### State of Palestine

1. Introduction

#### 1.1 - State Party

Palestine

1.2 - Date of ratification/accession/acceptance of the Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage 08/12/2011

1.3 - Groups and institutions involved in the preparation of Section I of the Periodic Report

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage

National Commission for UNESCO

Focal points of other international Conventions/programmes

World Heritage site managers/coordinators

Local communities

Non-Governmental Organizations

ICCROM International/regional

- 2. Synergies with other Conventions
- 2.1. Multilateral Environmental Agreements
- 2.1.1 According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, in addition to the World Heritage Convention, your State is party to/not party to/in the process of adhering to the following agreements. Please check and amend as necessary.

		Not Party to	Party to	Adhesion in Progress
2.1.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		×	
2.1.1.2	Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)		×	
2.1.1.3	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species in Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES)	×		
2.1.1.4	Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)	×		
2.1.1.5	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	×		
2.1.1.6	International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA)	×		
2.1.1.7	International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)	×		

2.1.2 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party is/are also designated (in whole or in part) as (a) Ramsar site(s) under the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List). Please check and amend as necessary.

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

2.1.3 - Does your State Party intend to designate any World Heritage property(ies) (in whole or in part) for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance in the next three years?

Yes

2.1.4 - Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies) your State Party intends to designate (in whole or in part) for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance in the next three years.

2.1.5 - Please list any other relevant global or regional multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) on natural heritage which have been joined by your State Party.

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) /

United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD) /

- 2.2. UNESCO Culture Conventions
- 2.2.1 The table below indicates which of the UNESCO cultural Conventions your State is party to, not party to or in the process of adhering to. Please check and amend as necessary.

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		Not Party to	Party to	Adhesion in Progress
2.2.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		×	
2.2.1.2	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict		×	
2.2.1.3	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict		×	
2.2.1.4	1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property		×	
2.2.1.5	2001 Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage		×	
2.2.1.6	2003 Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage		×	
2.2.1.7	2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions		×	

2.2.2 - Please list any other relevant global or regional Conventions or agreements on cultural heritage to which your State Party is party to or in the process of adhering to.

Non applicable /

2.2.3 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre the following World Heritage property(ies) located in your State Party have been included on the List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict.

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

2.2.4 - Does your State Party intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection for any of its World Heritage properties under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict in the next three years?

Yes

- 2.2.5 Please list any World Heritage properties for which your State Party intends to request the granting of Enhanced Protection.
- Hebron/Al-Khalil Old Town (Ref: 1565) Palestine: Land of Olives and Vines Cultural Landscape of Southern Jerusalem, Battir (Ref.1492)
- 2.3. UNESCO Programmes
- 2.3.1 The table below indicates which of the selected UNESCO programmes your State Party participates in. Please check and amend as necessary.

		No	Yes
2.3.1.1	Man and the Biosphere Programme		×
2.3.1.2	UNESCO Global Geoparks	×	

2.3.2 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party is/are also designated (in whole or in part) as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme.

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

- 2.3.3 Does your State Party intend to nominate any of its World Heritage properties (in whole or in part) as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme?
- 2.3.4 Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies), (or part(s) thereof), your State Party intends to nominate as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme:

Palestine: Land of Olives and Vines - Cultural Landscape of Southern Jerusalem, Battir (Ref.1492) /

2.3.5 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party are also designated (in whole or in part) as UNESCO Global Geopark(s)

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

2.3.6 - Has your State Party applied for any of its World Heritage properties (or part(s) thereof) to be designated UNESCO Global Geopark(s)?

No

2.3.7 - Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies) (or part(s) thereof) is/are (a) UNESCO Global Geoparks applicant(s).

Not applicable /

2.4. Cooperation and synergies between the Conventions and programmes your State is party to/is associated with/intends to ioin

# 2.4.1 - Is there communication between the World Heritage Focal Point and the Focal Points of the Convention(s)/programme(s) listed below?

		Not Applicable	No	Yes
2.4.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage			×
2.4.1.2	Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)			×
2.4.1.3	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species in Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES)	×		
2.4.1.4	Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)	×		
2.4.1.5	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)	×		
2.4.1.6	International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA)	×		
2.4.1.7	International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)	×		
2.4.1.8	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict			×
2.4.1.9	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict			×
2.4.1.10	1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property			×
2.4.1.11	2001 Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage			×
2.4.1.12	2003 Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage			×
2.4.1.13	2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions			×
2.4.1.14	Man and the Biosphere Programme			×
2.4.1.15	Global Geoparks	×		

# 2.4.2 - Please comment, if applicable, on the communication between the World Heritage Focal Point and the Focal Points of the other Convention(s)/programme(s):

There is a very good communication with the focal points of the other Conventions and Programmes

2.4.3 - Are World Heritage Focal Points involved in the revision and implementation of national natural heritage strategies, policies and action plans, beyond specific issues related to World Heritage?

2.4.4 - Are World Heritage Focal Points involved in the revision and implementation of national cultural heritage strategies, policies and action plans, beyond specific issues related to World Heritage?

Yes

#### 2.5. UNESCO Recommendations

# 2.5.1 - Is your State Party using the provisions of the 1972 Recommendation and the 2011 Recommendation to set policies or strategies for the protection of cultural and natural heritage?

		Yes	No
2.5.1.1	1972 Recommendation concerning the Protection, at the National level, of the Cultural and Natural Heritage	×	
2.5.1.2	2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape		×

### 2.5.2 - Please describe how effectively each of the Recommendations is used:

The Palestinian Tangible Cultural Heritage Law (no. 11) 2018 was developed in line with the international conventions ratified by the State of Palestine, taking into consideration, for example, the 1972 convention and the above mentioned recommendations (2.5.1.1)

### 3. Tentative List

# 3.1 - In the process of preparing your Tentative List, did you use any of the following tools to make a preliminary assessment of the potential Outstanding Universal Value?

Meetings to harmonize Tentative Lists within your region
UNESCO's Global Strategy for a representative, balanced and credible World Heritage List
World Heritage Resource Manual 'Preparing World Heritage Nominations'

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#### 3.2 - Have you used the Upstream Process in the revision of your Tentative List?

Nο

If you selected 'Yes', please comment on which forms of upstream guidance you have used and on their effectiveness of this guidance.

#### 3.3 - Do you intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of your Tentative List?

NIA

# 3.4 - Do any of the sites registered on your Tentative List have the potential to generate dialogue and cooperation among States Parties and different communities?

Yes, among States Parties and communities

#### 3.5 - Please name the site(s) considered to have this potential

- El-Bariyah: wilderness with monasteries - Baptism Site "Eshria'a" (Al-Maghtas) - Mount Gerizim and the Samaritans - Throne Villages - Old Town of Nablus and its environs

### 3.6 - Please rate the level of involvement of the following (if applicable) in the preparation of the Tentative List

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional/provincial/state government(s)	Fair
Local government(s)	Fair
Other government departments	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Fair
Local communities/residents	Poor
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Other specific groups (please specify below)	Not applicable
Landowners	None
Local industries/tourism and other stakeholders	None
Non-Governmental Organization(s)	Good
Consultants/experts	Fair
Site manager(s)/coordinator(s)	Good
If 'Other specific groups' applies, please specify	

## 3.7 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the process of preparing the Tentative List?

Gender balance has been explicitly considered in the process but there are still deficiencies in the implementation.

# 3.8 - Do any sites on your Tentative List already benefit from other international designations either under other UNESCO Conventions/Programmes or under the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands?

No

If you selected 'Yes', please list the site(s), identify the other designation(s)/programme(s) from which it/they benefit(s), and state the additional benefits you expect to gain from inscription on the World Heritage List.

#### 3.9 - Please provide any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Tentative List (Questions 3.1 to 3.8)

The Tentative List of Palestine is in crucial need for updating

#### 4. Nominations

## 4.1 - Please rate the level of involvement of the following entities in the preparation of the most recent nomination dossiers

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional/provincial/state government(s)	Good
Local government(s)	Good
Other government departments	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Good
Local communities/residents	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable

Other specific groups (please specify below)	Not applicable
Landowners	Good
Local industries/tourist sector and commercial stakeholders	Fair
Non-Governmental Organization(s)	Good
Consultants/experts	Good
Site manager(s)/coordinator(s)	Good
If 'Other specific groups' applies, please specify	

# 4.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the preparation of the most recent nomination dossiers?

Yes

### 4.3 - Please rate the perceived benefits in your country of inscribing properties on the World Heritage List

Promoted environmental sustainability, valuing places which are essential for human well-being	Some
Enhanced inclusive social development, with full inclusion and equity for all stakeholders	Some
Strengthened protection and conservation of heritage (legislative, regulatory, institutional and/or traditional)	High
Enhanced conservation practices	High
Enhanced wider community appreciation and participation in heritage processes	Some
Improved presentation of sites	Some
Enhanced honour/prestige	High
Increased funding	High
Additional tool for lobbying/political influence	High
Fostered peace and security, including promotion of partnerships and conservation	High
Increased number of tourists and visitors	High
Promoted inclusive economic development, including decent income and employment for communities	Some
Other(s)	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

# 4.4 - Please rate the extent to which the inscription of properties on the World Heritage List will contribute to achieving the objectives of the 2015 World Heritage and Sustainable Development Policy and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Protecting biological and cultural diversity and ecosystem services and benefits	High
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change	High
Contributing to inclusion and equity	Some
Enhancing quality of life and well-being	Some
Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights	Some
Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities	Some
Achieving gender equality	Some
Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods	Some
Promoting economic investment and quality tourism	Some
Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship	Some
Ensuring conflict prevention	Some
Protecting heritage during conflict	High
Promoting conflict resolution	Some
Contributing to post-conflict recovery	Some
Other(s)	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

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4.5 - Please provide any additional comments and/or recommendations related to the nomination of properties (questions 4.1 to 4.4).

The capacity of human resources should be enhanced and empowered to improve the quality of nomination files.

- 5. General Policy Development
- 5.1. Principal pieces of national cultural and/or natural heritage legislation
- 5.1.1 Principal pieces of national legislation for the protection, conservation and presentation of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage

#### Comment

There are two laws for protection of Cultural and Natural Heritage in Palestine: - Law (No. 11, 2018) for the Protection and Conservation of Tangible Cultural Heritage Resources in Palestine. - The Palestinian Environmental law, number 7 of 1999

- 5.2. Comment on principal pieces of legislation
- 5.2.1 Please comment, especially if prefilled legislation is no longer in force
- Law (No. 11, 2018) for the Protection and Conservation of Tangible Cultural Heritage Resources in Palestine. It references to all categories of cultural heritage resources, movable and immovable, includes legal measures for protection in conformity with the international conventions, etc. The Palestinian Environmental law, (No. 7 1999), contains di erent provisions on protection of nature, fauna, and flora. It defines natural preservation areas & living creatures for protecting, etc.
- 5.3. Other principal pieces of legislation
- 5.3.1 If there are principal pieces of legislation for the protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage not listed in the previous question, please add them here.

Law of Planning Cities, Towns Villages and Buildings No. 79 for the year 1966 on Planning and building regulations, and its amendments / Cultural / National /

Bylaws for the Preservation of Architectural Heritage in Bethlehem City and the Classification of Heritage Areas and Individual Heritage Buildings / Cultural / Bethlehem City /

Status Quo in the Church of the Nativity, Bethlehem / Cultural / Only for the Church of the Nativity /

- 5.4. Contribution of legislation and/or regulations at other levels to the identification, conservation and protection of the cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.4.1 Please describe briefly how legislation and/or regulations at other levels contribute to the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage.

Law (No. 11, 2018) for the Protection and Conservation of Tangible Cultural Heritage. - Widens the scope of cultural heritage management and protection by using cultural heritage instead of Antiquities. - Provides one legal framework for entire Palestine ( the West Bank & Gaza). - It is in line with the international conventions ratified by the State of Palestine. - Draws strategies for protection, management and promotion of cultural properties.

- 5.5. Adequacy of the legal framework for the identification of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.5.1 Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) adequate for the identification of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no legal framework</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>inadequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>partially adequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.	×	×
The legal framework is <b>adequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

- 5.6. Adequacy of the legal framework for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.6.1 Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) adequate for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no legal framework</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>inadequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>partially adequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.	×	×
The legal framework is <b>adequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

- 5.7. Enforcement of the legal framework
- 5.7.1 Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage be enforced?

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		There is no legal framework.	There is no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework.	Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework could be strengthened.	Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework are adequate.
5.7.1.1	Culture		×		
5.7.1.2	Nature		×		

5.8. Comments on the enforcement of the legal framework

#### 5.8.1 - Please comment on particular problems of enforcement

Legal framework is lack of implementation tools because of shortage of human and financial resources in terms of quality and quantity.

5.9. Policies giving cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of communities

#### 5.9.1 - How effectively do the State Party's policies give cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of communities?

	Culture	Nature
There are <b>no specific policies</b> to give heritage a function in the life of communities.		
There are no specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.		
There are specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but there are some deficiencies in their implementation.	×	×
There are specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities that are effectively implemented.		

5.10. Examples of specific policies giving heritage a function in the life of communities

#### 5.10.1 - Please provide examples of specific policies that give heritage a function in the life of communities

Management and Conservation Policies for the World Heritage Properties in Palestine depend on the value-based -approach of which the participatory principles are the principle tool used to integrate local community and all related stakeholders. Good examples for these policies can be notices in the Management and conservation Plans for the Palestinian World Heritage Properties.

5.11. Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies

# 5.11.1 - How effectively does your State Party integrate the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies?

Protecting biological and cultural diversity and providing ecosystem services and benefits.	Some
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change.	Some
Contributing to inclusion and equality.	Some
Enhancing the quality of life and well-being.	Some
Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights.	High
Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities.	Some
Achieving gender equality.	Some
Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods.	Some
Promoting economic investment and quality tourism.	Some
Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship.	Some
Ensuring conflict prevention.	Some
Protecting heritage during conflict.	Some
Promoting conflict resolution.	Some
Contributing to post-conflict recovery.	Some
Other (please specify).	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

5.12. UNESCO Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape (HUL), adopted in 2011

5.12.1 - In relation to the UNESCO Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape (HUL), adopted in 2011, please indicate which of the following steps your State Party has taken (you can check multiple boxes):

Encourage the HUL approach across its territory
Formulate and adopt supporting public policies for the identification and protection of historic layering in urban environments

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Formulate and adopt supporting public policies for the harmonious integration of contemporary intervention into the historic urban fabric

Formulate and adopt supporting public policies for the integration of urban heritage conservation strategies into national development policies and agendas

- 5.13. Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage into comprehensive/larger scale planning programmes
- 5.13.1 How effectively does the State Party integrate the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage into comprehensive/larger scale planning programmes?

There are no specific policies, but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

- 5.14. Use of policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage
- 5.14.1 Is your State Party using policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage?

	UNESCO World Heritage Policy or Strategy	No	Yes
5.14.1.1	Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties		×
5.14.1.2	Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties		×
5.14.1.3	World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy		×
5.14.1.4	World Heritage Sustainable Development Policy		×

- 5.14.2 Is the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies coordinated and integrated into the development of national policies for the conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage? There is **limited coordination** and **integration** of the implementation of these multilateral agreements, Programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies into national policies.
- 5.15. Specific national policies developed using World Heritage policies and strategies
- 5.15.1 Please give details of specific national policies developed using World Heritage policies and strategies

There are no specific policies, but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis

- 5.16. Comments on General Policy Development (Questions 5.1 to 5.15)
- 5.16.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to General Policy Development (Questions 5.1 to 5.15)

In general, Palestine use UNESCO Recommendations and other international tools for heritage management and conservation. The two protection and conservation laws for Natural and Tangible cultural heritage are in line with UNESCO conventions and international standards.

- 6. Inventories/Lists/Registers of Cultural and Natural Heritage
- 6.1 If the State Party has already established inventories/lists/registers of cultural and natural heritage, at which level(s) are they compiled, and what is their current status?

	Cultural heritage	Natural heritage
National/federal	Process commenced	No process established
Regional/provincial/state	Not applicable	
Local	Not applicable	
Other	Not applicable	

6.2 - Are inventories/lists/registers adequate to capture the diversity of cultural and natural heritage of your State Party?

	Culture	Nature
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.		
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>inadequate</b> to capture the diversity of heritage.		
Inventories/lists/registers capture some of the diversity of heritage.	×	×
Inventories/lists/registers capture the <b>full</b> diversity of heritage.		

6.3 - Are inventories/lists/registers used to protect the identified cultural and natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.		
Inventories/lists/registers are not actively used for the protection of heritage.		×
Inventories/lists/registers are sometimes used for the protection of heritage.	×	

# 6.4 - In addition to heritage practitioners and academic institutions, does the State Party involve communities and indigenous peoples in the identification of natural and cultural heritage for inclusion in inventories/lists/registers?

	Culture	Nature
The State Party does not involve communities and indigenous peoples in the identification of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.		
The State Party <b>plans to involve</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers in the future.		
The State Party <b>sometimes involves</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.	×	×
The State Party <b>regularly involves</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.		

#### 6.5 - Are inventories/lists/registers used for the identification of sites for the Tentative List?

	Culture	Nature	Mixed
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.			
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>not actively used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.			
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>sometimes used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.	×	×	×
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>frequently used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.			

## 6.6 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to inventories/lists/registers of cultural and natural heritage (questions 6.1 to 6.5)

An initial old List for movable and immovable cultural heritage is available; however it needs to be updated to include different types of cultural heritage, and subsequently enhance its diversity. On the other hand, the Natural Heritage has a list of protective natural reserves and some studies for endangered species.

- 7. Status of Services for the Identification, Protection, Conservation and Presentation of Natural and Cultural Heritage
- 7.1 How effectively do the principal agencies/institutions responsible for cultural and/or natural heritage cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of this heritage?

There is **some cooperation** between the principal agencies/institutions for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage **but this could be improved.** 

# 7.2 - How effectively do other government agencies (e.g. those responsible for tourism, defence, public works, fishery, etc.) cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage?

In general, **cooperation exists** between other government agencies and the principal agencies/institutions for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage**but there are still deficiencies**.

# 7.3 - How effectively do different levels of government cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no cooperation</b> between different levels of government for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is <b>limited cooperation</b> between different levels of government for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
In general, <b>cooperation exists</b> between different levels of government for identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage <b>but there are still deficiencies</b> .	×	×
Different levels of government cooperate effectively for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

# 7.4 - How effectively do different levels of government cooperate with all segments of civil society in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is <b>limited cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is <b>some cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritagebut there are still deficiencies.	×	×
Different levels of government cooperate effectively with all segments of civil society, in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

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### 8. Financial Status and Human Resources

# 8.1 - Please assess the relative importance of the following sources of funding for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage in your country.

National government funds	Major source of funding for running costs/maintenance
Other levels of government (provincial, state, local)	Minor source of funding for running costs/maintenance
International assistance from the World Heritage Fund	Major source of project funding
Funds from other international conventions/programmes	Minor source of project funding
International multilateral funding (e.g. World Bank, IDB, European Union, etc.)	Major source of project funding
International bilateral funding (e.g. AFD, GIZ, DGCS, GEF, etc.)	Major source of project funding
Non-Governmental Organizations (international and/or national)	Minor source of project funding
Private sector funds	Minor source of project funding
Other	No funding/Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	No

### 8.2 - Does the State Party have policies to allocate site revenues for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage?

		No	Yes
8.2.1	Culture	×	
8.2.2	Nature	×	

### 8.3 - Do you consider that the current budget is sufficient to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively?

	Culture	Nature
The available budget is <b>inadequate</b> for basic conservation, protection and presentation and is a serious constraint on the capacity to conserve and protect cultural and natural heritage.		×
The available budget is <b>acceptable</b> but could be further improved to fully meet the conservation, protection and presentation needs.	×	
The available budget is <b>adequate</b> to meet the current conservation, protection and presentation needs.		

# 8.4 - Please indicate the percentage of total annual public expenditure that is spent on the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage

	Category	percentage %
8.4.1	Cultural	3%
8.4.2	Natural	2%

# 8.5 - Please estimate the percentage of the total annual public expenditure (as stated in 8.4) that is spent on cultural and natural heritage at each governmental level

Percentage		Cultural	Natural
8.5.1	National/Federal	100 %	100 %
8.5.2	Regional/Provincial	0 %	0 %
8.5.3	Local	0 %	0 %
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

### 8.6 - Are available human resources adequate to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively?

Human resources	Culture	Nature
Human resources are <b>inadequate</b> for conservation, protection and presentation needs of cultural and/or natural heritage.	×	×
A range of human resources exist, to conserve, protect and present cultural and/or natural heritage, but these are <b>below optimum</b> .		
Human resources are adequate to meet the current needs of cultural and/or natural heritage conservation, protection and presentation.		

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#### 8.7 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to financial and human resources (Questions 8.1 to 8.6)

Available financial and human resources are the minimum. The government should give a priority to enhance this sector and allocate more budgets and assign more human resources to adequately conserve and manage Palestine heritage. Note question 8.5 is not correct, the expenditures are not equal and this question is not applicable to Palestine

### 9. Capacity Development

# 9.1 - Please prioritise the capacity building needs in the following fields identified in your country for the conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage.

	Culture	Nature
National/federal	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Tentative Lists	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Nominations	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Reporting and monitoring	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: International assistance	High priority	High priority
Conservation and management of heritage sites	High priority	High priority
Technical and scientific issues	High priority	High priority
Traditional conservation processes	High priority	High priority
Sustainable resource utilisation and management	High priority	High priority
Interpretation/communication of World Heritage properties	High priority	High priority
Risk preparedness and disaster risk management	High priority	High priority
Impact assessment tools (environmental, heritage and social)	High priority	Medium priority
Sustainable tourism use and management	High priority	High priority
Management effectiveness assessment	High priority	High priority
Management approaches and methodologies (including HUL)	High priority	High priority
Awareness raising and outreach	High priority	High priority
Governance: legislative, institutional and financial frameworks and mechanisms	High priority	High priority
Sustainable development	High priority	High priority
Protection and integration of biological and cultural diversity in management systems	Medium priority	High priority
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change: adaptation and mitigation	Medium priority	High priority
Adoption of rights-based approaches to heritage management	High priority	High priority
Development of inclusive, equitable and effective management systems: enhancing quality of life and well-being through heritage	High priority	High priority
Inclusive social development in World Heritage management systems	High priority	High priority
Gender balance in management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority
Inclusive economic development in World Heritage management systems	High priority	High priority
World Heritage as an enabler and a driver of peace and security	Medium priority	High priority

# 9.2 - Please rate the priority for training target audiences for each of the specific topics/themes/capacity building needs identified below for conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage.

<b>'</b>	•	· ·		
	Administrators and government bodies at all levels	Communities, indigenous peoples, landowners, local businesses, other social groups etc.	Universities, NGOs etc.	Heritage practitioners
Implementation of the Convention	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority
Statutory processes: Tentative Lists process	Low priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority
Statutory processes: Nomination process	Low priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Reporting and monitoring process	Low priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: International assistance, etc.	Low priority	Low priority	Low priority	Medium priority

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Conservation and management of heritage sites	Low priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Technical and Scientific issues	Low priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Traditional conservation processes	No priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Sustainable resource utilisation and management	Low priority	High priority	High priority	Medium priority
Interpretation/communication of World Heritage properties	No priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Risk preparedness and disaster risk management	No priority	High priority	Medium priority	High priority
Impact assessment tools (environmental, heritage and social)	No priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Sustainable tourism use and management	Low priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Management effectiveness assessment	High priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Management approaches and methodologies (including HUL)	High priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Awareness raising and outreach	Low priority	High priority	Medium priority	High priority
Governance: legislative, institutional and financial frameworks and mechanisms	High priority	High priority	High priority	Medium priority
Sustainable development	High priority	High priority	High priority	Not applicable
Building environmental and social resilience	Medium priority	High priority	High priority	Not applicable
Integration of eco-social diversity in management systems	Low priority	High priority	High priority	Medium priority
Adoption of rights-based approaches to heritage management	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	Low priority
Development of inclusive, equitable and effective management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	High priority
Adaptation to and mitigation of climate change	Low priority	High priority	High priority	High priority

### 9.3 - Please indicate how the State Party is using the World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy (2011).

		No	Yes
9.3.1	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level.	×	
9.3.2	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level.		×
9.3.3	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities.	×	
9.3.4	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes.	×	
9.3.5	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage.	×	

# 9.4 - Does the State Party have a national training/educational strategy to strengthen capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management?

There is **no national strategy** for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is **being done on an ad hoc basis.** 

# 9.5 - Comments: Please provide any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Capacity Development (Questions 9.1 to 9.4).

More capacity building programmes are needed in Palestine to better manage and conserve heritage resources.

- 10. Policy and Resourcing of World Heritage Properties
- 10.1 If there are principal pieces of legislation specific to the protection, conservation, presentation and management of World Heritage not listed in 5.1 (which focuses on policy general to all heritage), please list them here.
- 10.2 Please describe briefly how legislation and/or regulations at other levels contribute to the identification, conservation and protection of the State's Party cultural and natural heritage. Please provide web links for the legislation listed above. http://muqtafi.birzeit.edu/en/index.aspx
- 10.3 Are the services provided by agencies/institutions adequate for the protection, conservation, presentation and management of World Heritage properties in your country?

There is some capacity to protect, conserve, present and manage World Heritage properties but significant deficiencies remain.

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# 10.4 - How does the State Party encourage and support World Heritage properties to manage and develop visitation/tourism sustainably?

By developing policies and/or requiring sustainable tourism strategies to be developed

By facilitating network cooperation and stakeholder engagement through the development of governance structures or other mechanisms for cooperation

# 10.5 - Please indicate here any additional information or clarify how the State Party supports sustainable tourism planning and management at a property level.

The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities has developed sustainable tourism planning through encouraging the integrated partnership between the public and private sector, and the civil society institutions.

10.6 - Does the State Party require the use of impact assessments for programmes (e.g. strategic environmental assessments) or development projects (e.g. environmental impact assessments, heritage impact assessments) that may have an impact on the World Heritage property, its buffer zone and the wider setting?

There is a regulatory framework that requires the use of impact assessments for programmes or development projects which is implemented but it needs improvement.

10.7 - Please list the different assessment methods used. Please provide weblinks to the guidance for the assessment methods.

Law (No. 11, 2018) for the Protection and Conservation of Tangible Cultural Heritage Resources in Palestine. Article(23.2) states that ...the execution of infrastructure works and major projects in these sites (cultural heritage) may only take place after obtaining a written permit from the Ministry and conducting a study to assess the cultural and environment impact of such acts. http://muqtafi.birzeit.edu/en/index.aspx

10.8 - Does the State Party have a national capacity building strategy for World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management?

There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis

- 10.9 Does the State Party have the institutional capacity to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues? There is no institutional capacity to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues.
- 10.10 Has the State Party helped to establish national, public and private foundations or associations for raising funds and receiving donations for the protection of World Heritage?

Yes

10.11 - Please add any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage policies and resources
Recently, the Management and Conservation Plans for two World Heritage Properties: Palestine, Land of Olives and Vines: Cultural Landscape of Southern
Jerusalem, Battir, and ""Birthplace of Jesus: Church of the Nativity and the Pilgrimage Route", are approved by the World Heritage Committee, and subsequently
national related partners and stakeholders are in the process to endorse them. These plans will guide conservation and development activities in these properties for
the coming 10 years.

- 11. International Cooperation
- 11.1 Has the State Party promoted international cooperation and the establishment of cooperation mechanisms for heritage since the last Periodic Report? If so, please indicate the type of cooperation that best describes your activities.

Participation in other UN programmes, including sustainable development programmes and human rights and gender equality programmes
Bilateral and multilateral agreements
Sharing expertise to promote equitable participation in heritage mechanisms for communities
Financial support
Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars

- 11.2 Do you have World Heritage properties that have been twinned with others at a national or international level?
- 11.3 Please add any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to International Cooperation (Questions 11.1 to 11.2). If you have twinned World Heritage properties, please list them along with their twins.

No further comments

- 12. Education, Information and Awareness Building
- 12.1 Does the State Party have a strategy to raise awareness among communities and different stakeholders about conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage?

There are strategies to raise awareness about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage but there are some deficiencies in its implementation.

12.2 - Please rate the level of general awareness of the following groups about World Heritage in your country

Communities living in/around heritage sites	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Youth	Fair

General public	Fair
Decision makers and public officials	Fair
Private sector	Fair
Tourism industry	Fair
Other specific groups	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	

# 12.3 - Does the State Party have heritage education programmes for children and/or youth, that contribute to improving understanding of heritage, promoting diversity and fostering intercultural dialogue?

There are heritage education programmes to improve understanding of cultural and natural heritage, promote diversity, and foster intercultural dialogue but there are deficiencies in implementation.

# 12.4 - Please rate the level of frequency of the following activities to improve understanding of cultural and natural heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue among children and/or youth

Teacher training courses on the use of the World Heritage in Young Hands Kit	Low
Courses/activities for students within school programmes	Low
Youth forums	Low
Skills-training courses for students	Low
Organized school visits to World Heritage properties/cultural and natural sites	Low
Activities linked to heritage within the framework of UNESCO Clubs/Associations	Low
Other	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other', please specify	

#### 12.5 - Does the State Party participate in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme?

The State Party participates in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme.

# 12.6 - Please add any additional comments, description of best practices in World Heritage Education, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building (Questions 12.3 to 12.5)

The Management and Conservation Plan for the WHPs includes strategies for raising awareness and education; however these strategies are not implemented due to shortage of human and financial resources.

#### 13. Conclusions and Recommended Actions

### 13.1. State Party's implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### Synergies with other relevant Conventions, Recommendations and Programmes

- The State Party is **not** using the provisions of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape
- There is limited coordination or integration of the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies

### Identification of heritage

#### National inventories

#### Tentative List

• The State Party does not intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of its Tentative List

#### Effectiveness of legal framework

- The State Party has no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework for the conservation and protection of cultural heritage
- The State Party has no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework for the conservation and protection of natural heritage

Function of cultural and natural heritage in the life of the community

Contribution of heritage to sustainable development policies

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- There is **no integration** of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:
- There is **limited integration** of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:
  - Protecting biological and cultural diversity and providing ecosystem services and benefits
  - Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change
  - . Contributing to inclusion and equality
  - Enhancing the quality of life and well-being
  - Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities
  - · Achieving gender equality
  - . Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods
  - Promoting economic investment and quality tourism
  - Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship
  - Ensuring conflict prevention
  - Protecting heritage during conflict
  - Promoting conflict resolution
  - Contributing to post-conflict recovery

#### Larger-scale planning

#### Status of services for protection, conservation and presentation

#### Financial status

• The available budget is inadequate for basic conservation, protection and presentation and is a serious constraint on the capacity to conserve and protect Natural heritage

#### Human resources

- Human resources are inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of cultural heritage
- · Human resources are inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of natural heritage

#### Capacity development

- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level
- The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage
- There is no national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is being done on an ad hoc basis

#### Policy and resourcing of World Heritage properties

• There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis

#### Research on World Heritage properties

• The State Party has no institutional capacity to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues

#### International cooperation

Forms of international cooperation and cooperation mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State Party since the last Periodic Report:

- Participation in other UN programmes, including sustainable development programmes and human rights and gender equality programmes
- Bilateral and multilateral agreements
- Sharing expertise to promote equitable participation in heritage mechanisms for communities
- Financial support
- Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars

### Education, information and awareness building

13.2. Actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention (identified from table 13.1).

#### 13.2.1 - Please select the top issues (up to ten)

2.5	UNESCO Recommendations	
2.5.1	The State Party is <b>not</b> using the provisions of the 2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape	×
3	Tentative List	
3.3	The State Party does not intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of its Tentative List	
5.7	Enforcement of the legal framework	
5.7.1	<ul> <li>The State Party has no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework for the conservation and protection of cultural heritage</li> <li>The State Party has no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework for the conservation and protection of natural heritage</li> </ul>	×

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5.11	Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies	
5.11.1	<ul> <li>There is no integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:</li> <li>There is limited integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in: <ul> <li>Protecting biological and cultural diversity and providing ecosystem services and benefits</li> <li>Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change</li> <li>Contributing to inclusion and equality</li> <li>Enhancing the quality of life and well-being</li> <li>Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities</li> <li>Achieving gender equality</li> <li>Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods</li> <li>Promoting economic investment and quality tourism</li> <li>Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship</li> <li>Ensuring conflict prevention</li> <li>Protecting heritage during conflict</li> <li>Promoting conflict resolution</li> <li>Contributing to post-conflict recovery</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	×
5.14	Use of policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage	
5.14.2	There is limited coordination or integration of the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies	×
8	Financial Status and Human Resources	
8.3	• The available budget is <b>inadequate</b> for basic conservation, protection and presentation and is a serious constraint on the capacity to conserve and protect Natural heritage	×
8.6	<ul> <li>Human resources are inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of cultural heritage</li> <li>Human resources are inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of natural heritage</li> </ul>	×
9	Capacity Development	
9.3	<ul> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level</li> <li>The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage</li> </ul>	×
9.4	There is <b>no national strategy</b> for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is <b>being done on an ad hoc basis</b>	×
10	Policy and Resourcing of World Heritage Properties	
10.8	There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis	×
10.9	The State Party has no institutional capacity to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues	
11	International Cooperation	
11.1	Forms of international cooperation and cooperation mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State Party since the last Periodic Report:  • Participation in other UN programmes, including sustainable development programmes and human rights and gender equality programmes  • Bilateral and multilateral agreements  • Sharing expertise to promote equitable participation in heritage mechanisms for communities  • Financial support  • Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars	×
Pleas	se select 0 more issues.	
□ Ple	ease save this question to reflect changes	

## 13.3. Priority Actions Assessment

## 13.3.1 - Please indicate priority actions to address items rated as poor

2.5	UNESCO Recommendations					
		Action	Short description	Authority(ies) responsible	Timeframe	May this action require International Assistance from the World Heritage Fund?

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2.5.1	is <b>not</b> using the provisions of the or 2011 La Recommendation us on the Historic in Urban Landscape irr		- Although the provis the 2011 Recommer on the Historic Urban Landscape are not d used, all conservatio interventions are implemented accord the highest quality as meeting international standards.	idation irectly in ing to	all Conservation a maintenance work be undertaken in t WHS are of the highest quality and meeting internation standards, and in accordance to the adopted bylaws, regulations, and international conventions and charters adopted by Palestine.	es to he d nal	- Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government	2019	9-2025	enhance	
5.7	Enforcement	of the legal fram	nework								
5.7.1	no efficapad to enfiframe conse protect	state Party has fective city/resources orce the legal work for the ervation and cition of ral heritage city/resources orce the legal work for the ervation and cition of al heritage	Building a conse between the invo enforcement inst ensure: - The str continuous imple of the laws and regulations Mo law implementati World Heritage F	itutions to ict and mentation nitoring on inside	- Enforcement at activation of the existing legal framework set for managing and protecting the W Ensuring the involvement of the communities of t WHPs Assign qualified human resources	or /HPs - he local the new	- Ministry of Tourism a Antiquities - Municipalities - Qualit Environment Authority Ministry of Agriculture Ministry of Local Government	/ / -	2019-2025	inte assi stro issu	nk, if there is an mational stance, it will ngly enhance the e of capacity ding.
5.11	Integrati strategie		vation and protection o	of cultural a	nd natural heritag	je as a s	strategic element in natio	onal su	stainable develop	oment po	licies and
5.11.1	- Sustainability is generally integrated in management and conservation of cultural heritage, even though there is no specific strategy for that A special policies and strategies should be developed to ensure this integration		ated in management onservation of cultural ge, even though there pecific strategy for A special policies rategies should be uped to ensure this	suggested businesses and initiatives that may be established in the World Heritage Properties - Building the capacities of local practitioners in the Antiques		linistry of Tourism and tiquities - Municipalities - ality Environment thority - Ministry of riculture - Ministry of cal Government - NGOs ated - Professional and actitioners		2025	International assistance is high appreciated		
5.14			egies agreed by the W	orld Heritag	e Committee or th	ne World	d Heritage General Asse	mbly to	set national poli	cies or s	trategies for the
5.14.2	There is coordina integratic the impleme of multile agreeme program and Wor Heritage policies a strategie	tion or mecha on of related underl ntation which teral highes mes standa interna and ch	nce coordination anisms to include all d efforts and works taken in the WHP, should be in the st quality and ng international ards, and ational conventions narters adopted	all partners ensure well management policies dev and enhance	of cooperation betw must be elaborated implementation of int and conservation of eloped for the WHF se community-based and investment.	d to n Ps	- Ministry of Tourism an Antiquities - Ministry of Foreign Affairs - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government - NGOs re		2020-2024		Not needed
8	Financial Statu	s and Human Re	sources								
8.3	• The ava budget is inadeque for basic conservation of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation of the capa to conservation of	s restate innocential innocent	cure financial sources and develop novative mechanisms to sure the sustainability the management and nservation of the HPs.	financial resource impleme of the W Propertie budget is be alloca Governm	no sustainable mechanisms and as for the ntation of the MCPs orld Heritage se. special public a crucially needed to sted by the nent to conserve and cultural heritage	A A A Lo	Ministry of Tourism and ntiquities - Municipalities Quality Environment uthority - Ministry of griculture - Ministry of ocal Government - linistry of Culture	2020	0-2030		ational assistance r important in this

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8.6	resources res	resources resources to manage and conserve the WHPs  inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of cultural heritage  Human resources are inadequate for conservation, protection and presentation needs of natural		is an inadequate In resources for Invation and Invation a	- Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government - Ministry of Culture	2020-2024	Not required
9	Capacity Development						
9.3	The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level  The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level  The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities  The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes  The State Party is not using the Capacity building programmes  The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage	Set a practical strate to use the capacity building strategies of the international and regional levels	on	Cooperation between Palestine and other international specialized institutions in heritage management and conservation shall be set to enhance the capacity building and sustain Palestine heritage.	- Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government - Ministry of Culture	2019-2030	International Assistance is highly appreciated
9.4	There is no national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is being done on an ad hoc basis	of for building the capacities of local	ons) and	There is a shortage of specialized trainings for local restorers, architects and workers in the heritage field in heritage management on the Church conservation and management.	Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture -	2020-2026	International Assistance is very important to develop the capacity building.

Policy and Resourcing of World Heritage Properties

10

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10.8	There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis	- Initiate systematic training programs for enhancing capacity building of human resource within the WHPs Build capacity of local conservators, architects, and engineers in the appropriate and best conservation practices.	there are a shortage of systematic training programs, specialized trainings & workshops for local restorers, archaeologists, architects & engineers	- Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government - Ministry of Culture	2020-2027	International assistance is highly welcomed
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11	International Cooperation					
11.1	Forms of international cooperation and cooperation mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State Party since the last Periodic Report:  • Participation in other UN programmes, including sustainable development programmes and human rights and gender equality programmes  • Bilateral and multilateral agreements  • Sharing expertise to promote equitable participation in heritage mechanisms for communities  • Financial support  • Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars	Enhance the international cooperation on capacity building and best practices of conservation and management of heritage.	International cooperation is inadequate which can be strengthen through easing the transformation of the best practices in management and conservation.	- Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities - Municipalities - Quality Environment Authority - Ministry of Agriculture - Ministry of Local Government - Ministry of Culture	2019-2026	International Assistance is really crucial to enhance the capacity building and transmission of best practices.

Please indicate priority actions to address items rated as poor completed

#### 13.4. Additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### 13.4.1 - Please indicate any additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

More international and regional cooperation is needed. This cooperation can contribute to ease experience exchange among different countries and professionals alike.

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

### 14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the State Party level.

- After the inscription of the WHP "Birthplace of Jesus: Church of the Nativity and the Pilgrimage Route", in the List of World Heritage in danger (2012), the State of Palestine has set an intensive conservation program for the Church of Nativity, and subsequently succeeded to remove the property from the List of in danger in 2019. - The State of Palestine has succeeded to draw down two Management and Conservation Plans(MCPs) for Two inscribed World Heritage Properties. Preparation of these two MCPs contributed to improve the Palestinian capacity building in management and conservation plans. Palestinian experts have the technical and practical expertise to draw MCPs and train other local professional on preparation of MCPs consistent with the international standards.

#### 14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of good practice at the State Party level.

Sustainable Development	
Synergies	
State of Conservation	
Management	
Sovernance	
Capacity Building	

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- 15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.1. Primary institution responsible for communicating with UNESCO on the World Heritage Convention

#### 15.1.1 - Which primary institution is responsible for communicating with UNESCO with regards to the World Heritage Convention?

- The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, and - The Permanent Delegation of Palestine to UNESCO

#### 15.2. Relevance and Objectives of Periodic Reporting

#### 15.2.1 - Relevance and Objectives of Periodic Reporting

State Party	Not applicable
Site Managers	Not applicable
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Not applicable
Advisory Bodies	Not applicable

#### 15.3. The four Objectives of Periodic Reporting

#### 15.3.1 - How well does the current questionnaire address each of the four Objectives of Periodic Reporting?

	Objective	Not at all	Partially	Adequately
15.3.1.1	Provide an assessment of the implementation of the World Heritage Convention by the State Party			×
15.3.1.2	Provide an assessment as to whether the values of World Heritage properties are being maintained over time			×
15.3.1.3	Provide updated information about World Heritage properties to record the changing circumstances and state of conservation of the property			×
15.3.1.4	Provide a mechanism for regional cooperation and exchange of information and experiences between States Parties about the implementation of the <i>World Heritage Convention</i> , and World Heritage conservation			×

#### 15.4. Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

#### 15.4.1 -

This exercise has improved our knowledge about the multidimensional significance of heritage. It highlights several aspects associated with management, conservation, interpretation, outreach programs, etc. The way of dealing with these aspects oriented our intention towards methodolizing our thinking and our policies to be more comprehensive and sustainable.

#### 15.5. Use of Data

## 15.5.1 - How does your State Party plan to use the data?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage
Updating management plans
Fundraising
Awareness raising
Advocacy
Improve the States Party implementation on the Convention

#### 15.6. Timing and resources

# 15.6.1 - Were your national authorities given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in the questionnaire during this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Yes

### 15.6.2 - Please estimate the time (working hours) and the number of people involved in completing Section I of the questionnaire.

	Time & people	Number of hours worked	Number of people involved
15.6.2.1	Gathering data	Four months	10
15.6.2.2	Consulting stakeholders	Three months	15
15.6.2.3	Filling in the questionnaire	Two months	5

## 15.6.3 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance is explicitly considered and effectively implemented in the process.

#### 15.6.4 - Did your national authorities mobilise any additional resources to carry out this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

,	No	Yes
		.00

15.6.4.1	Human resources	×
15.6.4.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/training	×

#### 15.6.5 - Please provide details on any additional resources mobilised.

Local available resources were used.

### 15.7. Format and Content of the Periodic Reporting Questionnaire

#### 15.7.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete the Periodic Report?

Most of the required information was accessible

#### 15.7.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

Using the questionnaire	good
Understanding the questions	good

### 15.7.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement

I think, this format is elaborated very well.

### 15.8. Training and guidance

# 15.8.1 - Please rate the level of support received in terms of training and guidance from the following entities for the completion of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors)	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable
ICCROM International/regional	Fair
ICOMOS national/regional	Not applicable
IUCN national/regional	Fair
Category 2 Centres	Not applicable
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

# 15.8.2 - Were the online training resources provided by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for your national authorities to complete the online questionnaire?

Yes

### 15.8.3 - Please provide further comments on the online training resources

I think, online training resources were very good and quiet enough to explain this exercise.

#### 15.9. Comments

#### 15.9.1 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

The available online materials are enough and well prepared

#### 15.9.2 - Thank you for having filled in all the questions.

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