### Russian Federation

1. Introduction

#### 1.1 - State Party

Russian Federation

1.2 - Date of ratification/accession/acceptance of the Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage 12/10/1988

1.3 - Groups and institutions involved in the preparation of Section I of the Periodic Report

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage

National Commission for UNESCO

Focal points of other international Conventions/programmes

World Heritage site managers/coordinators

Non-Governmental Organizations

ICOMOS national/regional

- 2. Synergies with other Conventions
- 2.1. Multilateral Environmental Agreements
- 2.1.1 According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, in addition to the World Heritage Convention, your State is party to/not party to/in the process of adhering to the following agreements. Please check and amend as necessary.

		Not Party to	Party to	Adhesion in Progress
2.1.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		×	
2.1.1.2	Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)		×	
2.1.1.3	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species in Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES)		×	
2.1.1.4	Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)	×		
2.1.1.5	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)		×	
2.1.1.6	International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA)	×		
2.1.1.7	International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)			×

2.1.2 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party is/are also designated (in whole or in part) as (a) Ramsar site(s) under the List of Wetlands of International Importance (The Ramsar List). Please check and amend as necessary.

Lake Baikal, Uvs Nuur Basin

- 2.1.3 Does your State Party intend to designate any World Heritage property(ies) (in whole or in part) for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance in the next three years?
- 2.1.4 Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies) your State Party intends to designate (in whole or in part) for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance in the next three years.
- 2.1.5 Please list any other relevant global or regional multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) on natural heritage which have been joined by your State Party.

Environmental co-operation under the EU-Russia Partnership and Co-operation Agreement (PCA) /

Convention on Biological Diversity /

Paris Agreement /

Environmental agreement of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) /

Arctic Environmental Protection Strategy (AEPS) /

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#### 2.2. UNESCO Culture Conventions

2.2.1 - The table below indicates which of the UNESCO cultural Conventions your State is party to, not party to or in the process of adhering to. Please check and amend as necessary.

		Not Party to	Party to	Adhesion in Progress
2.2.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		×	
2.2.1.2	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict		×	
2.2.1.3	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	×		
2.2.1.4	1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property		×	
2.2.1.5	2001 Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage	×		
2.2.1.6	2003 Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage	×		
2.2.1.7	2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions	×		

2.2.2 - Please list any other relevant global or regional Conventions or agreements on cultural heritage to which your State Party is party to or in the process of adhering to.

2019 Agreement on Cooperation of CIS in the Sphere of Museum Affairs /
1992 Agreement on Cooperation of CIS in the Sphere of Culture /
1954 European Cultural Convention /

2.2.3 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre the following World Heritage property(ies) located in your State Party have been included on the List of Cultural Property under Enhanced Protection under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict.

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

2.2.4 - Does your State Party intend to request the granting of Enhanced Protection for any of its World Heritage properties under the Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict in the next three years?

No

- 2.2.5 Please list any World Heritage properties for which your State Party intends to request the granting of Enhanced Protection.
- 2.3. UNESCO Programmes
- 2.3.1 The table below indicates which of the selected UNESCO programmes your State Party participates in. Please check and amend as necessary.

		No	Yes
2.3.1.1	Man and the Biosphere Programme		×
2.3.1.2	UNESCO Global Geoparks		×

2.3.2 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party is/are also designated (in whole or in part) as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme.

Central Sikhote-Alin, Golden Mountains of Altai, Lake Baikal, Uvs Nuur Basin, Virgin Komi Forests, Volcanoes of Kamchatka, Western Caucasus

- 2.3.3 Does your State Party intend to nominate any of its World Heritage properties (in whole or in part) as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme?

  No
- 2.3.4 Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies), (or part(s) thereof), your State Party intends to nominate as (a) Biosphere Reserve(s) under the intergovernmental Man and the Biosphere Programme:

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2.3.5 - According to the information available at the World Heritage Centre, the following World Heritage property(ies) in your State Party are also designated (in whole or in part) as UNESCO Global Geopark(s)

According to information available, no property in your State Party is currently listed.

2.3.6 - Has your State Party applied for any of its World Heritage properties (or part(s) thereof) to be designated UNESCO Global Geopark(s)?

No

- 2.3.7 Please indicate which World Heritage property(ies) (or part(s) thereof) is/are (a) UNESCO Global Geoparks applicant(s).
- 2.4. Cooperation and synergies between the Conventions and programmes your State is party to/is associated with/intends to join
- 2.4.1 Is there communication between the World Heritage Focal Point and the Focal Points of the Convention(s)/programme(s) listed below?

		Not Applicable	No	Yes
2.4.1.1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage			×
2.4.1.2	Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)			×
2.4.1.3	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species in Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES)			×
2.4.1.4	Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)	×		
2.4.1.5	Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Convention)			×
2.4.1.6	International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA)	×		
2.4.1.7	International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)	×		
2.4.1.8	1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict			×
2.4.1.9	Second Protocol to the 1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict	×		
2.4.1.10	1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property			×
2.4.1.11	2001 Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage	×		
2.4.1.12	2003 Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage	×		
2.4.1.13	2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions	×		
2.4.1.14	Man and the Biosphere Programme			×
2.4.1.15	Global Geoparks			×

- 2.4.2 Please comment, if applicable, on the communication between the World Heritage Focal Point and the Focal Points of the other Convention(s)/programme(s):
- 2.4.3 Are World Heritage Focal Points involved in the revision and implementation of national natural heritage strategies, policies and action plans, beyond specific issues related to World Heritage?
- 2.4.4 Are World Heritage Focal Points involved in the revision and implementation of national cultural heritage strategies, policies and action plans, beyond specific issues related to World Heritage?

  Yes
- 2.5. UNESCO Recommendations
- 2.5.1 Is your State Party using the provisions of the 1972 Recommendation and the 2011 Recommendation to set policies or strategies for the protection of cultural and natural heritage?

		Yes	No
2.5.1.1	1972 Recommendation concerning the Protection, at the National level, of the Cultural and Natural Heritage	×	
2.5.1.2	2011 Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape	×	

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#### 2.5.2 - Please describe how effectively each of the Recommendations is used:

The UNESCO 1972 Recommendation served as the basis for the development of certain provisions of Russian legislation on the protection of cultural heritage. Amost all cultural sites adhere to the HUL Recommendation. City administrations recognize the importance of holistic urban landscape preservation and historical, cultural, social, and economic values. To do this, administrations improve relevant legislation systems, develop urban development regulations, use urban development tools.

#### 3. Tentative List

# 3.1 - In the process of preparing your Tentative List, did you use any of the following tools to make a preliminary assessment of the potential Outstanding Universal Value?

IUCN thematic studies

Filling the gaps – an Action Plan for the future by ICOMOS

UNESCO's Global Strategy for a representative, balanced and credible World Heritage List

Other global comparative analyses

World Heritage Resource Manual 'Preparing World Heritage Nominations'

#### 3.2 - Have you used the Upstream Process in the revision of your Tentative List?

No

If you selected 'Yes', please comment on which forms of upstream guidance you have used and on their effectiveness of this guidance.

#### 3.3 - Do you intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of your Tentative List?

No

# 3.4 - Do any of the sites registered on your Tentative List have the potential to generate dialogue and cooperation among States Parties and different communities?

Yes, among States Parties

#### 3.5 - Please name the site(s) considered to have this potential

Mamayev Kurgan Memorial Complex "To the Heroes of the Battle of Stalingrad". The site can be considered as the component of serial property (Russian Federation and other countries concerned) dedicated to the memory of the tragic events of the World War II and the victory over fascism.

#### 3.6 - Please rate the level of involvement of the following (if applicable) in the preparation of the Tentative List

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional/provincial/state government(s)	Good
Local government(s)	Fair
Other government departments	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Good
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Fair
Local communities/residents	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Poor
Other specific groups (please specify below)	Good
Landowners	Poor
Local industries/tourism and other stakeholders	Poor
Non-Governmental Organization(s)	Good
Consultants/experts	Good
Site manager(s)/coordinator(s)	Good
If 'Other specific groups' applies, please specify	Russian Orthodox Church

# 3.7 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the process of preparing the Tentative List?

Gender balance has not been explicitly considered or implemented in the process.

# 3.8 - Do any sites on your Tentative List already benefit from other international designations either under other UNESCO Conventions/Programmes or under the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands?

Yes

If you selected 'Yes', please list the site(s), identify the other designation(s)/programme(s) from which it/they benefit(s), and state the additional benefits you expect to gain from inscription on the World Heritage List.

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Kenozero National Park (Testament of Kenozero Lake) is included in the UNESCO World Network of Biosphere Reserves under the Man and Biosphere Programme. Inscription of the site on the WHL as a cultural landscape will contribute to the recognition and preservation of the cultural value of the site.

## 3.9 - Please provide any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Tentative List (Questions 3.1 to 3.8)

#### 4. Nominations

### 4.1 - Please rate the level of involvement of the following entities in the preparation of the most recent nomination dossiers

National government institution(s)	Fair
Regional/provincial/state government(s)	Fair
Local government(s)	Poor
Other government departments	Poor
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Poor
Local communities/residents	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Other specific groups (please specify below)	Good
Landowners	Poor
Local industries/tourist sector and commercial stakeholders	Fair
Non-Governmental Organization(s)	Good
Consultants/experts	Good
Site manager(s)/coordinator(s)	Good
If 'Other specific groups' applies, please specify	Historic and heritage conservation organisations and architects

# 4.2 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the preparation of the most recent nomination dossiers?

No

#### 4.3 - Please rate the perceived benefits in your country of inscribing properties on the World Heritage List

Promoted environmental sustainability, valuing places which are essential for human well-being	Some
Enhanced inclusive social development, with full inclusion and equity for all stakeholders	Some
Strengthened protection and conservation of heritage (legislative, regulatory, institutional and/or traditional)	High
Enhanced conservation practices	High
Enhanced wider community appreciation and participation in heritage processes	High
Improved presentation of sites	High
Enhanced honour/prestige	High
Increased funding	Some
Additional tool for lobbying/political influence	Limited
Fostered peace and security, including promotion of partnerships and conservation	Some
Increased number of tourists and visitors	High
Promoted inclusive economic development, including decent income and employment for communities	Some
Other(s)	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

# 4.4 - Please rate the extent to which the inscription of properties on the World Heritage List will contribute to achieving the objectives of the 2015 World Heritage and Sustainable Development Policy and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Protecting biological and cultural diversity and ecosystem services and benefits	Some
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change	Some
Contributing to inclusion and equity	Some

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Enhancing quality of life and well-being	High
Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights	Some
Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities	Some
Achieving gender equality	Not applicable
Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods	Some
Promoting economic investment and quality tourism	High
Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship	High
Ensuring conflict prevention	Some
Protecting heritage during conflict	Some
Promoting conflict resolution	Some
Contributing to post-conflict recovery	Limited
Other(s)	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

- 4.5 Please provide any additional comments and/or recommendations related to the nomination of properties (questions 4.1 to 4.4).
- 5. General Policy Development
- 5.1. Principal pieces of national cultural and/or natural heritage legislation
- 5.1.1 Principal pieces of national legislation for the protection, conservation and presentation of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage

#### Comment

National laws for cultural heritage: Federal law No. 73-FZ of 25.06.2002 "On Objects of Cultural Heritage (Historical and Cultural Monuments) of the Peoples of the Russian Federation", Federal law No. 54 FZ of 26.05.1996 "On the Museum Fund of the Russian Federation and Museums in the Russian Federation". National laws for natural heritage: Federal Law No. 33-FZ of 14.03.1995 "On Specially Protected Natural Territories", Federal Law No 7-FZ of 10.01.2002 "On Environmental Protection".

- 5.2. Comment on principal pieces of legislation
- 5.2.1 Please comment, especially if prefilled legislation is no longer in force
- 5.3. Other principal pieces of legislation
- 5.3.1 If there are principal pieces of legislation for the protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage not listed in the previous question, please add them here.

Town Planning Code of the Russian Federation / Cultural / National /
Land code of the Russian Federation / Both / National /

- 5.4. Contribution of legislation and/or regulations at other levels to the identification, conservation and protection of the cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.4.1 Please describe briefly how legislation and/or regulations at other levels contribute to the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage.
- 5.5. Adequacy of the legal framework for the identification of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.5.1 Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) adequate for the identification of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no legal framework</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>inadequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>partially adequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>adequate</b> for the identification of cultural and/or natural heritage.	×	×

- 5.6. Adequacy of the legal framework for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage
- 5.6.1 Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) adequate for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage?

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	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no legal framework</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>inadequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>partially adequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
The legal framework is <b>adequate</b> for the conservation and protection of cultural and/or natural heritage.	×	×

### 5.7. Enforcement of the legal framework

# 5.7.1 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and/or regulations) for the conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and/or natural heritage be enforced?

		There is no legal framework.	There is no effective capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework.	Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework could be strengthened.	Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework are adequate.
5.7.1.1	Culture				×
5.7.1.2	Nature				×

- 5.8. Comments on the enforcement of the legal framework
- 5.8.1 Please comment on particular problems of enforcement
- 5.9. Policies giving cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of communities
- 5.9.1 How effectively do the State Party's policies give cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of communities?

	Culture	Nature
There are <b>no specific policies</b> to give heritage a function in the life of communities.		
There are no specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.	×	×
There are specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but there are some deficiencies in their implementation.		
There are specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities that are effectively implemented.		

- 5.10. Examples of specific policies giving heritage a function in the life of communities
- 5.10.1 Please provide examples of specific policies that give heritage a function in the life of communities
- 5.11. Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies
- 5.11.1 How effectively does your State Party integrate the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies?

Protecting biological and cultural diversity and providing ecosystem services and benefits.	High
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change.	Some
Contributing to inclusion and equality.	Some
Enhancing the quality of life and well-being.	Some
Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights.	Some
Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities.	Some
Achieving gender equality.	Some
Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods.	Some
Promoting economic investment and quality tourism.	High
Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship.	Some
Ensuring conflict prevention.	Some
Protecting heritage during conflict.	Some
Promoting conflict resolution.	Some
Contributing to post-conflict recovery.	Some
Other (please specify).	Not applicable

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- 5.12. UNESCO Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape (HUL), adopted in 2011
- 5.12.1 In relation to the UNESCO Recommendation on the Historic Urban Landscape (HUL), adopted in 2011, please indicate which of the following steps your State Party has taken (you can check multiple boxes):

Adapt the application of the Recommendation and its approach to the States Party's specific context

Encourage the HUL approach across its territory

- 5.13. Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage into comprehensive/larger scale planning programmes
- 5.13.1 How effectively does the State Party integrate the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage into comprehensive/larger scale planning programmes?

There are policies but there are some deficiencies in their implementation.

- 5.14. Use of policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage
- 5.14.1 Is your State Party using policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage?

	UNESCO World Heritage Policy or Strategy	No	Yes
5.14.1.1	Policy Document on the Impacts of Climate Change on World Heritage Properties	×	
5.14.1.2	Strategy for Reducing Risks from Disasters at World Heritage Properties	×	
5.14.1.3	World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy		×
5.14.1.4	World Heritage Sustainable Development Policy		×

- 5.14.2 Is the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies coordinated and integrated into the development of national policies for the conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage? There is **limited coordination** and **integration** of the implementation of these multilateral agreements, Programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies into national policies.
- 5.15. Specific national policies developed using World Heritage policies and strategies
- 5.15.1 Please give details of specific national policies developed using World Heritage policies and strategies
- 5.16. Comments on General Policy Development (Questions 5.1 to 5.15)
- 5.16.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to General Policy Development (Questions 5.1 to 5.15)
- 6. Inventories/Lists/Registers of Cultural and Natural Heritage
- 6.1 If the State Party has already established inventories/lists/registers of cultural and natural heritage, at which level(s) are they compiled, and what is their current status?

	Cultural heritage	Natural heritage
National/federal	Process completed or continuously updated	Process completed or continuously updated
Regional/provincial/state	Process completed or continuously updated	Process completed or continuously updated
Local	Process well-advanced	Process well-advanced
Other	Not applicable	Not applicable

6.2 - Are inventories/lists/registers adequate to capture the diversity of cultural and natural heritage of your State Party?

	Culture	Nature
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.		
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>inadequate</b> to capture the diversity of heritage.		
Inventories/lists/registers capture some of the diversity of heritage.		
Inventories/lists/registers capture the full diversity of heritage.	×	×

6.3 - Are inventories/lists/registers used to protect the identified cultural and natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.		

Inventories/lists/registers are not actively used for the protection of heritage.		
Inventories/lists/registers are sometimes used for the protection of heritage.		
Inventories/lists/registers are frequently used for the protection of heritage.	×	×

# 6.4 - In addition to heritage practitioners and academic institutions, does the State Party involve communities and indigenous peoples in the identification of natural and cultural heritage for inclusion in inventories/lists/registers?

	Culture	Nature
The State Party <b>does not involve</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.		
The State Party <b>plans to involve</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers in the future.		
The State Party <b>sometimes involves</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.	×	×
The State Party <b>regularly involves</b> communities and indigenous peoples in the identification sites of natural and/or cultural heritage for inclusion in their inventories/lists/registers.		

#### 6.5 - Are inventories/lists/registers used for the identification of sites for the Tentative List?

	Culture	Nature	Mixed
No inventories/lists/registers of heritage have been established.			
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>not actively used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.			
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>sometimes used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.	×	×	×
Inventories/lists/registers are <b>frequently used</b> for the identification of sites for inclusion on the Tentative List.			

# 6.6 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to inventories/lists/registers of cultural and natural heritage (questions 6.1 to 6.5)

- 7. Status of Services for the Identification, Protection, Conservation and Presentation of Natural and Cultural Heritage
- 7.1 How effectively do the principal agencies/institutions responsible for cultural and/or natural heritage cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of this heritage?

There is some cooperation between the principal agencies/institutions for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage but this could be improved.

# 7.2 - How effectively do other government agencies (e.g. those responsible for tourism, defence, public works, fishery, etc.) cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage?

In general, **cooperation exists** between other government agencies and the principal agencies/institutions for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage**but there are still deficiencies**.

# 7.3 - How effectively do different levels of government cooperate in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no cooperation</b> between different levels of government for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is limited cooperation between different levels of government for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
In general, <b>cooperation exists</b> between different levels of government for identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage <b>but there are still deficiencies</b> .	×	×
Different levels of government cooperate effectively for the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

# 7.4 - How effectively do different levels of government cooperate with all segments of civil society in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage?

	Culture	Nature
There is <b>no cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is <b>limited cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
There is <b>some cooperation</b> between different levels of government and all segments of civil society in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritagebut there are still deficiencies.	×	×
Different levels of government <b>cooperate effectively</b> with all segments of civil society, in the identification, protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and/or natural heritage.		

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### 8. Financial Status and Human Resources

# 8.1 - Please assess the relative importance of the following sources of funding for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage in your country.

National government funds	Major source of funding for running costs/maintenance
Other levels of government (provincial, state, local)	Minor source of project funding
International assistance from the World Heritage Fund	No funding/Not applicable
Funds from other international conventions/programmes	No funding/Not applicable
International multilateral funding (e.g. World Bank, IDB, European Union, etc.)	No funding/Not applicable
International bilateral funding (e.g. AFD, GIZ, DGCS, GEF, etc.)	No funding/Not applicable
Non-Governmental Organizations (international and/or national)	Minor source of funding for running costs/maintenance
Private sector funds	Minor source of project funding
Other	No funding/Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

### 8.2 - Does the State Party have policies to allocate site revenues for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage?

		No	Yes
8.2.1	Culture	×	
8.2.2	Nature	×	

### 8.3 - Do you consider that the current budget is sufficient to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively?

	Culture	Nature
The available budget is <b>inadequate</b> for basic conservation, protection and presentation and is a serious constraint on the capacity to conserve and protect cultural and natural heritage.		
The available budget is <b>acceptable</b> but could be further improved to fully meet the conservation, protection and presentation needs.	×	×
The available budget is <b>adequate</b> to meet the current conservation, protection and presentation needs.		

# 8.4 - Please indicate the percentage of total annual public expenditure that is spent on the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage

	Category	percentage %
8.4.1	Cultural	1,4%
8.4.2	Natural	0,9%

# 8.5 - Please estimate the percentage of the total annual public expenditure (as stated in 8.4) that is spent on cultural and natural heritage at each governmental level

Percentage		Cultural	Natural
8.5.1	National/Federal	23 %	92 %
8.5.2	Regional/Provincial	77 %	8 %
8.5.3	Local	%	%
		Total 100 %	Total 100 %

### 8.6 - Are available human resources adequate to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively?

Human resources	Culture	Nature
Human resources are <b>inadequate</b> for conservation, protection and presentation needs of cultural and/or natural heritage.		
A range of human resources exist, to conserve, protect and present cultural and/or natural heritage, but these are <b>below optimum</b> .		
Human resources are adequate to meet the current needs of cultural and/or natural heritage conservation, protection and presentation.	×	×

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### 8.7 - Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to financial and human resources (Questions 8.1 to 8.6)

As for question 8.5 no actual information on the percentage of the total annual public expenditure at the local level is available.

### 9. Capacity Development

# 9.1 - Please prioritise the capacity building needs in the following fields identified in your country for the conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage.

	Culture	Nature
National/federal	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Tentative Lists	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Nominations	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Reporting and monitoring	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: International assistance	Low priority	Low priority
Conservation and management of heritage sites	High priority	Medium priority
Technical and scientific issues	Medium priority	Medium priority
Traditional conservation processes	High priority	Medium priority
Sustainable resource utilisation and management	Medium priority	Medium priority
Interpretation/communication of World Heritage properties	High priority	Low priority
Risk preparedness and disaster risk management	Medium priority	High priority
Impact assessment tools (environmental, heritage and social)	High priority	High priority
Sustainable tourism use and management	High priority	Medium priority
Management effectiveness assessment	High priority	Medium priority
Management approaches and methodologies (including HUL)	High priority	Medium priority
Awareness raising and outreach	High priority	Medium priority
Governance: legislative, institutional and financial frameworks and mechanisms	Low priority	Medium priority
Sustainable development	Medium priority	Medium priority
Protection and integration of biological and cultural diversity in management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority
Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change: adaptation and mitigation	High priority	High priority
Adoption of rights-based approaches to heritage management	Medium priority	Medium priority
Development of inclusive, equitable and effective management systems: enhancing quality of life and well-being through heritage	Medium priority	Medium priority
Inclusive social development in World Heritage management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority
Gender balance in management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority
Inclusive economic development in World Heritage management systems	Low priority	Medium priority
World Heritage as an enabler and a driver of peace and security	Medium priority	Medium priority

# 9.2 - Please rate the priority for training target audiences for each of the specific topics/themes/capacity building needs identified below for conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage.

	Administrators and government bodies at all levels	Communities, indigenous peoples, landowners, local businesses, other social groups etc.	Universities, NGOs etc.	Heritage practitioners
Implementation of the Convention	High priority	Medium priority	Low priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Tentative Lists process	High priority	Low priority	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Nomination process	High priority	Low priority	High priority	High priority
Statutory processes: Reporting and monitoring process	High priority	Low priority	Medium priority	High priority
Statutory processes: International assistance, etc.	Medium priority	Not applicable	Low priority	Low priority
Conservation and management of heritage sites	Medium priority	Medium priority	High priority	High priority

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Technical and Scientific issues	Medium priority	No priority	High priority	High priority
Traditional conservation processes	Low priority	High priority	Medium priority	Medium priority
Sustainable resource utilisation and management	Medium priority	Medium priority	Low priority	Medium priority
Interpretation/communication of World Heritage properties	Medium priority	Low priority	Medium priority	High priority
Risk preparedness and disaster risk management	High priority	Low priority	Medium priority	High priority
Impact assessment tools (environmental, heritage and social)	High priority	High priority	High priority	High priority
Sustainable tourism use and management	Medium priority	High priority	Medium priority	High priority
Management effectiveness assessment	Medium priority	Low priority	Medium priority	High priority
Management approaches and methodologies (including HUL)	High priority	Low priority	High priority	High priority
Awareness raising and outreach	Low priority	Medium priority	Low priority	High priority
Governance: legislative, institutional and financial frameworks and mechanisms	Medium priority	Low priority	Low priority	High priority
Sustainable development	Medium priority	Low priority	High priority	High priority
Building environmental and social resilience	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority	Medium priority
Integration of eco-social diversity in management systems	No priority	Not applicable	Low priority	No priority
Adoption of rights-based approaches to heritage management	Medium priority	Low priority	Low priority	Medium priority
Development of inclusive, equitable and effective management systems	Medium priority	Medium priority	Low priority	Medium priority
Adaptation to and mitigation of climate change	High priority	Medium priority	High priority	High priority

### 9.3 - Please indicate how the State Party is using the World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy (2011).

		No	Yes
9.3.1	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level.	×	
9.3.2	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level.	×	
9.3.3	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities.	×	
9.3.4	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes.	×	
9.3.5	The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage.		×

# 9.4 - Does the State Party have a national training/educational strategy to strengthen capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management?

There is **no national strategy** for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is **being done on an ad hoc basis.** 

- 9.5 Comments: Please provide any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to Capacity Development (Questions 9.1 to 9.4).
- 10. Policy and Resourcing of World Heritage Properties
- 10.1 If there are principal pieces of legislation specific to the protection, conservation, presentation and management of World Heritage not listed in 5.1 (which focuses on policy general to all heritage), please list them here.
- 10.2 Please describe briefly how legislation and/or regulations at other levels contribute to the identification, conservation and protection of the State's Party cultural and natural heritage. Please provide web links for the legislation listed above.
- 10.3 Are the services provided by agencies/institutions adequate for the protection, conservation, presentation and management of World Heritage properties in your country?

There is adequate capacity within services to protect, conserve, present and manage World Heritage properties.

10.4 - How does the State Party encourage and support World Heritage properties to manage and develop visitation/tourism sustainably?

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By providing financial resources and incentives for sustainable tourism related activities

By developing policies and/or requiring sustainable tourism strategies to be developed

By providing capacity building for site managers

By facilitating network cooperation and stakeholder engagement through the development of governance structures or other mechanisms for cooperation

- 10.5 Please indicate here any additional information or clarify how the State Party supports sustainable tourism planning and management at a property level.
- 10.6 Does the State Party require the use of impact assessments for programmes (e.g. strategic environmental assessments) or development projects (e.g. environmental impact assessments, heritage impact assessments) that may have an impact on the World Heritage property, its buffer zone and the wider setting?

There is no regulatory framework that requires the use of impact assessments for programmes or development projects.

- 10.7 Please list the different assessment methods used. Please provide weblinks to the guidance for the assessment methods.
- 10.8 Does the State Party have a national capacity building strategy for World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management?

There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis

10.9 - Does the State Party have the institutional capacity to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues?

There is effective capacity at the institutional level to conduct research specifically for World Heritage issues.

10.10 - Has the State Party helped to establish national, public and private foundations or associations for raising funds and receiving donations for the protection of World Heritage?

Yes

- 10.11 Please add any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to World Heritage policies and resources
- 11. International Cooperation
- 11.1 Has the State Party promoted international cooperation and the establishment of cooperation mechanisms for heritage since the last Periodic Report? If so, please indicate the type of cooperation that best describes your activities.

Bilateral and multilateral agreements
Financial support
Contributions to private organizations for the preservation of cultural and natural heritage
Participation in foundations for international cooperation
Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars
Distribution of material/information

- 11.2 Do you have World Heritage properties that have been twinned with others at a national or international level?
  Yes
- 11.3 Please add any additional comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to International Cooperation (Questions 11.1 to 11.2). If you have twinned World Heritage properties, please list them along with their twins.

In accordance with twinning memorandum of understanding of 2021, the UNESCO World Heritage Site "Al Zubarah Archaeological Site", Qatar, and "Defensive installations of the Fortress of Kronstadt" (Fort "Kronshlot", Fort "Alexander I", Fort "Peter I") (component parts of the UNESCO World Heritage Site "Historic Centre of Saint Petersburg and Related Groups of Monuments"), Russia became twinned locations.

- 12. Education, Information and Awareness Building
- 12.1 Does the State Party have a strategy to raise awareness among communities and different stakeholders about conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage?

There are no strategies to raise awareness about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage but this is being done on an ad hoc basis.

12.2 - Please rate the level of general awareness of the following groups about World Heritage in your country

Communities living in/around heritage sites	Good
Indigenous peoples	Fair
Youth	Fair
General public	Fair
Decision makers and public officials	Good
Private sector	Fair
Tourism industry	Good

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Other specific groups	Good
If you selected 'Other specific groups', please describe	Scientific and religious communities (Russian Orthodox Church)

# 12.3 - Does the State Party have heritage education programmes for children and/or youth, that contribute to improving understanding of heritage, promoting diversity and fostering intercultural dialogue?

There are heritage education programmes to improve understanding of cultural and natural heritage, promote diversity, and foster intercultural dialogue but there are deficiencies in implementation.

# 12.4 - Please rate the level of frequency of the following activities to improve understanding of cultural and natural heritage, promote diversity and foster intercultural dialogue among children and/or youth

Teacher training courses on the use of the World Heritage in Young Hands Kit	Medium
Courses/activities for students within school programmes	Medium
Youth forums	Medium
Skills-training courses for students	Medium
Organized school visits to World Heritage properties/cultural and natural sites	High
Activities linked to heritage within the framework of UNESCO Clubs/Associations	Low
Other	Not applicable
If you selected 'Other', please specify	

### 12.5 - Does the State Party participate in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme?

The State Party participates in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme.

# 12.6 - Please add any additional comments, description of best practices in World Heritage Education, conclusions and/or recommendations related to education, information and awareness building (Questions 12.3 to 12.5)

The Youth Model of the UNESCO World Heritage Committee, held in Kazan in December 2022, is an example of involving youth in the preservation of unique monuments. Schoolchildren from 14 Russian regions prepared nominations and modelled the session of the Committee. The educational complex "Adymnar", which was hosting the event, received the status of a UNESCO Associated School. The UNESCO Associated Schools Network in Russia includes 387 schools.

#### 13. Conclusions and Recommended Actions

#### 13.1. State Party's implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### Synergies with other relevant Conventions, Recommendations and Programmes

• There is limited coordination or integration of the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies

#### Identification of heritage

#### National inventories

### Tentative List

• The State Party does not intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of its Tentative List

### Effectiveness of legal framework

### Function of cultural and natural heritage in the life of the community

- There are no specific policies to give this heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis cultural heritage
- There are no specific policies to give this heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis natural heritage

#### Contribution of heritage to sustainable development policies

- There is no integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:
- There is **limited integration** of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:
  - Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change
  - · Contributing to inclusion and equality
  - Enhancing the quality of life and well-being
  - Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights
  - Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities
  - Achieving gender equality
  - Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods

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- Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship
- . Ensuring conflict prevention
- Protecting heritage during conflict
- · Promoting conflict resolution
- Contributing to post-conflict recovery

#### Larger-scale planning

#### Status of services for protection, conservation and presentation

#### Financial status

#### Human resources

#### Capacity development

- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities
- The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes
- The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage
- There is no national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is being done on an ad hoc basis

#### Policy and resourcing of World Heritage properties

- There is no regulatory framework that requires the use of impact assessments for programmes or development projects that may have an impact on the World Heritage property, its buffer zone and the wider setting
- There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis

#### Research on World Heritage properties

#### International cooperation

Forms of international cooperation and cooperation mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State Party since the last Periodic Report:

- Bilateral and multilateral agreements
- Financial support
- Contributions to private organizations for the preservation of cultural and natural heritage
- Participation in foundations for international cooperation
- Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars
- Distribution of material/information

### Education, information and awareness building

- There are **no strategies** to raise awareness among communities and stakeholders about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage but this is **being done on an ad hoc basis**
- 13.2. Actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention (identified from table 13.1).

### 13.2.1 - Please select the top issues (up to ten)

3	Tentative List	
3.3	The State Party does not intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of its Tentative List	×
5.9	Policies giving cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of communities	
5.9.1	• There are no specific policies to give this heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis - cultural heritage • There are no specific policies to give this heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis - natural heritage	×
5.11	Integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies	
5.11.1	• There is <b>no integration</b> of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:	
	<ul> <li>There is limited integration of the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage as a strategic element in national sustainable development policies and strategies in:</li> </ul>	
	Strengthening resilience to natural hazards and climate change	
	<ul> <li>Contributing to inclusion and equality</li> <li>Enhancing the quality of life and well-being</li> </ul>	
	Respecting, protecting and promoting human rights	
	Respecting, consulting and involving indigenous peoples and local communities	
	Achieving gender equality	
	Ensuring growth, employment, income and livelihoods	
	<ul> <li>Strengthening capacity-building, innovation and local entrepreneurship</li> </ul>	

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	Ensuring conflict prevention	
	Protecting heritage during conflict	
	Promoting conflict resolution	
	Contributing to post-conflict recovery	
5.14	Use of policies and strategies agreed by the World Heritage Committee or the World Heritage General Assembly to set national policies or strategies for the protection of the cultural and natural heritage	
5.14.2	There is limited coordination or integration of the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies	×
9	Capacity Development	
9.3	<ul> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities</li> <li>The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes</li> <li>The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage</li> </ul>	×
9.4	There is <b>no national strategy</b> for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but this is <b>being done on an ad hoc basis</b>	×
10	Policy and Resourcing of World Heritage Properties	
10.6	There is <b>no regulatory framework</b> that requires the use of impact assessments for programmes or development projects that may have an impact on the World Heritage property, its buffer zone and the wider setting	×
10.8	There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis	×
11	International Cooperation	
11.1	Forms of international cooperation and cooperation mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State Party since the last Periodic Report:  Bilateral and multilateral agreements Financial support Contributions to private organizations for the preservation of cultural and natural heritage Participation in foundations for international cooperation Hosting and/or attending international training courses/seminars Distribution of material/information	×
12	Education, Information and Awareness Building	
12.1	There are <b>no strategies</b> to raise awareness among communities and stakeholders about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage but this is <b>being done on an ad hoc basis</b>	×
Pleas	se select 1 more issues.	
□ Ple	ease save this question to reflect changes	

# 13.3. Priority Actions Assessment

# 13.3.1 - Please indicate priority actions to address items rated as poor

3	Tentative List									
		Action	Short description		Authority(ies) re	sponsible	Timeframe	è	May this action International A from the World Fund?	ssistance
5.9	The State Party does not intend to use the Upstream Process during the next revision of its Tentative List	The revision of the Tentative List.	by the State Party tak on an ad hoc basis. In the comprehensive re the Tentative List the prospective of Upstre Process will be consist the State Party.	prospective of Upstream Process will be considered by		Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Russian Federation.		n, Ministry of and		
5.9.1	There no spolici give the heritar function the life.	are Awarer promot es to cultural in the li ge a among on in e of tunities is is	ness raising and ing the function of and natural heritage fe of communities policy makers.	aising and Awareness refunction of promoting the latural heritage ommunities in the life of o		Federal, region local authoritie sphere of cultu natural protect	s in the iral and	Permanently.		No.

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		achieved on an ad hoc basis - cultural heritage  There are no specific policies to give this heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis - natural heritage									
5.14		The state of the s		egies agreed by the Worl ural and natural heritage		ritage Committee or the Wo	orld H	Heritage General Assembly	to set n	ational policies or st	rategies for
5.14.2		There is limited coordination or integration of the implementation of multilateral agreements, programmes and World Heritage policies and strategies	Aware	ness raising.	Wo the Ass Rus	king the policies and stegies agreed by the rld Heritage Committee or World Heritage General sembly available in ssian for the parties acerned.	Fed Res	istry of Culture of the Russia deration, Ministry of Natural sources and Environment of Russian Federation.	n As	needed.	No.
9	Capac	ity Development									
9.3		The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the national level The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy for the implementation of capacity building at the regional/sub-regional level The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy to identify capacity building priorities The State Party is not using the Capacity building priorities The State Party is not using the Capacity Building Strategy by fundraising to support capacity building programmes The State Party is using the Capacity Building Strategy by raising awareness about the need to conserve and manage cultural and natural heritage		Study of the possibility of the implementation of the Capacity Building Strate in the Russian Federation at different levels.	e ggy n	Study of the possibility for implementation of the Cap Building Strategy in the Russian Federation at diffe levels in view of the new W Heritage Capacity-Building Strategy for the decade 2025-2035 to be developed.	acity	Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Russian Federation.	the new Capacit	ng the development of vorted Heritage y-Building Strategy.	
9.4	capacit heritag presen	is no national strategy for ty development in the fiel e conservation, protectio tation and management I being done on an ad ho	d of n, out	Study for the possibility the development of the national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection presentation and management.		Study for the possibility for development of the nations strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management.	al	Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Russian Federation.		the Forth Periodic ng Cycle.	No.
10		Policy and Resourcing	of Wor	Id Heritage Properties							

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10.6	There is no regulatory framework that requires the use of impact assessments for programmes or development projects that may have an impact on the World Heritage property, its buffer zone and the wider setting				On-going development of the amendments to the acting federal laws will incorporate the impact assessment into the Russian cultural heritage protection legislation.  Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation.		No.			
10.8	There is no national capacity building strategy in relation to World Heritage conservation, protection, presentation and management but capacity building is being done on an ad hoc basis	developme capacity b relation to conservati	ossibility of ent of the national uilding strategy in World Heritage ion, protection, on and management.	developm capacity I relation to integral p strategy f developm heritage of	evelopment of the national Russian Federation. Reportir apacity building strategy in elation to World Heritage as an attegral part of the national trategy for capacity evelopment in the field of eritage conservation,				Prior to the Forth Periodic Reporting Cycle.	No.
11	International Coopera	ition								
11.1	Forms of international cooperation and cooperation and coope mechanisms for heritage promoted by the State since the last Periodic Bilateral and multilateral agreements  • Financial suppo  • Contributions to private organizations for the preservation cultural and natural heritage  • Participation in foundations for international cooperation  • Hosting and/or attending international training courses/semina  • Distribution of material/inform	ge Party Report:  ort or n of	International cooperatic promoted by the State governmental and non-governmental level	Party at	International cooperation is at promoted by the State Par governmental and non-governmental levels, especially with the Global : Countries.		Government of the Russian Federation	Permanently.	No.	
12	Education, Info	rmation and	d Awareness Building							
12.1	There are no strategies to raise awareness among communities and stakeholders about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage but this is being done on an ad hoc basis	Periodic Nationa	Reporting the I Focal Point will and present an Plan.	As the follow-up of the Periodic Reporting the National Focal Point will develop and present an Action Plan to raise awareness among communities and stakeholders about the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage.		2025.	No.			

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#### 13.4. Additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### 13.4.1 - Please indicate any additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

14. Good Practice in the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

#### 14.1 - Example of good practice in World Heritage protection, identification, conservation or management at the State Party level.

Following the results of the comprehensive restoration of the Church of the Transfiguration of the Lord, which is part of the Kizhi Pogost World Heritage site, and in accordance with the recommendations of the missions, the site manager 'Kizhi Museum-Reserve' has developed several special educational programs for specialists, specialized students and volunteers aimed at transferring the accumulated unique experience in the conservation of wooden architecture. Thus, in 2015, a Memorandum of Understanding was signed between the museum and ICCROM, and in 2017 the first ICCROM international course "Conservation and Restoration of Wooden Architecture" was held. In 2016, at the request submitted jointly by the museum and Petrozavodsk State University, the UNESCO Chair "Research and Conservation of Wooden Architecture" was established, within the framework of which the program was developed and the training of masters in the direction of "Restoration and adaptation for modern use of objects of wooden architecture" began. Then in 2020, on behalf of the Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, the V.S. Rakhmanov All-Russian Center for the Preservation of Wooden Architecture was established on the basis of the museum, which is engaged not only in education, but also in scientific, methodological and expert activities, providing assistance for the preservation of wooden architecture in Russia and other countries. Over the years, students, specialists and volunteers from more than 20 countries have been trained at the center. Thus, the methods developed and the experience gained in the restoration of the World Heritage site have become available and useful for the preservation of an important and vulnerable part of cultural heritage, such as wooden architecture and carpentry traditions throughout Russia and abroad.

### 14.2 - Define which topics are covered by this example of good practice at the State Party level.

Sustainable Development	
State of Conservation	
Capacity Building	

- 15. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.1. Primary institution responsible for communicating with UNESCO on the World Heritage Convention

# 15.1.1 - Which primary institution is responsible for communicating with UNESCO with regards to the World Heritage Convention? Primary institution responsible for communicating with UNESCO with regards to the World Heritage Convention is the Commission of the Russian Federation for UNESCO.

#### 15.2. Relevance and Objectives of Periodic Reporting

### 15.2.1 - Relevance and Objectives of Periodic Reporting

State Party	Fair
Site Managers	Good
UNESCO World Heritage Centre	Fair
Advisory Bodies	Fair

### 15.3. The four Objectives of Periodic Reporting

### 15.3.1 - How well does the current questionnaire address each of the four Objectives of Periodic Reporting?

	Objective	Not at all	Partially	Adequately
15.3.1.1	Provide an assessment of the implementation of the World Heritage Convention by the State Party			×
15.3.1.2	Provide an assessment as to whether the values of World Heritage properties are being maintained over time			×
15.3.1.3	Provide updated information about World Heritage properties to record the changing circumstances and state of conservation of the property			×
15.3.1.4	Provide a mechanism for regional cooperation and exchange of information and experiences between States Parties about the implementation of the <i>World Heritage Convention</i> , and World Heritage conservation		×	

### 15.4. Please provide suggestions for improvement of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

#### 15.4.1 -

It is suggested to provide the site managers which have filled in the questionnaire before the interim early completion deadline with the comprehensive feedback on their answers in the course of preliminary review instead of the general checklist document.

#### 15.5. Use of Data

#### 15.5.1 - How does your State Party plan to use the data?

Revision of priorities/strategies/policies for the protection, management and conservation of heritage

Updating management plans
Awareness raising
Advocacy
Reporting for other conventions/conservation mechanisms
Improve the States Party implementation on the Convention

#### 15.6. Timing and resources

# 15.6.1 - Were your national authorities given adequate time (i.e. roughly ten months) to gather necessary information and to fill in the questionnaire during this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

Yes

#### 15.6.2 - Please estimate the time (working hours) and the number of people involved in completing Section I of the questionnaire.

	Time & people	Number of hours worked	Number of people involved
15.6.2.1	Gathering data	80	4
15.6.2.2	Consulting stakeholders	80	4
15.6.2.3	Filling in the questionnaire	40	2

15.6.3 - Has a gender balanced contribution and participation been considered and implemented in the filling out of this questionnaire? Gender balance has not been explicitly considered or implemented in the process.

#### 15.6.4 - Did your national authorities mobilise any additional resources to carry out this cycle of Periodic Reporting?

	Additional resources	No	Yes
15.6.4.1	Human resources	×	
15.6.4.2	Financial resources for organizing consultation meetings/training		×

#### 15.6.5 - Please provide details on any additional resources mobilised.

### 15.7. Format and Content of the Periodic Reporting Questionnaire

### 15.7.1 - How accessible was the information required to complete the Periodic Report?

Most of the required information was accessible

#### 15.7.2 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

Using the questionnaire	good
Understanding the questions	fair

#### 15.7.3 - Please provide suggestions for improvement

It is suggested to improve the technical operation of the questionnaire, since some of the answers in the process of filling out were sometimes lost for technical reasons and this was not shown in the navigation scale reflecting the progress of filling out the questionnaire. As for questions related to financing it is recommended to make them more general in order to provide site managers more opportunities to describe various financing systems and mechanisms.

### 15.8. Training and guidance

# 15.8.1 - Please rate the level of support received in terms of training and guidance from the following entities for the completion of the Periodic Reporting questionnaire

World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors)	None
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
ICOMOS International	None
IUCN International	None
ICCROM International/regional	None
ICOMOS national/regional	Fair
IUCN national/regional	None
Category 2 Centres	None
Other	Not applicable
If 'Other' applies, please specify	

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15.8.2 - Were the online training resources provided by the World Heritage Centre regarding Periodic Reporting adequate for your national authorities to complete the online questionnaire?

Yes

- 15.8.3 Please provide further comments on the online training resources
- 15.9. Comments
- 15.9.1 Comments, conclusions and/or recommendations related to the Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise
- 15.9.2 Thank you for having filled in all the questions.

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