



WHV - Sangiran International Youth Camp

Sangiran Early Man Site, Indonesia

PROJECT DATES

Cultural property inscribed on the World Heritage List (1996)

1 May - 10 May 2024

THE SITE - Sangiran Early Man Site is situated about 15 kilometers in the north of Solo town in Central Java, Indonesia, covering an area of 5,600 hectares. It became famous after the discovery of Homo erectus remains and associated stone artifacts (well-known as Sangiran flake industry) in the 1930s. There is a very significant geological sequence from the upper Pliocene until the end of Middle Pleistocene by depicting the human, faunal, and cultural evolutions within the last 2.4 million years. The property also yields important archaeological occupation floors dating back to the Lower Pleistocene around 1.2 million years ago.

OBJECTIVES - The project aims at improving the awareness and appreciation of the young generation of the Sangiran Early Man Site as a World Heritage, and at ensuring the sustainability of its conservation efforts.

ACTIVITIES - The volunteers will be sensitised about the Outstanding Universal Values of the site, will conduct research in cooperation with the local community to identify the factors affecting the property, and will be able to propose solutions following the hands-on learning about Archaeological experiment, Culture Resource Management, communication skill practice, global networking, and creative project development.

PARTNERS - HOH (Human Origin Heritage); BRIN (National Research and Innovation Agency); UKSW (Satya Wacana Christian University); Brayat Krajan; Pokdarwis "Wonderful; Kita Muda Kreatif; Padepokan Brojobuwono; ARSARI DJOJOHADIKUSUMO.

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