### Purnululu National Park

- 1. World Heritage Property Data
- 1.1 Name of World Heritage property

Purnululu National Park

- 1.2 World Heritage property details
- 1.3 Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
Purnululu National Park	-17.5 / 128.5	239723	79602	319325	2003
Total (ha)		239723	79602	319325	

#### 1.4 - Map(s)

Title	Date	Link to source
Purnululu National Park	2002	

#### Comment

The map has been recently update on the UNESCO website - see 2021 map here: http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/1094/multiple=1&unique\_number=1272.

- 1.5 Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)
  - 1. The Official Site for Australian Travel and Tourism Australia
  - 2. Natural site datasheet from WCMC
  - 3. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)
- 2.1 Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is not designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

- 2.2 Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary
- 2.3 Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

Not applicable

- 2.4 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

  Not applicable
- 2.5 Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

Purnululu National Park 1 of 49

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>regularly</b> communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>also manages</b> this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>regularly</b> communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>also manages</b> this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>regularly</b> communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>regularly</b> communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	
2.7.1	There is <b>no contact</b> with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>regularly</b> communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager <b>also manages</b> this designation/programme.	

- 2.8 Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)
- 2.9 Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

Not aware

- 2.10 Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware
- 2.11 Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

Not aware

- 2.12 Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you aware.
- 3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value
- 3.1 Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

### **Statement of Outstanding Universal Value**

Purnululu National Park 2 of 49

#### **Brief synthesis**

Purnululu NationalPark, located in the Kimberley region of Western Australia, covers almost 240,000 hectares of remote area managed as wilderness. It includes the Bungle Bungle Range, a spectacularly incised landscape of sculptured rocks which contains superlative examples of beehive-shaped karst sandstone rising 250 metres above the surrounding semi-arid savannah grasslands. Unique depositional processes and weathering have given these towers their spectacular black and orange banded appearance, formed by biological processes of cyanobacteria (single cell photosynthetic organisms) which serve to stabilise and protect the ancient sandstone formations. These outstanding examples of cone karst that have eroded over a period of 20 million years are of great beauty and exceptional geological interest.

Criterion (vii): Although Purnululu National Park has not been widely known in Australia until recently and remains relatively inaccessible, it has become recognised internationally for its exceptional natural beauty. The prime scenic attraction is the extraordinary array of banded, beehive-shaped cone towers comprising the Bungle Bungle Range. These have become emblematic of the park and are internationally renowned among Australia's natural attractions. The dramatically sculptured structures, unrivalled in their scale, extent, grandeur and diversity of form anywhere in the world, undergo remarkable daily and seasonal variation in appearance, including striking colour transition following rain and with the positioning of the sun. The intricate maze of towers is accentuated by sinuous, narrow, sheer-sided gorges lined with majestic *Livistona* fan palms. These and the soaring cliffs up to 250 metres high are cut by seasonal waterfalls and pools, creating the major tourist attractions in the park with evocative names such as Echidna Chasm, Piccaninny and Cathedral Gorges. The diversity of landforms and ecosystems elsewhere in the park are representative of the semi-arid landscape in which Purnululu is located and provide a sympathetic visual buffer for the massif.

Criterion (viii): The Bungle Bungles are, by far, the most outstanding example of cone karst in sandstones anywhere in the world and owe their existence and uniqueness to several interacting geological, biological, erosional and climatic phenomena. The sandstone karst of Purnululu National Park is of great scientific importance in demonstrating so clearly the process of cone karst formation on sandstone - a phenomenon recognised by geomorphologists only recently and still not completely understood. The Bungle Bungle Ranges of the Park also display to an exceptional degree evidence of geomorphic processes of dissolution, weathering and erosion in the evolution of landforms under a savannah climatic regime within an ancient, stable sedimentary landscape.

#### Integrity

Purnululu National Park includes the full extent of the Bungle Range, the World Heritage property's predominant feature. The Range is well-buffered by protected land on all sides including spinifex- and mulga-dominated sand plains within the Park to the north, south and east. In the west the dominant feature is that of the Osmond Ranges which lie within the adjoining Purnululu Conservation Park (PCP). These areas were considered sufficient to protect the World Heritage values of the Range with the recommendation that the PCP be incorporated into the Park, and that surrounding pastoral country should also be added to provide better buffering and boundary delimitation. It was noted that the existing park boundaries are not ideal, being mainly water courses rather than watershed boundaries. This could potentially allow incursion of undesirable impacts from neighbouring areas in catchments upstream of the park, such as waste effluent from mining activities.

Since World Heritage listing, extensive areas of land have been added to reserved lands adjacent to the World Heritage property. This has resulted in the Park being completely surrounded by large areas of conservation land. These reserves include the Western Australian Government's Purnululu Conservation Park and Ord River Regeneration Reserve.

The issue of impacts from outside the reserved area is managed by the Australian Government's *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*, which addresses any potential impact to the property's World Heritage values. While there were no permanent inhabitants within the property at time of inscription, today there is seasonal occupation by traditional owners in three areas designated as special "Living Area Leases" within the property. Land tenure issues between the Indigenous community (Native Title claims) and the State are in the process of being determined.

#### Protection and management requirements

Purnululu National Park World Heritage property is public land with secure legal protection and is managed on a day-to-day basis by the Western Australian government. Ranger staff resides within the Park whilst on duty, but the Park is closed during the wet season from December to the beginning of April.

Land-based access to and within the Park can be difficult because of the remoteness of the area and the Park's position at the edge of Australia's monsoonal region. Infrastructure funding has been used to upgrade the Park's walking tracks, airstrip and associated helipad. Aerial tours are managed through set flight paths to control noise and facilitate safety.

Although visitor numbers have steadily risen over time, management measures are sufficient to address potential impacts. Infrastructure funding has increased with the Park's World Heritage listing. However, maintaining adequate staffing of the Park can be difficult in this remote area. In the past grazing by cattle and feral donkeys has been problematic, and at time of inscription wandering stock and other pests were still an issue, requiring cooperation from neighbouring landowners. Invasive alien species such as feral cats and more recently the imminent arrival of cane toads also requires management.

Wildfires, especially now there is greater vegetation cover as the landscape recovers from past over-grazing, are also a major management concern. Measures, including controlled burns in the monsoon season, are in place to manage this threat.

Potential impacts to World Heritage values by mining activities are well-managed through a number of measures. First, mineral exploration and mining are prohibited in the Park by the State Government. Second, while exploration and mining are possible in the neighbouring Purnululu Conservation Park and Ord River Regeneration Reserve, any potential impacts to the World Heritage values are addressed through the *Australian Government's Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act).

From July 2000, any proposed activity which may have a significant impact on the property became subject to the provisions of the EPBC Act, which regulates actions that will, or are likely to, have a significant impact on World Heritage values. In 2007, Purnululu was added to the National Heritage List, in recognition of its national heritage significance under the Act.

Since inscription, climate change has emerged as an additional potential threat to the World Heritage values, and Australia has introduced a range of measures at both the national and property-specific level to address potential threats.

Australia has reported regularly to the World Heritage Committee on a number of management issues in Purnululu National Park. These include the addition of reserve land to further buffer the Park, measures to ensure that any mining outside the Park is suitably managed to avoid impacts to World Heritage values, management of alien invasive species and funding for staffing and infrastructure for the Park.

#### Comment

Factual errors: "Invasive alien species such as feral cats and more recently the imminent arrival of cane toads also requires management." Please remove imminent from the above sentence as cane toads are now present in the Park, as of approximately 5 years ago. - Please correct spelling on line 1 from "Purnululu National Park" to "Purnululu National Park"

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

Purnululu National Park 3 of 49

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	A remote area managed as wilderness	×			
3.2.2	The Bungle Range, a landscape of sculptured rock which contains superlative examples of beehive-shaped karst sandstone	×			
3.2.3	The spectacular black and orange banded appearance of the towers, formed bybiological processes of cyanobacteria which serve to stabilise and protect the ancient sandstone formations	×			
3.2.4	Exceptional natural beauty	×			
3.2.5	Sinuous, narrow, sheer-sided gorges lined with majestic Livistona fan palm	×			
3.2.6	Aesthetic landscape appearance	×			
3.2.7	Evidence of geomorphic processes of dissolution, weathering and erosion in the evolution of landforms under a savannah climatic regime within an ancient, stable sedimentary landscape	×			
3.2.8	Seasonal waterfalls and pools	×			
3.2.9	Diversity of landforms and ecosystems representative of the semi-arid landscape	×			
3.2.10					
3.2.11					
3.2.12					
3.2.13					
3.2.14					
3.2.15					

### 3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

- 4. Factors Affecting the Property
- 4.1. Buildings and Development

#### 4.1.1 - Housing

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.1.2 - Commercial development

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.1.3 - Industrial areas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

### 4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside

★ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×			$\rightarrow$	
Negative							

## 4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside

Purnululu National Park 4 of 49

★ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×				1
Negative							

## 4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Interpretive information upgrade in progress to provide improved visitor experience. Camping areas upgraded. New Visitor center being built, design will be sympathetic to the surrounding environment.

#### 4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

#### 4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	<b>Gurrent</b>	Potential	Inside	© Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×			<b>→</b>	
Negative							

#### 4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

★ Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>G</b> Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×		×			<b>→</b>	
Negative							

## 4.2.4 - Marine transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside, Outside

Relevant	✗ Not relevant

#### 4.2.5 - Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

## 4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Maintaining the access road as four wheel drive only has positive effect on remote wilderness experience. Maintaining airstrip provides visitor access to park for those not wishing to undertake four wheel drive while improving response times for emergencies.

#### 4.3. Services Infrastructures

#### 4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Potential, Inside

X Relevant	Not relevant

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×				7
Negative							

#### 4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

★ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×				7
Negative							

### 4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.3.4 - Localised utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×				7
Negative							

#### 4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
----------	----------------

# 4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Solar power is supplemented to provide energy needs for staff and visitor services. Water supply for visitor and staff use positive additional water tanks installed for fighting activities. Installation of cell phone base station recently undertaken to improve communication within the park. Base stations positioned to not impact on views of the range.

#### 4.4. Pollution

#### 4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Delevent	Market Control of the
Relevant	X Not relevant

### 4.4.2 - Ground water pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.4.3 - Surface water pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant

Purnululu National Park 6 of 49

#### 4.4.4 - Air pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.4.5 - Solid waste

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.4.6 - Input of excess energy

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

# 4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Maintained as wilderness experience all waste is removed from park. Commercial leases abide by strict conditions regarding light, noise, water and power usage.

#### 4.5. Biological resource use/modification

#### 4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
	The trade tall

#### 4.5.2 - Aquaculture

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Delevent	W
Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.5.3 - Land conversion

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact				Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×			×	<b>S</b>		

#### 4.5.5 - Crop production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant	

#### 4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Purnululu National Park 7 of 49

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.5.8 - Commercial hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside, Outside

★ Relevant	1	Not relevant					
	Impact				Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×		×	×		$\rightarrow$	
Negative							

#### 4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

## 4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Hunting gathering by local Aboriginal groups is permissible under Conservation and Land Management Act 1984. This has a positive affect in maintaining Aboriginal culture for the property. Fishing is the main activity.

#### 4.6. Physical resource extraction

#### 4.6.1 - Mining

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant		Not relevant					
	Impact				Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
○ Negative X		×		×		<b>→</b>	

### 4.6.2 - Quarrying

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant \*\* Not relevant

#### 4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

### 4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

# 4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Mining is prohibited in Purnululu National Park but could occur in surrounding conservation reserve and unallocated crown land.

### 4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

#### 4.7.1 - Wind

Purnululu National Park 8 of 49

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.2 - Relative humidity

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.3 - Temperature

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.4 - Radiation/Light

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.5 - Dust

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.7.7 - Pests

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

× Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×		<b>S</b>		
Negative X	×		×				<b>*</b>

#### 4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

## 4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Continuing aerial control culling and collaborative fencing projects have proven successful and positive in reduction of hard hooved feral animals Donkeys pigs stray cattle horses and cattle. Increase in Cat numbers are having a negative affect on native wildlife. Cane toads have also had an affect on native wildlife.

#### 4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

### 4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		→	

Purnululu National Park 9 of 49

### Negative

#### 4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

#### 4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×			<b>→</b>	
Negative							

#### 4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Ori		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
	×	×	×			<b>→</b>	

#### 4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
	THE TOTAL THE TO

#### 4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

× Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×	×	×	×		<b>→</b>	
Negative							

## 4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Performances promote the Park. Hunting and gathering is minimal and is positive because it passes on traditional knowledge. Loss of traditional knowledge as elders pass away. Tourism numbers are managed and sustainable, local operators are building sustainable businesses based on tourism to the park. Operators are stable due to licensing system.

### 4.9. Other human activities

#### 4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant

### 4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

Purnululu National Park 10 of 49

#### 4.9.3 - Military training

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.9.4 - War

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.9.5 - Terrorism

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant

× Not relevant 4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or

positively

Australia is a stable country and the remote location of the park also inhibits theft and vandalism.

#### 4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

#### 4.10.1 - Storms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.10.2 - Flooding

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.10.3 - Drought

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.10.4 - Desertification

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant × Not relevant

#### 4.10.6 - Temperature change

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact Origin		Origin	Trend of impact			
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							

Purnululu National Park 11 of 49

## ○ Negative X X X X X

#### 4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

X Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	© Outside	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×	×			7

## 4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Other: increasing threat of wildfire due to climate change- changes in fire season length and frequency.

#### 4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

#### 4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.11.2 - Earthquake

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant
----------	----------------

#### 4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
----------	----------------

#### 4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant	
-------------------------	--

## 4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant X Not relevant
-------------------------

#### 4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Negative, Current, Potential, Inside, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	• Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
○ Negative X	×	×	×	×			/

# 4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Increased intensity and frequency of bushfires.

#### 4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

#### 4.12.1 - Translocated species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Purnululu National Park 12 of 49

Relevant X Not relevant

### 4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Negative, Current, Potential, Outside

X Relevant				Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact			
Impact	<b>G</b> Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing	
O Positive								
Negative X	×	×	×	×			<i>P</i>	

#### 4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	✗ Not relevant

#### 4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Delever	w
Relevant	X Not relevant

#### 4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

	Relevant	X Not relevant
--	----------	----------------

## 4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

Relevant	X Not relevant
4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors	selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or

positively

Feral animals for example cane toads and feral cats having an increasing impact.

#### 4.13. Management and institutional factors

### 4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

<b>X</b> Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>→</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
<ul><li>Positive</li></ul>							
Negative X	×	×	×			<b>→</b>	

### 4.13.2 - Legal framework

X Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	<b>G</b> Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×		×	×		<b>→</b>	
Negative							

#### 4.13.3 - Governance

✗ Relevant	Not relevant
------------	--------------

	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing
O Positive X	×		×	×		$\rightarrow$	
Negative							

### 4.13.4 - Management activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Potential, Inside

¥ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>G</b> Outside	<b>→</b> Decreasing	<b>⇒</b> Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×	×	×			<b>→</b>	
Negative							

#### 4.13.5 - Financial resources

✗ Relevant			1	Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	© Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×	×		<b>→</b>	

## 4.13.6 - Human resources

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	<b>Outside</b>	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive							
Negative X	×	×	×			<b>→</b>	

### 4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

• Relevant, Positive, Current, Inside

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	Outside	<b>▶</b> Decreasing	⇒ Stable	Increasing
Positive X	×		×			$\rightarrow$	
Negative							

## 4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

Not relevant

× Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	<b>G</b> Outside	<b>→</b> Decreasing	→ Stable	Increasing
O Positive 🗶	×	×	×			$\rightarrow$	
Negative							

Purnululu National Park 14 of 49

## 4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Regular monitoring not using destructive techniques, monitor fire & biodiversity. Recently conducted visitor survey. Outdated Management Plan held up by Native Title. Financial resources can be limited. Park is in a remote area which can be hard to staff. Governance and legal frameworks sufficient for protection.

4.14. Other factor(s)

#### 4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

#### 4.15. Factors Summary Table

### 4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	•	9	9	•		<b>→</b>
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	<b>©</b>			<b>③</b>		7
		•	•			
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	•	9	9	•		$\rightarrow$
4.2.3 Air transport infrastructure	<b>O</b>	9		•		<b>→</b>
4.3 Services Infrastructures						
4.3.1 Water infrastructure	<b>©</b>	<b>P</b>		<b>@</b>		_
ACT Made initiation and in the second		-,	-,	9		•
4.3.2 Renewable energy facilities	<b>•</b>			•		-
4.3.4 Localised utilities	•	9	9	•		7
4.5 Biological resource use/modification						
4.5.4 Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals						
		9			<b>C</b>	\$
4.5.9 Subsistence hunting	•	9		•	F	$\rightarrow$
4.6 Physical resource extraction						
4.6.1 Mining						
			9		<b>G</b>	<b>→</b>
4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric						
4.7.7 Pests	0	9		•		\$
		9		•		1
4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage						
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses	<b>O</b>	9	9	•	<b>(</b>	<b>→</b>
4.8.3 Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting	<b>②</b>	q		<b>@</b>		<b>→</b>
4.8.4 Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system						

Purnululu National Park 15 of 49

						9	9	•		$\rightarrow$
4.8.6 Impacts of to	ourism/Visitation/Recreati	on			<b>O</b>	9	9	•	Œ	$\rightarrow$
4.10 Climate chang	ge and severe weather ev	vents								
4.10.6 Temperature	e change									
						q	9	•	Œ	1
4.10.7 Other clima	te change impacts									
						9	9	•	C	1
4.11 Sudden ecolo	gical or geological event	s								
4.11.6 Fire (wildfire	e)									
						9	9	•	C	1
4.12 Invasive/alien	species or hyper-abunda	ant species								
4.12.2 Invasive/Ali	en terrestrial species									
						9	9	•	C	1
4.13 Management	and institutional factors									
4.13.1 Managemen	nt system/Management pl	an								
						9	P	•		$\rightarrow$
4.13.2 Legal frame	work				<b>O</b>	9		•	C	$\rightarrow$
4.13.3 Governance	•				<b>O</b>	<b>A</b>		•	Œ	$\rightarrow$
4.13.4 Managemen	nt activities				<b>O</b>	q	9	•		$\rightarrow$
4.13.5 Financial re	sources									
						q	9	<b>@</b>	Œ	<b>→</b>
4.13.6 Human reso	ources									
							9	•		<b>→</b>
4.13.7 Low impact	research/monitoring acti	ivities			<b>O</b>	q		•		<b>→</b>
4.13.8 High impact	t research/monitoring act	ivities			<b>©</b>	4	9	<b>(</b> )		<b>→</b>
J ,	Jun									
Legend	Current	Potential	Negative	<ul><li>Positive</li></ul>	<ul><li>Inside</li></ul>	de		Outsi	de	

4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

## 4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

## 4.1 Buildings and Development

Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.1.4 Major	4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure			9	•	$\rightarrow$
Snatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
Opuliai 30a	no riod directed by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					

Purnululu National Park 16 of 49

	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.1.5 Interp	pretative and visitation facilities	<b>O</b>	9	9	•	1
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor					
Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor  Restricted					
	Restricted					
	Restricted  Localised					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurrence of the impact					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurrence of the impact  One off or rare					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic					
X Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent					
X Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going					
X Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  spact on the attributes					
X Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  Scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  spact on the attributes  Insignificant					
X Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  npact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor					
X Impact - Im	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  Scale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  Inpact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor  Significant					

Purnululu National Park 17 of 49

×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

## 4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name Impact				mpact			Trend
4.2.1 Groun	d transport infrastructure	<b>O</b>	9	9	•		$\rightarrow$
Spatial sca	e - Area affected by the factor						
×	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

Name	Impac	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.2.3 Air transport infrastructure	•	9		•		$\rightarrow$

Spatial sca	ale - Area affected by the factor
×	Restricted

Purnululu National Park 18 of 49

	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal sc	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going On-going
Impact - Imp	act on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management	t response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Deve	elopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
×	Static
	Increasing

## 4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name	Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.3.1 Water infrastructure	<b>O</b>	9	9	<b>@</b>		1

Snatial sea	ale - Area affected by the factor			
Spatial Sca	ale - Alea allected by the factor			
×	Restricted			
	Localised			
	Extensive			
	Widespread			
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact			
	One off or rare			
	Intermittent or sporadic			
	Frequent			
×	On-going On-going			
Impact - Im	npact on the attributes			
×	Insignificant			
	Minor			
	Significant			
	Major			
	,			

Purnululu National Park 19 of 49

Managemei	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.3.2 Renev	able energy facilities	<b>©</b>	9		•	7
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
**	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
· opo.a. o	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going On-going					
	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managemei	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
	Static					
×	Increasing					
Name		lmn==*			Oriela	Teoret
Name 4.3.4 Locali	sed utilities	Impact	q	q	Origin	Trend
200411			,		3	

Purnululu National Park 20 of 49

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

×	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
×	On-going On-going
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes
×	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

## 4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.5.4 Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals							
			9			Œ	\$
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						

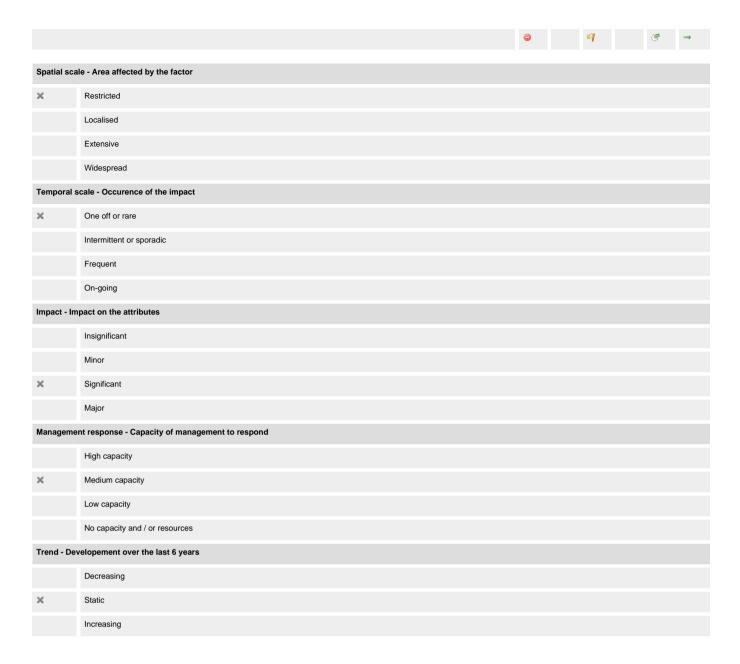
Purnululu National Park 21 of 49

	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
×	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
×	Decreasing					
	Static					
	Increasing					
Name	otopos hunting	Impact		Origin		Trend
4.5.9 Subsi	stence hunting	•	9	•	<b>G</b>	7
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					

## 4.6 Physical resource extraction

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.6.1 Mining			

Purnululu National Park 22 of 49



## 4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric

Name		Impact		npact Origin	
4.7.7 Pests	4.7.7 Pests		9	<b>@</b>	•
			q	•	<b>P</b>
Spatial coa	ile - Area affected by the factor				
Spatial Sca	ile - Alea allected by the factor				
	Restricted				
	Localised				
	Extensive				
×	Widespread				
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact				
	One off or rare				
	Intermittent or sporadic				
	Frequent				
×	On-going				
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes				

Purnululu National Park 23 of 49

	Insignificant
	Minor
×	Significant
	Major
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond
	High capacity
×	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years
	Decreasing
	Static
×	Increasing

## 4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.8.1 Ritual	ual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses		q	9	•	Œ	<b>→</b>
Spatial scal	e - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
×	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
×	Insignificant						
	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Managemer	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	elopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

Purnululu National Park 24 of 49

4.8.3 Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting		•	9		•	<b>→</b>
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
×	Restricted					
	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
×	Insignificant					
	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - De	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name	ges in traditional ways of life and knowledge system	Impact			Origin	Trend
4.0.4 Chan	ges in traditional ways of the and knowledge system		<b>A</b>	m)	<b>@</b>	<b>→</b>
			7	7	Q	~
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	icale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or engradic					

Impact

Origin

Trend

Name

Frequent
On-going

Purnululu National Park 25 of 49

Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
×	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact	i		Origin		Trend
4.8.6 Impac	ts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation	<b>O</b>	9	9	•	<b>ઉ</b>	$\rightarrow$
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
×	Localised						
	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
×	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						

Purnululu National Park 26 of 49

## 4.10 Climate change and severe weather events

Name

Name		impaci	·		Origin		rrena
4.10.6 T	emperature change						_
			E-J	q	•	(F	
Spatial	scale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going On-going						
Impact	- Impact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
×	Minor						
	Significant						
	Major						
Manage	ement response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
×	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend -	Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						
Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.10.7 C	bther climate change impacts		~	ø		~	
			7	7	Q	G	
Spatial	scale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Tempor	al scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						

Impact

Origin

Trend

Purnululu National Park 27 of 49

	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Management response - Capacity of management to respond							
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	Trend - Developement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						

## 4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.11.6 Fire	(wildfire)						
			q	9	•	Œ	/
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
×	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						

Purnululu National Park 28 of 49

	Static
×	Increasing

## 4.12 Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.12.2 Inva	sive/Alien terrestrial species						
			4	9	•	F	7
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
	Static						
×	Increasing						

## 4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name		Impact		Origin		Trend	
4.13.1 Man	agement system/Management plan						
			9	9	•		$\rightarrow$
Custial sea	le. Avec effected by the feeter						
Spatiai sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						

Purnululu National Park 29 of 49

Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	relopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name	I framounally	Impact		Origin	Œ	Trend
4.13.2 Lega	l framework	0	<b>A</b>	<b>(</b>	Call	$\rightarrow$
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor  Restricted					
Spatial sca						
Spatial sca	Restricted					
Spatial sca	Restricted Localised					
×	Restricted Localised Extensive					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurrence of the impact					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare					
×	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic					
× Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent					
× Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going					
× Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes					
× Temporal s	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes  Insignificant					
X Temporal s  X Impact - Im	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor					
X Temporal s  X Impact - Im	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor  Significant					
X Temporal s  X Impact - Im	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor  Significant  Major					
X  Temporal s  X  Impact - Im	Restricted  Localised  Extensive  Widespread  cale - Occurence of the impact  One off or rare  Intermittent or sporadic  Frequent  On-going  pact on the attributes  Insignificant  Minor  Significant  Major  nt response - Capacity of management to respond					

Purnululu National Park 30 of 49

	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impact			Origin		Trend
4.13.3 Gove	ernance	•	9		•	<b>G</b>	<b>→</b>
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
	Extensive						
×	Widespread						
Temporal s	cale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going						
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Nama		Impact			Outsin		Trend
Name 4.13.4 Mana	agement activities	impact ©	q	q	Origin		rrena
			•	·			
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						

Purnululu National Park 31 of 49

Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going Control of the Control of t						
Impact - In	mpact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
×	Medium capacity						
	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						
Trend - De	evelopement over the last 6 years						
	Decreasing						
×	Static						
	Increasing						
Name		Impac	t		Origin		Trend
4.13.5 Fina	ancial resources						
			9	9	•	<b>(</b>	$\rightarrow$
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor						
	Restricted						
	Localised						
×	Extensive						
	Widespread						
Temporal	scale - Occurence of the impact						
	One off or rare						
	Intermittent or sporadic						
	Frequent						
×	On-going On-going						
Impact - In	npact on the attributes						
	Insignificant						
	Minor						
×	Significant						
	Major						
Manageme	ent response - Capacity of management to respond						
	High capacity						
	Medium capacity						
×	Low capacity						
	No capacity and / or resources						

Purnululu National Park 32 of 49

Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
4.13.6 Hum	an resources					
			9	9	•	<b>→</b>
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
	Localised					
×	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					
	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
×	On-going					
Impact - Im	pact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Manageme	nt response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
	Medium capacity					
×	Low capacity					
	No capacity and / or resources					
Trend - Dev	velopement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name	impact research/monitoring activities	Impact	q		Origin	Trend
4.13.7 LOW	impact research/monitoring activities		-1			_
Spatial sca	le - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
Temporal s	scale - Occurence of the impact					

Purnululu National Park 33 of 49

	One off or rare					
×	Intermittent or sporadic					
~	Frequent					
	On-going					
Impact - Ir	npact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
^	Significant					
	Major					
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
Wallagelli	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
^	Low capacity					
Trand D	No capacity and / or resources  velopement over the last 6 years					
Trend - Do						
~	Decreasing					
×	Static					
	Increasing					
Name		Impact			Origin	Trend
	h impact research/monitoring activities	•	9	q	<b>©</b>	→
Spatial sc	ale - Area affected by the factor					
	Restricted					
×	Localised					
	Extensive					
	Widespread					
	scale - Occurence of the impact					
×	One off or rare					
	Intermittent or sporadic					
	Frequent					
	On-going Control of the Control of t					
Impact - I	npact on the attributes					
	Insignificant					
×	Minor					
	Significant					
	Major					
Managem	ent response - Capacity of management to respond					
	High capacity					
×	Medium capacity					
×						
×	Medium capacity					

Purnululu National Park 34 of 49

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years					
	Decreasing				
×	Static				
	Increasing				

#### 4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

# 4.17.1 - If your property is a serial inscription (national or transnational) please identify which components of the property are impacted by each factor

n/a

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

## 4.18.1 - Please predict what the state of conservation of each attribute will be approximately 6 years from now (at the time of the next cycle of Periodic Reporting)

	Attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
4.18.1.1	Remote visitor experiance	×			
4.18.1.2	Cone Karst formation	×			
4.18.1.3	Cyanobacterial processes	×			
4.18.1.4	Aesthetic landscape appearance	×			
4.18.1.5					

#### 5. Protection and Management of the Property

#### 5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

#### 5.1.1 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The boundaries are adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

#### 5.1.2 - Are the boundaries of the World Heritage property known and recognised?

The boundaries are known by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

#### 5.1.3 - Are the buffer zone(s) of the World Heritage property adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The buffer zones do not limit the ability to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value but they could be improved

#### 5.1.4 - Are the boundaries of the buffer zones known and recognised?

The buffer zones of the World Heritage property are known and recognised by both the management authority and local communities/landowners

#### 5.1.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to boundaries and buffer zones of the World Heritage property

Continuing to seek inclusion of neighboring unallocated Crown Land (ex pastoral leases) into the buffer zone conservation estate.

### 5.2. Protective Measures

#### 5.2.1 - Protective designation (legal, regulatory, contractual, planning, institutional and/or traditional).

Purnululu National Park is a class "A" reserve (number 39897) for the purpose of "National Park". It was vested in the then National Parks and Nature Conservation Authority (now the Conservation Commission) of Western Australia. The original vesting was gazetted on the 6th March 1987 and the status was upgraded to "A" class on the 13th September 1988.

All World Heritage properties in Australia are "matters of national environmental significance" protected and managed under national legislation, the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999. By law, any action that has, will have or is likely to have a significant impact on the World Heritage values of a World Heritage property must be referred to the responsible Minister for consideration. This includes impacts originating from outside the property.

Source: Periodic Reporting Cycle 2

## 5.2.2 - Please list any legislation and other measures (regulatory -including spatial planning- contractual, institutional or traditional) not included in 5.2.1 and indicate the category

1984 / Conservation and Land Management Act 1984 /

https://www.legislation.wa.gov.au/legislation/statutes.nsf/main\_mrtitle\_193\_homepage.html 1967 /

Ord River Dam Catchment Area (Straying Cattle) Act /

https://www.legislation.wa.gov.au/legislation/statutes.nsf/law\_a564.html 1945 / The Soil and Land Conservation Act /

Purnululu National Park 35 of 49

## 5.2.3 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation including spatial planning) adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework for maintaining of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

## 5.2.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) adequate in the buffer zone for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The legal framework in the buffer zone for the maintenance of the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity of the World Heritage property provides an adequate basis for effective management and protection

## 5.2.5 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) in the broader setting of the World Heritage property adequate for maintaining the Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Integrity and/or Authenticity of the property?

The **legal framework** for the broader setting of the World Heritage property provides an **adequate basis for** effective management and protection of the property, contributing to the maintenance of its Outstanding Universal Value including conditions of Authenticity and/or Integrity

#### 5.2.6 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulation) be enforced?

There is adequate capacity/resources to enforce legislation and/or regulation in the World Heritage property

#### 5.2.7 - Please provide a short summary of how the legislation, including spatial planning and other regulation, works in practice

Rangers are authorized officers enabling them to ensure activities are compliant with the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984. Policies, procedures and licenses are also in place at a Western Australian state level to ensure protection of the site.

## 5.2.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations about the information related to the measures taken to protect the World Heritage property

Adequate protections in place

#### 5.3. Management System/Management Plan

## 5.3.1 - Please check the box which most closely match the character of the governance and management system of the property Other

#### If 'Other', please specify

Public management system at national/provincial level

#### 5.3.2 - Management System: Please indicate which of the various management tools listed below are used to help protect the property.

Agreed 'Memorandums of Understanding' between different managing institutions, groups or others, including documents agreed with local communities for management

Mechanisms to promote equal participation among and within groups, including different levels of authority, local communities, indigenous people, women and men, and other specific groups

A management plan

An annual work plan or business plan

A visitor/visitation management plan

## 5.3.3 - Please give a brief description of the management system currently in place at your property

Purnululu National Park Management Plan 1995-2005 although outdated is still used as a guiding document where principles of the plan remain relevant. The plan provides structure for participation of aboriginal traditional owners. MOU's are in place to formalize responsibilities of various stakeholders associated with the Park. Annual work plans are developed to ensure priorities for protection and maintenance of OUV,s Mechanisms a in place to ensure diversity and equity responsibilities are met

#### 5.3.4 - Management Documents

#### Comment

Purnululu National Park Management Plan 1995-2005

## 5.3.5 - Has any use been made of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape in developing policies and best practices for the protection of this property?

The 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape is  ${f not}$  relevant to this property

- 5.3.6 If the Historic Urban Landscape Recommendation has been used at this property, please describe briefly what has been done.
- 5.3.7 Has any use been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property?

No use has been made of the World Heritage Policy for Climate Change

- 5.3.8 If the Climate Change policy has been used, please briefly describe what has been done along with any research on the impacts of Climate Change on the property:
- 5.3.9 Has any use been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property?

  No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties
- 5.3.10 If the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties has been used, please briefly describe what has

Purnululu National Park 36 of 49

#### been done

# 5.3.11 - Rate the coordination between the various levels of administration (i.e. national/federal; regional/provincial/state; local/municipal etc.) involved in the management of the World Heritage property

There is adequate coordination between all bodies/levels involved in the management of the property

#### 5.3.12 - Is the management system/plan adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The management system/plan is only partially adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value

#### 5.3.13 - Is the management system being implemented?

The management system is being fully implemented and monitored

#### 5.3.14 - Is there an annual work/action plan and is it being implemented?

An annual work/action plan exists and all of its activities are being implemented and monitored

# 5.3.15 - Does the management system include formal mechanisms and procedures that ensure participation and contribution of the following groups, living within or near the World Heritage property and/or buffer zone in management decisions that maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

		Not applicable	No mechanisms for participation	Some participation	Direct participation	Transformative participation in all relevant decision processes
5.3.15.1	Local communities			×		
5.3.15.2	Local authorities			×		
5.3.15.3	Landowners in the property and the buffer zone			×		
5.3.15.4	Indigenous peoples			×		
5.3.15.5	Women			×		
5.3.15.6	Other specific groups			×		
	If you selected, 'Other specific groups' please specify	Tourism industr	у			

# 5.3.16 - Please rate the cooperation/relationship between the World Heritage property managers/coordinators/staff and the following groups

		Not applicable	Non-existent	Poor	Fair	Good
5.3.16.1	Local communities					×
5.3.16.2	Local/Municipal authorities					×
5.3.16.3	Indigenous peoples					×
5.3.16.4	Landowners					×
5.3.16.5	Women					×
5.3.16.6	Youth/Children					×
5.3.16.7	Researchers					×
5.3.16.8	Local Visitors/Tourists					×
5.3.16.9	National/International tourists					×
5.3.16.10	Tourism Industry					×
5.3.16.11	Local businesses and industries					×
5.3.16.12	NGOs					×
5.3.16.13	Other specific groups					
	If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify					

# 5.3.17 - Please rate the extent to which the management system of your property contributes towards achieving the objectives of the World Heritage Committee's Policy for the Integration of a Sustainable Development Perspective into the Processes of the World Heritage Convention

		Not applicable	No contribution	Limited	Significant	Full achievement
5.3.17.1	The management system of the property contributes to gender equality					×

5.3.17.2	The management system of the property provides ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)		×		
5.3.17.3	The management system of the property contributes to social inclusion and equity, improving opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status			×	
5.3.17.4	The management system of the property integrates a human rights-based approach	×			
5.3.17.5	The management system of the property contributes to fostering inclusive local economic development, and to enhancing livelihood			×	
5.3.17.6	The management system of the property contributes to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around the World Heritage property			×	

#### 5.3.18 - Please provide further details on the ratings of the management system given in the table above

#### 5.3.19 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the management system/plan

Management Plans needs to be updated once Native Title is determined.

#### 6. Financial and Human Resources

#### 6.1. Funding

### 6.1.1 - If your funding sources do not exactly fit those shown, put the relevant amounts against the funding type that most closely represents your situation, and use the comment box below to provide more details.

		Project costs	Running costs
6.1.1.1	Multilateral funding (GEF, World Bank, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.2	Bilateral international funding	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.3	World Heritage Fund (International Assistance)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.4	Contribution from other conventions and programmes	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.5	International donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.6	Governmental (national/federal)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.7	Governmental (regional/provincial/state)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.8	Governmental (local/municipal)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.9	In-country donations (NGOs, foundations, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.10	Individual visitor charges (e.g. entry, toilets, parking, camping fees, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.11	Commercial activities (e.g. merchandising and catering, filming permit, concessions, etc.)	0 %	0 %
6.1.1.12	Other	0 %	0 %
		Total 0 %	Total 0 %

#### 6.1.2 - Please comment here on any other aspects of funding sources not covered in the table above

Australia cannot provide the requested data for 6.1, as funding is spread across a large number of different programs and priorities which may have multiple benefits for particular properties. That is, it is not possible to disaggregate the funding component attributed to each property. Funding comes from both the State Government and Commonwealth Government.

#### 6.1.3 - Is the current budget sufficient to manage the World Heritage property effectively?

The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs

#### 6.1.4 - Are the existing sources of funding secure and likely to remain so?

The existing sources of funding are secure over both the medium- and long-term

#### 6.1.5 - Comments, conclusion, and/or recommendations related to finance and infrastructure

Funding is sufficient to undertake management of values of the Park. Further improvements could be made with more funding.

## 6.1.6 - Estimate the distribution of men and women involved in the management, conservation, interpretation of the World Heritage properties and the extent to which they are drawn from local communities.

		From local communities %	From elsewhere %
6.1.6.1	Men	50 %	10 %
6.1.6.2	Women	30 %	10 %
		Total 80 %	Total 20 %

Purnululu National Park 38 of 49

#### 6.1.7 - Are available human resources adequate to manage the World Heritage property?

Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property

### 6.1.8 - Considering the management needs of the World Heritage property, please rate the availability of professionals in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Fair
Risk preparedness	Good
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Good
Marketing and promotion	Good
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Good
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

# 6.1.9 - Please rate the availability of training opportunities for the management of the World Heritage property in the following disciplines

Conservation	Good
Environmental sustainability	Good
Community participation and inclusion	Good
Risk preparedness	Good
Capacity development and education	Good
Administration	Good
Research and monitoring	Good
Awareness raising and public information/communication	Good
Marketing and promotion	Good
Interpretation	Good
Visitor management/tourism	Good
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Good

#### 6.1.10 - Has any use been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building at the property?

 $\ensuremath{\text{No}}$  use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building

6.1.11 - If the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Building has been used, please briefly describe what has been done.

# 6.1.12 - Are there site-specific capacity building plans or programmes that develop local expertise and that contribute to the transfer of skills for the conservation and management of the World Heritage property?

A site-based capacity building plan or programme is in place and fully implemented; all technical skills are being transferred to those managing the property locally

#### 6.1.13 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to human resources, expertise and training

Rangers for the Park are sourced from local Aboriginal communities and extensive training opportunities are provided.

- 7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects
- 7.1 Is there adequate knowledge (scientific or traditional) about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property to support planning, management and decision-making to ensure that Outstanding Universal Value is maintained?

Knowledge about the values and attributes of the World Heritage property is acceptable for most key areas but there are gaps

## 7.2 - Is there a planned programme of research at the property which is directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value?

Purnululu National Park 39 of 49

There is considerable research but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value

#### 7.3 - Are results from research programmes publicly available and disseminated?

Research results are shared with local communities and some national agencies

#### 7.4 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to scientific studies and research projects

The annual research conducted by the Department does inform management needs of the Park; i.e. monitoring of prescribed burning and flora & fauna. There is also research conducted by external parties for matters that are related to the values of the park.

#### 8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

## 8.1 - Please rate the awareness and understanding of the existence and justification for inscription of the World Heritage property amongst the following groups

Local communities	Fair
Local/municipal authorities	Good
Indigenous peoples	Fair
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Youth/children	Fair
Researchers	Good
Local visitors	Good
National/international tourists	Good
Tourism industry	Good
Local businesses and industries	Fair
NGOs	Good
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

## 8.2 - Does the property have a heritage education programme(s) for children and/or youth, that can contribute to a better understanding of heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue?

There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth

#### 8.3 - Who are the target audiences for education and awareness programmes at your property?

ocal communities	
outh/children	
ocal Visitors	
ational/international tourists	
purism industry	

## 8.4 - Please rate the adequacy of the following visitor facilities and services at the World Heritage property for education, information, interpretation and awareness building

Visitor centre	Good
Site museum	Not needed
Information booths	Good
Guided tours	Good
Trails/routes	Good
Printed information materials	Good
Online (website, social media, etc.)	Good
Transportation facilities	Good
Other	Not needed
If 'Other' is selected, please specify	

Purnululu National Park 40 of 49

#### 8.5 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building

Considerable interpretative materials available at the visitors centre and throughout the Park. School excursions take place in the park. Social media posts about the Park and it's values on the Department's facebook page. Visitor centres in the towns have considerable information. The Department's website also has considerable information about the Park and it's values.

#### 9. Visitor Management

#### 9.1 - Please provide estimated annual visitor numbers (including national and international visitors) since the last Periodic Report

12874 / 27555 / 29085 / 26906 / 22684 /

#### 9.2 - What information sources are used to collect visitor statistics?

Entry tickets and registries

Accommodation establishments

#### 9.3 - What is the average length stay of a visitor to the World Heritage property?

Overnight stay

#### 9.4 - Please provide the source of information

Online booking data

#### 9.5 - What is the approximate average daily visitor expenditure? (Please provide an estimated monetary figure in USD)

9.88 / 200 / 11.40 /

#### 9.6 - Please provide the source of information

Statutory fees as prescribed. Please note these figures are for the general public visitors only which make up approximately 60% of visitation to the Park, not those arriving through commercial tourism operators approx. 40%.

### 9.7 - Does the management system/plan for the World Heritage property include a strategy with an action plan to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts?

There is a planned and effective strategy to manage visitors, tourism activity and its derived impacts on the World Heritage property

#### 9.8 - Please provide any comments relating to the answer provided above in question 9.7

The Park is managed to specifically retain the wilderness and remote experience. Strategies include maintaining the 53 kilometer Spring Creek access track to the Park as high clearance four wheel drive thereby limiting numbers in Park. No recreational use of drones permitted. Designated walk trails.

#### 9.9 - Is visitor use effectively managed to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the property?

Visitor use of the World Heritage property is effectively managed and does not impact its Outstanding Universal Value

#### 9.10 - Is the effectiveness of tourism management regularly monitored?

Yes, using a different system

#### If a different system, please specify

Online survey, Commercial tour operator leases. Tour operator feedback

# 9.11 - How does the tourism industry cooperate with the site management to improve visitor experiences and maintain the Outstanding Universal Value of the World Heritage property?

There is limited cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation

#### 9.12 - How well is the information on the Outstanding Universal Value of the property presented and interpreted?

The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made

#### 9.13 - At how many locations is the World Heritage emblem displayed at the property?

In many locations and easily visible to visitors

#### 9.14 - How does visitor/tourism revenue (e.g. entry charges, permits) contribute to the management of the World Heritage property?

Fees are collected and make a substantial contribution to the management of the World Heritage property

#### 9.15 - Are there locally driven sustainable tourism initiatives?

Yes

#### If 'Yes', please specify

Commercial tourism accommodation. Air tours within Park (helicopter) and sightseeing tours from Kununurra.

#### 9.16 - Are the benefits of tourism shared with local communities?

Yes

#### If 'Yes', please specify

Members of local community directly employed by commercial tourism operators. Goods and services locally sourced.

#### 9.17 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to visitation/tourism/public use of the World Heritage property

Purnululu National Park 41 of 49

#### 10. Monitoring

### 10.1 - Is there a monitoring programme at the property directed towards management needs and/or towards improving the understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value?

There is a **comprehensive**, **integrated programme of monitoring**, which is relevant to management needs and/or improving understanding of the Outstanding Universal Value

### 10.2 - Is necessary information available in order to define key indicators for measuring the state of conservation and are they used in monitoring how the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is being maintained?

Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved

#### 10.3 - Are key indicators defined and in place for the following principal aspects of the property?

	Extend of indicators	Not applicable	No indicators	Indicators have been defined but are not yet in use	Indicators are in place and in use since the last Periodic Reporting cycle
10.3.1	State of conservation				X
10.3.2	Effectiveness of the management system				×
10.3.3	Character of governance				X
10.3.4	Appropriate synergy with other conservation designations				×
10.3.5	Contribution to sustainable development				X
10.3.6	Capacity development				×

#### 10.4 - Please provide information on relevant key indicators adopted at the property

Biodiversity indicators monitored annually. Fire- indicator established in annual Fire Fuel Management Plan. Measures to protect cultural integrity are in place.

#### 10.5 - Please rate the level of involvement in monitoring of the following groups:

World Heritage managers/coordinators and staff	Good
Local/municipal authorities	Fair
Local communities	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Good
Landowners	Fair
Women	Fair
Researchers	Good
Tourism industry	Good
Local businesses and industry	Fair
NGOs	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please specify	

### 10.6 - Has the State Party implemented relevant recommendations arising from the World Heritage Committee?

Implementation is underway

#### 10.7 - Please provide comments relevant to the implementation of recommendations from the World Heritage Committee.

Consistent with recommendations made in 2011 management strategies are in place and in force to ensure restricted access to cultural sties including new signage. In line with recommendations fire management activities continue to be undertaken annually in line with best practice. Fencing and feral animal control is ongoing. Development of a new management plan remains a priority once native title is determined.

#### 10.8 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Monitoring

Regular and ongoing monitoring is undertaken within the department and also by external parties (universities/scientific groups).

#### 11. Identification of Priority Management Needs

#### 11.1 - Identification of Priority Management Needs

5.3	Management System/Management Plan
5.3.7	No use has been made of the Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties at the property
5.3.9	No use has been made of the Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties at the property

5.3.12	The management system/plan is only partially adequate to maintain the property's Outstanding Universal Value					
5.3.17	• In a limited manner, the management system of the World Heritage property does provide ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)	×				
6.1	Funding					
6.1.3	The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the management needs of the World Heritage property					
6.1.7	Human resources partly meet the management needs of the World Heritage property	×				
6.1.10	No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property	×				
7	Scientific Studies and Research Projects					
7.2	There is considerable research in the World Heritage property but it is not directed towards management needs and/or improving understanding of Outstanding Universal Value	×				
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building					
8.2	There is a <b>limited and ad hoc education</b> and awareness programme for children and/or youth	×				
9	Visitor Management					
9.11	There is limited cooperation between those responsible for the World Heritage property and the tourism industry to present the Outstanding Universal Value and increase appreciation					
9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	×				
10	Monitoring					
10.2	Information on the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicators have been defined but monitoring of the status of indicators could be improved	×				
Pleas	e select 3 more issues.					
☑ Ple	☑ Please save this question to reflect changes					

### 12. Summary and Conclusions

### 12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

### 12.1.1 - Summary - Factors affecting the Property

4.5		Biological resource use/modification							
farmin of don			Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals						
4.7		Local condit	ions affec	ting physical fabric	:				
4.7.7	Pes	ecosyste		of landforms and oms in the park stative of the d landscape.	Feral animal control aerial shoot undertaken annually in August. Targets straying cattle and feral donkeys, camels, pigs and horses. Aversion training (via baits) undertaken to train native animals not to eat poisonous introduced cane toads.	Count tallies are taken of feral animals killed during animal shoot and compared each year. Research undertaken to monitor cane toad aversion training to evaluate success of program.	Annual program in August.	Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions.	Community "toad muster" engagement program undertaken annually to collect enough cane toad meat to use in the sausage baits used for the aversion training for native animals.
4.8		Social/Cultur	ral uses o	f heritage					
4.8.4 Changes in traditional way of life and knowledge system		traditional ways of life and knowledge							
4.10		Climate char	nge and s	evere weather even	its				

Purnululu National Park 43 of 49

4.10.6	Temperature change Ecosystems in the park representative of the semi-arid landscape will be adversely affected by increased severity and frequency of wildfires caused by rising temperatures.		ark representative Vulnerabilit f the semi-arid property be andscape will be undertaken dversely affected by commonwatereased severity Flexibility a innovation indifferes caused by Vulnerability property be undertaken versely affected by Flexibility and frequency of manageme		Fire scars are monitored via aerial photography. Severity of wildfires recorded.	Climate Change end of the year. management/pre ongoing.		Department of Biodiversity, Conservation an Attractions. CSII Department of Agriculture, Environment and Water	RO draft stage now.
4.10.7			Other climate change impact						
4.11	Sudden ecolo	gical or geolo	gical events						
4.11.6			Fire (wildfire)	)					
4.12	Invasive/alien	species or hy	per-abundant	species					
4.12.2	Invasive/Alien terrestrial species	Ecosystems the park are representati semi-arid lai	ve of the	Feral animal control aerial shoot undertaken annually in August. Targets straying cattle and feral donkeys, camels, pigs and horses. Aversion training (via baits) undertaken to train native animals not to eat poisonous introduced cane toads.	animal shoot and compared each year. Research undertaken to monitor cane toad aversion training to evaluate success of	Annual shoc undertaken i August.	n Biodivers	sity, ation and	Answered question above as well
4.13	Management	and institutior	nal factors						
4.13.1	Management system/Manageme plan	wilderne	d as	Native title determination holding up the development of a new management plan. Works currently being undertaken and prioritized according to old management plan and annual work plan.		ongoing ted	Department Biodiversity, Conservation Attractions.	n and plar prio Dep nati	development of a management in is listed as a crity within the partment once we title issues are plyed.
4.13.5	Financial resources	A remote an managed as wilderness. was a declir revenue fror visitation fee Covid - this resulted in s reduced caphire staff. Or funding is se however has generally no increased or	an There op	ontinue to apply for ny available funding oportunities.	Financial reporting conducted each year including to the feder government.		Department Biodiversity, Conservation Attractions. I of Agricultur and the Envi	gran and the Department coe, Water vironment sc	ovid Recovery ants have enabled e design and instruction of a new sitor Centre theduled to be built the park this year.
4.13.6	Human resources	A remote a managed b wilderness	y si ii	A better tourism season expected it is hoped revenue will increase which will help secure the visitors centre positions. 4 local rangers and one Senior Ranger continue to be employed. World Heritage Area Project Manager continues to be employe	Staffing levels are monitored within the department each year.	ongoing	Department of Biodiversity, C and Attractions	Conservation so	affing can metimes be difficult such a remote area.

Purnululu National Park 44 of 49

### 12.2. Summary - Management Needs

### 12.2.1 - Summary - Management Needs

F.0	••	0	Dl									
5.3	wanageme	ent System/Manag										
			Actions		Timeframe		Lead agency (and others involved)		More info / comment			
5.3.17	In a limited manner, the management traditional owner access to the property.  World Heritage property does provide ecosystem services/benefits to the local community (e.g. fresh air, water, food, medicinal plants)  Ongoing  Ongoing  Ongoing		nent traditional owner access  f the to the property.  ritage does  m  /benefits cal ity (e.g. , water,				Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions					Due to it's remote location and accessible only via 4WD the reserve is only able to provide limited benefits to the local community. The local community do enjoy fishing and the living leases give communities to educate their children on country
6.1	Funding	ı										
6.1.7	resources employme		e to provide attractive nent conditions to mainta in a remote area.	s to maintain			Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions		At the moment there is sufficient staffing to maintain the property with the onsite ranger team and Visitors Centre.			
6.1.10	6.1.10  No use has been made of the World Heritage Strategy for Capacity Development at the World Heritage property		the Strategy for Capacity nent to help identify any urrent training program.				Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions		The Department has an extensive training program in place for all employees currently.			
7	Scientific Studi	es and Research F	rojects									
7.2	considerable proposals and map		eds of Outstanding	ast the		Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions		There is considerable research undertaken and all results are captured in the Department's rekeeping process.				
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building											
8.2	There is a limited and ad hoc education and awareness programme for children and/or youth		oretative resources and lidating into an	Tw			Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions		to it's remote location school rsions are limited. However a local nunity school does visit and rtake cultural learning rtunities on country.			
9	Visitor Man	Visitor Management										

Purnululu National Park 45 of 49

9.12	The presentation and interpretation of the Outstanding Universal Value of the property is acceptable but improvements could be made	Undertaking an upgrade of the Park's interpretative signage at the moment.	By the end of 2021.		ent of Biodiversity, tition and Attractions.	Signage and websit extensive however of Native Title issues the unfortunately a gap information.	due to ongoing here is		
10	Monitoring								
10.2 Information or the values of the World Heritage property is adequate and key indicator have been defined but monitoring or the status of indicators could be improved		indicators.	Two years		Department of Biodiversity, C Attractions.	conservation and	n/a		
Summary - Management Needs completed									

#### 12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property

- 12.3.1 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Authenticity of the World Heritage property?

  The Authenticity of the World Heritage property has been preserved
- 12.3.2 Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of Integrity of the World Heritage property?

  The Integrity of the World Heritage property is intact

## 12.3.3 - Following the analysis undertaken for this report, what is the current state of the World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value?

The World Heritage property's Outstanding Universal Value has been **maintained**.

#### 12.3.4 - What is the current state of the property's other values?

Other important cultural and/or natural values are being **partially degraded** but the state of conservation of the World Heritage property has **not been significantly impacted** 

#### 12.3.5 - Comments. conclusions and/or recommendations related to the state of conservation of the property.

There are no significant threats to the main attributes of the Outstanding Universal Value. Some threats, like cane toads and other feral animals, impact on the property's other values.

#### 13. Impact of World Heritage Status

#### 13.1 - Please rate the impacts of World Heritage status of the property in relation to the following areas

Conservation	Very positive
Research and monitoring	Very positive
Management effectiveness	Very positive
Quality of life for local communities and indigenous peoples	Very positive
Recognition	Very positive
Education	Very positive
Infrastructure development	Very positive
Funding for the property	Very positive
International cooperation	Positive
Political support for conservation	Positive
Legal/Policy framework	Positive
Advocacy	Very positive

Purnululu National Park 46 of 49

Institutional coordination	Very positive
Security	Very positive
Gender equality	Positive
Provision of ecosystem services/ benefits to local communities	Positive
Social inclusion and equity, and improvement of opportunities for all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, ethnicity, origin, religion, or economic or other status	Positive
Fostering inclusive local economic development and enhancing livelihood	Positive
Contributing to conflict prevention, including respect for cultural diversity within and around heritage properties	Positive
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other', please specify	

#### 13.2 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage status and its impacts

Due to the remote location of this property some of the above factors are not as relevant.

#### 14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### 14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the property level

The management of commercial tourism operators in the Purnululu National Park is an example of good practice. Sustainability audits are conducted bi-annually to ensure the operators meet environmental best practice standards. A limited amount of licenses are available and strict licensing conditions apply to tourism operators in the Park. Best practice fire management is undertaken within Purnululu to maintain the values within the Park. Monitoring and comparing fire scar and other data is conducted each year. Management practices are then adapted based on this analysis and on ground conditions. For example the Department is now conducting prescribed burns earlier in the season as recommended by scientific advice. Areas to be burnt are assessed based on fuel load age and location. managing fire to protect values

#### 14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of best practice at the property level

Sustainable Development

Management

Governance

#### 15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

#### 15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

#### 15.1.1 - Has the Periodic Reporting process improved the understanding of the following?

The World Heritage Convention

The concept of Outstanding Universal Value

Management effectiveness to maintain the Outstanding Universal Value

Monitoring and reporting

# 15.1.2 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

State Party	Good
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
Advisory Bodies (ICOMOS, IUCN, ICCROM)	Good

#### 15.2. Use of Data

#### 15.2.1 - How do the authorities in charge of the property plan to use the data recorded from this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Update of management plans

#### 15.2.2 - Comments on use of data from the Cycle of Periodic Reporting

The exercise has been helpful to clarify priorities and next steps in management of the property.

#### 15.3. Timing and resources

#### 15.3.1 - Entities involved in the filling out of this online questionnaire (tick as many boxes as applicable)

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage

Site Manager/Coordinator World Heritage property staff

#### 15.3.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered in the filling out of this questionnaire?

Gender balance has been given limited consideration and implementation is in process.

### 15.3.3 - Were you given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in this questionnaire?

#### 15.3.4 - Please estimate the time (working hours) needed to complete this questionnaire

10/5/20/

#### 15.3.5 - Did you mobilise any additional resources to fill out this questionnaire?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.3.5.1	Human resources	×	
15.3.5.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/ training	×	

#### 15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

#### 15.4.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete this questionnaire?

Most required information was accessible.

#### 15.4.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

		Very Difficult	Difficult	Easy	Very easy
15.4.2.1	Ease of use of questionnaire				×
15.4.2.2	Clarity of questions		×		

#### 15.4.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

Some of the terminology in the survey is not commonly used and can take a while to understand. The guidance notes did help with this in most cases. Some of the questions appeared to be double ups or the answers were the same for multiple questions.

#### 15.5. Training and Guidance

#### 15.5.1 - Please rate the level of support in terms of training and guidance from the following entities in completing this questionnaire

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors/field offices)	Good
UNESCO National Commission	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable
ICCROM international/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable

#### 15.5.2 - Please rate the level of support for completing the Periodic Reporting questionnaire from the following entities

UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Good
State Party Representative (national Focal Point)	Good
UNESCO other sectors (e.g. field office)	Good
National Commission for UNESCO	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Not applicable
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable

Purnululu National Park 48 of 49

15.5.3 - Were the online training resources prepared by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for you to complete this questionnaire?

Yes

- 15.5.4 If you found that the online training resources were not adequate, what changes would you like to see implemented?
- 15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee
- 15.6.1 Summary of actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee
  - Map(s)

Reason for update: The map has been recently update on the UNESCO website - see 2021 map here: ../..//en/list/1094/multiple=1&unique\_number=1272.

• Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee
Reason for update: Factual errors: "Invasive alien species such as feral cats and more recently the imminent arrival of cane toads also requires
management." Please remove imminent from the above sentence as cane toads are now present in the Park, as of approximately 5 years ago. - Please
correct spelling on line 1 from "Purnululu NationalPark" to "Purnululu National Park"

Changes to these items will need to go through the proper processes.

- 15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.7.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise N/A
- 15.7.2 Thank you for having filled in all the questions. Please contact your National Focal Point for validation.

Purnululu National Park 49 of 49