3.3	Character of governance	×
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations	×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development	×
10.3.6	Capacity development	×

10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

Conservation effects (giant panda population and habitat conditions, species richness, rare and endemic species population, invasive species, etc.), management effectiveness (the intensity of human activities, forest fire-prevention, pest control, illegal hunting prevention, etc.), management features (protection management organization, rules and regulations, etc.), the sustainable development (poverty population and poverty alleviation, etc.) capacity building (the number of staff etc.)

10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Local communities	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Good
Women	Good
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Fair
Local businesses and industry	Poor
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?

Implementation is underway

10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

in response of the World Heritage Committee's recommendations(to develope better tourism management plan and to consider including more area in south of the property), tourism plans were developed at local level but an integrative tourism plan is being preparied, and the new land inclusion is under assessment.

10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

monitorings are organized by forest and eco-environment authorities at both national/provicial levels. The wild population of Giant Panda was surveyed every ten years, and the conservation effects were assessed periodically with 5-8y's intervals. Daily monitoring work is carried out by each management unit.

11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.1	Boundaries and Buffer Zones	
5.1.2	The boundaries of the World Heritage property are known by the management authority but are not known by local communities/landowners	
5.1.4	The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by the management authority but are not known and recognized by local communities/landowners	×
5.3	Management System/Management Plan	
5.3.5	No use has been made of the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation to develop policies and best practices for the protection of the property	
5.3.7	Some use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property	
5.3.9	Some use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property	
5.3.11	There is coordination between the range of administrative bodies involved in the management of the property, but it could be improved	
5.3.12	The management system/plan is only partially adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value	
5.3.13	The management system at the property is only being partially implemented	
5.3.17	• In a limited manner, the management system of the World Heritage property does contribute to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood	×

6.1	Funding	
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	
6.1.7	Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	
6.1.10	Some use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	
6.1.12	A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and partially implemented; some technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally, but most technical work is carried out by external staff	
7	Scientific Studies and Research Projects	
7.2	There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	×
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building	
8.2	There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth	
9	Visitor Management	
9.7	There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation	×
9.9	Visitor use of the World Heritage property is managed but improvements could be made	
9.11	There is limited cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation	
9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	×
10	Monitoring	
10.1	There is considerable monitoring at the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	
10.2	Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved	×
Pleas	se select 4 more issues.	
🖸 Ple	ease save this question to reflect changes	

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.1	Buildings an	d Development					
4.1.4	Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	Criterion Xwild panda population and other endangered species	Environment impact assessment before the major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure development	after construction monitorin to ensure implementation of mitigation measures and their effects	at least six months prior to the project decision	local governments and Sichuan Adminitrative of Forest and grassland	none
4.1.5	Interpretative and visitation facilities	panda population and	Environment impact assessment before the interpretative and visitation facilitiesdevelopment	after construction monitorin to ensure implementation of mitigation measures and their effects	at least six months prior to the project decision	local governments and Sichuan Adminitrative of Forest and grassland	none
4.2	Transportati	on Infrastructure					
4.2.1	Ground transport infrastructure	Criterion , habitat fragmentation and other effects	Environment impact assessment before the transportation infrastructure development	after construction monitorin to ensure implementation of mitigation measures and their effects	at least six months prior to the project decision	Sichuan Administrative of Forest and Grassland	none
4.2.5	Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure	Criterion Xwild panda population and other endangered species	alternative public transportation other than private cars and trucks on road, like rack railway.	Prior EIA and after construction monitoring to ensure implementation of mitigation measures and their effects.	before 2025	local governments (county and prefecture)	none
4.5	Biological re	source use/modification					

4.5.4	Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals	Criterion Xwild pan population and other endangered species		environment-friend cash income of loc employment	•	ten years	county and prefecture governments	none
4.5.6	Commercial wild plant collection	criterion X, endang plant species	promote sustainable collection and provid alternative livelihood	le endangered p		Sich	al governments and nuan Adminitrative of est and grassland	none
4.5.7		Subsistence wild plant collection	e					
4.8	Social/Cultu	ral uses of heritage						
4.8.6		Impacts of tourism/Visitat	on/Recreation					
4.11	Sudden eco	logical or geological e	vents					
4.11.2		Eart	nquake					
4.11.4	Avala	nche/Landslide	landslide pre-warning and	monitoring	long term	local govern	nments	
Question not completed								

12.2. Summary - Management Needs

12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

5.1	Boundaries an	Boundaries and Buffer Zones								
			Action	าร	Timeframe		Lead a	agency (and others involved)	More i	nfo / comment
5.1.4	World Heritage are known and recognised by management a but are not kno recognized by	The buffer zones of the minor modification of boundaries, establishing field are known and ecognized by the management authority but are not known and recognized by local communities/landowners		none						
5.3	Manager	nent System/	/Manage	ement Plan						
5.3.17	n s V F c fu fu k e d a e e	a a limited nanner, the nanagement ystem of the /orld leritage roperty does ontribute to osstering nclusive ocal conomic evelopment, nd to nhancing yelihood		in updating the managem chapter will be added to p inclusive local developme	romote	before 2025		Sichuan Adminitrative of Fores Grassland	t and	none
7	Scientific Studi	es and Resea	arch Pro	ojects						
7.2	There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	informatio	on with s nent requ	y to review existing pecific objectives to identify uirements and improve OUV	before 202	25		Province and local administrative	es of	none

9	Visitor Manageme	lisitor Management							
9.7	There is a strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property but there are some deficiencies in implementation	strengthening supervision and inspection over implementation of tourist management plans	regular inspection	county and prefecture tourism bureaus and local adminitratives of forest and grassland	none				
9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	improving and standarizing the OUV interpretion and presentation system	before 2025	Sichuan provincial and local adminitratives of forest and grassland	none				
10	Monitoring								
10.2	Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved	integrating the key indicators of OUV in Giant Panda National Park monitoring system	C	Sichuan Adminitrative of Forest and Grassland, Sichuan Provincial Adminitrative of Giant Panda National Park	none				
Summary - Ma	nagement Needs	completed							

Summary - Management Needs completed

12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property

12.3.1 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property? Not applicable (sites inscribed exclusively under criteria vii to x (natural World Heritage properties)

12.3.2 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property? The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact

12.3.3 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been maintained.

12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values and the state of conservation of the World Heritage property are intact

12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Very positive
Research and monitoring	Very positive
Management effectiveness	Very positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	No impact
Recognition	Positive
Education	Positive
Infrastructure development	Negative
Funding for the property	Positive

International cooperation	No impact
Political support for conservation	Positive
Legal/Policy framework	Positive
Advocacy	Positive
Institutional coordination	Positive
Security	Positive
Gender equality	Positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Not applicable
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

The world heritage status restrains local infrastructure development, and it also limits on local and community economic development in some degree. It is necessary to develop sustainable and environment friendly alternative livelihoods.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

Xiaojin county carries out the green development mode of rose planting industry which is "company + agricultural cooperative + farmers + agricultural industrialized base" in the buffer zone of the Heritage. In this mode, the company implements the planting, processing, and sales of Jinshan rose. Agricultural cooperative provides farmers with agricultural materials, training and technical services. Meanwhile, the cooperative unified purchase farmers' roses. This development mode has led more than 3300 households in 40 villages of 13 townships to join the cooperative, creating an annual output value of more than 7.74 million US dollars. This case alleviates the local people's dependence on the traditional resources of the giant panda habitat, and mitigates the contradiction between the heritage management and local economic development. The Case provides an important reference about biodiversity protection and sustainable development of the local community for the heritages.

14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

Sustainable Development	
Sustainable Development	

Management

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The World Heritage Convention
The concept of Outstanding Universal Value
The property's Outstanding Universal Value
The concept of Integrity and/or Authenticity
The property's Integrity and/or Authenticity
Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value
Monitoring and reporting

Monitoring and reporting

15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Good
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Fair
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Fair

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

		0.	•	U	U			
Update of man	nagement	plans						
Fundraising								
Awareness ra	ising							
Advocacy								

15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage
Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff
Staff from other World Heritage properties
UNESCO National Commission
Local communities
Non-Governmental Organizations
IUCN International
IUCN national/regional
External experts

15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance is explicitly considered and effectively implemented in the process.

15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire? Yes

15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

240 / 260 / 56 /

15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources		×
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training		×

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

Most required information was accessible.

15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire			×	
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions		×		

15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Good
UNESCO National Commission	Good
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Good
ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable

IUCN national/regional	Good			
15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities				
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good			
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good			
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Good			
National Commission for UNESCO	Good			
COMOS International	Not applicable			
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable			
COMOS national/regional	Not applicable			
IUCN national/regional	Good			

IUCN International

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Good

Yes

15.5.4 - If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented?

15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

15.6.1 - Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

No item were proposed for update

15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.1 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.2 - Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.