

Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization World Heritage

AMENDMENT

Item of the Agenda	43 COM 7A.16
Amended Draft Decision	43 COM
Amendment submitted by the Delegation of	Angola
Date	2 July 2019

Draft Decision: 43 COM 7A.16

The World Heritage Committee,

- 1. <u>Having examined</u> Document WHC/19/43.COM/7A.Add.2,
- 2. <u>Recalling</u> Decisions **36 COM 7B.5**, **36 COM 8B.43**, **40 COM 7**, **40 COM 7A.47**, and **42 COM 7A.56** adopted at its 36th (Saint-Petersburg, 2012), 40th (Istanbul/UNESCO, 2016), 42nd (Manama, 2018) sessions respectively,
- 3. While <u>noting</u> the reported reduction in poaching in the property, <u>reiterates its utmost</u> <u>concern</u> about the State Party's decision to develop the Rufiji Hydropower project (RHPP) within the property and <u>recalls</u> the Committee's position that the construction of dams with large reservoirs within the boundaries of World Heritage properties is incompatible with their World Heritage status, and the State Party's commitment as part of the boundary modification in 2012 to not <u>not to</u> undertake any development activities within the property without prior approval of the Committee;
- 4. <u>Takes note</u> of the conclusions of the independent expert review of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of the RHPP that the EIA falls considerably short of acceptable standards and that it does not provide a <u>credible fair</u> assessment of the potential impacts on the property's Outstanding Universal Value (OUV);
- 5. <u>Expresses its utmost concern</u> about reports, confirmed by satellite image analysis, that the logging site clearance of 91,400 ha of forests vegetation of within the future dam area has started, and strongly urges the State Party to immediately halt all logging operations in not to undertake activities the property, and all other activities related to the RHPP that will affect the property's OUV and will be difficult to reverse., and

<u>reiterates its request</u> to the State Party to consider alternative options to meet its power generation needs;

- 6. <u>Considers</u> that the deforestation of such a large area within the property would likely lead to irreversible damage to its OUV and hence fulfill the conditions for deletion from the World Heritage List, in accordance with Paragraph 192 of the Operational Guidelines;
- 7. <u>Also expresses its utmost concern</u> that the State Party has started the works on the RHPP prior to the completion of a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) undertaken to the highest international standards, and its review by IUCN, and without the approval of this project by the Committee in line with previous commitments made by the State Party;
- 8. <u>Also strongly urges</u> the State Party to invite the requested joint World Heritage Centre/IUCN Reactive Monitoring mission to the property without further delay to review the status of the RHPP, to verify the extent of the damage already incurred, and to assess the state of conservation of the property., with a view to reviewing whether the conditions for deleting the property from the World Heritage List are met;

9. <u>Decides</u> therefore to apply the Reinforced Monitoring Mechanism to the property;

- 10. <u>Referring</u> to the Preamble of the World Heritage Convention, which considers that "deterioration or disappearance of any item of the cultural or natural heritage constitutes a harmful impoverishment of the heritage of all the nations of the world", and to Article 6.3 of the Convention, <u>urges all State Parties that support development projects related</u> to world heritage sites to observe best environmental practices. <u>also regrets</u> the support provided by the State Party of Egypt to the RHPP, which may cause irreversible damage to the property and its OUV, and <u>reminds</u> all States Parties and private investors not to support projects that may damage World Heritage properties;
- 11. <u>Notes with concern</u> the submission of the updated hydrology report for the Kidunda Dam, which indicates possible inundation of the property, and <u>also reiterates its request</u> to the State Party to submit as soon as possible to the World Heritage Centre the revised EIA for the project;
- 12. <u>Notes</u> that the 2016 EIA for the Kito-1 oil and gas exploration project proposed within the Kilombero Valley Ramsar site adjacent to the property will be augmented with the requested study on the hydrological regime of the Kilombero floodplain and a specific assessment of potential downstream impacts on the OUV of the property;
- 13. <u>Requests</u> the State Party to submit the results of the 2018 aerial wildlife survey as soon as possible, and to develop a population model to estimate the recovery of the elephant population, assuming poaching has been reduced drastically;
- 14. <u>Finally requests</u> the State Party to submit to the World Heritage Centre, by **1 February 2020**, an updated report on the state of conservation of the property and the implementation of the above, for examination by the World Heritage Committee at its 44th session in 2020;
- 15. <u>Also decides</u> to retain Selous Game Reserve (United Republic of Tanzania) on the List of World Heritage in Danger.