

World Heritage

44 COM

Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

AMENDMENT

Item of the Agenda	44 COM 7B
Amended Draft Decision	44 COM 7B.90
Amendment submitted by the Delegation of	Bahrain, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Ethiopia, Hungary, Mali, Nigeria, Oman, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Spain, St Kitts and Nevis, Uganda
Date of submission	19/07/2021

Draft Decision: 44 COM 7B.90

The World Heritage Committee,

- 1. Having examined Document WHC/21/44.COM/7B.Add,
- 2. <u>Recalling</u> Decisions **39 COM 7B.7** and **41 COM 7B.24**, adopted at its 39th (Bonn, 2015) and 41st (Krakow, 2017) sessions, respectively,
- 3. Commends the State Party for the strong and continued efforts to create conditions for the implementation of the Reef 2050 Long-term Sustainability Plan (Reef 2050 Plan), including through unprecedented financial commitments;
- 4. Notes with the utmost concern and regret the conclusions of the 2019 Great Barrier Reef Outlook Report (2019 GBR Outlook Report) that the long-term outlook for the ecosystem of the property has further deteriorated from poor to very poor, that the deterioration of the ecological processes underpinning the Outstanding Universal Value (OUV) of the property has been more rapid and widespread than was previously evident, and that the property has suffered significantly from mass coral bleaching events in 2016, 2017 and 2020:
- Also notes with the utmost concern that despite many positive achievements, progress has been largely insufficient in meeting key targets of the Reef 2050 Plan, in particular the water quality and land management targets, as evidenced by the conclusions of the 2017-2018 and 2019 Reef Quality Report Cards;
- 6. <u>Noting</u> the conclusion of the 2019 GBR Outlook Report that climate change remains the most serious threat to the property, and <u>recognizing</u> that action by the international community and all States Parties to the Convention is urgently required to address

Email Rapporteur: wh-rapporteur@unesco.org

threats from climate change, <u>considers</u> that actions to build resilience of the property and address other factors remain of utmost importance;

- 7 Also considers that the property is facing ascertained or potential danger, according to Paragraph 180 a) of the Operational Guidelines;
- Decides to inscribe the Great Barrier Reef (Australia) on the List of World Heritage in Danger;
- <u>9. Urges</u> the State Party to ensure that the revised Reef 2050 Plan, expected to be finalized in 2021, fully incorporates the conclusions of the 2019 GBR Outlook Report that accelerated action at all possible levels is required to address the threat from climate change, in accordance with the Paris Agreement on Climate Change (2015), and to urgently create opportunities for recovery of the property, in particular with regard to water quality;
- 8. 10. Requests the State Party to invite a joint World Heritage Centre/IUCN Reactive Monitoring mission to develop a set of corrective measures and a Desired state of conservation for the removal of the property from the List of World Heritage in Danger (DSOCR), in case of future confirmation of the ascertained or potential danger to its Outstanding Universal Value, centred around ensuring that the revised Reef 2050 Plan addresses the threat posed to the property by climate change and determines a pathway for accelerated actions in other areas affecting the conservation of the property;
- 9. 41. Also recalling Decision 41 COM 7 in which the Committee "reiterate[d] the importance of States Parties undertaking the most ambitious implementation of the Paris Agreement of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) by "holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and by pursuing efforts to limit the global average temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels, recognizing that this would significantly reduce the risks and impacts of climate change", strongly invites all States Parties to undertake actions to address Climate Change under the Paris Agreement consistent with their common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, in the light of different national circumstances, that are fully consistent with their obligations within the World Heritage Convention to protect the OUV of all World Heritage properties;
- 10. 12 Further requests the State Party to submit to the World Heritage Centre, by 1 December February 2022, an updated report on the state of conservation of the property and the implementation of the above, for examination by the World Heritage Committee at its 45th 46th session in 2022 2023, with a view to considering, in the case of confirmation of the ascertained or potential danger to its Outstanding Universal Value, the possible inscription of the property on the List of World Heritage in Danger.