

The Great Wall

1. World Heritage Property Data

1.1 - Name of World Heritage property

The Great Wall

1.2 - World Heritage property details

1.3 - Geographic information table

Name	Coordinates	Property (ha)	Buffer zone (ha)	Total (ha)	Inscription year
	0 / 0	?	?	?	
	0 / 0	?	?	?	
	0 / 0	?	?	?	
	0 / 0	?	?	?	
Badaling	40.35 / 116.017	573.59	805.58	1379.17	1987
Shanhaiguan	39.968 / 119.793	255.36	675.32	930.68	1987
Jiayuguan	39.8 / 98.225	1322.6	3319.9	4642.5	1987
Total (ha)		2151.55	4800.8	6952.35	

Comment

1.The original coordinates of Great Wall at Badaling have been revised:116.00684116°0 '24.624"E 40.3542440°21'15.264"N 2. Coordinates of Great Wall at Shanhaiguan:119.75248 119°45'8 .928"E 40.0083040°0 '29.880"N 3. Coordinates of Great Wall at Jiayuguan: 98 .21616411 98 °12'58.191"E 39.8013961339°48'5 .026"N

1.4 - Map(s)

Title	Date	Link to source
The Great Wall - Map showing the Badaling Section	2012	
The Great Wall - Map showing the Shanhaiguan section	2012	
The Great Wall - Map showing the Jiayuguan section	2012	

Comment

General map of the Great Wall heritage sites and revised maps of three heritage sites will be submitted, and the resolution ratio of the latter shall be above 1:2000

1.5 - Web and Social Media data of the property (if applicable)

1. [Great Wall of China \(TravelChinaGuide.com\)](http://www.travelchina.com)
2. [Meet the Great Wall \(Meet the Great Wall Studio\)](http://www.meetthegreatwall.com)
3. [Lanzhou University \(chinese only\)](http://www.lanzhouu.edu.cn)

Comment

5.China Great Wall Heritage(<http://www.greatwallheritage.cn>Chinese only) 6.Official website of Culture and Tourism Bureau of Gansu Province –Web page of Jiayuguan Scenic Area<http://wlt.gansu.gov.cn/tygs/5138.jhtml> Chinese only 7.Badaling Special Zone Office, Yanqing District, Beijing<http://www.badaling.cn> 8.Jiayuguan Silk Road/Great Wall Cultural Research Institute (Jiayuguan Monitoring Center)<http://www.gs.xinhuanet.com/zhuanti/2017/slyjy/index.htm>Chinese only

2. Other Conventions/Programmes under which the World Heritage property is protected (if applicable)

2.1 - Records indicate that your World Heritage property (in whole or in part) is designated and/or protected under the Conventions/programmes shown in the prefilled table below. Please check and amend as necessary.

		The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme	The World Heritage property (in whole or in part) <u>is not</u> designated and/or protected under this convention/programme
2.1.1	International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection (1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		

2.1.2	List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection (Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict)		×
2.1.3	The List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List) (Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention))		×
2.1.4	World Network of Biosphere Reserves Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme		×
2.1.5	Global Geoparks Network UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.2 - Please provide comments on 2.1 if necessary

2.3 - Do your national authorities intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection (if relevant) under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict for the World Heritage property in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.4 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List), if relevant, in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.5 - Do your national authorities intend to designate whole or part of the World Heritage property as a Man and Biosphere Reserve (if relevant) in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.6 - Do your national authorities intend to apply for whole or part of World Heritage property to be designated as a UNESCO Global Geopark (if relevant) in the next three years?

Not applicable

2.7 - Please indicate the level of cooperation at property level between designations under different Conventions/Programmes

2.7.1	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.2	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme	
2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	×
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	
2.7.5	UNESCO Global Geoparks	

2.7.1	There is no contact with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	✕
2.7.2	The World Heritage Site Manager occasionally communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.3	The World Heritage Site Manager regularly communicates with the Focal Point(s) of this designation/programme.	
2.7.4	The World Heritage Site Manager also manages this designation/programme.	

2.8 - Please add any further comments on cooperation with the other designation(s)/programme(s)

no comment

2.9 - Are you aware of any elements associated with the World Heritage property that have been inscribed on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage?

Yes

2.10 - Please list any elements associated with the World Heritage property inscribed under the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of which you are aware

Stele inscriptions, board and couplets (e.g. the board inscribed with "No.1 Pass in the World" and related legends, the stele inscribed with "Kai Tian Hai Yue", and the board of tower with numbers and names) are related to 20. Chinese calligraphy; the timber structures at Shanhaiguan and Jiayuguan are related to 24. Chinese traditional architectural craftsmanship for timber-framed structures; the legend of Mengjiangnu is related to 10. Yueju opera, and 23. China engraved block printing technique.

2.11 - Are you aware of any documentary heritage listed under the Memory of the World Programme associated with the World Heritage property?

No

2.12 - Please list any documentary heritage associated with the World Heritage property listed under the Memory of the World Programme of which you are aware.

No documentary heritage is associated with the Great Wall.

3. Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

3.1 - Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property as adopted by the World Heritage Committee

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Brief synthesis

The Great Wall was continuously built from the 3rd century BC to the 17th century AD on the northern border of the country as the great military defence project of successive Chinese Empires, with a total length of more than 20,000 kilometers. The Great Wall begins in the east at Shanhaiguan in Hebei province and ends at Jiayuguan in Gansu province to the west. Its main body consists of walls, horse tracks, watch towers, and shelters on the wall, and includes fortresses and passes along the Wall.

The Great Wall reflects collision and exchanges between agricultural civilizations and nomadic civilizations in ancient China. It provides significant physical evidence of the far-sighted political strategic thinking and mighty military and national defence forces of central empires in ancient China, and is an outstanding example of the superb military architecture, technology and art of ancient China. It embodies unparalleled significance as the national symbol for safeguarding the security of the country and its people.

Criterion (i): The Great Wall of the Ming is, not only because of the ambitious character of the undertaking but also the perfection of its construction, an absolute masterpiece. The only work built by human hands on this planet that can be seen from the moon, the Wall constitutes, on the vast scale of a continent, a perfect example of architecture integrated into the landscape.

Criterion (ii): During the Chunqiu period, the Chinese imposed their models of construction and organization of space in building the defence works along the northern frontier. The spread of Sinicism was accentuated by the population transfers necessitated by the Great Wall.

Criterion (iii): That the Great Wall bear exceptional testimony to the civilizations of ancient China is illustrated as much by the rammed-earth sections of fortifications dating from the Western Han that are conserved in the Gansu province as by the admirable and universally acclaimed masonry of the Ming period.

Criterion (iv): This complex and diachronic cultural property is an outstanding and unique example of a military architectural ensemble which served a single strategic purpose for 2000 years, but whose construction history illustrates successive advances in defence techniques and adaptation to changing political contexts.

Criterion (vi): The Great Wall has an incomparable symbolic significance in the history of China. Its purpose was to protect China from outside aggression, but also to preserve its culture from the customs of foreign barbarians. Because its construction implied suffering, it is one of the essential references in Chinese literature, being found in works like the "Soldier's Ballad" of Tch'en Lin (c. 200 A.D.) or the poems of Tu Fu (712-770) and the popular novels of the Ming period.

Integrity

The Great Wall integrally preserves all the material and spiritual elements and historical and cultural information that carry its outstanding universal value. The complete route of the Great Wall over 20,000 kilometers, as well as elements constructed in different historical periods which constitute the complicated defence system of the property, including walls, fortresses, passes and beacon towers, have been preserved to the present day. The building methods of the Great Wall in different times and places have been integrally maintained, while the unparalleled national and cultural significance of the Great Wall to China is still recognised today. The visual integrity of the Wall at Badaling has been impacted negatively by construction of tourist facilities and a cable car.

Authenticity

The existing elements of the Great Wall retain their original location, material, form, technology and structure. The original layout and composition of various constituents of the Great Wall defence system are maintained, while the perfect integration of the Great Wall with the topography, to form a meandering landscape feature, and the military concepts it embodies have all been authentically preserved. The authenticity of the setting of the Great Wall is vulnerable to construction of inappropriate tourism facilities.

Protection and management requirements

The various components of the Great Wall have all been listed as state or provincial priority protected sites under the *Law of the People's Republic of China on the*

Protection of Cultural Relics. The *Regulations on the Protection of the Great Wall* promulgated in 2006 is the specific legal document for the conservation and management of the Great Wall. The series of *Great Wall Conservation Plans*, which is being constantly extended and improved and covers various levels from master plan to provincial plans and specific plans, is an important guarantee of the comprehensive conservation and management of the Great Wall. China's national administration on cultural heritage, and provincial cultural heritage administrations where sections of the Great Wall are located, are responsible for guiding the local governments on the implementation of conservation and management measures for the Great Wall.

The Outstanding Universal Value of the Great Wall and all its attributes must be protected as a whole, so as to fulfill authentic, integral and permanent preservation of the property. To this end, considering the characteristics of the Great Wall, including its massive scale, transprovincial distribution and complicated conditions for its protection and conservation, management procedures and regulations, conservation interventions for the original fabric and setting, and tourism management shall be more systematic, scientific, classified, and prioritized. An efficient comprehensive management system, as well as specific conservation measures for the original fabric and setting will be established, while a harmonious relationship featuring sustainable development between heritage protection and social economy and culture can be formed. Meanwhile, the study and dissemination of the rich connotation of the property's Outstanding Universal Value shall be enhanced, so as to fully and sustainably realize the social and cultural benefits of the Great Wall.

Comment

(1) 3rd century BC was when the Great Wall was completed, while the construction started in 5th century BC; (2) Criterion i should remove “The only work built by human hands on this planet that can be seen from the moon”, which is not true; (3) the distribution areas of the Great Wall should be revised as “15 provinces including Heilongjiang,Liaoning, Jilin, Beijing, Tianjin, Hebei, Shanxi, Inner Mongolia, Henan, Shandong,Shaanxi, Ningxia, Gansu, Qinghai, and Xinjiang”

3.2 - Please list the key attributes of Outstanding Universal Value of your property and give an assessment of their condition. As a guideline, it is suggested to focus on approximately five key attributes (no more than 15 overall).

	Brief identification of attribute	Preserved	Compromised	Seriously compromised	Lost
3.2.1	Criterion-The Great Wall is an ambitious undertaking	✕			
3.2.2	Criterion -The construction itself was flawless	✕			
3.2.3	Criterion - The Great Wall is a perfect example of construction integrated into the landscape	✕			
3.2.4	Criterion - The construction concept and spatial organisation of the Great Wall brought about population movements and deepened the spread of Chinese civilisation	✕			
3.2.5	Criterion - The rammed earth and brick walls are a unique testimony to ancient civilisation	✕			
3.2.6	Criterion - The Great Wall is an outstanding and unique example of a military architectural system	✕			
3.2.7	Criterion - The history of the construction of the Great Wall reflects the continuous improvement of defence technology	✕			
3.2.8	Criterion - The history of the construction of the Great Wall reflects a response to a political environment changes	✕			
3.2.9	Criterion - The Great Wall has an unparalleled symbolism	✕			
3.2.10	Criterion - The Great Wall protects Chinese culture from the infiltration of external barbarian customs	✕			
3.2.11	Criterion - The Great Wall is an important subject in ancient Chinese literature	✕			
3.2.12					
3.2.13					
3.2.14					
3.2.15					

3.3 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

The updated data comes from the evaluation report of the Great Wall Protection Project organized and implemented by the National Cultural Heritage Administration (NCHA) from 2005 to 2014, and NCHA's report on Great Wall Enforcement Special Inspection Project from 2016 to 2017.

4. Factors Affecting the Property

4.1. Buildings and Development

4.1.1 - Housing

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant			Not relevant				
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive ✕		✕		✕			📈
🔴 Negative ✕		✕		✕		➡	

4.1.2 - Commercial development

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive ✕		✕		✕			↗
Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.1.3 - Industrial areas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.1.4 - Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive ✕		✕		✕			↗
Negative ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕		→	

4.1.5 - Interpretative and visitation facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			↗
Negative ✕		✕	✕	✕			↗

4.1.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.1 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Urbanization may negatively affect the property but it also improves the access; industrial areas outside the Jiayuguan buffer zone may affect landscape ecology; Badaling cable cars affect the landscape; renovation of the Shanhaiguan historic streets diminishes values; Scenic areas need to update perceptions and interpretation. More professionals have been involved in interpreting the property's value; the construction of facilities has enhanced the tourism experience and interpretation.

4.2. Transportation Infrastructure

4.2.1 - Ground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			↗

 Negative 							
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4.2.2 - Underground transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.2.3 - Air transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.2.4 - Marine transport infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.2.5 - Effects arising from use of transportation infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.2.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.2 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

1. Subject to the Regulations on Protection of the Great Wall, new transport facilities crossing the property needs adopt tunnels or bridges; 2. The construction of transport infrastructure will make access to the property easier; 3. The newly high-speed railway station in Badaling buffer zone has no impact on the landscape; 4. Pedestrian roads and road refurbishment were implemented in Jiayuguan in 2015

4.3. Services Infrastructures

4.3.1 - Water infrastructure

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.3.2 - Renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.3.3 - Non-renewable energy facilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.3.4 - Localised utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.3.5 - Major linear utilities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 			Negative 				

4.3.6 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.3 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

In 2015, the Jiayuguan Heritage Scenic Area constructed a wetland walkway, which is under good control. Currently energy facilities are built under or away from the Great Wall subject to the Regulations on Protection of the Great Wall. There is potential for future construction of wind power stations, base stations and pipelines around the Great Wall, which may bring negative impacts on the landscape.

4.4. Pollution

4.4.1 - Pollution of marine waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✖ Not relevant
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4.4.2 - Ground water pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✖ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✖		✖		✖	📉		

4.4.3 - Surface water pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✖ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✖		✖		✖	📉		

4.4.4 - Air pollution

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

✖ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✖		✖		✖		➡	

4.4.5 - Solid waste

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✖ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✖		✖		✖		➡	

4.4.6 - Input of excess energy

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✖ Not relevant
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4.4.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.4 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Acid rain and haze can attack the Great Wall, particularly by corroding the brick structure and its inscriptions. Litter by visitors can have a negative impact on the environment of the Great Wall. No significant impact on the Great Wall from pollution caused by industrial production has been identified.

4.5. Biological resource use/modification

4.5.1 - Fishing/collecting aquatic resources

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.2 - Aquaculture

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.3 - Land conversion

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕		✕		✕	📉		

4.5.4 - Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕		✕		✕		➡	

4.5.5 - Crop production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕		✕	✕	✕		➡	

4.5.6 - Commercial wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.7 - Subsistence wild plant collection

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.8 - Commercial hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.9 - Subsistence hunting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.10 - Forestry/Wood production

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.5.11 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.5 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

4.6. Physical resource extraction

4.6.1 - Mining

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.6.2 - Quarrying

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.6.3 - Oil and gas

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.6.4 - Water (extraction)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.6.5 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.6 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Not relevant

4.7. Local conditions affecting physical fabric

4.7.1 - Wind

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant	Not relevant						
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔥 Current	🔨 Potential	📍 Inside	🌿 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕	✕	✕		✕		➡	

4.7.2 - Relative humidity

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 			Negative 				

4.7.3 - Temperature

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.7.4 - Radiation/Light

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
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4.7.5 - Dust

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.7.6 - Water (rain/water table)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.7.7 - Pests

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Inside

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.7.8 - Micro-organisms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

 Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.7.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.7 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The natural factors are a major cause of heritage damage to the Great Wall, which is preserved in the open countryside; strong winds may lead to structural instability and collapse of the Great Wall; large temperature differences between day and night, and freezing and thawing may cause the brickwork to break up; flooding may destroy the Great Wall; micro-organisms and vegetation growth all pose a threat the Great Wall, in particular its brick and rammed earth structures.

4.8. Social/Cultural uses of heritage

4.8.1 - Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕				↗
 Negative							

4.8.2 - Society's valuing of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕		✕			↗
 Negative							

4.8.3 - Indigenous hunting, gathering and collecting

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.8.4 - Changes in traditional ways of life and knowledge system

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.8.5 - Identity, social cohesion, changes in local population and community

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.8.6 - Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕			→	
 Negative ✕		✕	✕	✕		→	

4.8.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.8 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

In 2019, 924 residents were engaged in work and business related to the Great Wall heritage site, and the protection and management agency made a total income of RMB 12,935,000 from business and services. Interpretation of the property requires professionals and relevant training programs, so as to avoid misconceptions. The Great Wall serves as a venue for cultural and commercial activities, increasing community income and creating economic benefits. Badaling is often ove

4.9. Other human activities

4.9.1 - Illegal activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔥 Current	🔨 Potential	📍 Inside	📍 Outside	↘ Decreasing	→ Stable	↗ Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.9.2 - Deliberate destruction of heritage

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔥 Current	🔨 Potential	📍 Inside	📍 Outside	↘ Decreasing	→ Stable	↗ Increasing
🟢 Positive							
🔴 Negative ✕	✕	✕		✕	↘		

4.9.3 - Military training

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.9.4 - War

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
----------	--	--	--	----------------	--	--	--

4.9.5 - Terrorism

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.9.6 - Civil unrest

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
----------	--	--	--	----------------	--	--	--

4.9.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.9 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Enforcement inspections of the Great Wall are enhanced. China's stable social environment guarantees the survival of the Great Wall. Uncivilized behaviour such as carving and graffiti on the Great Wall persists. Punishment Measures for Damaging Cultural Heritagein the Badaling Great Wall Scenic Area" and the "Grid-based Management Measures for Cultural Heritage Protection in the Badaling Great Wall Scenic Area" are introduced, which significantly reduced uncivilized behaviour.

4.10. Climate change and severe weather events

4.10.1 - Storms

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.10.2 - Flooding

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

 Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.10.3 - Drought

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
----------	--

4.10.4 - Desertification

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Current, Outside

Relevant	 Not relevant
----------	--

4.10.5 - Changes to oceanic waters

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
----------	--

4.10.6 - Temperature change

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

 Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive							
 Negative 							

4.10.7 - Other climate change impacts

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
----------	--

4.10.8 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.10 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Records of lightning damage to the Great Wall since the Ming Dynasty are kept in the literature. Lightning protection measures have been taken at Badaling and Shanhaiguan and are now well controlled. In 2015, the Jiayuguan Pass was hit by heavy rain, causing water to accumulate in the pass; in 2017 windy weather occurred frequently. Desert management, environmental improvements, revegetation, rising water tables and increased humidity have exposed Jiayuguan to the threat of flooding.

4.11. Sudden ecological or geological events

4.11.1 - Volcanic eruption

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	 Not relevant
----------	--

4.11.2 - Earthquake

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Negative, Potential, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.11.3 - Tsunami/Tidal wave

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.11.4 - Avalanche/Landslide

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative ✕		✕		✕	↓		

4.11.5 - Erosion and siltation/Deposition

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.11.6 - Fire (wildfire)

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	Current	Potential	Inside	Outside	Decreasing	Stable	Increasing
Positive							
Negative ✕		✕		✕		→	

4.11.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.11 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

The Shanhaiguan and Jiayuguan sections of the Great Wall are threatened by earthquakes; the Shanhaiguan section is adjacent to the sea and is potentially threatened by tsunamis; the Shanhaiguan, Badaling and Jiayuguan sections all have timber structures and care should be taken to prevent fires from lightning strikes; ecological improvements have been evident in recent years and the Great Wall is less threatened by landslide damage.

4.12. Invasive/alien species or hyper-abundant species

4.12.1 - Translocated species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant				✕ Not relevant			
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4.12.2 - Invasive/Alien terrestrial species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.12.3 - Invasive/Alien freshwater species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.12.4 - Invasive/Alien marine species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.12.5 - Hyper-abundant species

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.12.6 - Modified genetic material

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
----------	----------------

4.12.7 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.12 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

Not relevant

4.13. Management and institutional factors

4.13.1 - Management system/Management plan

✕ Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
➕ Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			📈
➖ Negative							

4.13.2 - Legal framework

✕ Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
➕ Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			📈
➖ Negative							

4.13.3 - Governance

✕ Relevant	Not relevant
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	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	🔴 Current	🟡 Potential	🟢 Inside	🟢 Outside	📉 Decreasing	➡ Stable	📈 Increasing
➕ Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			📈
➖ Negative							

4.13.4 - Management activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			
 Negative							

4.13.5 - Financial resources

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			
 Negative							

4.13.6 - Human resources

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			
 Negative							

4.13.7 - Low impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Relevant, Positive, Current, Outside

✕ Relevant				Not relevant			
	Impact		Origin		Trend of impact		
Impact	 Current	 Potential	 Inside	 Outside	 Decreasing	 Stable	 Increasing
 Positive ✕	✕	✕	✕	✕			
 Negative							

4.13.8 - High impact research/monitoring activities

Previous answer Cycle 2 (29/07/2011):

- Not relevant

Relevant	✕ Not relevant
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4.13.9 - Please comment as necessary on how the factors selected as relevant in 4.13 are affecting the property either negatively or positively

In 2012, the survey and identification of resources presented a clear picture of the Great Wall. In the same year, the China World Cultural Heritage Monitoring Centre was established; since 2014, the National Cultural Heritage Administration and local governments have set up various systems and standards; from 2016 to 2017, special inspections of Great Wall enforcement improved the Great Wall's overall protection; in 2019, the Great Wall Protection Master Plan was issued.

4.14. Other factor(s)

4.14.1 - Other factor(s)

4.15. Factors Summary Table

4.15.1 - Factors Summary Table

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.1 Buildings and Development						
4.1.1 Housing						
						
4.1.2 Commercial development						
						

4.1.3 Industrial areas						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	⊕		⚡		🔄	↗
	⊖	⚡	⚡	⊕	🔄	➡
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	⊕	⚡	⚡	⊕	🔄	↗
	⊖		⚡	⊕	🔄	↗
4.2 Transportation Infrastructure						
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	⊕	⚡	⚡	⊕	🔄	↗
	⊖		⚡	⊕	🔄	➡
4.3 Services Infrastructures						
4.3.5 Major linear utilities						
	⊖	⚡	⚡		🔄	➡
4.4 Pollution						
4.4.2 Ground water pollution						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	↘
4.4.3 Surface water pollution						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	↘
4.4.4 Air pollution						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.4.5 Solid waste						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.5 Biological resource use/modification						
4.5.3 Land conversion						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	↘
4.5.4 Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.5.5 Crop production						
	⊖		⚡	⊕	🔄	➡
4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric						
4.7.1 Wind						
	⊖	⚡	⚡		🔄	➡
4.7.2 Relative humidity						
	⊖	⚡	⚡		🔄	↗
4.7.3 Temperature						
	⊖	⚡	⚡		🔄	➡
4.7.5 Dust						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	↗
4.7.7 Pests						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡
4.7.8 Micro-organisms						
	⊖		⚡		🔄	➡

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage						
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses						
4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage						
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation						
4.9 Other human activities						
4.9.1 Illegal activities						
4.9.2 Deliberate destruction of heritage						
4.10 Climate change and severe weather events						
4.10.1 Storms						
4.10.2 Flooding						
4.10.6 Temperature change						
4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events						
4.11.2 Earthquake						
4.11.3 Tsunami/Tidal wave						
4.11.4 Avalanche/Landslide						
4.11.6 Fire (wildfire)						
4.13 Management and institutional factors						
4.13.1 Management system/Management plan						
4.13.2 Legal framework						
4.13.3 Governance						
4.13.4 Management activities						
4.13.5 Financial resources						
4.13.6 Human resources						
4.13.7 Low impact research/monitoring activities						

Legend	 Current	 Potential	 Negative	 Positive	 Inside	 Outside
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4.16. Assessment of current and potential positive and negative factors

4.16.1 - Assessment of current and potential negative and positive factors

4.1 Buildings and Development

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.1.1 Housing	 		
	 		

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☒	Restricted
☐	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☒	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic
☐	Frequent
☐	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
☒	Insignificant
☐	Minor
☐	Significant
☐	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
☐	High capacity
☒	Medium capacity
☐	Low capacity
☐	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
☐	Decreasing
☒	Static
☐	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.1.2 Commercial development	 		
	 		

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☐	Restricted
☒	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	

	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
✕	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.1.3 Industrial areas			
			 

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.1.4 Major visitor accommodation and associated infrastructure	  	 	
	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.1.5 Interpretative and visitation facilities	  	 	
	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
✕	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

	One off or rare
--	-----------------

✕	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
✕	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

4.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.2.1 Ground transport infrastructure	  	 	
	 	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.3 Services Infrastructures

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.3.5 Major linear utilities						
	⊖	🚧	🚧		🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.4 Pollution

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.4.2 Ground water pollution						
	⊖		🚧		🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised

	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.4.3 Surface water pollution						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity

	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.4.4 Air pollution			
			 

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
✕	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.4.5 Solid waste			
			 

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised

	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.5 Biological resource use/modification

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.5.3 Land conversion						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	

✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
✕	Decreasing
	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.5.4 Livestock farming/Grazing of domesticated animals			
	⊖ 📢	🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.5.5 Crop production			
	⊖ 📢	🔄 🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted

	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.7 Local conditions affecting physical fabric

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.7.1 Wind						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted
	Localised
✕	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.7.2 Relative humidity			
	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.7.3 Temperature			
	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
---	--

✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.7.5 Dust						
	⊖		📢		🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
☒	High capacity
☐	Medium capacity
☐	Low capacity
☐	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
☐	Decreasing
☒	Static
☐	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.7.6 Water (rain/water table)	☐	☐	☐
	☒	☒	☒

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☐	Restricted
☒	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☐	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic
☐	Frequent
☒	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
☐	Insignificant
☐	Minor
☒	Significant
☐	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
☐	High capacity
☒	Medium capacity
☐	Low capacity
☐	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
☐	Decreasing
☐	Static
☒	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.7.7 Pests	☐	☐	☐
	☒	☒	☒

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
---	--

✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.7.8 Micro-organisms						
	⊖		📢		🔄	➡

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.8 Social/Cultural uses of heritage

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.8.1 Ritual/Spiritual/Religious and associative uses						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.8.2 Society's valuing of heritage						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Restricted

✕

Localised

Extensive

Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

One off or rare

✕

Intermittent or sporadic

Frequent

On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

Insignificant

Minor

✕

Significant

Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

✕

High capacity

Medium capacity

Low capacity

No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

Decreasing

Static

✕

Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.8.6 Impacts of tourism/Visitation/Recreation			
			

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

Restricted

Localised

✕

Extensive

Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

One off or rare

Intermittent or sporadic

✕

Frequent

On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

Insignificant

Minor

✕	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

4.9 Other human activities

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.9.1 Activités illégales						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
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4.9.2 Destruction délibérée du patrimoine							

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☒	Restricted
☐	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☒	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic
☐	Frequent
☐	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
☒	Insignificant
☐	Minor
☐	Significant
☐	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
☐	High capacity
☒	Medium capacity
☐	Low capacity
☐	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
☐	Decreasing
☒	Static
☐	Increasing

4.10 Climate change and severe weather events

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.10.1 Tempêtes			

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☒	Restricted
☐	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☒	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic
☐	Frequent
☐	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.10.2 Inondations						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.10.6 Températures extrêmes			
			 

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☒	Restricted
☐	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☐	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic
☐	Frequent
☒	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
☒	Insignificant
☐	Minor
☐	Significant
☐	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
☐	High capacity
☒	Medium capacity
☐	Low capacity
☐	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
☐	Decreasing
☒	Static
☐	Increasing

4.11 Sudden ecological or geological events

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.11.2 Tremblement de terre			
			 

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
☒	Restricted
☐	Localised
☐	Extensive
☐	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
☒	One off or rare
☐	Intermittent or sporadic

	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin		Trend
4.11.3 Tsunami/raz-de-marée						
						

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing

✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.11.4 Avalanche/glissement de terrain			

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact

✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.11.6 Incendies d'origine naturelle			

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

✕	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact

✕	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic

	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
✕	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
✕	Static
	Increasing

4.13 Management and institutional factors

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.1 Système de gestion/plan de gestion	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
✕	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
✕	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	

	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.2 Cadre juridique	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
✕	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact

	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
✕	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Development over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.3 Gouvernance	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
	Localised
	Extensive
✕	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact

	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic

	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
	Minor
	Significant
✕	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.4 Activités de gestion	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted
✕	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurrence of the impact	
	One off or rare
✕	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
	Minor
✕	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Development over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing

✕	Static
	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.5 Ressources financières	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
✕	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

	One off or rare
✕	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
	On-going

Impact - Impact on the attributes

	Insignificant
	Minor
✕	Significant
	Major

Management response - Capacity of management to respond

✕	High capacity
	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources

Trend - Developement over the last 6 years

	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact	Origin	Trend
4.13.6 Ressources humaines	  	 	

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor

	Restricted
✕	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread

Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact

	One off or rare
✕	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent

	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
	Minor
✕	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static
✕	Increasing

Name	Impact			Origin	Trend
4.13.7 Activités de recherche/de suivi à faible impact					

Spatial scale - Area affected by the factor	
	Restricted
✕	Localised
	Extensive
	Widespread
Temporal scale - Occurence of the impact	
	One off or rare
	Intermittent or sporadic
	Frequent
✕	On-going
Impact - Impact on the attributes	
	Insignificant
✕	Minor
	Significant
	Major
Management response - Capacity of management to respond	
	High capacity
✕	Medium capacity
	Low capacity
	No capacity and / or resources
Trend - Developement over the last 6 years	
	Decreasing
	Static

×	Increasing
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4.17. Serial inscriptions (national or transnational)

4.17.1 - Si votre bien fait l'objet d'une inscription en série (nationale ou transnationale), identifiez les éléments du bien impactés par chaque facteur

4.1.1 Shanhaiguan 4.1.2 Shanhaiguan, Badaling 4.1.3 Jiayuguan 4.1.4 Shanhaiguan, Badaling 4.1.5 All 4.2.1 All 4.3.5 All 4.4.2 Jiayuguan 4.4.3 Jiayuguan 4.4.4 All 4.4.5 All 4.5.4 Jiayuguan 4.7.1 Jiayuguan 4.7.2 All 4.7.3 All 4.7.5- 4.7.8 All 4.8.1 All 4.8.2 Shanhaiguan, Badaling 4.8.6 All 4.9.1 All 4.9.2 All 4.10.1 Shanhaiguan, Jiayuguan 4.10.2 Shanhaiguan, Jiayuguan 4.10.6 All 4.11.2 All 4.11.3 Shanhaiguan 4.11.4 Badaling 4.11.6 All 4.13.1- 4.13.7 All

4.18. Prediction of the state of conservation at next cycle of Periodic Reporting.

4.18.1 - Évaluez l'état de conservation de chaque attribut dans environ 6 ans (prochain cycle de soumission des Rapports périodiques).

	Attribut	Préservé	Compromis	Gravement compromis	Perdu
4.18.1.1	The ambitious character of the undertaking of the Ming Great Wall is an absolute masterpiece.	×			
4.18.1.2	the Great Wall is an outstanding and unique example of a military architectural ensemble	×			
4.18.1.3	The Great Wall is a perfect example of architecture integrated into the landscape.	×			
4.18.1.4	the incomparable symbolic significance in the history of China	×			
4.18.1.5	The Great Wall is one of the essential references in Chinese literature.	×			

5. Protection and Management of the Property

5.1. Boundaries and Buffer Zones

5.1.1 - Les limites du bien du patrimoine mondial sont-elles adéquates pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle de ce bien ?

Les limites **ne sont pas appropriées** pour assurer le maintien de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien dans la mesure où **certains attributs du bien se trouvent en dehors de ses limites**

5.1.2 - Les limites du bien du patrimoine mondial sont-elles connues et reconnues ?

Les limites **sont connues** par l'autorité de gestion et les communautés locales/propriétaires

5.1.3 - La/les zone(s) tampon(s) du bien du patrimoine mondial est/sont-elle(s) adéquate(s) pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle de ce bien ?

Des insuffisances au niveau de la zone tampon **rendent difficile le maintien de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien.**

5.1.4 - Les limites de la zone tampon sont-elles connues et reconnues ?

Les zones tampons du bien du patrimoine mondial **sont connues et reconnues par l'autorité de gestion mais ne sont pas connues par les communautés locales/propriétaires.**

5.1.5 - Remarques, conclusions et/ou recommandations relatives aux limites et zones tampons du bien du patrimoine mondial

The historic streets within the Shanhaiguan Pass are not included in the property and the buffer zone is narrow. It is recommended that the buffer zone be expanded to include the historic streets within the property and refine the boundaries. Part of the Badaling Great Wall property is located within the buffer zone.

5.2. Protective Measures

5.2.1 - Désignation des mesures de protection (juridiques, réglementaires, contractuelles, liées à la planification, institutionnelles et/ou traditionnelles).

The Great Wall is under the protection of THE CONSTITUTION, THE CRIMINAL LAW, THE STATE LAW FOR THE PRESERVATION OF CULTURAL RELICS, THE LAW OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Some sections of the Great Wall have been designated as the State Priority Protected Cultural Heritage Site. For example, the Shanhaiguan Pass, the Jiayuguan Pass, the Badaling etc. With the progress of the Conservation Project of the Great Wall, the identification of the Great Wall is underway and more sections will be designated as the State Priority Protected Cultural Heritage Site based on the scientific research and following the routine procedure.

Source: Periodic Reporting Cycle 2

5.2.2 - Indiquez les législations et autres mesures (réglementaires, y compris en matière d'aménagement du territoire, contractuelles, institutionnelles ou traditionnelles) qui n'apparaissent pas au point 5.2.1 et précisez la catégorie à laquelle elles appartiennent.

2006 / Regulations on Protection of the Great Wall / National-level regulation for Great Wall protection issued by the State Council, the first legal document in China to address a single cultural heritage, setting out the principles of Great Wall protection, the main responsibilities of the government, prohibited acts and penalties /

2014 / Guidance on the Conservation and Renovation of the Great Wall / Provides the technical principles and operational methods for the implementation of the Great Wall conservation project /

2014 / Guidance on the 'Four Haves' of the Great Wall / Provides principles on the delineation of the protected area and construction control zone of the Great Wall, the specifications and numbers of protection signs, the establishment of protection agencies and the content of record files /

2016 / Guidance on Great Wall Enforcement Patrol / To stipulate the responsible agencies, work descriptions, work principles and work requirements for enforcement inspections of the Great Wall /
2016 / Great Wall Inspector Management Scheme / Detailed provisions are made for the selection, job descriptions, working methods and funding arrangements for the grass-roots Great Wall Inspectors /
2019 / Regulations on the Protection of the Great Wall of Gansu Province / The first provincial law on the protection and management of the Great Wall, applicable to the Jiayuguan Pass /
2016 / Measures for the Protection of the Great Wall of Hebei Province / Hebei provincial Great Wall protection regulations, applicable to Shanhaiguan /
20032018 Amendment / Measures for the Protection and Management of the Great Wall of Beijing / Beijing municipal-level Great Wall protection regulations, applicable to Badaling /
2014 / Measures on Protection and Management of Cultural Heritageof Jiayuguan City / Local regulatory document /
2016 / Security Rules for the Great Wall of Shanhaiguan / Internal system of protection and management agencies /
2016 / Measures on the Protection and Management of Great Wall at Shanhaiguan District / Local regulatory document /
2016 / Emergency Plan for Cultural Heritage Security of Cultural Heritage Bureau of Shanhaiguan District / Internal system of protection and management agencies /
2018 / Regulations on the Protection of Great Wall at Qinhuangdao / Local regulatory document /
2016 / Conservation and Planning Scheme for Dongluocheng at Shanhaiguan / Cultural heritage conservation planning scheme /

5.2.3 - Le cadre juridique (à savoir la législation et/ou la réglementation y compris en matière d'aménagement du territoire) est-il adéquat pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien, y compris les conditions d'intégrité et/ou d'authenticité, du bien ?
Le cadre juridique destiné à maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle incluant les conditions d'authenticité et/ou d'intégrité du bien du patrimoine mondial est adapté pour assurer une gestion et une protection efficaces.

5.2.4 - Le cadre juridique (à savoir la législation et/ou la réglementation) est-il adéquat dans la zone tampon pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien, y compris les conditions d'intégrité et/ou d'authenticité ?

Le **cadre juridique** de la zone tampon destiné à maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle incluant les conditions d'authenticité et/ou d'intégrité du bien du patrimoine mondial est **adapté pour assurer une gestion et une protection efficaces**.

5.2.5 - Le cadre juridique (à savoir la législation et/ou la réglementation) pour l'environnement général du bien du patrimoine mondial est-il adéquat pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien, y compris les conditions d'intégrité et/ou d'authenticité ?

Le cadre juridique pour l'environnement général du bien du patrimoine mondial constitue une **base appropriée pour une gestion et une protection efficaces du bien**, tout en contribuant au maintien de sa **valeur universelle exceptionnelle incluant les conditions d'authenticité et/ou d'intégrité du bien**.

5.2.6 - Le cadre juridique (à savoir la législation et/ou la réglementation) peut-il être appliqué ?

On dispose de **capacités/ressources appropriées** pour faire appliquer les mesures législatives et/ou réglementaires dans le périmètre du bien du patrimoine mondial.

5.2.7 - Indiquez brièvement comment la législation, y compris l'aménagement du territoire et les autres réglementations, fonctionne en pratique.

In 2006, Regulations on the Protection of Great Wall were issued. Since 2016, the Regulations on the Protection and Management of Great Wall of Gansu, Hebei and Shanxi provinces have been promulgated in succession, and all 15 provinces along the Great Wall have completed the Great Wall protection plans. In 2019, the Great Wall Protection Master Plan was issued. In 2018 Beijing Municipal Government revised the Measures for the Protection and Management of the Great Wall of Beijing.

5.2.8 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations relatives aux mesures prises pour protéger le bien du patrimoine mondial

At present, the legal framework for the protection and management of the Great Wall at the national, provincial and local levels has been set up, but there is still a need for governments and administrative departments of cultural heritage at all levels to set up complementary systems and formulate complementary policies and enhance the operability of such legal and regulatory documents.

5.3. Management System/Management Plan

5.3.1 - Cochez la/les case(s) décrivant le mieux le système de gouvernance et de gestion du bien

Système de gestion public local/national conjoint

Si vous avez choisi « Autre », précisez

5.3.2 - Système de gestion : indiquez quel(s) outil(s) de gestion ci-après est/sont utilisé(s) pour aider à protéger le bien.

Un plan officiel de gestion ou un plan de zonage du bien.
Des mécanismes de gouvernance encourageant et respectant les pratiques, connaissances et utilisations traditionnelles du bien.
Des « protocoles d'accord » conclus par des institutions de gestion, des groupes ou autres, y compris des documents acceptés par les communautés locales pour la gestion.
Des mécanismes visant à promouvoir la participation équilibrée de groupes, y compris différents niveaux d'autorité, les communautés locales, les peuples autochtones, les femmes et les hommes et d'autres groupes particuliers.
Un cadre de développement économique inclusif, avec un accès et un partage équilibré des ressources et des opportunités liées à la protection du bien.
Un « code de bonne pratique » établi par les communautés locales ou d'autres groupes.
Un code de bonne pratique établi par le secteur.
Un plan de gestion intégré couvrant le patrimoine mondial et d'autres désignations.

Un plan de gestion.
Un plan annuel de travail ou d'activités.
Un plan de gestion des visiteurs/de la fréquentation.

5.3.3 - Décrivez brièvement le système de gestion établi pour votre bien

As per requirements of the Law of the PRC on the Protection of Cultural Relics, the protection and management of the Great Wall follows the principle of territorial management. At present, 485 institutions are responsible for the protection and management of the Great Wall, and special institutions have been set up in Inner Mongolia and Zhangjiakou City. The Great Wall Protection Research Office of the Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage is a national institution.

5.3.4 - Documents de gestion

Comment

Since the 1990s, special legal documents for the protection and management of the Great Wall have been issued. Since the second round of the Periodic Report, the nation has issued and implemented the Guidance on the Protection and Renovation of the Great Wall, the Guidance on the 'Four Haves' of the Great Wall, the Measures for the Great Wall Inspector Management, the Measures for the Great Wall Enforcement Inspection, the Great Wall Protection Master Plan, etc.

5.3.5 - La Recommandation concernant le paysage urbain historique (2011) a-t-elle été utilisée pour développer les politiques et bonnes pratiques de protection du bien ?

La Recommandation concernant le paysage urbain historique de 2011 **n'a pas été utilisée.**

5.3.6 - Si la Recommandation concernant le paysage urbain historique (2011) a été utilisée pour ce bien, décrivez brièvement les mesures prises.

This document may apply to the Great Wall at Shanhaiguan.

5.3.7 - Le document d'orientation sur les impacts du changement climatique sur le patrimoine mondial a-t-il été utilisé pour le bien ?

Le document d'orientation sur les impacts du changement climatique **n'a pas été utilisé.**

5.3.8 - Si le document d'orientation sur les impacts du changement climatique a été utilisé, décrivez brièvement les mesures prises, ainsi que les études effectuées sur les effets du changement climatique sur le bien :

no comment

5.3.9 - La Stratégie pour réduire les risques liés aux catastrophes sur les biens du patrimoine mondial a-t-elle été utilisée pour ce bien ?

La Stratégie pour réduire les risques liés aux catastrophes sur les biens du patrimoine mondial **n'a pas été utilisée.**

5.3.10 - Si la Stratégie pour réduire les risques liés aux catastrophes sur les biens du patrimoine mondial a été utilisée, décrivez brièvement les mesures prises

This document may apply to the Great Wall at Jiayuguan.

5.3.11 - Les différents niveaux de l'administration (à savoir national/fédéral, régional/provincial/état, local/municipal, etc.) intervenant dans la gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial sont-ils bien coordonnés ?

Il y a une **coordination** entre les entités administratives impliquées dans la gestion du bien, **mais elle pourrait être améliorée.**

5.3.12 - Le système/plan de gestion est-il adéquat pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien ?

Le système/plan de gestion est **tout à fait adapté** pour maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien.

5.3.13 - Le système/plan de gestion est-il mis en œuvre ?

Le système/plan de gestion est **totalement mis en œuvre et son suivi est assuré.**

5.3.14 - Existe-t-il un plan de travail/d'action annuel et est-il mis en œuvre ?

Il **existe** un plan de travail/plan d'action annuel **et la plupart des activités sont mises en œuvre.**

5.3.15 - Le système de gestion intègre-t-il des mécanismes et procédures formels pour assurer la participation et la contribution des groupes suivants, vivant dans les limites ou à proximité du bien du patrimoine mondial et/ou de la zone tampon, aux décisions de gestion maintenant la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien ?

		Sans objet	Pas de mécanismes de participation	Une certaine participation	Participation directe	Participation évolutive à tous les processus de décision pertinents
5.3.15.1	Communautés locales			×		
5.3.15.2	Collectivités locales				×	
5.3.15.3	Propriétaires dans le périmètre du bien et de la zone tampon	×				
5.3.15.4	Peuples autochtones	×				
5.3.15.5	Femmes				×	
5.3.15.6	Autres groupes spécifiques	×				
	Si vous avez choisi « Autres groupes spécifiques », veuillez préciser					

5.3.16 - Évaluez la coopération/relation entre les gestionnaires/coordonateurs/personnel du bien du patrimoine mondial et les groupes suivants

		Sans objet	Pas de coopération/relation	Faible	Moyenne	Bonne
5.3.16.1	Communautés locales					×
5.3.16.2	Autorités locales/municipales				×	
5.3.16.3	Peuples autochtones	×				
5.3.16.4	Propriétaires fonciers	×				
5.3.16.5	Femmes					×
5.3.16.6	Jeunes/enfants				×	
5.3.16.7	Chercheurs					×
5.3.16.8	Visiteurs locaux/touristes				×	
5.3.16.9	Touristes nationaux/internationaux				×	
5.3.16.10	Secteur touristique				×	
5.3.16.11	Entreprises et industries locales			×		
5.3.16.12	ONG				×	
5.3.16.13	Autres groupes spécifiques					
	Si vous avez choisi « Autres groupes spécifiques », veuillez préciser					

5.3.17 - Évaluez de quelle manière le système de gestion de votre bien contribue à atteindre les objectifs de la Politique pour l'intégration d'une perspective de développement durable dans les processus de la Convention du patrimoine mondial

		Sans objet	Pas de contribution	Contribution limitée	Contribution importante	Parfaite réalisation des objectifs
5.3.17.1	Le système de gestion du bien contribue à l'égalité des genres.				×	
5.3.17.2	Le système de gestion du bien offre des services / avantages à la communauté locale au niveau de l'écosystème (par ex. air, eau, aliments, plantes médicinales).	×				
5.3.17.3	Le système de gestion du bien contribue à l'inclusion sociale et l'équité, en améliorant les opportunités pour tous, indépendamment de l'âge, du sexe, du handicap, de l'origine ethnique ou autre, de la religion, du milieu économique ou de toute autre considération.				×	
5.3.17.4	Le système de gestion du bien intègre une approche fondée sur les droits de l'homme.				×	
5.3.17.5	Le système de gestion du bien contribue à favoriser le développement économique inclusif local et à améliorer les moyens de subsistance.		×			
5.3.17.6	Le système de gestion du bien contribue à la prévention des conflits, en respectant la diversité culturelle dans le périmètre et à proximité des biens du patrimoine.				×	

5.3.18 - Commentaires supplémentaires concernant l'évaluation du système de gestion ci-dessus

5.3.19 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations relatives au système/plan de gestion

6. Financial and Human Resources

6.1. Funding

6.1.1 - Si vos sources de financement ne correspondent pas exactement à celles indiquées, inscrivez les sommes correspondant au type de financement qui représente votre situation avec le plus de justesse et utilisez la boîte de commentaires pour plus de détails.

		Frais de projets	Frais courants
6.1.1.1	Financement multilatéral (FEM, Banque mondiale, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.2	Financement international bilatéral	%	%
6.1.1.3	Fonds du patrimoine mondial (Assistance internationale)	%	%
6.1.1.4	Contribution des autres conventions et programmes	%	%
6.1.1.5	Dons internationaux (ONG, fondations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.6	Gouvernemental (national/fédéral)	5 %	%

6.1.1.7	Gouvernemental (régional, provincial, État central)	25 %	5 %
6.1.1.8	Gouvernemental (local/municipal)	%	%
6.1.1.9	Dons nationaux (ONG, fondations, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.10	Frais payés par les visiteurs (par ex. entrée, toilettes, parking, camping, etc.)	70 %	95 %
6.1.1.11	Activités commerciales (par ex. merchandising et restauration, permis pour filmer, concessions, etc.)	%	%
6.1.1.12	Autre	%	%
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.2 - Commentez ci-après les autres sources de financement qui ne sont pas indiquées ci-avant

In 2019, a total of RMB 280 million were spent on the operations of the Great Wall heritage sites, of which 5% was from local financial expenditure and 95% was self-financing; RMB 62.76 million was spent on projects, of which 5% was from central financial expenditure, 25% was from local financial expenditure and 70% was self-financing.

6.1.3 - Le budget actuel est-il suffisant pour gérer de manière efficace le bien du patrimoine mondial ?

Le budget dont on dispose **est approprié** pour gérer efficacement le bien du patrimoine mondial.

6.1.4 - Les sources actuelles de financement sont-elles assurées et ont-elles des chances de le rester ?

Les sources actuelles de financement sont **assurées à moyen et long termes**.

6.1.5 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations relatives au financement et aux infrastructures

The property's operating funds are mainly self-financing, and the funds for conservation projects are mainly from central and provincial governments. Local financial support in some areas has exceeded that of the central government. This reflects the increased awareness and motivation of local governments and cultural heritage authorities to protect the Great Wall. However, the scale of the Great Wall is huge and maintenance costs are high, and social funding needs to be encouraged.

6.1.6 - Estimez la participation des hommes et des femmes à la gestion, la conservation et l'interprétation des biens du patrimoine mondial et dans quelle mesure ils sont issus des communautés locales.

		Issus des communautés locales %	Issus d'ailleurs %
6.1.6.1	Hommes	90 %	50 %
6.1.6.2	Femmes	10 %	50 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

6.1.7 - Les ressources humaines disponibles sont-elles suffisantes pour gérer le bien du patrimoine mondial ?

Les ressources humaines sont **adaptées** aux besoins de la gestion.

6.1.8 - Concernant les besoins en matière de gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial, veuillez évaluer la disponibilité des professionnels dans les disciplines suivantes

Conservation	Disponibilité moyenne
Durabilité environnementale	Disponibilité moyenne
Participation et inclusion des communautés	Disponibilité moyenne
Préparation aux risques	Disponibilité moyenne
Renforcement des compétences et éducation	Disponibilité moyenne
Administration	Disponibilité moyenne
Recherche et suivi	Disponibilité moyenne
Sensibilisation et communication des informations publiques	Disponibilité moyenne
Marketing et promotion	Bonne disponibilité
Interprétation	Disponibilité moyenne
Gestion des visiteurs / tourisme	Disponibilité moyenne
Gardiennage, police	Disponibilité moyenne

6.1.9 - Pour la gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial, veuillez noter la disponibilité de formations dans les disciplines énumérées

Conservation	Bonne disponibilité
Durabilité environnementale	Disponibilité moyenne
Participation et inclusion des communautés	Bonne disponibilité
Préparation aux risques	Disponibilité moyenne
Renforcement des capacités et éducation	Disponibilité moyenne

Administration	Bonne disponibilité
Recherche et suivi	Bonne disponibilité
Sensibilisation et communication des informations publiques	Disponibilité moyenne
Marketing et promotion	Disponibilité moyenne
Interprétation	Disponibilité moyenne
Gestion des visiteurs/tourisme	Disponibilité moyenne
Forces de l'ordre (gardiennage, police)	Disponibilité moyenne

6.1.10 - La Stratégie de renforcement des capacités du patrimoine mondial a-t-elle été utilisée pour le bien ?

La Stratégie de renforcement des capacités du patrimoine mondial **n'a pas été utilisée**.

6.1.11 - Si la Stratégie de renforcement des capacités du patrimoine mondial a été utilisée, décrivez brièvement les mesures prises.

In 2019, the total number of staff in the management bodies of the Great Wall is 1,207, including 931 in Badaling, 156 in Shanhaiguan and 120 in Jiayuguan. About 27% have a bachelor's degree or above.

6.1.12 - Existe-t-il des plans ou programmes de renforcement des compétences sur site pour développer l'expertise locale et permettre le transfert des compétences pour la conservation et la gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial ?

Un plan ou programme local de renforcement des compétences **est en place et partiellement mis en œuvre** ; certaines compétences techniques sont transmises à ceux qui gèrent le bien localement, **mais le travail technique est effectué pour l'essentiel par du personnel extérieur**.

6.1.13 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant les ressources humaines, l'expertise et la formation

National Cultural Heritage Administration has organized annual training courses on the protection and management of the Great Wall and civil society organizations have been working with specialist institutions to train Great Wall conservators. The Great Wall continues to carry out training programs concerning protection and management theory and technology, monitoring theory and technology, history and culture, and security and firefighting.

7. Scientific Studies and Research Projects

7.1 - A-t-on une connaissance appropriée (scientifique ou traditionnelle) des valeurs et attributs du bien du patrimoine mondial permettant de soutenir la planification, la gestion et le processus décisionnel afin d'assurer le maintien de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle ?

La connaissance des valeurs et attributs du bien du patrimoine mondial est **appropriée**.

7.2 - Un programme de recherche est-il prévu dans le périmètre du bien pour répondre aux besoins de la gestion et/ou pour améliorer la compréhension de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle ?

Il y a une **recherche considérable**, mais **elle n'est pas axée sur les besoins** de la gestion et/ou l'amélioration de la compréhension de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle.

7.3 - Les résultats des programmes de recherche sont-ils librement disponibles et diffusés ?

Les résultats de la recherche **sont communiqués aux communautés locales ainsi qu'à certains organismes nationaux**.

7.4 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant les études scientifiques et les projets de recherche

Research results on the Great Wall have been abundant in recent years. For example, provinces have published reports on Great Wall resources, universities have applied for several major projects of NSFC and SSFC related to the Great Wall; the Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage has continued to carry out monitoring research on the Great Wall, and various heritage sites have carried out local research work on the Great Wall using modern technical means.

8. Education, Information and Awareness Building

8.1 - Veuillez évaluer le degré de connaissance et de compréhension de l'existence et des motifs d'inscription du bien du patrimoine mondial parmi les groupes suivants

Communautés locales	Aucune sensibilisation
Autorités locales, municipales	Aucune sensibilisation
Peuples autochtones	Sans objet
Propriétaires fonciers	Sans objet
Femmes	Aucune sensibilisation
Jeunes/enfants	Sensibilisation faible
Chercheurs	Sensibilisation moyenne
Visiteurs locaux	Aucune sensibilisation
Touristes nationaux/internationaux	Aucune sensibilisation
Secteur du tourisme	Aucune sensibilisation
Entreprises et industries locales	Sans objet

ONG	Sensibilisation faible
Autres groupes spécifiques	Sans objet
Si vous avez choisi « Autres groupes spécifiques », précisez :	

8.2 - Le bien dispose-t-il d'un/de programme(s) d'éducation sur le patrimoine pour les enfants et/ou les jeunes contribuant à mieux faire comprendre le patrimoine, promouvoir la diversité et encourager le dialogue interculturel ?

Il y a un programme d'éducation et de sensibilisation limité et ponctuel des enfants et/ou des jeunes.

8.3 - Quel est le public ciblé par les programmes d'éducation et de sensibilisation sur le bien ?

Jeunes/enfants
Visiteurs locaux
ONG

8.4 - Veuillez noter le caractère plus ou moins adapté des installations suivantes destinées aux visiteurs, en ce qui concerne l'éducation, l'information, l'interprétation et la sensibilisation au bien du patrimoine mondial

Centre d'accueil des visiteurs	Peu adaptée
Musée de site	Bien adaptée
Kiosques d'information	Peu adaptée
Visites guidées	Peu adaptée
Sentiers/itinéraires	Peu adaptée
Documents d'information papier	Moyennement adaptée
Informations en ligne (site web, réseaux sociaux, etc.)	Peu adaptée
Transports	Moyennement adaptée
Autre	Non nécessaire
Si vous avez choisi « Autre », précisez	

8.5 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant l'éducation, l'information et la sensibilisation

In China, far more people are fond of the symbolic significance of the Great Wall than the study of heritage conservation. The combination of high social attention and perception deviations of the Great Wall can interfere normal professional research and conservation practices. The complete sections of the Great Wall in Badaling and other places represent the general public's perception of the Great Wall and, to some extent, it has replaced their complete perception of the Great Wall.

9. Visitor Management

9.1 - Estimez le nombre de visiteurs annuel (visiteurs nationaux et internationaux compris) depuis le dernier Rapport périodique

20180189 / 5302278 / 13893163 / 1110000 / 1286300 /

9.2 - Sources d'information utilisées pour rassembler les statistiques de fréquentation

Billets d'entrée et inscriptions

9.3 - Quelle est la durée moyenne d'une visite sur le site du patrimoine mondial ?

Une journée (sans nuitée)

9.4 - Veuillez indiquer les sources d'information

Provided by the Shanhaiguan, Badaling and Jiayuguan Great Wall conservation authorities, feedback from social surveys

9.5 - Quelles sont les dépenses moyennes approximatives des visiteurs par jour (Estimez la dépense en dollars des États-Unis) ?

0 / 20.2 /

0 / 17.2 /

0 / Jiayuguan Pass Scenic Area: High season: full price 16.9, half price 8.4; Low season: full price 12.3, half price 6.9; First Abutment Area: full price 3.2, half price 1.7; Overhanging Great Wall: full price 3.2, half price 1.7 /

9.6 - Veuillez indiquer les sources d'information

Provided by the ticket office of each scenic spot in the Shanhaiguan, Badaling and Jiayuguan

9.7 - Le système/plan de gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial intègre-t-il une stratégie, avec un plan d'actions, pour gérer le flux de visiteurs, l'activité touristique et ses impacts économiques, socioculturels et environnementaux ?

Il y a une stratégie pour gérer le flux de visiteurs, l'activité touristique et ses impacts sur le bien du patrimoine mondial mais il y a des insuffisances au niveau de la mise en œuvre.

9.8 - Commentaires concernant la réponse fournie à la question 9.7 ci-dessus

All Great Wall heritage sites have set up monitoring institutions and carry out monitoring through the General Platform for Monitoring and Early Warning of China's World Cultural Heritage, involving requirements related to the management of visitors, tourism activities and economic, socio-cultural and environmental impacts. The Badaling Great Wall scenic area has implemented a real-name ticket service model and taken a control measure to limit the maximum daily visitors at 65,000.

9.9 - L'utilisation du bien par les visiteurs est-elle gérée de manière efficace pour préserver la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien ?

L'usage par les visiteurs du bien du patrimoine mondial est géré, mais des améliorations pourraient être apportées.

9.10 - L'efficacité de la gestion du tourisme est-elle régulièrement contrôlée ?

Oui, avec un autre système

Si vous utilisez un autre système, précisez :

China's World Cultural Heritage Monitoring and Early Warning Platform

9.11 - Comment le secteur du tourisme coopère-t-il avec la gestion du site pour enrichir les expériences du visiteur et préserver la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien du patrimoine mondial ?

Il y a peu de coopération entre les responsables du bien du patrimoine mondial et l'industrie touristique pour mettre en avant la valeur universelle exceptionnelle et enrichir l'appréciation des visiteurs.

9.12 - Comment les informations sur la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien sont-elles présentées et interprétées ?

La présentation et l'interprétation de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien sont acceptables mais pourraient être améliorées.

9.13 - Dans combien d'emplacements l'emblème du patrimoine mondial est-il exposé au sein du bien ?

Dans beaucoup d'emplacements et facilement visible par les visiteurs.

9.14 - Comment les revenus du tourisme/apportés par les visiteurs (droits d'entrée, permis) contribuent-ils à la gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial ?

On collecte des droits d'entrée et cela contribue un peu à la gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial.

9.15 - Existe-t-il des initiatives locales de tourisme durable ?

Oui

Si vous avez répondu « Oui », précisez :

Beijing has prepared a Tourism Industry Plan and Implementation Plan for the Great Wall Cultural Belt, and each heritage site has carried out some tourism planning related work

9.16 - Les bénéfices du tourisme sont-ils partagés avec les communautés locales ?

Oui

Si vous avez répondu « Oui », précisez :

In 2019, the local residents involved in the property's protection and management and relevant business activities reached 924. Over the years, the visitors to the scenic spot and ticket revenue have increased year on year, with total ticket revenue reaching RMB 292,795 million, thanks to the upgrading of facilities such as parking areas, visitor centers, and monitoring systems as well as improvement of the ideological and moral quality and operation standards of the tourism staff.

9.17 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant la gestion des visites du bien du patrimoine mondial

Over the years, the Great Wall at Badaling has removed some performance venues unrelated to the conservation of the Great Wall, and the environment of the entrance area has been improved. There is still a need for heritage sites to avoid overwhelm the public with publicity and display facilities.

10. Monitoring

10.1 - Existe-t-il un programme de suivi dans le périmètre du bien qui soit axé sur les besoins de la gestion et/ou sur une meilleure compréhension de sa valeur universelle exceptionnelle ?

Il existe un programme de suivi complet et intégré portant sur les besoins de la gestion et/ou l'amélioration de la compréhension de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle.

10.2 - Les informations nécessaires sont-elles disponibles pour définir des indicateurs clés de mesure de l'état de conservation et sont-elles utilisées pour contrôler de quelle manière la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien est maintenue ?

L'information sur les valeurs du bien du patrimoine mondial est appropriée et des indicateurs clés ont été définis, mais le suivi de l'état des indicateurs pourrait être amélioré.

10.3 - Des indicateurs clés sont-ils définis et en place pour les aspects principaux suivants du bien ?

	Importance des indicateurs de suivi	Sans objet	Pas d'indicateurs	Indicateurs définis mais pas encore en usage	Indicateurs définis et utilisés depuis le dernier cycle de soumission de Rapports périodiques
10.3.1	État de conservation				×
10.3.2	Efficacité du système de gestion				×
10.3.3	Système de gouvernance				×
10.3.4	Synergie appropriée avec les autres désignations de conservation				×
10.3.5	Contribution au développement durable				×

6.1.12	Un plan ou programme local de renforcement des compétences est en place et partiellement mis en œuvre ; certaines compétences techniques sont transmises à ceux qui gèrent le bien localement, mais le travail technique est effectué pour l'essentiel par du personnel extérieur	X
7	Scientific Studies and Research Projects	
7.2	Il y a une recherche considérable menée dans le périmètre du bien du patrimoine mondial, mais elle n'est pas axée sur les besoins de la gestion et/ou l'amélioration de la compréhension de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle	X
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building	
8.2	Il y a un programme d'éducation et de sensibilisation limité et ponctuel des enfants et/ou des jeunes	X
9	Visitor Management	
9.7	Il y a une stratégie pour gérer le flux de visiteurs, l'activité touristique et ses impacts sur le bien du patrimoine mondial mais il y a des insuffisances au niveau de la mise en œuvre	X
9.9	L'usage par les visiteurs du bien du patrimoine mondial est géré, mais des améliorations pourraient être apportées	
9.11	Il y a peu de coopération entre les responsables du bien du patrimoine mondial et l'industrie touristique pour mettre en avant la valeur universelle exceptionnelle et enrichir l'appréciation des visiteurs	
9.12	La présentation et l'interprétation de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien sont acceptables mais pourraient être améliorées	X
10	Monitoring	
10.2	L'information sur les valeurs du bien du patrimoine mondial est appropriée et des indicateurs clés ont été définis, mais le suivi de l'état des indicateurs pourrait être amélioré	X

Please select 2 more issues.

☒ Please save this question to reflect changes

12. Summary and Conclusions

12.1. Summary - Factors affecting the Property

12.1.1 - Résumé - Facteurs affectant le bien

4.1	Buildings and Development						
4.1.2	Développement commercial	Overdevelopment, uncivilized visitor behaviour cause impact on value attributes 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.2.5 and Criteria I and III	To enhance visitor monitoring and patrols by inspectors, authorities to strengthen the management of heritage conservation projects, to carry out enforcement inspections, and to conduct regular assessments on the state of conservation	Monitoring on tourism impact (visitor volumes, visitor behaviour, etc.) and environment were conducted	2021-2025	National Cultural Heritage Administration, provincial cultural heritage administrative authorities along the Great Wall, Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage, protection and monitoring agencies at heritage sites, etc.	Government to coordinate conservation and development and avoid blind development; to enhance professional capacity at grassroots level and improve overall competency; to promote social understanding and participation in the conservation
4.4	Pollution						
4.4.4	Pollution atmosphérique	Air pollution, acid rain and water pollution cause impact on value attributes 3.2.1, 3.2.5 and criterion I	Preparation of the environmental protection plans for the 14th Five-Year Plan period and relevant provincial documents	Ecological and environmental monitoring	2021-2025	Ministry of Ecology and Environment and provincial environmental protection departments	Diverse natural landscapes and social environments along the property require multiple government departments to make policies and take actions to combat air pollution and protect the ecological environment.
4.7	Local conditions affecting physical fabric						

4.7.1	Vent	High winds may cause impact on value attributes 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.5 and criteria I and III	Protective forests, sand-fixing grass grids and windbreaks were established; four sand accumulation meters were installed at Jiayuguan to measure the amount of sand accumulation on the windward side of the Great Wall every quarter	Wind and sand erosion monitoring and meteorological monitoring	2014-2020	Jiayuguan World Heritage Monitoring Centre	The Great Wall at the North-East of Jiayuguan, which is located in open terrain deep in the Gobi desert and far from the urban area, has suffered severely from wind and sand erosion in recent years	
4.7.2	Humidité relative	Wet and humid environment and wet and dry variations may cause impact on value attributes 3.2.1, 3.2.5 and criteria I and III		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4.7.3	Température							
4.7.5	Poussière							
4.7.6	Eau (pluie/nappe phréatique)	Heavy rainfalls and elevated groundwater levels may cause impacts on value attributes 3.2.1, 3.2.5 and Criteria I and III.	Jiayuguan uses fully automated weather stations to monitor rainfall data throughout the year, providing horizontal data comparisons and a comprehensive study of the impact of rainfall on the rammed earth Great Wall in the above areas.	Rainfall and meteorological monitoring	2014-2020	Jiayuguan World Heritage Monitoring Centre	In recent years, as a result of environmental improvements, rainfalls have increased significantly in the west China and groundwater levels have risen significantly, exposing Jiayuguan to an increasing water threat.	
4.7.8	Micro-organismes							
4.8	Social/Cultural uses of heritage							
4.8.6	Impacts des activités touristiques/de loisirs des visiteurs	Improper interpretation, visitor overloading and uncivilized visitor behaviours may cause impact on value attributes 3.2.3, 3.2.4, 3.2.5, 3.2.8 and Criteria I, II, III and IV	Punishment Measures for Damaging Cultural Heritagein the Badaling Great Wall Scenic Area" and the "Grid-based Management Measures for Cultural Heritage Protection in the Badaling Great Wall Scenic Area" have be introduced	Monitoring on tourism impact	2021-2025	Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage, Sun Yat-sen University and Badaling Special Zone	N/A	
4.10	Climate change and severe weather events							
4.10.6	Températures extrêmes							
Question not completed								

12.2. Summary - Management Needs

12.2.1 - Résumé - Besoins en matière de gestion

5.1	Boundaries and Buffer Zones				
		Actions	Calendrier	Organisation chef de file (et autres organismes engagés)	Informations / commentaires supplémentaires
5.1.4	Les zones tampons du bien du patrimoine mondial sont connues et reconnues par l'autorité de gestion mais ne sont pas connues ni reconnues par les communautés locales/propriétaires	N/A	N/A	Local governments, cultural and tourism departments and administrations of cultural heritage departments at WHS.	Community education and the display of heritage zoning to be strengthened by the management bodies of the property, maps show the buffer zones to be published together with the official zoning document.
5.3	Management System/Management Plan				

5.3.11	Il y a une coordination entre les entités administratives impliquées dans la gestion du bien, mais elle pourrait être améliorée	N/A	N/A	Local governments, cultural and tourism departments and administrations of cultural heritage departments at WHS.	Local governments should strengthen the organization and coordination of various departments and highlight the main responsibility of world heritage protection.
6.1	Funding				
6.1.12	Un plan ou programme local de renforcement des compétences est en place et partiellement mis en œuvre ; certaines compétences techniques sont transmises à ceux qui gèrent le bien localement, mais le travail technique est effectué pour l'essentiel par du personnel extérieur	To strengthen the overall management of Great Wall protection, strengthen the protection force at all levels, enhance the construction of a professional protection team, increase the training of professionals and carry out professional training.	2019-2035	Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage, cultural heritage authorities at national and various local levels, and management bodies of the Great Wall World Cultural Heritage Site	Great Wall protection and management agencies should strive to improve their own capacity, while also encouraging involvement of professional research institutions, social organizations and individuals.
7	Scientific Studies and Research Projects				
7.2	Il y a une recherche considérable menée dans le périmètre du bien du patrimoine mondial, mais elle n'est pas axée sur les besoins de la gestion et/ou l'amélioration de la compréhension de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle	Study on the value, monitoring methods and protection technology to be carried out continuously, archaeological survey and basic research and the training of professionals to be strengthened.	From 2019 to 2035	Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage, Jiayuguan World Heritage Monitoring Centre	Great progress of the application studies for the protection of the Great Wall has been made under the guidance of the Great Wall Protection Project (2005-2014) . However, the current study of the Great Wall still focuses on history and culture.
8	Education, Information and Awareness Building				
8.2	Il y a un programme d'éducation et de sensibilisation limité et ponctuel des enfants et/ou des jeunes	To promote the conclusion of Great Wall conservation alliances among various stakeholders, promote public funding for Great Wall conservation projects, and promote active participation of social forces in Great Wall conservation	From 2019 to 2035	Cultural heritage authorities at national and various local levels	Professional management bodies should actively cooperate with social organizations to promote the participation of social forces, disseminate scientific conservation concepts and data, and raise the correct awareness of the Great Wall in society.
9	Visitor Management				
9.7	Il y a une stratégie pour gérer le flux de visiteurs, l'activité touristique et ses impacts sur le bien du patrimoine mondial mais il y a des insuffisances au niveau de la mise en	All heritage sites of the Great Wall have formulated regulations or plans on tourism and tourist management.	N/A	Shanhaiguan administration of tourism, culture, radio, film and Television, Badaling Special Zone Office of Yanqing District of Beijing Municipality, Jiayuguan Scenic Area Management Committee	At present, the relationship between tourism management and OUV of the Great Wall is still not very close.

	œuvre				
9.12	La présentation et l'interprétation de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien sont acceptables mais pourraient être améliorées	Building a national cultural park for the Great Wall to promote the property's preservation and use; setting up a tour demonstration area and national display and signage system for important nodes and sections of Great Wall to enhance its display.	From 2019 to 2035	Ministry of Culture and Tourism and National Cultural Heritage Administration	As one of the first pilot projects of the Great Wall National Cultural Park, Shanhaiguan should give full play to its role as a heritage site of the property
10	Monitoring				
10.2	L'information sur les valeurs du bien du patrimoine mondial est appropriée et des indicateurs clés ont été définis, mais le suivi de l'état des indicateurs pourrait être amélioré	China's World Cultural Heritage Monitoring and Early Warning Platform has created general monitoring indicators for all WHS in China.	Since 2014	Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage, Shanhaiguan administration of tourism, culture, radio, film and Television, Badaling Special Zone Office of Yanqing District of Beijing Municipality, Jiayuguan Silk Road Cultural Research Institute (Great Wall)	The Great Wall has not established characteristic monitoring indicators according to its own needs

Résumé - Besoins en matière de gestion completed

12.3. Conclusions on the State of Conservation of the Property

12.3.1 - Compte tenu de l'analyse faite à travers ce rapport, quel est l'état actuel d'authenticité du bien du patrimoine mondial?

L'authenticité du bien du patrimoine mondial **a été préservée**.

12.3.2 - Compte tenu de l'analyse faite à travers ce rapport, quel est l'état actuel d'intégrité du bien du patrimoine mondial?

L'intégrité du bien du patrimoine mondial a été **préservée**.

12.3.3 - Compte tenu de l'analyse faite à travers ce rapport, quel est l'état actuel de la valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien du patrimoine mondial?

La valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien a été **préservée**.

12.3.4 - Quel est l'état actuel des autres valeurs du bien ?

D'autres valeurs culturelles et/ou naturelles importantes et l'état de conservation du bien du patrimoine mondial sont **intacts**.

12.3.5 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant l'état de conservation du bien

The Great Wall is more than a historical and cultural relic, many of the passes and castles along the Great Wall are now populated areas such as villages, towns and even metropolitan areas, which are homes to modern people. The Shanhaiguan District is a modern urban built-up area based on the Shanhaiguan Pass, and the heritage of the Shanhaiguan Pass has been integrated into the lives of contemporary people. However, the contemporary value of the Great Wall is still underestimated.

13. Impact of World Heritage Status

13.1 - Veuillez évaluer l'impact du statut de patrimoine mondial sur chacun des points suivants

Conservation	Très positif
Recherche et suivi	Très positif
Efficacité de la gestion	Très positif
Qualité de vie des communautés locales et groupes autochtones	Très positif
Reconnaissance	Très positif
Éducation	Très positif
Aménagement d'infrastructures	Très positif
Financement du bien	Très positif
Coopération internationale	Positif
Soutien politique pour la conservation	Très positif

Cadre juridique/de politique générale pour la conservation	Très positif
Promotion	Très positif
Coordination institutionnelle	Très positif
Sécurité	Très positif
Égalité des genres	Positif
Services/avantages pour les communautés locales au niveau de l'écosystème	Très positif
Inclusion sociale et équité et renforcement des opportunités pour tous, indépendamment de l'âge, du sexe, du handicap, de l'origine ethnique ou géographique, de la religion ou de la situation économique ou autre	Positif
Promotion d'un développement économique local inclusif et amélioration des moyens de subsistance	Très positif
Contribution à la prévention des conflits, en respectant la diversité culturelle sur le périmètre et à proximité des biens du patrimoine	Très positif
Autre	Sans objet
Si vous avez choisi « Autre », précisez :	

13.2 - Commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant le statut de patrimoine mondial et ses impacts

The Great Wall is of political, economic, historical, geographical, cultural, artistic, scientific, social and technological significance to the Chinese nation. The whole society has reached a consensus on the importance of the conservation of the Great Wall. In the last decade, the resources, capacity and level of protection, research, management and utilization of the Great Wall have been significantly improved.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14.1 - Exemple de bonne pratique de protection, d'identification, de conservation ou de gestion du bien du patrimoine mondial

The National Cultural Heritage Administration's (SACH) Great Wall Protection Project 2005-2014 and the Great Wall Enforcement Special Inspections 2016-2017 have improved the overall protection and management of the Great Wall. The central and local governments have invested nearly RMB 2 billion in conservation projects last decade. A total of about 5,000 inspectors are responsible for daily inspections of the property nationwide. Local finance provides them with a certain salary. The Chinese Academy of Cultural Heritage (CACH) has developed a mobile phone app to assist with manual inspections. CACH and Historic England signed a framework agreement on cooperation between the Great Wall and Hadrian's Wall to develop cooperation on the archaeology and protection and management of the Great Wall. The China Foundation for Cultural Heritage Conservation and Tencent Foundation set up a special fund for the protection of the Great Wall and launched the "Protecting the Great Wall Count Me In" public fundraising campaign to raise nearly 20 million yuan from the community to support the protection and repair of the Great Wall. Civil organization also launched public fundraising campaigns to provide targeted donations to primary schools along the Great Wall and Great Wall conservators. Shanhaiguan uses drones for heritage monitoring and law enforcement inspections. Badaling integrated basic geospatial information, built an information database of heritage elements and digital archive demonstration project; carried out a pilot monitoring project to validate the application of intelligent monitoring technology for structural risk identification, daily monitoring and assessment and early warning of the Great Wall. Jiayuguan held the Silk Road Lecture Series and produced a promotional film for online promotion; cooperated with e-commerce enterprises and formed a sales alliance with well-known travel agencies in the province to further expand the tourism influence of 5A scenic spots.

14.2 - Définissez les sujets couverts par cet exemple de bonne pratique au niveau du bien

Développement durable
Synergies
État de conservation
Gestion
Gouvernance
Renforcement des compétences

15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.1. Relevance of Periodic Reporting

15.1.1 - Le processus de soumission des Rapports périodiques a-t-il amélioré la compréhension des points suivants ?

La Convention du patrimoine mondial.
Le concept de valeur universelle exceptionnelle.
La valeur universelle exceptionnelle du bien.
Le concept d'intégrité et/ou d'authenticité.
L'intégrité et/ou l'authenticité du bien.
L'efficacité de la gestion du bien pour en maintenir la valeur universelle exceptionnelle.
Le suivi et l'établissement de rapports.

15.1.2 - Veuillez noter le suivi apporté aux conclusions et recommandations du précédent exercice de soumission des Rapports périodiques par les entités suivantes

État partie	Bon suivi
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Gestionnaires de sites	Bon suivi
Centre du patrimoine mondial	Bon suivi
Organisations consultatives (ICOMOS, UICN, ICCROM)	Bon suivi

15.2. Use of Data

15.2.1 - Comment les autorités responsables du bien prévoient-elles d'utiliser les données enregistrées à l'occasion de ce cycle de Rapports périodiques ?

Révision des priorités/stratégies/politiques de protection, gestion et conservation du patrimoine
Mise à jour des plans de gestion
Collecte de fonds
Sensibilisation
Promotion

15.2.2 - Commentaires sur l'utilisation des données de ce cycle de soumission des Rapports périodiques

15.3. Timing and resources

15.3.1 - Entités ayant participé au remplissage de ce questionnaire en ligne (cocher autant de cases que nécessaire)

Institutions gouvernementales chargées du patrimoine culturel et naturel.
Gestionnaire/coordonateurs/personnel du site.
Points focaux des autres conventions/programmes internationaux.
Responsables des sites désignés dans le cadre d'autres conventions/programmes internationaux.
Personnel d'autres biens du patrimoine mondial.

15.3.2 - L'équilibre entre les genres a-t-il été respecté et appliqué dans le remplissage du présent questionnaire ?

L'équilibre entre les genres est explicitement **intégré et efficacement mis en œuvre** dans le processus.

15.3.3 - Avez-vous eu suffisamment de temps (environ dix mois) pour recueillir les informations nécessaires et remplir ce questionnaire ?

Oui

15.3.4 - Estimez le temps (heures de travail) nécessaire pour remplir ce questionnaire

1440 / 720 / 120 /

15.3.5 - Avez-vous mobilisé des ressources supplémentaires pour remplir ce questionnaire ?

		Non	Oui
15.3.5.1	Ressources humaines		×
15.3.5.2	Ressources financières pour l'organisation des réunions de consultation/formations		×

15.4. Format and content of the Periodic Report

15.4.1 - Quel était le degré d'accessibilité des informations requises pour compléter ce questionnaire ?

La **majeure partie** des informations requises était accessible.

15.4.2 - Le questionnaire était-il facile à utiliser et clair à comprendre ?

		Très difficile	Difficile	Facile	Très facile
15.4.2.1	Facilité d'utilisation du questionnaire		×		
15.4.2.2	Clarté des questions	×			

15.4.3 - Suggestions pour améliorer le questionnaire du Rapport périodique

1. The filling requirements are too complex and some of the contents need to be filled in repeatedly, it is recommended to improve the correlation between the contents of each section; 2. For the Great Wall, the 500-word limit cannot meet the needs of some of the contents required; 3. The overall logic, thinking and conceptual terminology of the report are obviously designed based on Western culture and do not meet the reality and customs of East Asian countries and regions.

15.5. Training and Guidance

15.5.1 - Veuillez évaluer le soutien des entités suivantes en matière de formation et de conseils pour compléter le questionnaire

Centre du patrimoine mondial de l'UNESCO	Peu de soutien
UNESCO (autres secteurs/bureaux hors-siège)	Pas de soutien

Commission nationale pour l'UNESCO	Pas de soutien
ICOMOS international	Pas de soutien
UICN international	Pas de soutien
ICCROM international/régional	Pas de soutien
ICOMOS national/régional	Bon soutien
UICN national/régional	Pas de soutien

15.5.2 - Veuillez évaluer le niveau d'aide reçu des entités suivantes pour remplir le questionnaire du Rapport périodique

Centre du patrimoine mondial de l'UNESCO	Pas de soutien
Représentant de l'État partie (Point focal national)	Bon soutien
Autres secteurs de l'UNESCO (par ex. bureaux hors siège)	Pas de soutien
Commission nationale pour l'UNESCO	Pas de soutien
ICOMOS international	Pas de soutien
ICCROM international/régional	Pas de soutien
ICOMOS national/régional	Bon soutien
UICN national/régional	Sans objet
UICN international	Sans objet

15.5.3 - Les sources de formation en ligne sur la soumission de Rapports périodiques, préparées par le Centre du patrimoine mondial, vous ont-elles aidé à remplir ce questionnaire ?

Oui

15.5.4 - Veuillez fournir d'autres commentaires sur les ressources de formation en ligne et les changements que vous aimeriez voir mise en œuvre.

15.6. Actions that will require formal consideration by the World Heritage Committee

15.6.1 - Résumé des actions qui exigeront un examen formel du Comité du patrimoine mondial

- **Tableau des informations géographiques**

Reason for update: 1.The original coordinates of Great Wall at Badaling have been revised:116.00684116°0 '24.624"E 40.3542440°21'15.264"N 2. Coordinates of Great Wall at Shanhaiguan:119.75248 119°45'8 .928"E 40.0083040°0 '29.880"N 3. Coordinates of Great Wall at Jiayuguan: 98 .21616411 98 °12'58.191"E 39.8013961339°48'5 .026"N

- **Carte(s)**

Reason for update: General map of the Great Wall heritage sites and revised maps of three heritage sites will be submitted, and the resolution ratio of the latter shall be above 1:2000

- **Déclaration de valeur universelle exceptionnelle adoptée par le Comité du patrimoine mondial**

Reason for update: (1) 3rd century BC was when the Great Wall was completed, while the construction started in 5th century BC; (2) Criterion i should remove "The only work built by human hands on this planet that can be seen from the moon", which is not true; (3) the distribution areas of the Great Wall should be revised as "15 provinces including Heilongjiang,Liaoning, Jilin, Beijing, Tianjin, Hebei, Shanxi, Inner Mongolia, Henan, Shandong,Shaanxi, Ningxia, Gansu, Qinghai, and Xinjiang"

Changes to these items will need to go through the proper processes.

15.7. Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

15.7.1 - Veuillez fournir des commentaires, conclusions et/ou recommandations concernant l'évaluation de l'exercice de soumission des Rapports périodiques

15.7.2 - Merci d'avoir répondu à toutes les questions. Nous vous invitons à contacter votre Point focal pour qu'il/elle valide et envoie le questionnaire au Centre du patrimoine mondial.