

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

> Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

Patrimoine mondial

43 COM

WHC/19/43.COM/INF.8B4

Bakou, 1 juillet 2019 Original : anglais / français

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR L'ÉDUCATION, LA SCIENCE ET LA CULTURE

CONVENTION CONCERNANT LA PROTECTION DU PATRIMOINE MONDIAL, CULTUREL ET NATUREL

COMITÉ DU PATRIMOINE MONDIAL

Quarante-troisième session

Bakou, République d'Azerbaïdjan 30 juin – 10 juillet 2019

<u>Point 8 de l'Ordre du jour provisoire</u> : Établissement de la Liste du patrimoine mondial et de la Liste du patrimoine mondial en péril

INF.8B4: Notifications d'erreurs factuelles

RÉSUMÉ

Ce document contient les notifications relatives aux erreurs factuelles reçues de la part des États parties au plus tard le 14 juin 2019 en conformité avec le paragraphe 150 des *Orientations*.

Liste alphabetique par état partie des notifications identifiant des erreurs factuelles dans les rapports d'évaluation des Organisations consultatives relatifs aux propositions d'inscription devant être examinées lors de la 43e session du Comité du patrimoine mondial (Bakou, République d'Azerbaïdjan, 30 juin – 10 juillet 2019)

Etat partie	Proposition d'inscription au patrimoine mondial	N° d'	ordre	Recomman.	Рр
	SITES NATURELS				
Iran (République islamique d')	Forêts hyrcaniennes	1584		I	2
Thaïlande	Complexe forestier de Kaeng Krachan	1461	Rev	D	3
	SITES MIXTES				
Albanie	Patrimoine naturel et culturel de la région d'Ohrid [extension du « Patrimoine naturel et culturel de la région d'Ohrid », Macédoine du Nord]	99	Quater	OK/OK	13
	SITES CULTURELS				
Allemagne	Système de gestion de l'eau d'Augsbourg	1580		I	21
Australie	Paysage culturel Budj Bim	1577		I	24
Autriche	Haute route alpine du Großglockner	1556		D	29
Autriche / Allemagne / Hongrie / Slovaquie	Les frontières de l'Empire romain – le limes du Danube	1608		I	39
Azerbaïdjan	Centre historique de Sheki avec le palais du Khan	1549	Rev	N	45
Burkina Faso	Sites de métallurgie ancienne du fer	1602		I	51
Canada	Writing-on-Stone/ Áísínai'pi	1597		I	53
Chine	Ruines archéologiques de la cité de Liangzhu	1592		I	63
États-Unis d'Amérique	Les œuvres architecturales du XXe siècle de Frank Lloyd Wright	1496	Rev	I	65
Fédération de Russie	Monuments de l'ancien Pskov	1523		I	67
Inde	Cité de Jaipur, Rajasthan	1605		D	69
Indonésie	Patrimoine de la mine de charbon d'Ombilin à Sawahlunto	1610		I	74
Iraq	Babylone	278	Rev	I	78
Jamaïque	La cité engloutie de Port Royal – un paysage culturel relique et vivant	1595		D	81
Japon	Ensemble de kofun de Mozu-Furuichi : tertres funéraires de l'ancien Japon	1593		I	83
Portugal	Édifice royal de <i>Mafra</i> – palais, basilique, couvent, jardin du <i>Cerco</i> et parc de chasse (<i>Tapada</i>)	1573		R	89
Portugal	Sanctuaire du Bon Jésus du Mont à Braga	1590		R	105
République de Corée	Seowon, académies néo-confucéennes coréennes	1498		I	112
République démocratique populaire lao	Sites de jarres mégalithiques de Xieng Khouang – plaine des Jarres	1587		I	114
Tchéquie	Paysage d'élevage et de dressage de chevaux d'attelage cérémoniels à Kladruby nad Labem	1589		R	119
Tchéquie / Allemagne	Région minière Erzgebirge/Krušnohoří	1478		I	123

Etat partie		N° d'ore	dre	Recomman.	Pp
	Modifications mineures des limites				
France	Arles, monuments romains et romans	164 B	is	R	126

Les notifications d'erreurs factuelles sont présentées dans la langue dans laquelle les États parties les ont soumises.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Iran (République islamique d')

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Forêts hyrcaniennes

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 20, column1, line 54-55	One component (Kojoor, No. 10)	One component (Khoshk-e-Daran No.12)	Factual error IUCN has mistakenly mixed up component 10 and 12
			The proposed correction by the State Party is acceptable to IUCN. Suggested amended text should read: "One component (Khoshk-e-Daran No.12) is located on the coastal plain and includes a unique lowland forest ecosystem (swamp forests)."
Page 21, column 2, line 60	given to Siaroudh-e- Roundbar (13), Gasht Roudkan	Given to Siahroud-e- Roudbar (13), Gasht Roudkhan	Not a factual error Typographic error



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Thaïlande

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Complexe forestier de Kaeng Krachan

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 7 Column 2 Line 11	IUCN's Thailand country office has also been involved in supporting the State Party to engage local communities in participatory management processes and benefit sharing together with Pid Thong Lung Pra Royal Project Initiative and other government authorities,	Pid Thong Lung Pra Royal Project Initiative Pid Thong Lang Phra Royal Initiative Discovery Foundation	Not a factual error. Typographical error. IUCN accepts that there are typographical errors in this description and that the text proposed by the State Party is the full name of the Foundation. The proposed correction by the State Party is acceptable to IUCN.
Page 7 Column 6 Line 11	IUCN has sought advice from and (c) the rights of indigenous peoples	(c) the rights of indigenous ethnic peoples Explanation: The term 'indigenous ethnic (Karen) peoples' should be replaced by 'ethnic (Karen) peoples' in the entire report. In Thailand's interpretation, the term 'indigenous peoples' refers to those who are pre-settlers or had lived in the area in the pre-colonial period, which is not applicable in the case of Thailand. All 62 ethnic groups have been provided a firm legal recognition since the adoption of the 1997 Constitution and subsequent Constitutions.	Not a factual error. This reference is quoted from the letter of the Special Procedures Branch of UNOHCHR dated 28 February 2019 which uses the term 'indigenous peoples'. IUCN accepts Thailand's nationally determined interpretation of the term 'indigenous' as opposed to 'ethnic', however, in this case considers that the internationally accepted term indigenous peoples remains valid and appropriate to the evaluation in

terms of its advice to the WH Committee.

IUCN further recognizes the significance of how indigenous/ethnic peoples are classified under National legislation, however, notes that in some cases this is contested. These issues have been fully taken into account in the evaluation.

Page 7 Column 7-8

IUCN notes in précis that the statement of 28th February 2019 raised a number of serious human rights issues. Information received by the Special Procedures Branch of UNOHCHR references "alleged attacks and renewed harassment of the indigenous Karen peoples in KKFC, by [national park officials]." These allegations mention specifically the reactivation of the nomination highlighting specifically "lack of consultation with affected indigenous peoples, and the failure to seek their free, prior and informed consent." further notes that concerns have been raised over "how **UNESCO World Heritage** status, if awarded, may impact on the Karen communities' land rights and livelihoods".

These matters are then set out detail in the correspondence. The communication makes clear it does not wish to prejudge the accuracy of the allegations, but expresses serous concerns regarding the situation. The communication calls on the **IUCN** evaluation to assess these serious concerns in line with international human rights norms (law, standards and commitments), including a series of six specific points

IUCN notes in précis that the statement of 28th February 2019 raised a number of serious human rights issues. Information received by the Special Procedures Branch of UNOHCHR references "alleged attacks and renewed harassment of the indigenous Karen peoples in KKFC, by [national park officials]." These allegations mention specifically the reactivation of the nomination specifically highlighting "lack of consultation with affected indigenous peoples, and the failure to seek their free, prior and informed consent." It further notes that concerns have been raised over "how UNESCO World Heritage status, if awarded, may impact on the Karen communities' land rights and livelihoods".

These matters are then set out in detail in the correspondence. The communication makes clear it does not wish to prejudge the accuracy of the allegations, but expresses—serous—concerns regarding—the—situation.—The communication calls on the IUCN evaluation to assess these serious concerns in line with international human—rights—norms—(law, standards—and—commitments), including a series of six specific points regarding the actions of the State Party.

On 23 April 2019 Thailand has submitted a response to the joint communication of the Special Procedures of UN Human Rights Council as well as an additional information report to the World Heritage Centre in February 2016 after the first referral. The case was deduced

Not a factual error.

Difference of opinion.

New information that cannot be taken into account at this stage.

IUCN notes that the language used in the evaluation quotes directly the language of the Special Procedures Branch of UNOHCHR, hence the use of quotation marks.

IUCN is aware of the letter written in February 2016 concerning the previous referral of this nominated property, however, has not previously seen the April 2019 response from Thailand directly to the Special Procedures Branch of UNOHCHR. IUCN appreciates these additional clarifications from the State Party. In some cases this is new information which cannot now be taken into account. In other cases, the information appears to re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered by IUCN.

regarding the actions of the State Party.

by the Supreme Administrative
Court as an over-exercise of
power of KKNP officials. The
violations that occurred
received thorough investigation,
including by Public Sector AntiCorruption Commission, and
remedies have been granted
accordingly.

Thailand has actively put a considerable effort to honor the rights, livelihood and the voices of the local communities. Thailand has introduced relevant laws and law amendments, as well as policies and measures intended to balance natural conservation values with the promotion and protection of rights of local communities, which will ensure that ethnic peoples can continue residing in the forest and continue their traditional way of life by utilizing the land and natural resources sustainably and through a participatory means.

Explanation: On 23 April 2019, Thailand has already provided a response to the ioint communication from HRC special procedures (as attached herewith) as well as the additional information report to the World Heritage Centre in February 2016 after the first referral. Therefore, Thailand hereby wishes to request IUCN to delete Column 7-8 to avoid misunderstandings from incomplete and out-of-context quotations from the original communication and provide instead the facts as well as Thailand's progress in this regard.

1. Regarding the phrase "alleged attacks and renewed harassment of the indigenous Karen peoples in KKFC by [national park officials]", the 'alleged attack', according to the decision of the Supreme Administrative Court of Thailand, was an "over-exercise of power" of Kaeng Krachan National Park (KKNP) officers performing their duties under the

National Parks Act B.E. 2504 (1961) in order to prevent and alleviate national park damage encroachment and destruction of forest land, and thus caused damages to the properties of Karen plaintiffs in KKFC. Although the Court ruled that the plaintiffs' occupation of the disputed land in KKFC had no legal support and therefore cannot grant the Karen's return to the land, the KKNP officials' action cannot be justified. The Court also ruled that the compensation must be accorded to the plaintiffs, which the Thai Government already paid in full. In addition to this case, a former Superintendent of KKNP and involved officers are also being investigated under the charge of wrongful and dishonest exercise of duties by Public Sector Anti-Corruption Commission (PACC). demonstrates that Thailand does not allow abuse by public officers in their exercise of power. It also shows that the rights of Karen community are protected, and any violations to their rights does not go unchecked and unremedied.

2. Regarding the phrase "...the reactivation of the nomination specifically highlighting "lack of consultation with affected indigenous peoples, and the failure to seek their free, prior and informed consent", concerned Karen communities have been well-informed through consultation mechanisms on the nomination of KKFC as a world heritage site. Thailand had submitted this information to the World Heritage Centre in its additional information report in February 2016, stating that it had conducted several public hearings. consultations, communications and information distribution on the nomination of KKFC to discuss and allay the concerns on Karen community's rights and livelihood and to achieve the support from all concerned The parties. information, as well as process

and impact of the inscription, was disseminated among the communities. Additionally, their comments and concerns were duly taken into account and given serious consideration from the authorities.

Among the number of public hearings and consultations held, Thailand wishes to draw attention on a particular public hearing on September 2015 in Phetchaburi, consisting of 251 participants from areas covering KKFC. That hearing aimed at presenting the major views/comments of 4 preceding public hearings on the inscription of KKFC as a world heritage site, proving that all stakeholders had been well-informed on the process impact thereof. 135 participants from 206, excluding 45 park officers, casted a vote in favor of the KKFC nomination as a world heritage site. Mr. Thawatchai Rattanasorn, **IUCN** representative from Thailand, witnessed this vote himself.

Moreover. as informed in Thailand's response to WHC Decision 40COM 8B.11 (dated 23 January 2019), IUCN Thailand, with the support from Thai Government, had conducted a Project on Community Participation in **KKFC** Conservation for the World Heritage Site Nomination at KKNP to support conservation of KKFC for WHS Nomination with community participation management and benefit sharing processes. The first phase of the project was carried out from January 2017 to January 2018 and the second phase from October 2018 - March 2019 (rescheduled from the pre-planned period of March 2018 to November 2022). During the period, the participants had a constructive dialogue on the development of a participatory management process and conflict

		management as well as	
		sustainable land use planning.	
		Therefore, stating that the Karen	
		community are not being	
		consulted, informed or asked for	
		free and prior consent before the	
		nomination of KKFC	
		is not accurate, as much as it	
		cannot be affirmed that most	
		Karen people are not aware or	
		have an understanding on the	
		nomination process.	
		nonmenton process.	
		2 December the phrase " how	
		3. Regarding the phrase " how	
		UNESCO World Heritage status,	
		if awarded, may impact on the	
		Karen communities' land rights	
		and livelihoods", Thailand had	
		issued a number of policies as well	
		as reviewed relevant laws to	
		provide a better balance the	
		conservation, utilization of	
		environmental resources and	
		rights of local communities,	
		which would allow the	
		communities to continue residing	
		in the national park and utilize the	
		land and natural resources and	
		continue their identity and way of	
		life while participating in forest	
		conservation alongside the	
		authorities. Apart from	
		amendments to the existing laws,	
		Thailand has implemented other	
		measures to improve and protect	
		the livelihood of local	
		communities to enable them to	
		continue and preserve their culture	
		and tradition through participatory	
		means, such as identification of	
		inhabitant status, introduction of	
		agreement on land use between	
		the Government and local	
		communities, and the initiation of	
		activities on participatory	
		conservation. This is part of	
		Thailand's long-standing	
		commitment to promote and	
		protect the rights of our peoples,	
		which will not be compromised	
		by the rules and procedures	
		attached with world heritage	
		status.	
Page 7	IUCN notes in "alleged	- indigenous ethnic Karen peoples	Not a factual error.
Column 7	attacks and renewed	- indigenous ethnic peoples	See point above.
Column /	harassment of the	margenous <u>comme</u> peoples	See point acove.
	·		

Line 5 and Line 9	indigenous Karen peoples in KKFC," These allegations mention specifically highlighting "lack of consultation with affected indigenous peoples,	Explanation: The term 'indigenous ethnic (Karen) peoples' should be replaced by 'ethnic (Karen) peoples' in the entire report. In Thailand's interpretation, the term 'indigenous peoples' refers to those who are pre-settlers or had lived in the area in the precolonial period, which is not applicable in the case of Thailand. All 62 ethnic groups have been provided a firm legal recognition since the adoption of the 1997 Constitution and subsequent Constitutions.	
Page 7 Column 8 Line 4	These matters are then set out The communication makes clear it does not wish to prejudge but expresses serous concerns	but expresses serous serious concerns (typo)	Not a factual error. Typographical error. The proposed correction by the State Party is acceptable to IUCN.
Page 7 Column 9 Line 3-6	IUCN has also received direct expressions of concern from affected communities regarding shortcomings in community engagement and respecting rights. The representations allege that, until now, most Karen people are not aware or have an understanding on the process of the UNESCO World Heritage nomination.	UCN has also received direct expressions of concern from affected communities regarding shortcomings in community engagement and respecting rights. The representations allege that, until now, most Karen people are not aware or have an understanding on the process of the UNESCO World Heritage nomination. The Karen communities have been consulted, informed and asked for a free and prior consent before the nomination of KKFC. Consultations on this matter were also conducted with all stakeholders. The information, as well as process and impact of the inscription, was thereby disseminated, their comments and concerns duly taken into account and given serious consideration from the authorities. In a public hearing on 25 September 2015, 135 participants from 206 voters from areas in KKFC were in favor of the nomination. In the meantime, IUCN Thailand, with the support from the Royal Thai Government, conducted the project called 'Community Participation in KKFC	Not a factual error. Difference of opinion. The text used within the IUCN evaluation comes from direct correspondence between affected communities and IUCN. IUCN in its evaluation draws the World Heritage Committee's attention to the previous evaluations (WHC-15/39.COM/INF.8B2 and WHC-16/40.COM/INF.8B2ADD) in order to avoid repeating information.

Conservation for the World Heritage Site Nomination at KKNP', of which the participants had a constructive dialogue on <u>th</u>e development of participatory management process <u>a</u>nd conflict management as well as sustainable land use planning. The second phase of the project was concluded in March 2019, the result of which would continue to be implemented in the development and

management works in the area.

Explanation: Unfounded accusations. Thailand confirms that the Karen community has long acknowledged nomination of KKFC as a world heritage, since Thailand has conducted consultations on this issue with all stakeholders as informed in its additional information report in February 2016, sent to the World Heritage Centre in response to WHC Decision 39COM 8B.5 (via the note verbale No. 1007.5/985 dated 26 January 2016). The information and impact concerning the nomination and inscription of world heritage site were informed alongside a constructive discussion between all concerned parties. As we have stated above, a voting result from a public hearing on 25 September 2015 demonstrated that 135 participants from 206 voters from areas in KKFC were in favor of the nomination. This voting was also witnessed by Mr. Thawatchai Rattanasorn, representative from **IUCN** Thailand. Thailand reiterates again that the Karen community were being consulted, informed and asked for a free and consent before prior nomination of KKFC, and the alleged accusation that-most Karen people are not aware or have an understanding on the nomination process is clearly not accurate.

Page 7	Based on its analysis, IUCN	Thailand's response to WHC Decision 40COM 8B.11 (dated 23 January 2019), IUCN Thailand, with the support from the Thai Government, had conducted a Project of Community Participation in KKFC Conservation for the World Heritage Site Nomination at KKNP to support conservation of KKFC for WHS Nomination with community participation in management and benefit sharing processes. The first phase of the project was carried out from January 2017 to January 2018 and the second phase from October 2018 – March 2019 (rescheduled from the pre-planned period of March 2018 to November 2022). During the period, the participants had a constructive dialogue on the development of a participatory management process and conflict management as well as sustainable land use planning.	Not a factual error.
Column 10 Line 6, 9	makes two overall observations: b) The matters raised cannot be assessed adequately through the referral mechanism, the affected indigenous peoples and local communities there is also no possibility to be able to offer the affected indigenous peoples adequate access to IUCN to be able to consider the matters raised	makes two overall observations: b) The matters raised cannot be assessed adequately through the referral mechanism, the affected ethnic indigenous peoples and local communities there is also no possibility to be able to offer the affected ethnic indigenous peoples adequate access to IUCN to be able to consider the matters raised Explanation: The term 'indigenous ethnic (Karen) peoples' should be replaced by 'ethnic (Karen) peoples' in the entire report. In Thailand's interpretation, the term 'indigenous peoples' refers to those who are pre-settlers or had lived in the area in the pre-colonial period, which is not applicable in the case of Thailand. All 62 ethnic groups have been provided a firm legal recognition since the adoption of the 1997 Constitution and subsequent Constitutions.	See point above.
Page 8	IUCN therefore strongly	IUCN therefore strongly	Not a factual error.

Column 3 Line 27	recommends against a further referral of the property. IUCN considers deferral would be in the direct interests of the State Party, the affected indigenous peoples and local communities, and the World Heritage Convention.	recommends against a further referral of the property. IUCN considers deferral would be in the direct interests of the State Party, the affected ethnic indigenous peoples and local communities, and the World Heritage Convention. Explanation: As above.	See point above.
Page 8 Column 12 Line 2, 9	4. Recommends that the State Party, after: a) Concerns regarding rights have been resolved, in full consultation with the affected indigenous peoples and local communities, and to the satisfaction of the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner on Human Rights. This process should ensure that the requirements of the Operational Guidelines are fully met regarding the need to demonstrate that the free, prior and informed consent of indigenous peoples for the nomination has been obtained;	4. Recommends that the State Party, after: a) Concerns regarding rights have been resolved, in full consultation with the affected ethnic indigenous peoples and local communities, and to the satisfaction of the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner on Human Rights. This process should ensure that the requirements of the Operational Guidelines are fully met regarding the need to demonstrate that the free, prior and informed consent of ethnic indigenous peoples for the nomination has been obtained; Explanation: As above.	Not a factual error. See point above.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Albanie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Patrimoine naturel et culturel de la région d'Ohrid

[extension du « Patrimoine naturel et culturel de la région d'Ohrid », Macédoine du Nord]

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
p. 22, left column, lines 25 - 31	The church is one of a few remaining examples of the architecture of the Late Antiquity period in Albania, the others being the baptistery in Butrint, and the recently identified remains of basilicas in Elbasan and Saranda.	The church is one of the two remaining examples of central-plan buildings of early Christian period in Albania, the other being the baptistery in Butrint.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
p. 22, right column, lines 43-47	In the 20th century the Lake Ohrid became part of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia. During World War II it was occupied by Bulgaria for a short period and then after the war became part of SFR Yugoslavia. Since 1991, the area is part of North Macedonia.	In the 20th century, the part of the Lake Ohrid of today's North Macedonia became part of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia. During World War II it was occupied by Bulgaria for a short period and then after the war became part of SFR Yugoslavia. Since 1991, the area is part of North Macedonia. In the 20th century, the part of the Lake Ohrid of today's Albania was subject to different occupations as Pogradec became a battlefield from 1914 until 1920 Austro-Hungarian, Serbian, Greek, Bulgarian and French armies. It was under Italian occupation from 1939 to 1943. After capitulation of Italy, the German troops kept the city until 1944. Since 1944 the Albanian side of the Lake Ohrid is part of the republic of Albania.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

22 1.6			TCOMOG 1 1 1
p. 23, left	The last restoration of Lin	The last conservation works in	ICOMOS acknowledges
column, lines	Church was undertaken in	Lin Church and mosaics were	this clarification
41-53	(probably) the 1970's when the	undertaken in 2018 when	
	short upstand of the remaining	mosaics have been opened,	
	walls were restored, with a layer	documented and conservation	
	of stones and mortar. At the	works were implemented. Since	
	same time, the site was	the end of its archaeological	
	protected with a roof but	excavation in 1970s, periodic	
	subsequently this was dismantled,	maintenance and conservation	
	although the upright supports still	interventions are undertaken by	
	remain. The mosaics of the	the Institute of Cultural	
	church have been recently	Monument and the Regional	
	covered with a 10-15 cm layer of	Directorate of National Culture	
	sand for protection, apart from	(RDNC), Korça.	
	one in rather poor condition,	In 2000 the remains of the	
	which is open for viewing, and	church were covered with a roof	
	slightly protected with a plastic	subsequently dismantled in 2007	
	roof. The atrium, with its deep	when major conservation works	
	water cistern and corbelled	were undertaken, although the	
	tombs, is totally unprotected.	upright supports still remain.	
	Overall, there is an absence of	The mosaics of the church are	
	active conservation and	covered with plastic sheet and a	
	management and visitors are	layer of sand which is	
	free to wander around the site.	periodically renewed. This	
		allows protection and inspection	
		of state of conservation. During	
		touristic season one section of	
		the mosaics is covered with a	
		plastic sheet and 10-15 cm layer	
		of sand for protection, which	
		allows to be opened by the	
		RDNC staff for viewing. The	
		mosaics are in rather good	
		condition. The atrium, with its	
		deep water cistern and corbelled	
		tombs, is protected since the	
		visitors are managed by the	
		appointed staff. Overall	
		although, active conservation	
		and management are in place,	
		human resources need to be	
		further reinforced.	
p.23, column	Except for the underwater sites,	There is active conservation	ICOMOS considers that
right	there is thus no active	strategy for the archaeological	this reflects a difference
	conservation strategy for the	sites, buildings as well as for the	of opinion.
	archaeological sites, buildings or	underwater sites in the	•
	landscape in the nominated area.	nominated area.	
p. 23, column	The archaeological sites appear	The archaeological sites have	ICOMOS considers that
right	to have been largely abandoned	been nationally designated since	this reflects a difference
	since exploration or excavations	exploration or excavations were	of opinion.
	were undertaken in the 1960s-	undertaken in the 1960s-1970s.	· r
	1970s. Villages in the buffer zone	Villages in the buffer zone have	
	suffer from uncontrolled	suffered until 2014 from	
	development and some	uncontrolled development and	
	inappropriate improvements.	inappropriate improvements.	
	Overall, there appears to be no	Overall, even though	
	conservation approach for the	conservation approach exists for	
	cultural elements of the buffer	the cultural elements in the	
	zone landscape.	buffer zone it should be	
	положине.	strengthened and extended to	
		suchguience and extended to	

		include the cultural landscape	
p. 24, left column, lines 2-4	But even here there is illegal development around the settlement as well as a lack of control for development of existing houses and their use.	aspect. Since 2014, referring to the measures undertaken by the Albanian government to ban attempts for illegal intervention, no new illegal construction was permitted or implemented.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
		But even here there is illegal development around the settlement as well as a lack of control for development of existing houses and their use.	
p. 25, right column, lines 30-36	remains of the small church on a high point of the Lin Peninsula do have the potential to complement what is known from excavations of early Byzantine churches on the Macedonian side of the lake dating from the mid-6th century, and evidence for early settlement around the church complements its value	ICOMOS considers that the remains of the church comprising an area of 650 m ² with 180 m ² mosaic floors and situated on a high point of the Lin Peninsula do have the potential to complement what is known from excavations of early Byzantine churches on the Macedonian side of the lake dating from the mid-6th century, and evidence for early settlement around the church complements its value	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a (slight) difference of opinion.
p. 27, left column, lines 7-13	ICOMOS considers that the remains of the small church on a high point of the Lin Peninsula do have the potential to complement what is known from excavations of early Byzantine churches on the Macedonian side of the lake dating from the mid-6th century, and evidence for early settlement around the church complements its value.	ICOMOS considers that the remains of the church comprising an area of 650 m ² on a high point of the Lin Peninsula do have the potential to complement what is known from excavations of early Byzantine churches on the Macedonian side of the lake dating from the mid-6th century, and evidence for early settlement around the church complements its value	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a (slight) difference of opinion.
p. 27, left column	In the Lin Church, no active conservation measures are currently being undertaken	In the Lin Church periodic conservation measures and maintenance works are being undertaken	ICOMOS considers that this clarification contains new information which cannot be checked at this stage
p. 27, left column	the authorities acknowledge the vulnerabilities of the vernacular architecture from insensitive alterations, and from inappropriate development, no active measures are yet in place to address these issues	In terms of Lin village, acknowledging the vulnerabilities of the vernacular architecture from insensitive alterations, and from inappropriate development, the authorities have undertaken a series of measures to address these issues	ICOMOS considers that this clarification contains new information which cannot be checked at this stage
p. 27, column left	Conservation measures In the Lin Church, no active conservation measures are currently being undertaken.	Conservation measures In the Lin Church, periodic conservation measures and	ICOMOS considers that this clarification contains new information which

In terms of Lin village, although the authorities acknowledge the vulnerabilities of the vernacular architecture from insensitive alterations, and from inappropriate development, **no** active measures are yet in place to address these issues.

There are similarly **no active conservation measures** in place for vernacular settlements or archaeological sites in the buffer zone. There is a need for a systematic assessment of the state of conservation of the archaeological sites already formally protected. This could then allow priorities to be developed.

Similarly, there are **no active measures in place** for the conservation of finds from the underwater archaeological sites

maintenance works are currently being undertaken.

In terms of Lin village, the authorities acknowledge the vulnerabilities of the vernacular architecture from insensitive alterations, and from inappropriate development. Currently the legal measures are being undertaken (the new approves heritage Law, Local Development Plan in the final stage of approval, guidelines on the built heritage of the region). Similarly annual maintenance works are undertaken in the vernacular settlements in the buffer zone. In the 2014 an overall assessment undertaken in national level for the state of conservation of designated cultural heritage building s and sites. Periodic monitoring in being undertaken by the RDNC Korça. This has allowed the development of priorities at national and regional level.

In the additional information provided by the state party to the Nomination dossier it is clearly stated that:

Underwater archaeological sites are in very good state of conservation, graphical, photographic, and video documentation are undertaken without disturbing the cultural layers, protective zoning of the sites has been completed.

cannot be checked at this stage.

p. 27, right column, lines6-14

In the nominated areas, some documentation exists for the Early Christian Lin Church, the heritage has been inventoried for the village of Lin and the archaeological sites underwater in Lake Ohrid are currently being inventoried by the Archaeological Institute of the University of Tirana. In the buffer zone, an inventory exists for the town of Pogradec but no work has been undertaken to document archaeological sites in the remainder of the buffer zone

In the nominated areas, detailed documentation exists for the Early Christian Lin Church, the built heritage has been inventoried for the village of Lin and the archaeological sites underwater in Lake Ohrid are currently being inventoried by the Archaeological Institute of the Academy of Albanological Studies. In the buffer zone, an inventory exists for the historic centre of Pogradec and for the archaeological sites.

ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification relating to the Lin Church, but has not seen this detailed documentation.

ICOMOS acknowledges the correct title for the Archaeological Institute.

On the issue of documentation of archeological sites in the buffer zone outside Pogradec, ICOMOS acknowledges this new information which cannot be checked at this stage.

_	right lines	Since 2015, the Municipality of Pogradec, which includes the proposed extension and buffer zone, has been actively working on a Municipal Development Plan together with guidelines for the protection and conservation of built heritage. This Regional Plan has not yet been approved by the National Territorial Planning Agency but once it is in place it will provide regional legislation for cultural heritage, which will cover the village of Lin.	Since 2015, the Municipality of Pogradec, which includes the proposed extension and buffer zone, has been actively working on the Local Development Plan (LDP) together with guidelines for the protection and conservation of built heritage. The LDP is in the final stage of approval and once it is in place it will reinforce the legislation for the protection of cultural heritage in the village of Lin.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
20-28	left lines	It appears that this committee is not yet operational and in its absence it is unclear how this supplement is being or will be implemented.	The committee is not yet established and in its absence the implementation of the Management Plan Supplement as a legal document approved by Order of the Minister of Tourism and Environment and accepted by all parties is guaranteed by the central and local institutions as it is foreseen in its action plan. The Management Committee shall be established upon the approval of the proposed extension of property.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
p. 28, column, 29-37	left lines	Currently there is little evidence on the ground of direct management. The Lin Church appears to have no active management or regular monitoring and it is unclear who or is ultimately responsible for it management (if it is the museum of Pogradec, then there is insufficient personnel). Although the site is enclosed with a mesh fence and closed barriers, there is no active presence of guards and apparently nothing to stop mosaics being looted if they become better known.	Currently the direct management and regular periodic monitoring of Lin Church is responsibility of the designated personnel of Pogradec Department, part of RDNC Korça. The site with the remains of the church and mosaics is enclosed by an iron railing and closed barriers. There is the active presence of the designated personnel and guard of Pogradec Department.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification on responsibility for the management of Lin Church, and the new information on active guards which cannot be checked at this stage.
46-51	left lines	Currently such coordination is lacking as evidence by the evaluation missions which were separately organised for culture and nature. Clearly such coordination needs to be made effective before a management committee can hope to achieve integrated management.	Currently such coordination is in place as evidenced by the evaluation missions which were jointly organized for culture and nature. Such coordination is expected to be more reinforced after the establishment of the management committee which shall work to achieve integrated management.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
-	right lines	there are no resources for the conservation of waterlogged material from the pile dwelling	there are limited financial resources for the conservation of waterlogged material from the	ICOMOS acknowledges these clarifications on

p. 28, right column, lines 47-52	sites; and no possibility to undertake dendrochronological analysis. Furthermore there appears to be no designated personnel for the management of Lin Church, Lin village or the Drilon springs The nomination dossier acknowledges that there is 'low shared knowledge and understanding and recognition of the specificity of this Region' and clearly greater involvement of local communities would help to address this. Community participation is envisaged in the Management Plan	pile dwelling sites; and limited financial resources to undertake dendrochronological analysis. There is designated personnel of the Pogradec Department, part of RDNC in Korça responsible for the management and monitoring of Lin Church and Lin village and designated regional structure responsible for the Drilon springs. The nomination dossier acknowledges that there is 'low shared knowledge and understanding and recognition of the specificity of this Region' and clearly greater involvement of local communities would help to address this. Community involvement and its positive approach to issues of management and preservation of natural and cultural values has increased during the implementation of the project "Towards strengthened governance of the shared transboundary natural and cultural heritage of the Lake Ohrid region" during the last 4 years. This fact has been	management responsibilities. ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
p. 29, left column, lines 3-8	The currently legal protection relates mainly to natural assets and cultural monuments: settlements, and landscape do not benefit from protection. Although a Municipal Development Plan has been drafted together with guidelines for the protection and conservation of built heritage	demonstrated through their active participation in the process, as well as within the Community Consultation Campaign for the Lake Ohrid led by ICCROM in 2017, in the framework of the World Heritage Leadership Program. The currently legal protection relates both to natural assets and cultural monuments: settlements, and landscape. The Local Development Plan drafted together with guidelines for the protection and conservation of built heritage is in the final stage of approval.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification but has not seen details of legal protection for settlements and landscape
p. 29, left column, lines 9-20	currently there is no effective management in place for the proposed extension or the buffer zone. A structure has been set out in the Supplementary Management Plan but so far it appears not to have been	Currently there is effective management in place for the proposed extension and the buffer zone. In addition a structure has been set out in the Supplementary Management Plan. At the same although the	ICOMOS considers that the issues of effective management and coordination between Ministries dealing with culture and nature reflect a difference of opinion.

	implemented. At the same time there appears to be little coordination between Ministries and Departments dealing with nature and culture and limited resources to implement improved conservation, management and monitoring of cultural heritage. Furthermore no arrangements have yet been considered for a trans-national over-arching coordinating mechanism between Albania and North Macedonia, as requested in the Operational Guidelines.	limited financial resources the Ministries and Departments dealing with nature and culture are in close coordination and the designed staff of Pogradec Department responsible for the management and monitoring of cultural heritage assets, periodically implement conservation measures. The trans-boundary over-arching coordinating mechanism between Albania and North Macedonia will be formalized once the proposed property will be registered in the World Heritage List.	
p. 29, left column, lines 21-29	The management issues connected with managing the proposed large mixed transnational property are considerable. Although the terrestrial area nominated for cultural criteria is small, the buffer zone that protects the setting of the lake is large and highly vulnerable, and there is a need to integrate approaches to nature and culture and coordinate approaches across international boundaries. Currently the mechanisms are not in place to begin to address any of these challenges.	The management issues connected with managing the proposed large mixed transboundary property are considerable. Although the terrestrial area nominated for cultural criteria is small, the buffer zone that protects the setting of the lake is large and vulnerable, and there is a need to better integrate approaches to nature and culture and coordinate approaches across international boundaries. Currently a series of mechanisms are in place to properly address some of these challenges.	ICOMOS considers that these clarifications relating to the buffer zone reflect a difference of opinion
p. 29, left column, lines 31-38	ICOMOS considers that the legal protection and management currently in place are inadequate to address the major challenges facing the proposed extension and its buffer zone. The idea of collaborative working between ministries and departments dealing with culture and nature appears hardly to have begun and discussions have yet to start with the State Party of North Macedonia to formulate an overarching transboundary coordinating mechanism.	ICOMOS considers that the legal protection and management currently in place are adequate to address the major challenges facing the proposed extension and its buffer zone. The collaborative working and coordination between ministries and departments dealing with culture and nature is in place and discussions with the State Party of North Macedonia to formulate an over-arching transboundary coordinating mechanism have been held.	ICOMOS considers that these clarification reflect a difference of opinion
p. 29, left column, lines 46-51	The remains of the small early Christian church high on the Lin Peninsula that projects into the west side of Lake Ohrid do, in ICOMOS's view, have the potential to augment	The remains of the early Christian church high on the Lin Peninsula that projects into the west side of Lake Ohrid do, in ICOMOS's view, have the potential to augment	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a (slight) difference of opinion.

p. 30, left column, lines 1-4	understanding of remains of similarly dated early Christian Basilicas within the inscribed property in North Macedonia. The fragile remains of the Lin church, Lin village and the Lin peninsula are under potential threat , while the landscape of the buffer zone is under actual threat as well as under further	understanding of remains of similarly dated early Christian Basilicas within the inscribed property in North Macedonia. The remains of the Lin church, Lin village and the Lin peninsula are properly protected, while the landscape of the buffer zone in some areas is under potential danger.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
	potential threats.	Guilger.	
	potentiai un cats.		
p. 31, left column, lines 13-16 p. 31, right column, 1-7	The presence of early Christian architecture from 4th to 6th centuries is attested by the lofty basilicas of Ohrid and the small church of Lin. The Lin church and its context is vulnerable to lack of protection and, inadequately controlled conservation and development. At the western side of the Lake, the support the buffer zone offers to the Lin peninsula and the landscape setting of the Lake is likely to be ineffective as a result of a lack of adequate protection and development control.	The presence of early Christian architecture from 4th to 6th centuries is attested by the lofty basilicas of Ohrid and the church of Lin. The Lin church and its context is properly protect and adequately conserved. At the western side of the Lake, the support the buffer zone offers to the Lin peninsula and the landscape setting of the Lake, as a result of several measures undertaken recently by the government of Albania, is effective.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a (slight) difference of opinion. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Allemagne

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Système de gestion de l'eau d'Augsbourg

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 262, right column, line 39/ line 41	Since 1346, water was derived at the Hochablass. Later, in 1416, the water power was used for the domestic hydraulic system. By 1545 a strict separation between drinking and process water was being kept throughout the system of watercourses.	At least by 1545	At least since 1346 ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information, which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. Nomination dossier, see p.138, p.285, p.296. At least by 1545 ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification Nomination dossier, see p.12, p.13, p.132, 277, 281, p.306, p.341.
Page 263, left column, line 35	The first of the four drinking waterworks elements is the waterworks at the Rotes Tor, known also as Red Gate (from 1416 to 1879), which is comprised of the Box Tower , the Upper Fountain and Lower Fountain Master's Houses, the Small and Large Water Tower (the latter with its notable well-conserved double-helix stairway) and the Aqueduct.	The first of the four drinking waterworks elements is the waterworks at the Rotes Tor, known also as Red Gate (from 1416 to 1879), which is comprised of the Box Tower (with its notable well-conserved double-helix) , the Upper Fountain and Lower Fountain Master's Houses, the Small and Large Water Tower and the Aqueduct.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change, which does not modify the meaning of the sentence. Nomination dossier, see p.362, p.363.

Page 263, right column, line 22	Senkelbach/Riedinger (from 1840 to today),	Senkelbach/Riedinger (from 1865 to today),	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information, which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. Nomination dossier, see Map XVIII - p.562.
Page 264, left column, line 23	The interior of the building was then largely reconstructed to look like the original 1609 building.	The interior of the building was partly reconstructed to the 1609 state.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information, which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. Nomination dossier, see p.93, and p.228: "The interior was elaborately reconstructed so as to come close to the appearance of the original
			building erected in 1609."
Page 267, right column, line 10	Also relevant is the collection of the so called master builder's books gathered from 1320 to 1789 and archived from the very beginning, traditional records incorporated into the city's formal accounting system.	Also relevant is the collection of the so called master builder's books gathered from 1320 until today and archived from the very beginning, traditional records incorporated into the city's formal accounting system.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information, which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. Response to the Interim Report: Additional
			Information, February 2019, see p.42.
Page 268, right column, line 9	Most of the structures have kept their historic substance, form, use and materiality. Some of the structures saw their uses change in the 20th century, as was the case with the Unteres Brunnenwerk (Lower Waterworks), which ceased operation as a pumping station in 1879 and is now a restaurant.	Most of the structures have kept their historic substance, form, use and materiality. Some of the structures saw their uses change in the 20th century, as was the case with the Unteres Brunnenwerk (Lower Waterworks), which ceased operation as a pumping station in 1879 and is now a cinema with a restaurant.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error. Nomination dossier, see p.350.
Page 274	Revised map showing the boundaries of the nominated property (November 2018)	Revised map showing the boundaries of the nominated property (February 2019)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 275	Aerial view of Hochablass Waterworks	Aerial view of Hochablass Waterworks and the Eiskanal conoe course	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification. The word canoe should be corrected: "Aerial view of

			Hochablass Waterworks and the Eiskanal canoe course"
Page 275	Wolfzahan power plant	Wolfzahnau power plant	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
			Nomination dossier, see p.33.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Australie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Paysage culturel Budj Bim

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 102 Left column Paragraph 3 Line 10	The Budj Bim Cultural Landscape is situated within the traditional Country of the Gunditjmara, an Australian aboriginal nation, in the south-west of the State of Victoria.	Factual error. Aboriginal (always with a capital A). Terminology (Aboriginal nation) is not correct. Geographic reference amendment. Suggest use the following text: The Budj Bim Cultural Landscape is situated in the traditional Country of the Gunditjmara Aboriginal people, in the south-east of Australia.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 102 Left column Paragraph 3 Line	This [kooyang (eel)] aquaculture system has provided a six millennialong economic and social base for Gunditjmara society.	Factual error. Add text in square brackets, as follows: This kooyang (eel) aquaculture system has provided a six millennialong economic and social base for Gunditjmara society.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 102 Right column Paragraph 7 Line 47	The property is proposed in three separate serial components, which are connected by the continuous lava stream of Budj Bim.	Add lava flow to avoid confusion with Budj Bim the volcano, as follows: The property is proposed in three separate serial components, which are connected by the continuous lava stream of the Budj Bim lava flow .	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 103 Left column Paragraph 3 Line 26	the abundant natural resources; settlements and aquaculture; and the arrival of other people to Gunditjmara Country.	Factual error. Replace other people with European settlers as follows: the abundant natural resources; settlements and aquaculture; and the arrival of European settlers to Gunditjmara Country.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

D 102			rachina
Page 103 Left column Paragraph 5 Line 51	Six archaeological Gunditjmara aquaculture complexes are found in this component, which include 6,600 year-old fish traps.	Factual error and culturally inappropriate as the complexes continue to be operated by the Gunditjmara people. Remove archaeological, as follows:	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 103 Left column	Apart from the aquaculture	Six Gunditjmara aquaculture complexes Factual error and culturally inappropriate. The proposed	ICOMOS acknowledges this
Paragraph 4 Lines 42-43	systems, the nominated property presents Gunditjmara settlement structures and is the focus of	inappropriate. The proposed phrasing emphasises the concept of the continuing cultural landscape.	acknowledges this clarification.
	manifold cultural traditions and associations practiced and narrated up until the	Delete up until the present day, add that continue to be, as follows:	
	present day.	Apart from the aquaculture systems, the nominated property presents Gunditjmara settlement structures and is the focus of manifold cultural traditions and associations that	
		continue to be practiced and narrated.	
Page 103, lines 2, 7; Page 104, line 1;	"deep time"	Culturally inappropriate as the phrase has meaning to the Gunditjmara Traditional Owners.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 110, lines 34, 35		Remove quotation marks from all references to "deep time".	
Page 103 Left column Paragraph 1	The Budj Bim Cultural Landscape is a result of a creational process narrated	Remove text and add text as below in bold, i.e.:	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which
Lines 2+	by the Gunditjmara as a "deep time" story. During the time of creation,	The Budj Bim Cultural Landscape is the result of a creational process narrated by the Gunditjmara as a	does not modify the meaning of the sentence
	Gunditjmara Country was inhabited by beings which were sometimes human, sometimes animal,	deep time story. For the Gunditjmara, deep time refers to the idea that they have always been here. From an archaeological perspective, deep time refers to a	
	which brought the Country into life. From an archaeological perspective, "deep time" refers to a period of at least 32,000 years that Aboriginal people have occupied and lived on the Western Victorian Volcanic Plains.	perspective, deep time refers to a period of at least 32,000 years that Aboriginal people have lived in the Budj Bim Cultural Landscape .	
Page 104 Left column Paragraph 1, Line 6	More precisely up to the sacred site of Deen Mar (Lady Julia Percy Island),	Incorrect spelling, replace with: Deen Maar	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 104 Right column Paragraph 1 Line 2	In the 1950s the Tae Rak (Lake Condah), originally 250 hectares in size, held only 5 percent of its water capacity, which led to an	Grammatical error. Delete the , i.e.: In the 1950s Tae Rak (Lake Condah)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

	invasion of pest plant		T
	species.		
Page 104	However, ICOMOS also	Factual error. Remove text and	ICOMOS
Left column	notes that this legislation	replace with text as follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 3	does not necessarily cover	•	clarification.
Line 35	all identified attributes of	ICOMOS also notes that this	
	the proposed Outstanding	legislation will cover all the	
	Universal Value.	identified attributes of the proposed	
		Outstanding Universal Value.	
Page 104	areas and create new lands	Factual error. Add text in bold as	ICOMOS
Right column	for agriculture, have now	follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 1	been reversed.		clarification.
Line 1		areas and create new lands for	
		agriculture, and some have now	
		been reversed.	
Page 104	which have the capacity to	Factual error. Amend word in bold as	ICOMOS
Right column	destroy heritage features,	follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 4	such as archaeological		clarification.
Line 42	aquaculture sites or weirs	which have the capacity to	
	and dams, whilst rooting.	damage heritage features, such as	
		archaeological aquaculture sites or	
		weirs and dams, whilst rooting.	
Page 106	The contemporary	Factual error. Replace text in bold as	ICOMOS
Left column	guardians of the land	follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 2	express this continuity of		clarification.
Line 10	land-use	The Gunditimara Traditional	
		Owners express this continuity of	
D 106	1:1 :: 1 0 1	land-use	1001100 11 11
Page 106	which retains the form and	Factual error. Insert 'six' before	ICOMOS considers this
Right column	functionality it has had	millennia as follows:	correction to be an
Paragraph 2 Line 26	during the past millennia and in relation to the	which retains the form and	editorial change which
Line 20	underlying lava flow	which retains the form and functionality it has had during the	does not modify the meaning of the
	underlying lava now	past six millennia and in relation to	sentence.
		the underlying lava flow	schence.
		the underlying lava now	
Page 107	The most recent large	Factual error. Replace with the	ICOMOS
Left column	landscape conservation	following text in bold:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 5	measure was the removal of		clarification.
Line 44	an artificial drainage system	The most recent large landscape	
	at Tae Rak in 2010 which	conservation measure was the	
	allowed for the lake to be	removal of an artificial drainage	
	flooded, and with it the	system at Tae Rak in 2010 which re-	
	reutilization of the	instated traditional water flows,	
	Gunditjmara aquaculture	and with it the reutilization of the	
	complexes.	Gunditjmara aquaculture complexes.	
Page 108	These young people are	Factual error. Add predominately as	ICOMOS
Right column	actively encouraged to take	follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 2	up leadership responsibilities		clarification.
Line 16	for the people and Country.	These predominately young people	
		are actively encouraged	
Page 108	management approaches	Factual error. Replace text in bold as	ICOMOS
Right column	to be guided by the	follows:	acknowledges this
Paragraph 3	traditional guardian		clarification.
Lines 20-21	communities in line with	management approaches to be	
	cultural traditions and	guided by the Gunditjmara	
	practices.	Traditional Owners in line with	
	1	cultural traditions and practices.	

Page 109	ICOMOS recommends that	Factual error. In Australia it is called	ICOMOS accepts this
Left column	the entire property be	the National Heritage List ; not the	correction as a factual
Paragraph 6 Line 53	recognized in the National Heritage Register .	National Heritage Register.	error.
Page 109	ICOMOS recommends that	Australia would like to reference the	ICOMOS
Left column	the entire property be	nomination and additional	acknowledges this
Paragraph 6	recognized in the National	information supplied to ICOMOS,	clarification.
Line 53	Heritage Register.	which states that National Heritage	Cital in Cation.
		and World Heritage properties in	
		Australia are both protected equally	
		under the EPBC Act. This means that	
		if the property is inscribed on the	
		World Heritage List it will be entirely	
		protected under the EPBC Act, irrespective of the National Heritage	
		property boundary. Australia would	
		be grateful if ICOMOS could	
		reconsider the need for this	
		recommendation in light of this	
		information as it is unclear what	
		additional benefit National Heritage	
		listing would afford.	
		If ICOMOS decide to service di	
		If ICOMOS decide to retain this recommendation, we suggest	
		recommendation, we suggest rephrasing it to reflect the assessment	
		process Australia has in place for	ICOMOS
		National Heritage listing	acknowledges this
		domestically:	clarification.
		•	
		ICOMOS recommends that the	
		entire World Heritage property be	
		considered for inscription on the	
Dogg 110 111	Amandments by ICOMOS	National Heritage List . Reinstate the Statement of	ICOMOS
Page 110 – 111	Amendments by ICOMOS to the Recommended	Reinstate the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value	acknowledges that
Recommended	Statement of Outstanding	proposed by the State Party and	some of the above
Statement of	Universal Value.	agreed by the Gunditimara	clarifications and
Outstanding		Traditional Owners.	corrections affect the
Universal Value			OUV Statement.
			ICOMOS has therefore
			prepared a separate
			table on the OUV
			Statement.
Page 111	Listing all property	As above, Australia asks ICOMOS	ICOMOS
Additional	components as cultural	to reconsider the need for the listing	acknowledges this
Recommendation	heritage in the Australian	of the entire property on the National	clarification.
(b)	National Heritage Register	Heritage List given no additional	
	and extend the 'special use	legislative or other management	
	zone' established in local	protection would be afforded.	
	planning schemes to cover	It ICOMOG 1 11	
	the property components and	If ICOMOS decide to retain this	
	areas,	recommendation, we suggest	
		rephrasing it to reflect the assessment process Australia has in place for	
		National Heritage listing	
		domestically:	
L	l		l .

		ICOMOS recommends: The entire World Heritage property be considered for inscription on the National Heritage List and extend the 'special use zone' established in local planning schemes to cover the property components and areas,	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 111	and property valuation by	Factual error.	ICOMOS
Additional	the Gunditjmara guardian		acknowledges this
Recommendation	community;	Replace reference to guardian	clarification.
(d)		community with Traditional	
. ,		Owners, as follows:	
		,	
		and property valuation by the	
		Gunditjmara Traditional Owners;	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Autriche

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Haute route alpine du Großglockner

Page, colonne,	Phrase incluant l'erreur	Correction proposée par	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de
ligne de	factuelle	l'Etat partie	l'Organisation consultative
l'évaluation de	(l'erreur factuelle devrait	F	et/ou du Centre du patrimoine
l'Organisation	figurer en gras)		mondial
consultative	ingurer en gras)		monutai
	eration of the	STuitiel alemaine of the	ICOMOS
p. 191, right column, last line	"Initial planning of the GGHAS began in 1922 and	"Initial planning of the GGHAS began in 1922 and	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information
(1 62)	was further developed by a	was further developed by civil	which contradicts information
(102)	team of architects headed by	engineer Franz Wallack"	provided at earlier stages of the
	civil engineer Franz	engineer Franz Wanack	evaluation procedure (Nomination
	Wallack"	Franz Wallack was the only	Dossier p. 77).
	vv anack	architect and civil engineer and	Dossier p. 77).
		general contractor at the same	
		time. Certainly, he had staff	
		and there were sub-contracting	
		enterprises.	
p. 192, left	"Wallack was originally	The State Party suggests to	ICOMOS considers that this
column, lines 48-	contracted to renovate this	delete this sentence.	correction provides information
50	existing road into an alpine		which contradicts information
	pass."	Since the beginning, there was	provided at earlier stages of the
		the plan to build a	evaluation procedure (Nomination
		complete/new road as alpine	Dossier p. 68).
		crossing, also in order to close	
		the large gap of 156 km	
		between Brennerpass and	
		Radstädter Tauernpass.	
		Therefore, already in 1924 Ing.	
		Franz Wallack was asked to	
		construct a road through the Glockner Massiv (various	
		references can be provided).	
p. 192, right	"The boundary corridor has	The State Party does not	The sentence is merely descriptive
column, line 50	an irregular form of variable	understand the message of this	about the boundary corridor,
	width."	sentence. The boundary	which does not have a uniform
		corridor is identical to the one	width.
		that was listed as a historical	
		monument by the Federal	
		Monuments Office in 2015	
p. 193, left	"As regards tourism activity,	The State Party does not	ICOMOS acknowledges this
column, line 27-	there is the potential for new	understand the message of this	clarification. While no facilities
28	tourism facilities to be	sentence. No further tourism	are foreseen, there is still the

	1 1 1 0 22	C '1'.' C '.'	
	proposed, and such facilities	facilities are foreseen: neither	potential at some future time for
	need to be fully justified, carefully located and	along the road nor next to it.	such proposals to arise.
	sensitively designed so as to sustain the proposed		
	rr		
	Outstanding Universal Value,		
	authenticity and integrity of		
102 1.0	the nominated property."		ICOMOS 1 1 1 1 1:
p. 193, left	"In the same way, ICOMOS	The comment is a presumption	ICOMOS acknowledges this
column, line 42-	considers that various forms	without a solid base. As the	clarification.
47	of infrastructure development	road as a whole is a listed	
	may be proposed that could	monument according to the	
	have a negative impact on the	Austrian Monuments	
	proposed Outstanding	Protection Act, any changes,	
	Universal Value of the	including technical and	
	nominated property,	infrastructure facilities, need a	
	including infrastructure	permission by the Federal	
	related to transport, electrical	Monuments Authority and	
	distribution and	hence have to be carried out in	
	telecommunications."	close cooperation with the	
		latter in order not to get into	
102	(Tlamanan :: C :: C	conflict with the monument.	ICOMOS
p. 193, right column, line 6 ff	"However, no information	The State Party likes to express its surprise about the statement	ICOMOS considers that the
column, line 6 II	was provided about measures	that no answer was delivered	corrections re-iterate arguments
	to deal with these potential effects."		put forward in the nomination
	effects.	towards this issue. With letters	dossier and additional information
		by the State Party by 15 th of Oct and 9 th of Nov 2018	that have been fully considered.
		"Overview risk potential	The issue raised by ICOMOS relates to effects on the wider
		overall geological expertise"	landscape, not the road itself and
		(doc 10 resp. 11) was	road safety.
		provided, together with further	Toad safety.
		explanations towards the	
		geological expertise, its	
		frequency and extend. The	
		above mentioned "Global	
		Geological Risk Assessment"	
		(Attachment No 11) includes a	
		risk mapping and goes hand in	
		hand with the Regional Risk	
		Preparedness Concept (see p.	
		201 of the dossier): On page 8	
		of the answering document is	
		explained that the following	
		measures are taken:	
		•Continuous review of existing	
		protective structures, such as	
		Cable barriers, avalanche	
		works, structures against snow	
		gliding, etc. on their	
		functioning and, where	
		appropriate, the maintenance	
		and repair	
		•Metrological monitoring of	
		known joints and trajectories	
		•Geological-rock-mechanical	
		on-site photographs by a	
		geologist and based upon this	
		the project planning and	
L	<u> </u>	and project planning and	<u>I</u>

implementation of additional protective structure.

•When implementing new protective structures, special attention is paid to ensure that they integrate well into the landscape. For example, in the area of Fuscherlacke, a rockfall protection wall made of stone stored on site was (execution erected 2017/2018). Protective structures (especially rockfall protection fences) are often located well above the road and therefore cannot be seen from the road (cct., Rockfall fence km 7.2 glacier road).

•In order to be financially prepared for rising maintenance works also at the street itself, the range of savings has been increased (related documents have been provided to Mrs. DiStefano) under the heading "Alpine natural hazards" of the annual budget. These increased funds will be provided in following years for the construction of safety measures (cable barriers, anchor locks, etc.). GROHAG is a company which is managed in an economically viable manner and it can essentially make all its own investments, i.e. financing is largely done at present without borrowed federal funds (banks, subsidiaries, subsidies, etc.).

•The above mentioned "Global Geological Risk Assessment" (Attachment No 11) includes a risk mapping and goes hand in hand with the Regional Risk Preparedness Concept (see p. 201 of the dossier):

•This plan was prepared in accordance with Section 9a of the Salzburg Disaster Relief Act, Provincial Law Gazette (LGBl.) No.3/1975 in the current version and in accordance with Section 2(1) of the Carinthian Disaster Relief Act (K-KHG), Provincial Law Gazette (LGBl.) No. 66/1980, last

amended by Provincial Law Gazette (LGBl.) No. 54/2005 produced in conjunction with all public services and relief organisations concerned. It includes the entire north and south side of the Großglockner High Alpine Road. These services include:

•Police, Fire Brigade, Red Cross, Mountain Rescue, Großglockner Hochalpenstraßen AG road management,

Federal Road Administration, Administrative District Authorities' disaster control officers. Videos of the last huge simulation exercise can be found on Youtube.

•The Großglockner High Alpine Road is a high alpine road, which was embedded in nature by the planner and builder, Hofrat Dipl. Ing. Franz Wallack, in exemplary fashion and with ingenious vision. Already at that time, constructional necessary safety structures were designed in a way that seeks its equal with regard to the situation and adaptation to the natural conditions. Changes in environmental conditions and progressive climate change make it necessary to erect protective structures in the vicinity of the road, but also in higher-lying catchment areas. Under the premise "Safeguarding the safety of the road users and the structures of the Großglockner High Alpine Road", GROHAG endeavors to take into account the aspects of protecting the alpine landscape by adapting the necessary safety measures to the terrain as far as possible, taking advantage of the natural conditions.

Further descriptions can be found on pages 200-203 of the nomination dossier.

Furthermore, in 2013 an "All risk insurance" was approved.

The document was provided as attachment No 11. •At the general meeting on 23rd August 2013, a new Section 19 was approved in respect to the increasing risk due to climate change, and adopted in the company's statutes. Section 19 states that the company bodies are obliged to comply with the Federal Public Corporate Governance Codex. The standing orders for the Management Board were presented for resolution and approved at the Supervisory Board meeting. There is public liability insurance with cover of 15 million euros. As a strategic measure, the Management Board together with the Supervisory Board decided at the 300th Supervisory Board meeting on 22nd August 2014 to take out an "all risk" insurance policy (operational failure and damage). The relevant "All Risk" insurance policy was taken out on 1st January, 2015. Part A: Property insurance 5 million euros cover (except for HQ 30 zones 2 million euros); excess varies depending on the claim, but maximum 15,000.00 no excess for fire. Part B: Operational interruption 4 million euros dover (max. 12 months); excess 8 days. Further information on p. 195 nomination dossier 194, "The comparative analysis is left In addition to the described ICOMOS acknowledges presented in three parts: extent of the clarification regarding the scope of column, provided Comparative Analysis (CA), the analysis, which was fully paragraph, lines 1-European high alpine roads, 9 and following including those in Austria; the CA provided covers also considered. However, as noted in paragraphs other European mountain and older roads, roads from the the evaluation, "While a broad scenic roads; and mountain, same construction period as range of roads globally and in a scenic and coastal roads GGHAS as well as younger range of environmental contexts are initially considered in the outside Europe. ones. These three parts include The State Party would like to comparative analysis, all but World Heritage properties, mention that it seems that we scenic alpine roads are considered properties on the Tentative had not been able to describe comparable to the Großglockner Lists, and other properties that the extent convincingly (6 road. This context is too narrow are comparable to the continents, different ages, and not sufficiently developed to nominated different purposes, different support claims of Outstanding property's Outstanding Universal Value." proposed concepts, different

geographical conditions) of the

Value

and

CA.

Universal

attributes."

			Ligation 1
		H. Correction Correction	ICOMOS welcomes the suggested
		However, the State Party suggests organizing a specific working meeting on that issue, most preferable in Paris, in cooperation with ICOMOS and WHC, in order to prepare a Thematic Study on Scenic Roads. Also considering that Großglockner High Alpine Road is the first Road in a narrower sense to be proposed for inscription. The State Party conducted Thematic Studies also about Railways as WH and the Frontiers of the Roman	working meeting, but this cannot be taken account of at this stage.
		Empire (the latter together	
		with further State Parties).	
p. 194, left column, 4th paragraph, lines 34-37	"The analysis further notes that the Großglockner High Alpine Road triggered a movement for scenic roads which resonated internationally, examples being the Susten Pass (Switzerland) and the German alpine Road (Germany)."	The analysis further notes that the Großglockner High Alpine Road triggered a movement for scenic roads which resonated internationally, examples being the Susten Pass (Switzerland) and the German alpine Road (Germany), Sotchi (Russia), Stilfserjoch (Italy, for Management), Almaty (Kasachstan).	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
		The State Party provided with letter by 9 th Nov 2018 a summary where GGHAS served as example for different aspects (especially road construction, management), accompanied by attachments No 3-6.	
p. 195, left column, 2 nd paragraph, lines 4-5	"ICOMOS considers that the comparative analysis is too constrained by limiting the scope to scenic alpine roads."	As explained above, the State Party did not intend limiting the CA on scenic alpine roads: 6 continents, different ages, different purposes, different concepts, different geographical conditions, altogether 37 roads had been analysed and compared. However, the State Party has already taken first steps to conduct a Thematic Study with advice from ICOMOS.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification regarding the scope of the analysis, which was fully considered. However, as noted in the evaluation, "While a broad range of roads globally and in a range of environmental contexts are initially considered in the comparative analysis, all but scenic alpine roads are considered comparable to the Groβglockner road. This context is too narrow and not sufficiently developed to support claims of Outstanding Universal Value."
			With regard to the thematic study, this is new information that cannot be taken account of at this stage.

107 1.6		TT : 11 :1.1.C.	rgovrog ti di d
p. 195, left	"In particular, examples such	The originally provided CA	ICOMOS considers that the
column, 5.	as the Blue Ridge Parkway,	treated most of the listed roads:	corrections re-iterate arguments
Paragraph, lines	Skyline Drive and Columbia	p. 150, 152 (and 145): Blue	put forward in the nomination
35-38	River Highway in the United	Ridge Parkway, Skyline	dossier that have been fully
	States of America would need	Drive : p. 150	considered.
	more careful consideration."	P. 150 – 153 section on its own	
		about Scenic Roads in the	
		USA, apart from the above	
		mentioned, namely listed:	
		San Juan Skyway (composed	
		by Colorado Scenic and	
		Historic Byway and an All-	
		American Road), California	
		State Route No 1. The section	
		starts with a general	
		introduction into National	
		Scenic Byway / All American	
		Road system.	
		In total 4 US Scenic Roads are	
		compared in detail.	
p. 196, column	"However, it is noted the road	The State Party considers	ICOMOS considers that the
right, lines 32-34	and other features	changes to the road in this	corrections re-iterate arguments
6 .,	have been subject to change,	regard (technical	put forward in the nomination
	especially adaptations to	development, security	dossier and additional information
	accommodate increasing	standards) as "normal" for a	that have been fully considered.
	numbers of visitors as well as	living monument. We find	dia nave been rany considered.
	to address changing standards	comparable measures of	
	for road safety."	maintenance in each cathedral,	
	101 10ad salety.	historic center, castle etc. The	
		State Party considers the fact	
		that all changes are undertaken	
		with great care, which was	
		confirmed during the	
		evaluator's mission "in the	
		sense" of the constructor	
		Wallack, following the	
		original instructions.	
		The State Party likes to stress	
		that there are no modification	
		in the original purpose of the	
		road, as a scenic alpine toll	
		road, built to make the high	
		mountain region accessible for	
		everybody by his or her own	
		means. Indeed, the layout	
		including architectural	
		features, the original buildings,	
		PR-concepts, colour-concept	
		etc. remain mostly unchanged.	
p. 197, left	"None the less, it is still	In its answer by 27 th of Feb	ICOMOS considers that the
column, lines 5-6	unclear how extensive some	2019, the State Party provided	corrections re-iterate arguments
,	changes have been."	an explanation note (page 8-9)	put forward in the nomination
		and a complete table summary	dossier and additional information
		(p. 9-10) with the changes	that have been fully considered.
		undertaken at the road,	and have occirring considered.
		completed by several	
		attachments to Chapter III.	
I		Changes to the Road:	

	.		
Authenticity p. 197, left column, lines 15- 17	"ICOMOS considers that the requirements of integrity and authenticity have not been met at this stage."	III.1. Photo Comparison "Former Times and Today" GGHAS III.2. Enlargement Edelweiß wall (Verbreiterung Edelweißwand km 25,05) III.3. Enlargement Lärchach (Verbreiterung Lärchach km 19,7) III.4. Wood balustrades then and now (Holzgeländer damals und heute) The Stage Party understands that the provided materials are not sufficient. Therefore, it will address ICOMOS in order to learn, which additional material is expected. The State Party would appreciate receiving an example, in which way ICOMOS expects such a documentation. The State Party is confused about the messages provided by ICOMOS. On p. 196-197 it is written that "ICOMOS considers that the nominated property meets the requirements of authenticity with regard to its location and setting, use and function, spirit, and management system. The high alpine location and setting of the nominated property is unchanged, and it has been in continuous use as scenic road since its creation. Its spirit continues to reflect motor vehicle-based tourism in a sublime natural landscape. Groβglockner Hochalpenstrassen AG (GROHAG) has managed the property from 1931, during the period of its construction, to the present day. [] Aspects of the design remain almost entirely original, including the general alignment of the road and its constant gradient."	The evaluation text quoted excludes key parts which explain the ICOMOS conclusion.
		The State Party understands	
intogrity	"ICOMOS considers that the	that it needs further discussion with ICOMOS about the form of argumentation.	The Store Darty understands that
integrity	requirements of integrity and	The Stage Party understands that the provided materials are	The Stage Party understands that the provided materials are not

	authenticity have not been met at this stage."	not sufficient. Therefore, it will address ICOMOS in order	sufficient. Therefore, it will address ICOMOS in order to
	met at tins stage.	to learn, which additional	learn, which additional material /
		material / argumentation is	argumentation is needed.
		needed.	
p. 198, right	"However, in discussions	The State Party is deeply sorry	The State Party will be pleased to
Column, 1. Paragraph, lines	during the ICOMOS technical evaluation mission it was	about this misunderstanding. During the discussion with the	cooperate therefore with ICOMOS and the WHC.
2-7	indicated by the State Party	onsite-evaluator, it was not the	redivios and the wric.
	that such an additional plan	state party's intention to say	
	was not necessary, and rather	that the WH management will	
	the integrated management	not be established. The State	
	system could be modified to	Party wanted to stress that the	
	include World Heritage- related responsibilities."	existing management plan of the operating company	
	related responsionates.	includes already today most	
		requirements for a potential	
		WH status. The State Party	
		assures that the Management	
		Plan, submitted with the nomination dossier, will be	
		established in case of	
		inscription and will also	
		include all requirements	
		demanded by ICOMOS and	
		UNESCO.	
		The State Party will be pleased	
		to cooperate therefore with	
		ICOMOS and the WHC.	
p. 198, column	"On the other hand, it is noted	The State Party would like to	ICOMOS considers that the
right, line 58-61	that some natural environment organizations	stress, that the whole nomination dossier / efforts	corrections re-iterate arguments put forward in the nomination
	are concerned about the	had been accompanied and	dossier and additional information
	impact of the road on the	supported by the National Park	that have been fully considered.
	surrounding National Park,	authorities from both	
	especially given the	Provinces. The good	
	possibility of increased tourism activity."	cooperation from the beginning of the establishment	
	tourism activity.	of the National Park in the	
		80ties, since 2006 IUCN	
		category II is also displayed in	
		the multiple cooperation on	
		education and research. The National Park authorities have,	
		like the Association for Nature	
		Conservation	
		(Naturschutzbund) submitted	
		a Statement for support with	
		the documents which the State Party has submitted by 27 th of	
		Feb 2019. The State Party	
		wishes to underline that these	
		are the highest authorities with	
		regard to nature protection in	
		Austria and especially for the Hohe Tauern National Park	
		(National Park legislation in	
		(National Park legislation in Austria foresees very strict	

good and regular cooperation will continue in the future. The respectively bodies will be permanent members of the WH Steering Group and will be integrated in the WH	
be integrated in the WH	
Management (see figures p.	
250, 252, 253 nomination	
dossier).	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Autriche / Allemagne / Hongrie / Slovaquie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Les frontières de l'Empire romain – le limes du Danube

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
page 200 1 st column last line	Official name as proposed by the States Parties Frontiers of the Roman Empire — Tthe Danube Limes (Western Segment)	Official name as proposed by the States Parties Frontiers of the Roman Empire – The Danube Limes	ICOMOS recommends that the name of the property be amended to include "Western Segment" as it considers that what has been nominated is only the Western Segment not the whole Danube Frontier as defined in the Thematic Study as follows: 'For the largest of the three envisaged properties, the Danube frontier, a nomination in two steps is proposed, for reasons of timetable management. The first step would concern the western segment consisting of the sites within the territories of Germany, Austria, Slovakia and Hungary, and the second step the eastern segment comprising the sites in Croatia, Serbia, Bulgaria and Romania; the current selections of component sites amount to about 130 for the western and 120 for the eastern segment. The Thematic Study provides a clear picture of the different but linked characteristics of these segments. It is

			suggested that the western segment could justify Outstanding Universal Value as a first nomination, while the eastern segment could be added as a major extension in a second step'. The OUV that has been proposed in the current nomination relates to this Western Segment not the whole Danube. If the
			Eastern Segment were to be added as a major extension that could lead to
			modifications to this OUV as the Eastern segment has different characteristics, including its longer survival
			to the 7 th century AD.
page 201	• Revision of boundaries of 12	11	ICOMOS acknowledges
1 st column 1 st , 2 nd bullet	nominated components in relation to the way they		this typing error
points	express their proposed outstanding Universal Value; • Revision of the Buffer zone	11	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
	for 12 components and for many of the component sites in Hungary;		
page 202 2 nd column 2 nd sentence	Governor's palaces were also constructed near fortresses, and the one in Budapest, the Hercules Villa, is highly decorated with mosaics.	The highly decorated governor's palace in Aquincum (Budapest) was constructed near the fortress. The Hercules villa was also decorated with mosaics.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error
page 202 3 rd and 10 th columns	The States Parties were requested to address this situation in the Interim Report	11	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
	by amending the boundaries for 12 component sites and these have been addressed in the additional information submitted on 28 February		
page 202	2018. These sites are: Rusovce –		ICOMOS acknowledges
last column 2 nd sentence	Gerulata (ID32), Iža - Kelemantia (ID46), Nyergesújfalu Sánc-hegy - Crumerumm (ID49),	Crumerum	this typing error
page 204 3 rd column 2 nd sentence	The wars of AD 66 –180 and those in the middle of the 3 rd century AD caused	<u>1</u> 66	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
page 204 15 th column 1 st sentence	The component site was nominated to reflect the entire gradual and long term development of Roman fortification architecture in this section of the Danube limits		ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
	from the beginning of its construction up to the building	antique	

		T	
	of the late-antic fortification in		
	the post-Valentinian period		
	around 380 AD.		
page 205	As a result, the area of the		ICOMOS acknowledges
1 st column	following component sites		this typing error
1st sentence	needed to be re-considered to		
	ensure it includes a sufficient		
	proportion of extra-mural		
	activity to reflect adequately		
	the		
	integrity of the ensemble:	Százhalombatta	
	Nyergesújfalu Sánc-hegy –		
	Crumerum ID49; Nagytétény-		
	Campona ID73;		
	zázhalombatta -Dunafüred –		
	Matrica ID75a-b;		
page 205	In a small number of forts in		ICOMOS acknowledges
2 nd column	Hungary, no area of related		this typing error
1st sentence	extra-mural activity or		
	associated features was	kút	
	included.	dűlő	
	These are: Bum-Bum küt – Ad		
	Mures ID42; Dunabogdány		
	Váradok- dülö – Cirpi ID64;		
page 205	Other components were minor		ICOMOS acknowledges
3 rd column	adjustments were needed were	Künzing	this typing error
	Straubing ID6, Kunzing ID8,		
	Passau ID9, Wallsee ID16 and		
	Zeiselmauer ID28 and these		
	have been carried		
	out by the States Parties.		
page 206	The Middle Danube covers the		ICOMOS acknowledges
9 th column	provinces of Raetia (eastern	Pannonia	this typing error
1 st sentence	part), Noricum and Paninia		
	and includes the		
	nominated sites.		
page 206	ICOMOS that the	ICOMOS considers that	ICOMOS acknowledges
13 th column	comparative analysis justifies		this typing error
	consideration of this property		
	for the World Heritage List.		
page 208	At Kunzing a timber structure	Künzing	ICOMOS acknowledges
4 th column	has been erected to give an		this typing error
4 th sentence	indication of the form of the		
	temporary amphitheatre. This		
	structure does not seek to		
	replicate the original in the way		
	the reconstructed practice		
	ring at Carnuntum does. Rather		
	it seeks to indicate the outline		
	form and position of the		ICOMOS acknowledges
	original structure. The	Künzing	this typing error
	foundations of the new wooden		
	structure can be removed		
	without damage to the		
	remaining deposits at Kunzing.		
page 209	The condition of the following		ICOMOS acknowledges
2 nd column	component sites may not		this typing error
3 rd sentence	always be as stable or benign as		
	anticipated	Lébény	
·			<u> </u>

	in the nomination documentation: Lébénye		
page 211 5 th column 1 st sentence	(ID34), Abda The Hungarian national management plan is in Hungarian, and it was only possible to examine an English summary (the Director's Summary included in the nomination documentation).		ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error Indeed, the Hungarian management plan (English version) was included on the Additional Information received on 28th February 2019
page 212 9 th column 1 st sentence	The four States Parties have worked closely together in the preparation of the nomination and, considering the scale and scope of the property extending to almost 1,000km and encompassing 167 component sites, the results are impressive.	originally 164, with the amendment 175 component parts	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
page 213 4 th column	Recommendations with respect to inscription ICOMOS recommends that the Frontiers of the Roman Empire – the Danube Limes (Western Segment), Austria, Germany, Hungary and Slovakia,	- The Danube Limes, Austria, Germany, Hungary and Slovakia,	ICOMOS recommends that the name of the property be amended to include "Western Segment" as it considers that what has been nominated is only the Western Segment not the whole Danube Frontier as defined in the Thematic Study as follows: 'For the largest of the three envisaged properties, the Danube frontier, a nomination in two steps is proposed, for reasons of timetable management. The first step would concern the western segment consisting of the sites within the territories of Germany, Austria, Slovakia and Hungary, and the second step the eastern segment comprising the sites in Croatia, Serbia, Bulgaria and Romania; the current selections of component sites amount to about 130 for the western and 120 for the eastern segment. The Thematic Study provides a clear picture of the different but linked characteristics of these segments. It is suggested that the western segment could justify Outstanding Universal Value as a first nomination, while the eastern segment

			could be added as a major extension in a second step'. The OUV that has been proposed in the current nomination relates to this Western Segment not the whole Danube. If the Eastern Segment were to be added as a major extension that could lead to modifications to this OUV
page 213	For more than 400 years from		as the Eastern segment has different characteristics, including its longer survival to the 7 th century AD. ICOMOS acknowledges
6 ^{th.} column	the 1st century BP , it constituted the middle European boundary of the Roman Empire against what we called 'barbarians'.	CE were	this typing error
page 213 7 th column	First defined in the Flavian dynasty (69-96 BP) and later further developed, The backbone of the defence system was a string of six	CE to 6,000 Roman citizens as soldiers.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
	legionary fortresses, each housing some 5,500 to 6,000 citizens. Between the legionary fortresses, were forts, fortlets, and watchtowers linked by an access road and serviced	by access roads and serviced sizeable civilian towns developed around	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
	To serve soldiers and civilians, sizeable civilian towns were developed around		
page 213 9 th column	The Danube Limes finally broke down the 5th century BP .	CE	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
page 214 2 nd column	It also witnesses Roman colonization through the spread of culture and different traditions — military engineering, architecture, art, religion management and	military engineering, architecture, art, religion, management and	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error
page 215 2 nd column	At Carnuntum the close proximity of an extensive windfarm is visually intrusive,		ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error

while at Budapest the setting of		
many of the very	Municipium and legionary fortress	
significant components of	are severely	
Aquincum Municipium		
legionary fortress are severely		
impacted by transport		
infrastructure.		



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Azerbaïdjan

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Centre historique de Sheki avec le palais du Khan

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 3, right column, second para from down	Sheki is already a prime destination for domestic tourism and international tourism is on the rise. The above described hotel developments are results of negative tourism impacts which should by no means be repeated in the future. Sheki is also famous for its festivals. Two years ago, an amphitheatre, for the annual music festival and other city events, was constructed to the south-east of the citadel wall, clearly visible as it is located immediately next to the gate accessed from the main street. Although the structure was meant to be portable, it seems to have lasted ever since its first construction and its tarpaulin structures, subsidiary buildings painted in white and poorly designed white fences constitute negative visual impacts to the historic surroundings.	The amphitheatre has been dismantled before the resubmission of the nomination file. So it is proposed to delete the reference to this problem in the related para.	ICOMOS considers that this is new information that cannot be taken account of at this stage.
Page 3, left column, last para	The state of conservation of the historic architectural and urban fabric is diverse. According to the nomination dossier out of 2,775 residential houses located in the "Yukhari Bash" State Historical and Architectural Reserve, less than half retain their historical integrity. About	This is a fact that less than half of the all properties (45%) have retained their historical character, but a total of other 738 houses (26,6%) have minor changes, as indicated in the nomination file, confirmed also by the experts in the Restoration Manual.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification

	a quarter of the remaining architectural structures are either newly built or modified to the extent that their historical basis can no longer be recognized. The Manual reveals that 361 houses (13%) on the site are newly built houses, using new, modern materials and without taking into consideration historical traditions; 315 (11.35%) are fully modified with extensions, while 84 houses (3%) are in a critical condition and mostly abandoned.	This means that about 72% of all buildings have preserved their historical character, out of which 26% have only just a minor changes due to daily social life (extension due to population increase etc.)	
Page 4, right column, last para	The additional information received at the request of ICOMOS rather suggested that Sheki should be considered an exceptional centre of trade along the north Eastern Silk Road sections. In considering this, ICOMOS noted that according to its thematic study on the Silk Road, Sheki does not seem located along the key branches identified as the likely sections to be considered for World Heritage nomination. In addition, ICOMOS considers that Sheki's architectural and urban testimony is quite homogenous following its construction in 1772 and hence when compared to much older settlements along the trade routes of the wider region, it shows comparatively few architectural references to cultural and trade exchanges along these trade routes.	Today's historical and old part of Sheki town emerged after 1772 flood not in another new place, but in the place of Nukha village, an old settlement mentioned in the historical documents. This is not a new city construction and urban planning, but the move of the ancient city destroyed by the flood with its survived population and aristocracy to another place. So, the reconstruction of the new city of Sheki in another safe place reflected the old architectural traditions and techniques which had already existed since the centuries in the region: • Ornaments that were used by wood-makers are also found in other cities along the Silk Road • Construction typologies (arches, balconies, interior design) reflected perfectly the Silk Road connections.	This quotation refers to a part of the first evaluation which ICOMOS has not re-assessed.
Page 4, right column, para four	In the additional information received on 14 November 2016, the State Party elaborated that sericulture in Sheki was more relevant in terms of trade and source of wealth but did not have a distinct impact on the urban and architectural typology. As the sericulture activities were limited to cocoon breeding and raw silk trade, these according to the State Party's response did not require fundamental structures, which	The sericulture has influenced directly the urban and architectural typology, as analyzed in the Restoration Manual of Sheki: "The garden is the terminal point of Sheki's water system and urban organization. Together with the home, the cultivated field is the fulcrum of the economy of social, productive and family life. The inhabited and agricultural parcel is	This quotation refers to a part of the first evaluation which ICOMOS has not re-assessed.

affected the planning structure of a productive and self-sufficient the city. ICOMOS therefore structure based on agricultural and considers that Sheki cannot be manufacturing processes. Main considered exceptional activity is that of silk production. an architectural urban In the garden, the house is placed or in a perimeter position with the testimony in relation sericulture. long side where the veranda facing the cultivated area is located. In this gift gathered the important mulberry plants to provide nourishment to the bug. Sheki's house fulfils the elementary housing function but is also the nucleus of the family productive economy, it is always associated with a garden activities of the silk production circle. The interiors themselves respond to these needs with specific structures aimed at producing activities such in the veranda, storage areas and the chimney" "roof with his polifunctional system. The good residential comfort, the agroindustrial system and after for the religious concepts (qibla) determine a precise orientation of the houses. Their placement in a scenic framework of the highest value and environmental characteristics makes up landscape that is a fusion between the construction pattern and the natural morphology, creating an urban ecosystem that combines nature and culture. At the same time three-storey types residential houses are formed and spread. The ground floor of these houses is used as shop or housing for workers in tobacco or silk production. The original and unique character of Sheki, connected with its picturesque background, became especially clear after the transfer of the city into a new place in the second half of the 18th century, followed by intensive residential construction. The architecture reflected all peculiarities of economic silk production of this rich district. Page 4, right additional information The sericulture in Sheki was in a ICOMOS considers that The column, last received at the request of such large scale that it makes no this is new information that para ICOMOS rather suggested that doubt that silk was as important an cannot be taken into Sheki should be considered an export and exchange product. The account of at this stage. exceptional centre of trade Caravanserais in Sheki (5 in the along the north Eastern Silk XIX century, nowadays only two

	Road sections. In considering this, ICOMOS noted that according to its thematic study on the Silk Road, Sheki does not seem located along the key branches identified as the likely sections to be considered for World Heritage nomination. In addition, ICOMOS considers that Sheki's architectural and urban testimony is quite homogenous following its construction in 1772 and hence when compared to much older settlements along the trade routes of the wider region, it shows 5 comparatively few architectural references to cultural and trade exchanges along these trade routes.	are testimony to this glorious past) are marks of this past. The silk was exported to Europe through Russia, Iran and to Ottoman Empires.	
Page 5, left column, fifth para	ICOMOS considers that while the city was exposed to various cultural influences through the presence of traders, this would apply to any city located along the Great Silk Road or other important trade routes. ICOMOS considers that the architectural features reflect regional influences in line with the political regimes exerting power over the region at the time of construction. Very limited architectural references to an exchange of cultural traditions can be seen beyond these.	The cultural exchange through the silk trade is obvious in Sheki's architectural and artistic traditions: The glasses used in Khan Palace's shabaka is of Murano style and imported from Venice (Italy). Shabaka in other places were also filled with coloured Murano glass (glass wares of Venice that start in 1291) The luster and other decorative elements are also imported from Europe. The typical balconies have an external projection up to 1,7 m. For the ones supported by pillars, the projection can be up to 2,4 m. The traditional balcony dates back to ancient times, with many references to mukharabia (an architectural element which is characteristic of Arabic residences. It is a type of projecting oriel window enclosed, commonly used on the street side of the building), which is a creation of the Arabic world. During the centuries, the balcony has developed in different ways according to the foreign influence	This quotation refers to a part of the first evaluation which ICOMOS has not re-assessed.
Page 5, right column, second	ICOMOS further considers that Sheki's function as a Caucasus khanate capital was rather	Sheki as an independent khanate existed from 1743 to 1805, and as a semi-independent khanate from	This quotation refers to a part of the first evaluation

para, last three lines	short-lived and ended after merely 18 years.	1805 to 1820. This means that in total it makes not 18 years but about 77 years of existence of Khanate.	which ICOMOS has not re-assessed.
Page 7, right column, paras two and four	The Action Plan and the Restoration Manual are both very useful resource and guidance documents that could form the basis for the development of planning guidelines and perhaps stronger protection for individual buildings. Currently they have no status nor are formal means of implementation in place. In conclusion, ICOMOS considers that the state of conservation of historic Sheki has been affected by new buildings, rehabilitations and extensive restoration works. Although outline conservation guidance has now been prepared, it will be essential that this is translated into formal guidelines and incorporated into the management system, if progress is to be made in transforming the approach to restoration and conservation.	Both the Action Plan and the Restoration Manual have been officially approved by the State Tourism Agency. This fact was not separately mentioned in the submitted new information, as it was implied that if presented, these documents already has official status. The relevant document about the approval of these documents is attached together with its unofficial translation. So it is proposed to delete the relevant references to this issue	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification of the status of the Action plan and the Restoration Manual. ICOMOS's comment on the need to translate this guidance into formal planning guidelines and incorporate it into the management system still remain.
Page 8, right column, first para, last four lines	No information has been provided in the additional information received in January 2019 on a Presidential Decree that could confirm National Reserve status.	According to the current legislation of Azerbaijan (Decision by Cabinet of Ministers n°382 confirming the Law on the Culture — 1.1.6), a cultural-historical reserve can get a "National Reserve status" only if it is inscribed in the UNESCO World Heritage List.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 8, right column, para four	In the additional information submitted by the State Party in January 2019, it was confirmed that the buffer zone will get 'similar advanced level of protection and management' as the property by the State Tourism Authority. This implies that 'all protective measures regarding the property are also automatically applied to its buffer zone'. This approach applies to the buffer zone that is part of the Reserve and not the wider zone for terrain control.	According to current national legislation the protective measures are applied both to the site itself and its buffer zone. And according to the existing requirements the protection measures should be applied to these two elements. So the need for same level of protection for the wider zone for terrain control is not clear. So it is proposed to delete last part of the para related to this issue.	ICOMOS considers that this clarification reflects a difference of opinion or perhaps a lack of clarity as ICOMOS was making the point that the protection does not apply to the wider zone for terrain control.

Page 8, right column, last para

The nomination dossier justly refers to the importance of the natural setting of the nominated property and that the forested mountains play important role in perception of the site. This is confirmed in the Restoration Manual which states that the 'natural morphology of the Sheki is a landscape of great visual impact and ecological support for the city'. For its protection, cooperation has been established with the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources as well as the Sheki Executive Power and the Sheki City Municipality. However, the recommendations issued towards the protection of the landscape do not yet enjoy binding character. The concerned mountain slopes are merely protected by the law on forest, which is very strict and does not allow cutting of the forest and building activity in the forest in general. However, it could be changed or exemptions could be approved by authorities which may not take heritage concerns into consideration. To ensure the protection of authenticity of setting, ICOMOS recommends putting in place heritage significance guided landscape protection tools.

In order to cover the heritage protection aspects during the protection of the forested mountains, the Memorandum of Understanding was signed between the State Tourism Agency and the Ministry of Ecology and National Resources on 18th of December 2018. This Memorandum is attached to this document together with its unofficial translation.

So it is proposed to delete the references to this issue.

ICOMOS acknowledges this new information which cannot be taken account of at this stage.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Burkina Faso

Notifications d'erreurs factuelles

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Sites de métallurgie ancienne du fer

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 49, Colonne 1, ligne	Diversioning attenuations de ferror	Plusieurs bases de fourneaux	
14	Plusieurs structures de fours		
			L'ICOMOS considère cette
Page 49,			correction comme
Colonne 2, ligne 23			étant une
23			clarification.
Page 55,			
Colonne 1, ligne			
16. Page 49,	la réduction du fer	la réduction du minerai du fer	1,1100,100
Colonne 1, ligne			L'ICOMOS considère cette
19.			correction comme
Page 54,			étant une
Colonne 1, ligne			clarification.
26.			
Page 54, Colonne 1, ligne	La métallurgie du fer primaire et secondaire	La métallurgie primaire et secondaire du fer	L'ICOMOS considère cette
23.	secondane	secondan e du fei	considère cette correction comme
			étant une
			modification
			rédactionnelle qui ne change pas le sens de
			la phrase.
Page 49,	produire des outils en fer avec du fer	Produire des outils en fer avec du	L'ICOMOS
Colonne 2, ligne		fer	reconnaît cette erreur
49. Page 55,	bas fourneau	bas fourneau	de frappe. L'ICOMOS
Colonne 1, ligne	vas ivariitau	bus Ivalitatu	considère cette
44.			correction comme
			étant une
Page 54,	fours	fourneaux	clarification. L'ICOMOS
1 480 54,	- IVIII	Tour nedua	considère cette

Colonne 2, ligne 51.			correction comme étant une
D 55			clarification.
Page 55, Colonne 1, ligne			
46.			
Page 57,			
Colonne 1, ligne			
16.			
Page 59,			
Colonne 2, ligne			
27.	.		LUGOMOG
Page 56, Colonne 1, ligne	Dourou <mark>g</mark> a	Douroula	L'ICOMOS reconnaît cette erreur
30.			de frappe.
Page 60,	Ce sont également les seuls sites qui	Ce sont également les très rares	L'ICOMOS
Colonne 1, ligne	ont des fourneaux		considère que cette
22.			correction apporte de
			nouvelles
			informations qui contredisent les
			informations
			fournies à des stades
			antérieurs de la
			procédure
			d'évaluation.
			(voir p. 22 de la
			documentation
			complémentaire
			soumise par l'Etat
			partie le 9 novembre
			2018 : « Les sites de
			Tiwêga, Yamané, Kindibo et Békuy
			possèdent tous les
			quatre des fourneaux
			de
			réduction du minerai
			de fer qui sont impressionnants et
			remarquablement
			bien conservés. Ils
			sont du reste les seuls
			sites qui ont des
			fourneaux en
			élévation au Burkina Faso »).
			1 usu //j.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Canada

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Writing-on-Stone / Áísínai'pi

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page: 225 Section: Brief description Description: Column 1, Paragraph 3, Line 5	", whose geological features include numerous pillars (hoodoos)"	", whose geological features include numerous sandstone (hoodoos)" columns	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 225 Section: Brief description Description: Column 1, Paragraph 3, Line 4-8	"Most of the dated archaeological remains cover a period from 1800 BCE up to the beginning of the post-Contact period. The rock art has been made in the valley for thousands of years, and most of the images date from the pre-contact period, around 3000 BP."	"Most of the dated in situ archaeological remains date between ca. 4,500 years BP - 3,500 years BP and the Contact Period. The rock art has been made in the valley for thousands of years, with the majority of the images dating to the Contact and Late Pre-Contact Period, from approximately 1,000 years BP to the mid- nineteenth century."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 225 Section: Additional Information received by ICOMOS Description: Column 2, Paragraph 2, Line 6	"Further information was requested in the Interim Report including: the rock art sites, Blackfoot cultural practices, the buffer zones, management and the relocation of the rodeo."	"Further information was requested in the Interim Report including: the rock art sites, Blackfoot cultural practices, the buffer zones, management and the potential relocation of the rodeo."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 1, Paragraph 2, Line 1-3	"The 138 rock art sites listed"	"The 138 rock art localities (109 registered sites) listed"	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 1, Paragraph 3, Line 2-3	"In all, 115 archaeological sites are recorded"	"In all, 125 archaeological sites are recorded"	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

Page: 226 Section: Description and history	"Oral traditions indicate that, during the contact period and in the early 20th	"Oral traditions indicate that, during the contact period and in the early 20th	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which
Description: Column 2, Paragraph 3, Line 6.	century, the traditional way of burying a body was to wrap the corpse in a bison skin, and to place it in a crevasse in the rock walls, together with funerary objects"	century, the traditional way of burying a body was to wrap the remains in a bison skin, and to place it in a crevasse in the rock walls, together with funerary objects."	does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 2, Paragraph 3, Line 9-10.	"No traces have been found of burial places since the nominated property became a provincial park in 1957. Today the Blackfoot are in favour of scattering incinerated remains in the park."	"There is no indication that the nominated property has been used as a burial place since it became a Provincial Park in 1957. Today the Blackfoot are in favour of scattering cremated remains in the park."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 2, Paragraph 5, Line 3-8.	"However, from the end of the 19th century, the permanent settlement of Europeans, combined with the introduction of oppressive governmental policies, reduced—or even prohibited access to Writing-on-Stone/ Áísínai'pi for the Blackfoot people for traditional purposes. From the mid-20th century onwards, some of the more repressive regulations introduced under Canada's law relating to—Indians were repealed."	"However, from the end of the 19th century, the permanent settlement of Europeans, combined with the introduction of oppressive governmental policies, restricted or even prohibited access to Writing-on-Stone/ Áísínai'pi for the Blackfoot people for traditional purposes. From the mid-20th century onwards, some of the more repressive regulations introduced under Canada's law relating to First Nations People were repealed."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 2, Paragraph 6, Line 1.	"Efforts were made to protect the property"	"Efforts were made by the local community to protect the property"	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 226 Section: Description and history Description: Column 1, Paragraph 1, Line 1.	"was officially designated Áísínai'pi Historic Site of Canada in"	"was officially designated Áísínai'pi National Historic Site of Canada in"	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 227 Section: Boundaries Description: Column 2, Paragraph 1, Line 1-6.	"The State Party adds that the provisional management directive prohibits all new development inside the boundaries of the nominated property and its buffer zones, and the Historical Resources Act of the State of Alberta applies to these areas to	the Interim Management Directive strictly regulates all new development inside the boundaries of the nominated property and its buffer zones, and that the Historic Resources Act of the Province of Alberta applies to these areas to	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

	protect important	protect important	
Page: 227 Section: State of Conservation Description: Column 2,	viewsheds." "The evolution of the test have been monitored over a period of ten years or so"	viewsheds." "The evolution of the tests have been monitored over a period of 15 years "	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Paragraph 4, Line 7.			ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 227 Section: State of Conservation Description: Column 2, Paragraph 5.	"As for the archaeological sites, most are no longer visible, as they were filled in at the end of the excavations. The tipi stone circles are still visible, but are located in restricted access zones which the public is not allowed to enter."	"The non-rock art archaeological sites are buried, near surface, or are visible on the surface of the nominated property. Only a few of these sites have been excavated and subsequently reburied for their protection. The majority of the archaeological sites are located in the restricted access area where public access is not permitted unless accompanied by Parks Staff or on a guided tour."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 228 Section: Factors affecting the property Description: Column 2, Paragraph 2, Line 4.	"where recreational activities are allowed (nature trails, rock climbing, horse riding".	" where recreational activities are allowed (nature trails, back country hiking and horse riding)."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification. ICOMOS notes that in page 156 of the Nomination Dossier it is indicated that: "include recreational activities (hiking, climbing, horseback riding)"
Page: 228 Section: Factors affecting the property Description: Column 2, Paragraph 4, Line 2.	"the State Party indicates that the new provisional management directive"	"the State Party indicates that the new Interim Management Directive"	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 228 Section: Factors affecting the property Description: Column 2, Paragraph 5, Line 5.	"In the preliminary version of the new management plan."	"In the approved Interim Management Directive"	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 228 Section: Factors affecting the property Description: Column 2, Paragraph 6, Line 2.	"In the additional information, the State Party indicates that the rodeo grounds are leased from the Writing-on-Stone Riding Association, and that the lease is to be renewed at the end of 2019"	"In the additional information, the State Party indicates that the rodeo grounds have been leased to the Writing-on-Stone Riding Association since 1958, and that the current lease is to be renewed at the end of 2019"	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error. ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 229 Section: Factors affecting the property	"The additional information provided in February 2019 indicates	"The additional information provided in February 2019 indicates	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

Description: Column 1,	that strategies to reduce the	that strategies to reduce the	
Paragraph 2, Line 4.	negative impacts of the	negative impacts of the	
	rodeo grounds will be	rodeo grounds will be	
	considered over the next 2	considered over the next 2	
	to 3 years, including the	to 3 years, including the	
	moving of the rodeo	potential relocation of the	
	grounds out of the	rodeo grounds out of the	
	nominated property (to	nominated property."	
	Coffin Bridge)."		
Page: 230	"The rock art panels tend	"The majority of the rock	ICOMOS acknowledges
Section: Criteria under	to be oriented in a direction	art panels face towards	this clarification.
which inscription is	which does not seem to be	sacred landscape features	
proposed	connected to a cardinal	which include: the vertical	
Description: Column 2,	point of any astronomical	cliff faces that frame the	
Paragraph 6, Line 1-4.	phenomenon, but to	Milk River Valley, and the	
	specific points in the	summit of Katoyissiksi to	
	landscape, and in most	the south and southeast.	
	instances towards the	The position of the main	
	grasslands. "	rock art cliff face provides	
		a viewscape that	
		contributes to the	
		phenomenological and	
		sacred nature of the	
		property, and connects and	
		strengthens the position of	
		Writing- on-Stone/	
		Áísínai'pi within the	
		sacred Blackfoot	
		geography."	
Page: 231	"ICOMOS acknowledges	"ICOMOS acknowledges	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Criteria under	the nominated property is	the nominated property is	correction to be an
which inscription is	revered as a sacred place,	revered as a sacred place,	editorial change which
proposed	and vision quests continue	and vision quests continue	modifies the meaning of
Description: Column 1,	to be practiced. Modern	to be practiced. Modern	the sentence.
Paragraph 6, Line 4 and 7-	rock art images with	rock art images with	
8.	Blackfoot themes attest to	Blackfoot themes attest to	
	a recent practice, in areas	recent practices. Writing-	
	of low visibility. Writing-	on-Stone / Áísínai'pi is	
	on-Stone / Áísínai'pi is	directly and materially	
	directly and materially	associated with the rituals	
	associated with these ritual	and traditions practiced by	
	traditions practiced by the	the Blackfoot people living	
	Blackfoot people living	around the property today.	
	around the property today.	The strong and ongoing	
	Although it cannot be said	relationship of today's	
	that the Blackfoot have	Blackfoot people with	
	lived in Writing on Stone/	Writing- on-Stone/	
	Áísínai'pi for millennia,	Áísínai'pi testifies to a	
	the strong and ongoing	long-standing living	
	relationship of today's	cultural tradition linked	
	Blackfoot with Writing-	specifically to a sacred	
	on-Stone / Áísínai'pi	landscape and its rock art	
	testifies to a long-standing	sites"	
	living cultural tradition		
	linked specifically to a		
	sacred landscape and its		
	rock art site"		
Page: 231	"The nominated property,	"The nominated property,	ICOMOS acknowledges
Section: Integrity and	as demonstrated by	as demonstrated by	this clarification.
<i>C</i> 3	,	archaeological	
Authenticity	archaeological	archaeologicai	

D ::: C:			<u> </u>
Description: Column 2, Paragraph 7, Line 3.	excavations, has been used for millennia on a seasonal basis for temporary camps, the production of tools, ceremonies and funeral practices."	excavations, has been used for millennia on a seasonal basis for temporary camps, resource procurement (bison jumps), the production of tools, ceremonies and funeral	
		practices."	
Page: 232 Section: Integrity and Authenticity - Attributes Description: Column 1, Paragraph 2, Line 4.	"138 rock art sites—have been recorded, consisting in all of some 250 rock art panels, containing several thousand images.	"138 rock art localities have been recorded, consisting in all of some 250 rock art panels, containing several thousand images."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 232 Section: Conservation measures and monitoring Description: Column 1, Paragraph 5, Line 6-8.	"The State Party stresses that, as the Writing-on-Stone site has been under the legal protection of the Park for more than 60 years, conservation has been effective since the protection began. The State Party indicates that all geological formations, particularly the hoodoos, are permanently monitored by the Park. Access to most of them is restricted, which also enables more appropriate monitoring."	"The State Party stresses that, as the Writing-on-Stone site has been under the legal protection of the Park for more than 60 years, conservation has been effective since the protection began. The State Party indicates that all geological formations, particularly the hoodoos, are consistently monitored by the Park."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 232 Section: Conservation measures and monitoring Description: Column 1, Paragraph 8, Line 1-4.	"The State Party also indicates that viewscape barriers have been installed to keep visitors away from the areas near the most representative panels, and to enable interpretation visits with groups."	"The State Party also indicates that barriers have been installed to provide distance between visitors and accessible rock art panel, and to enable interpretation visits with groups."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 232 Section: Conservation measures and monitoring Description: Column 1, Paragraph 9, Line 1-3.	"As for the archaeological sites, the tipi stone circles are still visible, but they are located inside restricted access zones, and visitors are not allowed to enter these areas."	"The non-rock art archaeological sites, including the tipi stone circles, are generally located within the restricted access area of the property, where visitation is only permitted during guided tours or when accompanied by Parks staff"	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 232 Section: Protection and Management- Documentation Description: Column 2, Paragraph 7, Line 2.	"The State Party indicates that the property has been studied as exhaustively as possible from an archaeological viewpoint."	"The State Party indicates that the property has been studied thoroughly from an archaeological viewpoint."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 232	"There are 138 rock art sites: most of them in the	"There are 138 rock art localities: most of them in	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an

Section: Protection and Management-Documentation Description: Column 2, Paragraph 7, Line 6.	Áísínai'pi zone (122), with 12 in Haffner Coulee and just 4 in the Poverty Rock zone ."	the Áísínai'pi component (122), with 12 in Haffner Coulee and just 4 in the Poverty Rock component ."	editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 233 Section: Protection and Management- Legal Protection Description: Column 1, Paragraph 2, Line 3.	"All the cultural elements are also protected by the Historical Resources Act of Alberta, which provides the highest level of protection in Canadian jurisdiction"	"All the cultural elements are also protected by the Historical Resources Act of Alberta, which provides the highest level of protection in this Canadian jurisdiction"	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 233 Section: Protection and Management- Legal Protection Description: Column 1, Paragraph 3, Line 1-4.	"Most of the lands surrounding the nominated zone are "crown lands". Because of the federal nature of the country's government, the lands in question may be the property of the federal state or of a province. Crown lands are"	"Most of the lands surrounding the nominated zone are "crown lands", which are the property of the Province of Alberta. Crown lands are"	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 233 Section: Protection and Management- Management Systems Description: Column 1, Paragraph 7, Line 3-7.	"In the Province of Alberta, the Provincial Ministry of Culture and Tourism and the Travel Alberta Crown Corporation foster collaboration between the Province's World Heritage sites, which they also actively promote."	"In the Province of Alberta, the Provincial Ministry of Culture, Multiculturalism and Status of Women, the Provincial Ministry of Economic Development, Trade and Tourism, and the Travel Alberta Crown Corporation foster collaboration between the province's World Heritage sites, which they also actively promote."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page: 233 Section: Protection and Management- Legal Protection Description: Column 1, Paragraph 8, Line 1-4.	"The preparation of a revised management plan for the provincial park began in 2017, in collaboration with the Blackfoot communities. This process will be completed during 2019"	"The preparation of an updated management plan for the Provincial Park began in 2017, in collaboration with the Blackfoot and other First Nations communities, and was brought into force as an Interim Management Directive in 2019. The remaining steps to finalize this management plan will be completed over the next two years."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
			ICOMOS considers that this correction contains new information that cannot be taken account of at this stage.
Page: 233	"The management plan currently in force was officially approved in	"The Interim Management Directive currently in force was	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

Section: Protection and	1997, and was revised in	officially approved in	
Management-	2008, 2014 and 2016. "	2019"	
Management System			
Description: Column 1,			
Paragraph 9, Line 2.	(/77)	((77)	1901100
Page: 233	"The plan divides the	"The plan divides the	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	Áísínai'pi component and	Áísínai'pi component and	correction to be an
Management-	its buffer zone into three	its buffer zone into three	editorial change which
Management System	management zones:	management zones:	does not modify the
Description: Column 1,	historic protection, natural	historic protection, natural	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 9, Line 5.	environment and infrastructures."	environment and facility."	
D 222		((T) - P - 104 1 - 41 1 - 41	ICOMOS
Page: 233 Section: Protection and	"The infrastructure zone is the zone where visitor	"The facility zone is the zone where visitor levels	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an
Management- Management System	levels are highest, and which contains most of the	are highest, and which contains most of the visitor	editorial change which does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	visitor facilities and the	facilities and the park's	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 1, Line 3.	park's infrastructures."	infrastructures. "	meaning of the sentence.
raragraphi 1, Ellie 3.	park's illitastructures.	iiii asu uctures.	
Page: 233	"A provisional	"An Interim	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	management directive,	Management Directive,	correction to be an
Management-	drawn up in 2014"	drawn up in 2014"	editorial change which
Management System		r	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,			meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 3, Line 1.			
Page: 233	"It also identifies three	"It also identifies three	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	management zones:	management zones:	correction to be an
Management-	natural landscape, special	natural landscape, special	editorial change which
Management System	protection and	protection and facility	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	infrastructure-zones."	zones."	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 3, Line 4.			
Page: 233	"As the site is covered by	"As the site is covered by	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	the administrative system	the administrative system	correction to be an
Management-	of the Canadian Provincial	of the Alberta	editorial change which
Management System	Parks, it has a team that	Environment and Parks ,	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	handles the management	it has a team of people that	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 4, Line 2 and 5.	and protection of the park.	handles the management	
	Staffing in 2016-2017	and protection of the park.	
	consisted of four	Staffing in 2016-2017	
	permanent posts, a two-	consisted of four	
	year indigenous trainee	permanent posts, a two-	
	post in Alberta, and up to	year Indigenous Intern in	
	18 seasonal employees."	Alberta, and up to 18 seasonal employees."	
Page: 233	"Expertise and training in	"Expertise and training in	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	conservation and	conservation and	correction to be an
Management-	management are supported	management are supported	editorial change which
Management System	by the Parks Division of	by the Parks Division of	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	the State of Alberta."	the Province of Alberta."	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 5, Line 2.			6
Page: 233	"The archaeological	"The Archaeological	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	prospection section of the	Survey Section of the	correction to be an
Management-	Historical Resources	Historical Resources	editorial change which
Management System	Management Department	Management Branch	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	will"	will"	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 5, Line 5-6.			-
Page: 233	"adoption of the revised	"adoption of the new	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	management plan, the	management plan, the	correction to be an
Management-	State Party"	State Party"	editorial change which
Management System			
•			

Description: Column 2,			does not modify the
Paragraph 8, Line 3.			meaning of the sentence.
Page: 234	"Alberta has however	"Alberta has however	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	approved the management	approved the management	correction to be an
Management-	plan as a provisional	plan as an Interim	editorial change which
Management System	management directive, in	Management Directive,	does not modify the
Description: Column 1,	accordance"	in accordance"	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 1, Line 8-9.			
Page: 234	"are also planned in the	"are also planned in the	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	camping zone. The	facility zone. The most"	correction to be an
Management- Visitor	most"		editorial change which
Management			does not modify the
Description: Column 1,			meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 2, Line 11.			
Page: 234	"In order to accommodate	"In order to accommodate	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	visitors, the campsite	visitors, the facility	correction to be an
Management- Visitor	opening period is to be	opening period is to be	editorial change which
Management	extended,"	extended,"	does not modify the
Description: Column 1,		ŕ	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 3, Line 6.			C
Page: 234	"State Party indicates	"State Party indicates	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	that, in the provisional	that, in the Interim	correction to be an
Management- Visitor	management directive, the	Management Directive,	editorial change which
Management	tourism possibilities"	the tourism	does not modify the
Description: Column 1,	logism possionius	possibilities"	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 4, Line 2.		F	
Page: 234	"In addition, the park is	"In addition, the park's	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	staffed by Blackfoot	staff includes Blackfoot	correction to be an
Management- Visitor	people."	people who help to	editorial change which
Management	people.	maintain the cultural	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,		integrity of the site."	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 1, Line 2-3.		integrity of the site.	meaning of the sentence.
Page: 234	"Furthermore, all the	"Furthermore, all the	ICOMOS acknowledges
Section: Evaluation of the	cultural elements,	cultural elements,	this clarification.
effectiveness of the	including viewsheds, are	including viewsheds	uns ciaimeation.
protection and	also under the protection	contained within the	
management of the	of the Historical Resources	nominated property and	
nominated property.	Act of Alberta. This means	buffer zones, are also	
Description: Column 2,	that anything that could	under the protection of the	
Paragraph 3, Line 4-8.	adversely affect the	Historical Resources Act	
1 aragraph 3, Line 4-8.	property will be	of Alberta. This means that	
	prohibited, including any	anything that could	
	visual impact."	adversely affect the	
	visuai iiipact.	property will be prohibited,	
		including any visual	
		impact."	
Page: 234	"The provisional	"The Interim	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Evaluation of the	management directive will		
	be used until"	Management Directive will be used until"	
	oc useu uiitii	will be used ullul	editorial change which
1			does not modify the
management of the			meaning of the sentence.
nominated property.			
Description: Column 2,			
Paragraph 4, Line 7-8.	"G1	"Ot	ICOMOG . 11 .41
Page: 234	"Strategies to this effect,	"Strategies to this effect,	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Protection and	aimed at reducing the	aimed at reducing the	correction to be an
Management- Community	negative impacts caused	negative impacts caused by	editorial change which
involvement	by the rodeo will be	the rodeo will be	does not modify the
Description: Column 2,	considered over the next	considered over the next	meaning of the sentence.
Paragraph 5, Line 7.	two to three years,	two to three years,	1

_			
	including the relocation of the rodeo grounds (to Coffin Bridge)."	including the possible relocation of the rodeo grounds (to Coffin Bridge)."	However, notes that on the additional information provided in February 2019 (page 37) the State Party used the following wording: "Note that the timing of a potential relocation aligns well with the planning and development of the Coffin Bridge area"
Page: 234 Section: Conclusion Description: Column 2, Paragraph 2, Line 2.	"The cultural landscape of Writing- on-Stone/ Áísínai'pi brings together three components, where 138 rock art sites have been recorded, representing a total of 250 rock art panels and thousands of images"	"The cultural landscape of Writing- on-Stone/ Áísínai'pi brings together three components, where 138 rock art localities have been recorded, representing a total of 250 rock art panels and thousands of images"	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 235 Section: Conclusion Description: Column 1, Paragraph 1, Line 13.	"They have left ritual engravings and paintings on the sandstone walls of the Milk River Valley to send messages to the spirits."	"They have both come to view the rock art and left ritual engravings and paintings on the sandstone walls of the Milk River Valley to communicate with the spirits."	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 235 Section: Recommendation Recommended Statement of Outstanding Universal Value- Brief Synthesis Description: Column 1, Paragraph 5, Line 3-9.	"Milk River Valley and several "coulees" dominate the topography of this cultural landscape, whose geological features include a concentration of hoodoos, with spectacular forms sculpted by erosion. The Blackfoot people Nation (Siksikáítsitapi) has left engravings and paintings on the sandstone walls of the Milk River Valley, which bear witness to spirit messages"	"The Milk River Valley and several "coulees" dominate the topography of this cultural landscape, whose geological features include a concentration of hoodoos, with spectacular forms sculpted by erosion. The Blackfoot people (Siksikáítsitapi) have left engravings and paintings on the sandstone walls and landscape features, which bear witness to spirit messages"	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page: 235 Section: Recommendation — Recommended Statement of Outstanding Universal Value- Brief Synthesis Description: Column 1, Paragraph 6, Line 4-8.	"Most of the dated archaeological remains cover a period from 1800 BCE up to the beginning of the postcontact period. The rock art has been made in the valley for thousands of years, and most of the images date from the pre-contact period, around 3000 BP."	"Dated in situ archaeological remains cover a period between ca. 4,500 BP -3,500 years BP and the Contact Period. The rock art has been made in the valley for thousands of years, with most of the images dating to the Contact and Late Pre-Contact Period (1,000 years BP to the midnineteenth century), with the oldest art possibly dating up to ca. 3,000 years BP."	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification. However, ICOMOS suggests the following amendment to the part in bold: dating to the later Precontact and early Postcontact periods (nomination dossier p.30)
Page: 235	"Blackfoot people is still allowed"	"Blackfoot people are still allowed"	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.

Section: Recommendation — Recommended Statement of Outstanding Universal Value- Brief Synthesis Description: Column 2, Paragraph 3, Line 10.			
Page: 235	" The provisional	" The Interim	ICOMOS considers this
Section: Recommendation	management directive"	Management	correction to be an
 Recommended 		Directive"	editorial change which
Statement of Outstanding			does not modify the
Universal Value- Brief			meaning of the sentence.
Synthesis			
Description: Column 2,			
Paragraph 4, Line 9.			



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Chine

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Ruines archéologiques de la cité de Liangzhu

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
page 118, column 1, line 33	The State Party replied in its additional information submitted in February 2019 that the procedure for the designation of these component parts was initiated on 30 July 2018 and that the declaration of approval and promulgation as National Priority Protected Sites will be finalised by the end of 2019.	The State Party replied in its additional information submitted in February 2019 that the procedure for the designation of these component parts was initiated on 30 July 2018 and that the declaration of approval and promulgation as National Priority Protected Sites are expected to be finalised by the end of 2020. ("which will be submitted to the State Council for approval and promulgation by the end of 2019" in the submitted additional information means that the State Administration of Cultural Heritage will complete the technical evaluation of all nominated sites of the 8th Batch of National Priority Protected Sites and propose to the State Council for approval and promulgation. It will still take a period of time for the State Council to make the approval and promulgate it. It is expect the final promulgation to be conducted sometime before the end of 2020.)	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
page 118, column 2, line 55	Presentation plans include component part 01 (Yaoshan Site) and component part 04 (City Site). The other two component parts (2 and 3) will not be open for visitation in the	Presentation plans include all components of part 01-04, which are all accessible to visitors. (All four areas of the nominated property are accessible to visitors.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

	near future.	Yet accessibility and management	
		of them are implemented in two	
		different ways. Closed	
		management are conducted for	
		Yaoshan site (01) and City Site	
		(04) but visitors can still visit them	
		through appointment. High-dam	
		at the Mouth of the Valley (02)	
		and Low-dam on the Plain-	
		Causeway in Front of the	
		Mountains (03) can be accessed	
		by visitors without appointment.	
		On key positions of the four areas,	
		bronze models depicting all four	
		areas together have been set up for	
		integrated interpretation of the	
		property.)	
page 119,	Promote an integrated	Promote an integrated	ICOMOS considers
column 1, line	interpretation of the property, as	interpretation of the property, as it	
27	it is a serial site spread across four	is a serial site spread across four	editorial change which
	locations, with only two of these	locations.	does not modify the
	accessible to visitors.		meaning of the
			sentence.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : États-Unis d'Amérique

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Les œuvres architecturales du XXe siècle de Frank Lloyd Wright

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
p. 35, col. 1, line 36	The 20th Century Architecture of Frank Lloyd Wright focusses upon the influence that the work of architect, had, not only in his country, the United States of America, but more importantly, on architecture of the 20th century and upon the recognized masters of the Modern Movement in architecture in Europe.	The 20th Century Architecture of Frank Lloyd Wright focusses upon the influence that the work of this architect [comma omitted] had, not only in his country, the United States of America, but more importantly, on architecture of the 20th century and upon the recognized masters of the Modern Movement in architecture in Europe.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
p. 35, col. 2, line 23	Such features, related to innovation are subordinated to designs that integrate form, materials, technology, furnishings, and setting into a unified whole.	Such features [comma omitted] related to innovation are subordinated to designs that integrate form, materials, technology, furnishings, and setting into a unified whole.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
p. 36, col 1, line 16	Each component highlights a different aspect of the attributes that demonstrate this influence and contributes to illustrating different aspects of the Outstanding Universal Value in a defined and discernible way, and to reflect clear cultural and architectural links.	Each component highlights a different aspect of the attributes that demonstrate this influence and contributes to illustrating different aspects of the Outstanding Universal Value in a defined and discernible way, and reflects clear cultural and architectural links.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
p. 36, col. 1, lines 54-55	the residential low density areas where some of the buildings are located has not experimented drastic changes in scale over time,	the residential low density areas where some of the buildings are located have not experienced drastic changes in scale over time,	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
p. 36, col.2, line 10	the others are privatly owned by non-profit organizations, foundations and an individual.	the others are privately owned by non-profit organizations, foundations and an individual.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.

p. 36, col. 2,	they are mostly related to	they are mostly related to building	ICOMOS
line 38	buildings materials and, in the	materials and, in the cases of	acknowledges this
	cases of Fallingwater and Taliesin	Fallingwater and Taliesin West, to	typing error.
	West, to landscape features.	landscape features.	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Fédération de Russie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Monuments de l'ancien Pskov

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
317, left, 15	Traditional protection is provided by the Orthodox Russian monastic and guardian communities , who care for the property according to religious requirements of maintenance.	Traditional protection is provided by the Russian Orthodox communities , who care for the property according to religious requirements of maintenance.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
307, left, 19-20	The components include 2 fortification towers, 1 bell tower, 2 monasteries, 3 cathedrals, 11 churches and 2 administrative chambers.	The components include 2 fortification towers, 2 monasteries, 4 cathedrals, 10 churches and 2 administrative chambers.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
307, left, 31	Category of property In terms of categories of cultural property set out in Article I of the 1972 World Heritage Convention, this is a serial nomination of 18 serial components, among them 13 monuments, 4 groups of buildings and 1 site.	Category of property In terms of categories of cultural property set out in Article I of the 1972 World Heritage Convention, this is a serial nomination of 18 serial components, among them 15 monuments and 3 groups of buildings.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
308, left, 22	The Pskov School of Architecture, which the selected monuments in the nomination are proposed to represent, emerged out of the Novgorod School in the 12 th century and was formally established in the 14 th century. It became most influential in the 16 th and 17 th centuries, after Pskov entered the Russian State in 1510 and became a principle trade partner of the Hanseatic League	The Pskov School of Architecture, which the selected monuments in the nomination are proposed to represent, emerged out of the Novgorod School in the 12 th century and was formally established in the 14 th century. It became most influential in the 15 th and 16 th centuries, after Pskov entered the Russian State in 1510 and became a principle trade partner of the Hanseatic League.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

308, right, 40- 41	ICOMOS notes that while all key historic monuments identified in ancient Pskov are located within the property boundaries, these boundaries are not always consistently drawn in relation to relevant physical or administrative features.	ICOMOS notes that while all key historic monuments identified in ancient Pskov are located within the property boundaries, these boundaries which are established in accordance with Russian heritage protection legislation, are not always consistently drawn in relation to relevant physical features.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be a clarification.
314, right, 7	Management is coordinated by the State Committee of the Pskov Region for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, formally represented by its president , who is also the site manager.	Management is coordinated by the State Committee of the Pskov Region for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, formally represented by its head , who is also the site manager.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
316, left, 18	The churches of the Pskov School of Architecture are largely free of immediate severe threats.	The churches of the Pskov School of Architecture are largely free of immediate severe threats. All ten elements have kept their initial location in the structure of the town planning.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence. (Although the additions brings in an added notion of authenticity ICOMOS agrees with this addition).
316, right, 51- 52	The traditional use of the churches and cathedrals as places of worship and, for some, as part of monastic structures, explicitly strengthens the authenticity, and the user community should be prominently and closely involved in the management processes to ensure the future transmission of authenticity in use and function.	The traditional use of the churches and cathedrals as places of worship and, for some, as part of monastic structures, explicitly strengthens the authenticity, and the user community are prominently and closely involved in the management processes, in order to ensure the future transmission of authenticity in use and function.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which modifies the meaning of the sentence. ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
317, left, 8-10	The specific boundaries of each component were approved by the State Committee of the Pskov Region between 2010 and 2015 but should be revised where necessary to align with property boundaries or relevant physical boundaries of the churches' setting.	The specific boundaries of each component were approved by the State Committee of the Pskov Region between 2010 and 2015 but can be revised where necessary to align with the relevant physical boundaries of the churches' setting.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which modifies the meaning of the sentence. (ICOMOS would prefer to retain the word "should" as it considers the revision of property boundaries as highly desirable.)



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Inde

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Cité de Jaipur, Rajasthan

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 122, Column 1, Line 28	Category of Property (Missing line to be added)	In terms of the Operational Guidelines for the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention (July 2015), Annex 3, it is also an historic town which is still inhabited.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 122, Column 2, Line 17	Additional Information received by ICOMOS (Missing line to be added)	Additional information was received from the State Party on 26 February 2019 in response to the Interim Report; and has been incorporated into the relevant sections of this evaluation report.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 122, Column 2, Lines 31-32	It was originally enclosed within a massive protective wall remnants of which survive	It was originally enclosed within a protective wall only 5-6 metres high and kept lower than the height of entry gates. 75 percent of the wall still survives as per mapping provided to ICOMOS in additional information	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 122, Column 2, Line 33	The wall encircled the city and gates -seven of which survive-were built to provide access	The wall encircles the city and gates -all nine of which survive- were built to provide access. Note that this statement contradicts ICOMOS's own report on Page 123, Column 1, Line 16 which mentions 9 gates.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 123, Column 1, Line 15 and Page 128, Column 2, Line 10	Nine chowkris (sectors – although generally not the buildings within the sectors)	Nine chowkris (sectors – although specifically not the buildings within the sectors) Note: At general level - morphology, height and urban fabric of chowkris is recognized for OUV with monitoring of the same as mentioned in additional information dated Feb 2019, page 11	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.

Page 123	Sawai Jai Singh II, who ruled from 1699 to 1744	Sawai Jai Singh II, who ruled from 1699 to 1743	ICOMOS acknowledges
Column 1 Line 33	2077 60 27.11		this typing error.
Page 123 Column 1 Line 41-42	Vidyadhar referred to ancient Indian texts on astronomy as well as books by Ptolemy and Euclid.	Sawai Jai Singh II referred to ancient Indian texts on astronomy as well as books by Ptolemy and Euclid.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 123, Column 1, Line 51	The new capital was intended to be a strong political statement to rival cities of the Mughal Empire elsewhere on what is now the Indian subcontinent	The new capital was intended to be a strong political statement to rival cities of the Mughal Empire elsewhere on what is the Indian subcontinent, Note: A geographical subcontinent is always that.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 123, Column 2, Lines 2-5	to complete the major palaces, roads and square. The city was divided into nine sectors; two comprised state buildings and palaces,	to complete the major palace , roads and squares . The city was divided into nine sectors; two comprised state buildings and palace ,	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 123, Column 2, Lines 5-6	The city was surrounded by a large fortified wall with gates.	The city was designed with a fortified wall on eastern, southern and western edge while utilizing Nahargarh fort wall in northwest and previous fortifications of Amber in north.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 124, Column 1 Lines 18-22	However, the definition of this boundary on the ground is not clear in those locations where the wall no longer exists because later structures obscure it.	The wall can be seen in most of the periphery, specifically on southern and eastern sides and the alignment can be seen on ground plan where it is lost or encroached. The boundary alignment is evident in Google or any Satellite map.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 124, Column 1 Lines 24-26	It also appears that the boundary follows the outer surface of the wall line rather than the 5 metre setback specified in the building bylaws.	The boundary follows the outer surface of the wall line. Note: The boundary follows the wall line as walled city is the nominated property. Setbacks cannot be in boundary and are in buffer area.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 124, Column 2, Lines 12-14	Large sections of the city wall no longer exist, an in other cases, the wall has been encroached by development.	Large sections of the city wall exist, and in other cases, the wall has been encroached by development. Note: refer additional information provided to ICOMOS with mapping of walls and pictures in each area	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 124, Column 2 Lines 36-37	Violations of this law appear to be widespread	The term widespread is generic and needs to be specified for areas.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page125, Column 2, line 13-15	These include Sawai and Madhopur, dating from the 19th and early 20th centuries.	These include Sawai Madhopur, dating from the late 18 th century.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error

		Note: Sawai Madhopur is one single city inspired by Jaipur Plan	regarding the name.
			ICOMOS considers that this correction regarding the date provides information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure (Nomination Dossier p. 3.18).
Page 128, Column 1, Line 46	There are substantial integrity issues related to the impacts of development and the old havelis, and encroachment of open spaces.	The typological open spaces in walled city are parks, chaupars (squares) and community squares in inner residential sectors. And no encroachments exist in any of these open spaces in the nominated property area.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 128, Column 2, Lines 19-22	As noted above, the attributes identified by the State Party reflect only part of the urban form of the city, in particular excluding the inner areas of the chowkris and the old havelis.	As per additional information provided to ICOMOS in Feb 2019, State Party has included all 9 chowkris with their spatial grid as attributes including the inner-city morphology.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and additional information that have been fully considered.
Page 128, Column 2, Lines 19-20	the attributes identified by the State Party reflect only part of the urban form of the city, in particular excluding the inner areas of the chowkris and the old havelis.	the attributes identified by the State Party reflect major part of the urban form of the city, excluding the architectural features of the havelis, temples and public buildings in inner areas.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and additional information that have been fully considered.
Page 129, Column 1 Lines 13-19	In addition, it noted a joint project between the Government of Rajasthan and the Archaeological Survey of India, where the ASI will provide support for conservation and heritage	In addition, it noted a joint project between the Government of Rajasthan and the Archaeological Survey of India, where the ASI will provide support for conservation and heritage management, including with conservation policy and in drafting architectural control and material use	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

	management, including with conservation policy and in drafting architectural control and material use guidelines for the bazaar area.	guidelines for the bazaar area and complete Jaipur City nominated property.	
Page 129, Column 2 Lines 36-41	The Jaipur Building Byelaws 1970 apply to the entire Jaipur Municipality. These provide height controls within the nominated property and the parts of the buffer zone that are within the municipality. Some sections contain specific provisions regarding constructions affecting the city walls	The Jaipur Building Byelaws 1970 apply to the entire Jaipur Municipality area. These provide height controls within the nominated property and the parts of the buffer zone that are within the municipality area. Some sections contain specific provisions regarding facades of buildings along the main bazaar streets and inner streets. The City Walls are separately protected under the State Archaeology Act.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
	and facades of buildings along the main bazaar streets.	Besides the general byelaws of 1970, Jaipur City has also developed specific architectural control guidelines for its various bazaars recognizing the distinct features of each bazaar in 2013-14 which are being adopted now.	
		Note: Protection Status and byelaws have been clearly presented in tabular format for each area of nominated property in the dossier and later in additional information sent to ICOMOS 2018. These documents may be referred again for correction.	
Page 130, Column 1, Lines 6-8	nor do the laws mentioned above make any reference to the heritage values of the nominated property.	The 1970 Jaipur Building Byelaws guide the colour, façade elements and heights ensuring that the historic urban character identified as value of property is maintained.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. The physical qualities noted are not the same as the heritage values.
Page 130, Column 1, last line	The Jaipur Master Development Plan 2025 is considered to be the primary heritage management plan for the property.	The Jaipur Master Development Plan 2025 demarcates Heritage Zones based on the heritage management plan for Jaipur (2007). It outlines a Special Area Heritage plan to be prepared for nominated area of Jaipur City under that.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 130, Column 2 Lines 37-38 and Page 131,	There is no established overall interpretation and presentation policy for the nominated property, Separate	The City level orientation plaza and interpretation centre/city museum is proposed in the buffer zone in Jantar Mantar World Heritage Management Plan. The Jaleb Chowk Orientation Plaza and Sawai Man Singh Town Hall as the City Museum are located in Central City Square.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments put forward in the

Column 1 Lines 23-24	interpretation for the Jantar Mantar World Heritage property already exists.	Note: ICOMOS may refer to the Jantar Mantar Interpretation Plan (already acknowledged in their report) for City Museums as works to be undertaken in its Buffer Zone.	nomination dossier that have been fully considered.
Page 130, Column 2, Lines 52-53	The trade and commerce bodies have been the most vocal supporters, as they consider the potential inscription would benefit business.	Socio-economic surveys shared with ICOMOS evaluator in October 2018 show that Jaipur traders rely on local city economy and domestic trade with no substantial benefit from tourism income. Their support is because of the pride involved in recognition of the city as is their maintenance of bazar facades. They also believe in continuing a tradition of creativity and trade initiated through the 18th century vision for Jaipur. Note: This is an offensive statement undermining the commitment of Jaipur shopkeepers for their city. Jaipur is already an international destination and businesses are self-sustainable on domestic trade. State Party requests this to be deleted.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Indonésie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Patrimoine de la mine de charbon d'Ombilin à Sawahlunto

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisatio n consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 133, L column, line 29	and the railway network linking the mines to the costal facilities (Area B).	and the railway network linking the mines to the coastal facilities (Area B).	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 133, R column, line 6	In terms of categories of cultural property set out in Article I of the 1972 World Heritage Convention, this is a serial nomination of 12 sites.	In terms of categories of cultural property set out in Article I of the 1972 World Heritage Convention, this is a serial nomination of 12 component parts.	ICOMOS wishes to clarify that the use of the term 'sites' in this context is taken from the Convention text, Article 1.
Page 133, R column, line 26	and the forced and Indigenous labour employed in the mining activities.	And the forced and native labour employed in the mining activities	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 133, L column, line 43-44	The many skilled and unskilled workers included local Minangkabau people, contract workers from Java and China,	The many skilled and unskilled workers included local Minangkabau people, Javanese and Chinese contract workers,	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 135, L column, Line 21-22	The nominated area of 12 components totals 268.14 ha, and is enclosed by a single buffer zone of 7356.96 ha.	The nominated area of 12 components totals 268.18 ha,and is enclosed by a single buffer zone of 7,356.92 ha.	ICOMOS acknowledges that these figures reflect the changes agreed during the evaluation process to revise the boundary to the Batu Tabal Station (to

			include the water tower). (Additional Information, February 2019).
Page 135, L column, line 52	Based on a suggestion from ICOMOS, a minor adjustment to the boundary of component B2 (Babu Tabal Station) was made to incorporate the water tower, and the area calculations for the property and buffer zone have been adjusted.	Based on a suggestion from ICOMOS, a minor adjustment to the boundary of component B2 (Batu Tabal Station) was made to incorporate the water tower, and the area calculations for the property and buffer zone have been adjusted.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 135, R column, line 29-30	The railroad is still functional, although only the Teluk Bayur-Kayu Tunam network is currently active. The work undertaken since 2015 between Kayu Tunam to Muara Kalaban has aimed to return it to service in anticipation of the possible World Heritage inscription; and there is anticipated future demand for a tourism train journey from Padang City to Sawahlunto.	The railroad is still functional, although only the Teluk Bayur-Kayu Tanam network is currently active. The work undertaken since 2015 between Kayu Tanam to Muara Kalaban has aimed to return it to service in anticipation of the possible World Heritage inscription; and there is anticipated future demand for a tourism train journey from Padang City to Sawahlunto.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 136, L column, line 29	Maintenance of these features is the responsibility of the Indonesia Rail Company.	Maintenance of these features is the responsibility of the Indonesia Railway Company	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 137, L column, line 45	Importantly, the interchange also included the transfer of engineering knowledge and mining practices to south-east Asia.	Importantly, the interchange also included the transfer of engineering knowledge and mining practices to Southeast Asia.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 137, R column, line 23	ICOMOS considers that the 19th century industrialization of southeast Asia,	ICOMOS considers that the 19th century industrialisation of Southeast Asia,	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 138, L column, line 18	Site Management Office, and interpretation (Soup Kitchen A5.2).	Site Management Office, and interpretation (Soup Kitchen A5.2.c).	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 138, R column, line 35	Indonesian Railways Company	Indonesia Railway Company	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 138, R column, line 41-42	Based on the condition assessment of the structures, 10 million Indonesian rupiah has been allocated for this work	Based on the condition assessment of the structures, an incentive of 10 million Indonesian rupiah has been allocated for each work	ICOMOS considers this correction to be a clarification.
Page 139, L column, line 52	National Law no. 11 on Cultural Property	National Law no. 11 of 2010 on Cultural Property	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 139, R column, line 9	The further process to achieve the designation of these components as national-level cultural property is expected to be completed by the end of June 2019.	Further process to achieve the designation of these components as national-level cultural property is expected to be completed by the end of June 2019.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 139, R column, line 15	The State Party has indicated its intentions to designate the entire nominated property as a National Strategic Area (Kawasan	The State Party has indicated its intentions to designate the entire nominated property as a National	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which

	Stratagic Nacional) after it is	Stratagia Araa aftar it is insarihad	does not modify the
	Strategis Nasional) after it is inscribed in the	Strategic Area after it is inscribed in the World Heritage List.	does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
	World Heritage List.	in the World Heritage List.	meaning of the sentence.
Page 139, R column, line 49	In Area A, some parts of the buffer zone are within the National Heritage Area (Minister of Education and Culture Decree no. 345/M/2014); and the remainder is subject to the Sawahlunto Municipality Regulation No. 8/2012.	In Area A, some parts of the buffer zone are within the National Cultural Property Area (Minister of Education and Culture Decree no. 345/M/2014); and the remainder is subject to the Sawahlunto Municipality Regulation No. 8/2012.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 140, L column, line 4	the Minister of Forestry Degree No. 35/Menhut-11/2013 which protects some areas of buffer zone as part of a nature reserve and/or protection forest	the Minister of Forestry Decree No. 35/Menhut-11/2013 which protects some areas of buffer zone as part of a nature reserve and/or protection forest	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 140, L column, line 10	the Padang Panjang Municipal Regulation No. 02/2013	the Padang Panjang Municipal Regulation No. 02 of 2013	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 140, R column, line 6	The Site Management Office (SMO) will be established according to Law no. 11 on Cultural Property	The Site Management Office (SMO) will be established according to Law no. 11 of 2010 on Cultural Property	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 140, R column, line 12-13	and coordinate the activities of all stakeholders and the expert Advisory Board.	and coordinate the activities of all stakeholders and experts of the Advisory Board.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 140, R column, line 30	In addition, the Office of Cultural Affairs, Historical Relics and Museums has established a Site Management Office in Sawahlunto with 39 skilled conservation staff.	In addition, the Office of Cultural Affairs, Historical Relics and Museums has established a Site Management Office in Sawahlunto with 39 skilled conservation staff members .	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 141, L column, line 17	The West Sumatra Provincial Regulation No. 3 includes a regional tourism development master plan 2014-2025.	The West Sumatra Provincial Regulation No. 3 of 2014 includes a regional tourism development master plan 2014-2025.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 141, L column, line 44	The Indonesia Rail Company has commenced work to revitalise the railway between Padang and Solok to provide a tourism experience along the historic rail route.	The Indonesia Railway Company has commenced work to revitalise the railway between Padang and Solok to provide a tourism experience along the historic rail route.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 142, L column, line 18	The Ombilin coal mining system is a highly significant example of the European colonial efforts at industrialisation and resource exploitation in southeast Asia,	The Ombilin coal mining system is a highly significant example of the European colonial efforts at industrialisation and resource exploitation in Southeast Asia ,	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 142, R column, line 46-47	The many skilled and unskilled workers included local Minangkabau people, contract workers from Java and China,	The many skilled and unskilled workers included local Minangkabau people, Javanese and Chinese contract workers,	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 143, L column, line 5	Area B an ingeniously engineered rack mountain railway together with numerous rail bridges and	Area B, an ingeniously engineered rack mountain railway together with numerous rail	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which

photo caption	Padang Panjang Train station	Padang Pandjang Train Station	Although both spellings are used in the nomination dossier, ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 144, L column, line 9	The Indonesia Rail Company has commenced work to revitalise the railway to provide a tourism experience along the historic rail route.	The Indonesia Railway Company has commenced work to revitalise the railway to provide a tourism experience along the historic rail route.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 143, R column, line 55	West Sumatra Provincial Regulation No. 3 includes a regional tourism development master plan 2014-2025.	West Sumatra Provincial Regulation No. 3 of 2014 includes a regional tourism development master plan 2014-2025.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 143, R column, line 46	And coordinate the activities of all stakeholders and the expert Advisory Board.	And coordinate the activities of all stakeholders and experts of the Advisory Board .	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 143, R column, line 27	The process for establishing the World Heritage property as a National Strategic Area (Kawasan Strategis Nacional) will be initiated by the State Party following its inscription in the World Heritage List.	The process for establishing the World Heritage property as a National Strategic Area will be initiated by the State Party following its inscription in the World Heritage List.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure (Additional Information, February 2019).
Page 143, L column, line 51	tunnels, linking the mines to the coastal seaport, across 155 kilometres of rugged mountain terrain; Each of the three areas includes the necessary attributes to understand the integrated system of coal exploitation and transportation — with its systemic linkage of shaft-and tunnel mines, a 155 km long mountain railway system, and seaport.	bridges and tunnels, linking the mines to the coastal seaport, across 155 kilometres of rugged mountain terrain; Each of the three areas includes the necessary attributes to understand the integrated system of coal exploitation and transportation – with its systemic linkage of shaft and tunnel mines, a 155 km long mountain railway system, and seaport.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Iraq

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Babylone

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
p. 91, left column, first sentence under Brief description p. 91, left	Babylon is located 85 km south of the Iraqi capital Baghdad, within the territory of the Shatt Al- Hillah Municipality in the Babil Governorate. Subsequent layers within the	Babylon is located 85 km south of the Iraqi capital Baghdad, within the territory of Al-Hillah Municipality in the Babil Governorate. Congruent with ICOMOS Report	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error. This is a clarification
column, line 8 and ss. under Brief Description	property boundaries include the added administrative headquarters of the Babil Archaeology Department, the police headquarters of the site, the offices of Babil Governorate and others. Three artificial hills, conical with flat tops, were built during the former Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's reign, with his palace constructed on one of them. In addition to the archaeological site and the 20th century additions, the villages of Annanah, Sinjar, al-Jimjmah, New Kweiresh and Bernoun are all located within the property.	under Boundaries (p. 93): Subsequent layers on top of the underground archaeological remains within the property boundaries include the added administrative headquarters of the Babil Archaeology Department, the police headquarters of the site, the offices of Babil Governorate and others. Three artificial hills, conical with flat tops, were built during the former Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's reign, with his palace constructed on one of them. In addition to the archaeological site and the 20th century additions, the villages of Annanah, Sinjar, al-Jimjmah, New Kweiresh and Bernoun. These 20th century additions and landscape alterations function as above-ground buffer zones within the	related to a part of the ICOMOS Evaluation text which describes a situation prior to the ICOMOS request to modify the property's boundaries.
P. 92, left column, line 3 and ss under	It contains the remains of the ancient Neo-Babylonian city of Babylon, its city walls and temples, as well as a number of	property area. Congruent with ICOMOS Report under Boundaries (p. 93):	This is a clarification related to a part of the ICOMOS Evaluation text which describes a

Description and history	architectural and landscaping additions constructed in the	It contains the remains of the ancient Neo- Babylonian city of	situation prior to the ICOMOS request to
	second half of the 20 th century.	Babylon, and its city walls and temples. A number of architectural and landscaping additions constructed in the	modify the property's boundaries.
		second half of the 20 th century lay on top of the underground archaeological layers and	
		function as above-ground buffer zones within the property area.	
P. 92, right column, lines 10-15.	Towards the outer areas of the property, one finds the villages of Annanah and Sinjar on the west bank of the Shatt al-Hillah, al-	Congruent with ICOMOS Report under Boundaries (p. 93): Towards the outer areas of the	This is a clarification related to a part of the ICOMOS Evaluation text which describes a
	Jimjmah on the east bank, New Kweiresh (corresponding to the modern-day al-Intisar Village) to	property, one finds the villages of Annanah and Sinjar on the west bank of the Shatt al-Hillah, al-	situation prior to the ICOMOS request to modify the property's
	the northeast, and Bernoun Village to the northwest.	Jimjmah on the east bank, New Kweiresh (corresponding to the modern-day al-Intisar Village) to the northeast, and Bernoun	boundaries.
		the northeast, and Bernoun Village to the northwest. These above-ground constructions function as above-ground	
		buffer zones within the property area, whereas the underground archaeological	
		layers are included in the property boundaries.	
P. 92, right column, lines 20-21.	Structures added into the territory of the archeological city include	Congruent with ICOMOS Report under Boundaries (p. 93):	This is a clarification related to a part of the ICOMOS Evaluation
		Structures in the above-ground buffer zones within the property include	text which describes a situation prior to the ICOMOS request to modify the property's boundaries.
p. 93, right column, last two lines extending to	These have been used to clear military remains, start works on the new visitor centre, and to undertake urgent	Congruent with information provided by ICOMOS under Conservation measures (p. 96), and information provided in	acknowledges this clarification/ considers this correction to be a
p. 94, left column	undertake urgent conservation work on Ninmakh, Nabu-sha-Hare and Ishtar Temples.	nomination dossier: These have been used to clear military remains, start works on	clarification.
	P	the new visitor centre, and to continue the urgent	
		conservation work initiated in 2012 in collaboration with the World Monument Fund's	
		'Future of Babylon' project on the Ishtar Gate, and the Inner City Wall. Most recent work focuses on the Ninmakh, Nabu- sha-Hare and Ishtar Temples.	

p. 94, left column, lines 5-9.	However, no concrete conservation activities envisaged in the short- or medium- term were elaborated and neither did the State Party provide plans of how conservation priorities will be defined and a programmed conservation approach prepared.	Congruent with ICOMOS Report under Conservation measures (p. 96, right column) and Management system (p. 97, left column): The management plan officially approved in 2018 sets out a detailed identification of the risks, issues and conservation challenges on-site and formulates general aims and policies to address these. However	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion, as no contradiction can be seen between the two statements.
p. 97, left column, line 6 under Documentation.	Since 2012, the State Party has been collaborating with the World Monuments Fund on a project called 'Future of Babylon'	Since 2008, the State Party has been collaborating with the World Monuments Fund on a project called 'Future of Babylon'	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/ considers this correction to be a clarification.
Statement of OUV: p. 100, left column, under criterion (vi) p. 100, right column, lines 8-10	Babylon functioned as a model, parable and symbol of ancient power for over two thousand years and inspires artistic, popular and religious culture on a global scale. At the time of inscription, the general physical fabric of the site is in a critical condition and	Babylon has been functioning as a model, parable and symbol of ancient power for over two thousand years and still inspires artistic, popular and religious culture on a global scale. At the time of inscription, and despite conservation efforts undertaken since 2008 with	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which modifies the meaning of the sentence. ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which
	lacks programmed efforts towards conservation.	international collaboration, the general physical fabric of the site is in a critical condition and lacks a well-defined and programmed approach towards conservation.	does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
p. 101, left column, line 10- 12	A management plan has been developed through an in-depth consultation process with local and national stakeholders since 2011.	A management plan has been developed through an in-depth consultation process with local and national stakeholders since 2011 and officially endorsed in 2018.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/ considers this correction to be a clarification.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Jamaïque

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : La cité engloutie de Port Royal – un paysage culturel relique et vivant

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
361, par.4, left column	Description and history The remains of Fort Rupert, a component of the original defence system, lie submerged in a lagoon, part of which has been included in the nominated area.	The State Party provided additional information to ICOMOS – 14 November 2018, pg. 3 which explains the rationale for the delineation of the boundary. The boundary was extended to ensure the complete inclusion of the remains of Fort Rupert in the lagoon.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
362, par. 6, right column	Boundaries ICOMOS considers that the boundaries of the nominated property could be considered adequate if the site is considered as a single property	Additional information submitted to ICOMOS on 14 November 2018, pg 39. Some of the present streets continue underwater to connect the submerged portion of the site as one site.	The ICOMOS text quoted went on to say and if the boundaries included all the attributes of the 17 th century town.
363, left column 367, left column	Boundariesas the current proposal cut out one section due to civil settlement and another area occupied by coast guard Integrity & authenticityas the current proposal cut out one section due to civil settlement and another area occupied by coast guard	State Party submitted the rationale for the nominated property on November 14, 2018, page 4, par. 1: The remains of Fort Walker and Hanover Line are significant heritage assets located on the base. The State Party made the decision to amend the draft boundary to include this area (the area occupied by Jamaica Defence Force Coast Guard) See map below.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error in relation to the area occupied by the coast guard.

272	December detions	The entire Deut Devel and the	ICOMOS calmoudadas the
372,	Recommendations	The entire Port Royal and the	ICOMOS acknowledges the
	Extend the protection of the	Palisadoes Tombolo is protected	existing protection as part of
	terrestrial part to include the	under the JNHT Act of 1985 and	the Palisadoes-Port Royal
	linear vestiges of the 1692 town	designated Protected National	Protected National Heritage
	as well as all relevant	Heritage in 1999.	Area but considers that the
	archaeological areas.		linear vestiges of the 1692
			town and all associated
			archaeological areas need
			specific protection as
			monuments.
			The Palisadoes-Port Royal
			Protected National Heritage
			Area extends beyond the
			nominated area and buffer
			zone and includes the whole
			of the town as well as the
			airport and coal wharf and
			does not specifically protect
			archaeological sites and areas
			in situ as monuments.
			Only Fort Charles is protected
			as a monument.
Map on page	Revised map showing the	The map shown was drafted by the	ICOMOS accepts this
374	boundaries of the nominated	local and international experts in	correction as a factual error.
	property (February 2019)	2012 under UNESCO's	
		International Assistance	
		Programme financed from the	
		World Heritage Fund. In 2017 the	
		State Party revised the boundaries	
		of the nominated property in the	
		nomination dossier pg. 23 – map	
		and ICOMOS additional	
		information November 2018, pg. 7.	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Japon

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Ensemble de kofun de Mozu-Furuichi : tertres funéraires de l'ancien Japon

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 145, Column 1, Line 26	by Japan's Imperial Household .	by Japan's Imperial Household Agency. Just correction.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 145, column2, Line 9-10	The State Party provided some corrections to the nomination dossier on 13 September 2018.	The State Party provided some corrections to the nomination dossier on 27 August 2018. Just correction.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 146, Column 1, Line 26-28	Others are in the range of 70-90 metres in length, and the smallest is approximately 26 metres in length.	Others are in the range of 60-365 metres (keyhole) or less than 90 metres (other shapes) in length, and the smallest is approximately 26 metres in length. Just correction (Refer to p.222 of the nomination dossier).	ICOMOS considers this correction to be a clarification.
Page 146, Column 2, Line 7	managed by the Imperial Household.	managed by the Imperial Household Agency. Just correction.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 146, Column 2, Line 23	the Ojin-tenno-ryo Kofun (component 33).	the Ojin-tenno-ryo Kofun (component 33-1). Just correction.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 147, Column 1, Line 10-11	there are plans for consolidation work at others (notably component 2-1).	there are plans for consolidation work at others	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

		(e.g. components 13, 31 and 33-1).	
		Such seibi works are planned at several kofun as described in the Basic Seibi Plans.	
Page 147, Column 2, Line 3-4	There are a number of identified park development proposals including:	There are a number of identified development proposals including: Just correction.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 147, Column 2, Line 6	Bicycle Museum;	(Delete) The location of the planned Bicycle Museum has been changed to a site outside of the buffer zone where the facility to be eventually built would not affect the property.	ICOMOS appreciates this update, but considers that this correction contains new information that cannot be taken account of at this stage.
Page 147, Column 2, Line 10-11	Assessments and consideration by the World Heritage Mozu-Furuichi Council,	Assessments and consideration by the Mozu-Furuichi Kofun Group World Heritage Council,	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 147, Column 2, Line 39-41	The forms, scales, sizes and contents of the kofun the Kofun period in Japan express political and social hierarchies;	Just correction. The forms, scales, sizes and contents of the kofun of the Kofun period in Japan express political and social hierarchies; Just correction.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
Page 149, Column 2, Line 14-22	playground or park (components 14, 15 , 27, 28, 31, 32) and building/housing developments (components 28 and 30 where the houses are very close to the boundary, but also components 16 and 22).	playground or park (components 14, 27, 28, 31, 32) and building/housing developments (components 28 and 30 where the houses are very close to the boundary, but also component 22).	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
		Just correction. No part of Component 15 is used as park, and Component 16 is not adjacent to houses.	
Page 149, Column 2, Line 54-57	The evidence of the distinctive funerary practices, historical and contemporary ritual uses, and sacredness of the kofun are attributes of the proposed Outstanding Universal Value.	The evidence of the distinctive funerary practices, historical ritual uses, and sacredness of the kofun are attributes of the proposed Outstanding Universal Value.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
		The State Party of Japan considers that the potential OUV of this serial property resides in the fact that: the mounded tombs of such	

		distinctive shapes and	
		appearances are	
		exceptional technical	
		achievement of earthen	
		construction; and the kofun	
		group was formed as a	
		group of monuments	
		demonstrating the social	
		and political structure of	
		the ancient kingly power.	
		In terms of the kofun as	
		sites for funerary rituals,	
		while the historical use for	
		such purpose is adequate	
		as attribute, their	
		contemporary use should	
		not be regarded as a factor	
		directly contributing to the	
		series' value.	
		series value.	
		As the State Party stated in	
		the additional information	
		submitted in February 2019,	
		the rituals performed by the	
		Imperial Family at Ryobo	
		today are what were	
		resumed in a new manner in	
		the early 20th century. In	
		addition, the history of the	
		festivals at kofun conducted	
		today by local residents	
		dates back to the 17th	
		century, and only some	
		kofun do have such	
		festivals. Such aspects of	
		kofun are relevant to some	
		but not all the component	
		parts of the nominated	
		property.	
Page 150,	The Agency of Cultural Affairs	The Agency for Cultural	ICOMOS acknowledges this
column1, Line	oversees the implementation of	Affairs oversees the	typing error.
28-30	the monitoring arrangement.	implementation of the	
		monitoring arrangement.	
Daga 150	whom the married in D. day to d	Just correction.	ICOMOS'
Page 150,	where the mound is Ryobo but the	where the mound is Ryobo	ICOMOS appreciates this
Column 2, Line	moat or other surrounding bank is	but the moat or other	update, but considers that this
41-44	a National Historic Site (2 kofun);	surrounding bank is a	correction contains new
	the mound is Ryobo but the moat	National Historic Site (3	information that cannot be
	is a municipal Historic Site (4	kofun); the mound is Ryobo	taken account of at this stage.
	kofun);	but the moat is a municipal	
		Historic Site (3 kofun);	
		The legal procedure for	
		The legal procedure for national designation of	
		S	
		Component 21 has been	
		completed (Notification	
		announced on 26 February	
		2019 through the official	
1	İ	gazette).	

Page 150, Column 2, Line	National level legal protection is in progress for component 20.	(Delete)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
47-48	in progress for component 20.	The legal procedure for national designation of Component 20 has been completed (Notification announced on 15 October 2018 through the official gazette).	correction as a factual error.
Page 151, Column 1, Line 18-21	The Osaka Prefectural Government has established the Mozu-Furuichi Kofun Group World Heritage Council to coordinate the management of the nominated serial property.	The Osaka Prefectural Government took initiative and has set up, jointly with the relevant bodies, the Mozu-Furuichi Kofun Group World Heritage Council to coordinate the management of the nominated serial property.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 151, Column 1, Line 36-38	The Cultural Property Protection and Promotion Committee of the Osaka Prefectural Board of Education monitors the Historic Sites.	Just correction. The local municipalities concerned and private owners, as well as the Cultural Property Protection and Promotion Committee members selected by the Osaka Prefectural Board of Education, monitor and maintain the Historic Sites. Just correction.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 151, Column 1, Line 52-54	There are also funding arrangements in place through the National Property Act to support the transfer of land from private to public ownership.	There are also funding arrangements in place through the Law for the Protection of Cultural Properties to support the transfer of land from private to public ownership. Just correction.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 151, Column 2, Line 46-47	Basic Seibi Plans have been developed for some components, but are not yet finalised.	Basic Seibi Plans have been developed, covering individual plans for some components. However, these individual plans are not yet finalised. Just correction.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 152, Column 1, Line 13-15	The traditional practice and management by the Imperial Household Agency do not allow for public visitation to the Ryobo,	The traditional practice and management by the Imperial Household Agency do not allow for public visitation to the Ryobo except for to their specific worship areas,	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
		Just correction.	

Column 2, Line			change which does not
50-51		Just correction.	modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 153, Column 2, Line 19-20	by Japan's Imperial Household.	by Japan's Imperial Household Agency .	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not
19-20		Just correction.	modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 153,	the Mozu-Furuichi Kofun Group	the Mozu-Furuichi Kofun	ICOMOS considers this
Column 2, Line 34-35	represent and provide exceptional testimony	Group represents and provides exceptional	correction to be an editorial change which does not
34-33	exceptional testimony	testimony	modify the meaning of the sentence.
		Just correction.	
Page 154, Column 1, Line	National legal protection is in progress for component 20.	(Delete)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
31-32		The legal procedure for national designation of Component 20 has been completed (Notification	
		announced on 15 October 2018 through the official gazette).	
Page 154, Column 1, Line 39	(comprised of comprised of representatives	(comprised of representatives	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
		Just correction.	
Page 154, Column 1, Line 41-42	the Agency for Cultural as an Observer).	the Agency for Cultural Affairs as an Observer).	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
		Just correction.	777777
Page 154, Column 1, Line 52-53	in the cities of Osaka , Sakai, Habikino and Fujiidera.	in the cities in Osaka Prefecture: Sakai, Habikino, Fujiidera, etc	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
		•	
		Just correction (Refer to p.291 of the nomination dossier).	
Page 154,	the required legal designations	(Delete)	ICOMOS accepts this
Column 2, Line	for the national level protection		correction as a factual error.
22-23	of Component 20, and	The legal procedure for national designation of	
		Component 20 has been	
		completed (Notification	
		announced on 15 October 2018 through the official	
		gazette).	
Page 154,	Completing the preparation of	Updating the existing	ICOMOS considers that this
Column 2, Line 26	Basic Seibi Plans	Basic Seibi Plans	correction provides information which
		Just correction.	contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure
			(Additional Information, February 2019)
Page 154,	Bicycle Museum;	(Delete)	ICOMOS appreciates this
Column 2, Line	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	The location of the planned	update, but considers that this
47		Bicycle Museum has been	correction contains new

		facility to be eventually built would not affect the property.	
Page 148 Colonne 2	et représentent la période du « moyen Kofun» (de la fin du IVe	et représentent la période du « moyen Kofun» (de la	L'ICOMOS considère cette correction comme étant une
Colonne 2	à la fin du Ve siècle) qui est	seconde moitié du IVe à la	clarification.
Ligne 4-6	considéré comme l'apogée de la période Kofun.	seconde moitié du Ve siècle) qui est considéré comme l'apogée de la période Kofun. juste correction	
Page 149	Les éléments Ryobo sont protégés	Les éléments Ryobo sont	L'ICOMOS considère cette
Colonne 1	par la loi sur la Maison impériale et la loi nationale sur la	protégés par la loi sur la Maison impériale et la loi	correction comme étant une modification rédactionnelle
Ligne 11-13	propriété,	sur les propriétés nationales	qui ne change pas le sens de la phrase
		juste correction	
Page 149	et le projet de surélévation de la	et le projet de surélévation	L'ICOMOS reconnaît cette
Colonne 2	ligne Koya du chemin de fer de Nankay;	de la ligne Koya du chemin de fer de Nankai ;	erreur de frappe.
Ligne 43-44		,	
		juste correction	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Portugal

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Édifice royal de *Mafra* – palais, basilique, couvent, jardin du *Cerco* et parc de chasse (*Tapada*)

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisatio n consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras) "The Peninsular	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie "The Peninsular War (1807-1814) [] and a dam was	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisatio n consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial ICOMOS
column, parag. 6	War (1807- 1814) [] and a dam was created along the Valla: today it encompasses the Cerco Garden, the School of Infantry and the Military Centre for Physical Education and Sports and the firing range; []".	created on the Vela of first Tapada: never encompasses the Cerco Garden, the School of Infantry and the Military Centre for Physical Education and Sports and the firing range; []". JUSTIFICATION: The Cerco Garden has always been a separate area from School of Infantry and the Military Centre for Physical Education and Sports and the firing range keeping until the present time. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 138 (IMAGE 116), 151-154 AND 240-244; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 4-7 AND 24.	accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 286, left column, parag. 1	"In 1840 King Fernando II transformed the Tapada into the Granja Real (Experimental Royal Farm) to introduce new	"In <u>1843</u> King Fernando II transformed the Tapada into the Granja Real (Experimental Royal Farm) to introduce new agricultural, forestry and livestock practices. <u>Detail is provided</u> on how the establishment of the Granja might have modified the arrangements in the Tapada". JUSTIFICATION: The Tapada was included in 1843 into the Granja Real, a model farm for the development of	1840/1843 ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error

	agricultural, forestry and livestock practices. However, no detail is provided on how the establishment of the Granja might have modified the arrangements in the Tapada".	agriculture, forestry and horse breeding. This Royal Farm has developed as a research space for new farming and livestock practices, articulating with other state institutes, with the objective of promoting innovative practices to improve the national productive system. One of the greatest contributions of this "laboratory" was the replanting of the vineyard in several parts of the country, after its extermination by phylloxera. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGE 250; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGE 14.	No detail: ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. However, ICOMOS considers that no detail can be amended into "no sufficient detail"
Page 286, left column, parag. 4	"Mafra []. It was refurbished in 1945 and its boundary wall with Bicas Square was replaced by a metal railing in about 1961".	"Mafra []. It was refurbished in 1945 and in its boundary wall with Bicas Square a gate was opened around the 1930s". JUSTIFICATION: In around the 1930s, the Mafra Tourism Initiative Committee opened a gate in the wall of the fence that leads onto Bicas Square to allow direct access to the garden. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGE 243.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. Explanation: The nomination dossier reports at p. 243 an image with the following caption: Plan for the railing Cerco Garden, 1958-1961. CMM, 2016. The mission expert reported "its boundary wall with Bico Square was replaced by a grille about 1961"; the Additional information (February 2019), p. 96 reports: "Around 1960, the

Page 286, right column, parag. 6	"The Cerco Garden []. However, some parts, i.e. the open ground immediately adjacent to the eastern front and an area currently occupied by facilities for vehicles, detract from the expected quality of a formal Garden serving a former royal residence".	"The Cerco Garden []. The open ground immediately adjacent to the eastern front and an area currently occupied by facilities for vehicles, not detract from the expected quality of a formal Garden serving a former royal residence". JUSTIFICATION: The Bicas Square has always been a public area in which various events including monthly fairs, military exercises, etc, took place. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 51 AND 243; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018, PAGES 1-2 (MAP); ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 8 AND 29. AND THE TWO PHOTOS ATTACHED. Saint André Fair. João V Square (or Bicas Square) — Mafra — 1890. Municipal Archive of Mafra. Military exercises João V Square (or Bicas Square). Mafra — ca. 1904. Army Digital Library "Based []. Additionally, the asphalted area immediately	Municipality of Mafra implemented the project for installation of a railing that gave greater visibility to the garden." ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion
column, parag.	Additionally, the asphalted area immediately	adjacent to the eastern side of the palace needs <u>an archaeological survey to justify its</u> rehabilitation and its overall appearance and arrangement improved. []".	considers this correction to be a clarification.

	adjacent to the eastern side of the palace needs to be rehabilitated and its overall appearance and arrangement improved. []".	JUSTIFICATION: The School of Arms as defined a set of measures to be developed in the medium and long term, in line with the specific objectives and action plan proposed in the Management System also in the Nomination. In particular, we stress the gradual plan to demolish spurious, ephemeral or obsolete constructions, namely: the old workshops near the separation wall with the Cerco Garden, which limits the view to the east façade of the Palace; parietal survey of a separation wall with the Cerco Garden to verify the existence of possible walled walks between the old recreation of the friars and the garden; availability to authorize the elaboration of an Archeological Chart in the Tapada (Military Tapada and National Tapada). SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018 - PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT, PAGES 1-5.	ICOMOS remains of the opinion that the asphalted area needs to be rehabilitated.
Page 287, right column, parag. 5	"ICOMOS notes that indeed Mafra exhibits remarkable specificities: however, the architectural and landscape design achievements at Versailles and Caserta are notable. Equally the Vanvitelli's Aqueduct (38 km long) at Caserta, which served the palace, the town of Caserta and the silk production at the San Leucio complex, stands out within the comparative framework".	"ICOMOS notes that, indeed, Mafra exhibits remarkable specificities: namely the double dome of the basilica, the staircases of the convent and the complexity of the hydraulic system based on the Tapada aqueduct". JUSTIFICATION: The Vanvitelli's Aqueduct can only be compared with the Lisbon Aqueduct, whose purpose was to ensure the water supply of Lisbon and its industries, came into function in 1748, with a network of fountains, in length of 58135 meters. It is important to note that, in this case, it is not intended to compare the hydraulic systems of the Royal Building to the monumentality of some aqueducts, such as that of Lisbon (1731-1748) or Caserta (concluded in 1769), but it is important to characterize the extensive and complex hydraulic network, with about 50 points of water adduction and its conduction through subterranean and aerial aqueducts. This work was important for the training of new engineers who then participated in the construction of the Aqueduct in Lisbon, one of the greatest achievements of European engineering (also on the Tentative List). SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGE 45 (COMPARATIVE TABLE).	ICOMOS considers that this correction contains advocacy for the proposals made in the nomination dossier.
Page 287, right column, parag. 7	"The augmented []. However, further documentation on the Tapada, in the form of a landscape study, including maps of the distribution of the heritage	"The augmented []. However, further documentation on the Tapada, in the form of a landscape study, including maps of the distribution of the heritage features, of the landscape arrangements and of the hydraulic system, needs to be provided, since the Tapada is part of the site". JUSTIFICATION: Mafra's Tapada is quite different from other landscapes adjacent to European Palaces, since it encompassed not only hunting territories but also self-sustaining forest, agricultural, orchards and livestock areas, characteristic of the Portuguese Royal Palaces and is important to understanding the property as a "whole".	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered.

Page 288, left column, parag. 5	features, of the landscape arrangements and of the hydraulic system, needs to be provided, given that the Tapada appears to be a decisive element in the distinctiveness of Mafra compared to other royal residences throughout Europe". "ICOMOS observes that the proposed justification of this criterion [c (i)] focuses on the palace only and does not address how the Cerco Garden and the Tapada might justify this criterion".	However the property should be view especially since the Nomination is drawn from cultural and built perspective, in which the Palace, Convent and Basilica are the essential elements. The Cerco Garden and Tapada, although very important, from the historical point of view are complementary and subsidiary to the palace, and the convent. In the case of the "Royal site of Mafra", it is not a park that received a palace, but a palace that required the existence of a green area (garden and Tapada) suited to its needs. SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 12-15, 24-33 AND 45 (COMPARATIVE TABLE). "TCOMOS observes that the proposed justification of this criterion focuses predominantly on the palace and convent, even though the Cerco Garden and the Tapada might also justify this criterion". JUSTIFICATION: The Nomination of the Royal Building of Mafra focuses on the built component, as distinctive and predominant, namely the palace, the basilica and the convent, but showing its adjacent areas (Tapada and Cerco Garden) as structural in the Application, in terms of a global vision, one and indivisible, because they clearly contribute to the recognition of its integrity, authenticity and outstanding universal value of the property. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	ICOMOS considers that this correction contains advocacy for the proposals made in the nomination dossier.
Page 288, left column, parag. 6	"The additional information provided in February 2019 on the Cerco Garden and the Tapada []. The water system – built to supply water for the palace, its gardens and orchards – is textually described but no detailed maps, drawings or sufficient photographic documentation are presented to	314-316; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 34-69. "The additional information provided in February 2019 on the Cerco Garden and the Tapada []. The water system — built to supply water for the palace, its gardens and orchards — is textually described and include detailed maps, drawings and sufficient photographic documentation are presented to illustrate in what ways this system might reflect human creative genius". JUSTIFICATION: SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. I, PAGES 138-146 AND 245-251 (TEXT AND IMAGES); VOL. II, PAGES 208-250 (FOREST MANAGEMENT PLAN) AND PAGES 157-182 (THE ROYAL BUILDING OF MAFRA SEEN BY FOREIGNERS); ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 12-23.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this correction contains advocacy for the proposals made in the nomination dossier.

	illustrate in what ways this system might reflect human creative genius".		
Page 288, left column, parag. 7	"ICOMOS []. For instance, the builder of the dome of the basilica could have profited from lessons learned in the design and building of earlier much larger domes, e.g. in Florence and Rome. The staircases are also mentioned as architectural elements concurring with the justification of the criterion; however they do not appear to reflect human creative genius compared to similar structures from the same period".	"ICOMOS []. For instance, the builder of the dome of the basilica could have profited from lessons learned in the design and building of earlier much larger domes, e.g. in Florence and Rome, as they will have received from the Pantheon. However the cathedral dome of Santa Maria del Fiore, is brick and mortar, the one of the Basilica of St. Peter is brick and mortar covered with stone on the outside, while that of the dome of the Basilica of Mafra are entirely executed in carved stone through an innovative technique that has later used in the domes of Basilica of Estrela in Lisboa (1779) and in Basilica of Candelaria in Rio Janeiro (1877), which shows a very deep knowledge of the stereotomy. The staircases are also mentioned as architectural elements concurring with the justification of the criterion; they reflect human creative genius compared to similar structures from the same period, since an original constructive solution has been used to create an impressively illusion effect, consisting of two staircases that are dually symmetrical as each unfurls across flights around an empty core, crossing the landings of each floor but without the different flows ever crossing over each other. JUSTIFICATION: The creative human genius is reflected in both architectural "pieces", because the double dome of the basilica, is entirely executed in carved stone, unlike its congeners made in mixed technology (e. g. the basilica of Rome or in Florence), or the two bulbous domes of the turrets, with an elaborate stereotomy of extreme constructive complexity, unique in this kind. Furthermore the techniques and materials used in the double dome of de basilica of Mafra (1730) only find parallelism in the dome of the basilica of the Estrela (1779) in Lisbon, and in the basilica of Candelaria in Rio de Janeiro (1877). As regards the double convent staircase, one of the 156 existing in the building, similar constructive solution is not known. Compared with similar structures form the same period, consists of two staircases tha	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this correction contains advocacy for the proposals made in the nomination dossier.
Page 288, right column, parag. 4	"In ICOMOS' [] However, it influenced the design of other churches and buildings in Portugal (e.g., the lost Palace of Ajuda) and	"In ICOMOS' [] However, it influenced the design of other churches and buildings in Portugal (e.g., the existing Palace of Ajuda) and around the Portuguese diaspora (e.g. the Imperial Palace of São Cristóvão, and the Church of Our Lady of Candelaria, both in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil), thus the palatial complex can be considered to have in turn exerted its influence".	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.

around the JUSTIFICATION: The Palace of Ajuda doesn't was lost, but Portuguese was unfinished due to the French invasions, and departure of empire (e.g. the the Royal Family to the Brazil (Rio de Janeiro) in 1807. Imperial Palace of SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION [...]", VOL. I, PAGES São Cristóvão, in 205 AND 270. Brazil), thus the palatial complex can be considered to have in turn exerted influence" Page 289, left "ICOMOS "ICOMOS observes that the proposed justification for this **ICOMOS** criterion [c(vi)] refers to several arguments, which contribute observes considers that column, parag. that proposed the to strengthen and to complement its the justification". the corrections justification for JUSTIFICATION: According to the operational guidelines, re-iterate criterion this criterion (iv), focuses on the material heritage: "be an arguments/ [c(vi)] refers to outstanding example of a type of building, architectural or justification put several technological ensemble or landscape which illustrates(a) forward in the significant stage(s) in human history". On the other hand, arguments, nomination which **however** criterion (vi), addresses immaterial heritage: "be directly or dossier that can contribute tangibly associated with events or living traditions, with have been fully strengthen ideas, or with beliefs, with artistic and literary works of considered. to and outstanding universal significance". complement the Therefore, we believe that the arguments presented to justify **ICOMOS** justification of criterion (iv) not support criterion (vi), which is justified considers that under a different rationale, as follows.. this correction criterion (iv), The Royal Building of Mafra "is directly associated with the rather than contains supporting the monarch that more material conditions arranged to execute a advocacy for the proposals justification of work of an extraordinary international impact. It reveals itself criterion (vi)". as the symbol of an absolutist conception of power, valid in made in the the first half of the 18th century, as an instrument of nomination affirmation of a political-religious ideology in which the dossier. King assumes himself as the apex of hierarchical society and as monarch exercising a position by natural right and divine will. It includes a remarkable collection of national and international works of art, namely, painting, sculpture, silverware, liturgical vestments and others; one of the biggest and best royal libraries covering themes as different as religion to science, including "banned books" by authorization granted by Papal Bull; a vast set of musical pieces written exclusively by national and international composers for the six organs of the Basilica; an abundant travel literature of several foreign authors from the 18th to the 20th centuries. From the Mafra Sculpture Class persists, in the region, an inheritance of artisan work connected to the sculpture in clay and the production of utilitarian pieces. Around immaterial heritage remain the processions created in the 18th century, continuing today in the Holy Week and moments of greater solemnity. Also noteworthy is the 1982 edition of José Saramago's "Baltasar and Blimunda" (with more than 50 editions and translated into 20 languages), awarded with the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1998, a novel that evokes the construction of the Royal Building and its ambience". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION [...]", VOL. I, PAGE 9.

Page 289, right "However, However, ICOMOS notices that some parts of the nominated **ICOMOS** considers that column, parag. **ICOMOS** property have suffered from some inappropriate reversible notices that changes that need to be resolved, with a formal commitment the corrections some parts of by the military to phase out them, keeping in mind that re-iterate the nominated current needs do not match with the period of the colonial arguments/ justification put property have war". suffered from forward in the JUSTIFICATION: With respect to the preservation and nomination some inappropriate maintenance of the Property, the School of Arms dossier that interventions are in compliance with the Law of Portuguese have been fully changes, that need to be Cultural Heritage (Law no. 107/2001)9, translated in considered. addressed". Volume II (annexes) of this Nomination10, in particular Articles 45 and 46, relating to conservation and restoration projects and works, and maintenance interventions, as well as Decree-Law no. 140/2009, which establishes the legal regime for studies, projects, reports, works or interventions on cultural goods classified or to be classified, in particular Articles 7, 8 and 22, which regulate the inspection, monitoring and implementation of interventions. They defined a set of measures to be measures to be developed in the medium and long term, in line with the specific objectives and action plan proposed in the Management System also in the Nomination. In particular, we stress the gradual plan to demolish spurious, ephemeral or obsolete constructions, namely: the old workshops near the separation wall with the Cerco Garden, which limits the view to the east façade of the Palace; parietal survey of a separation wall with the Cerco Garden to verify the existence of possible walled walks between the old recreation of the friars and the garden; availability to authorize the elaboration of an Archeological Chart in the Tapada (Military Tapada and National Tapada). SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018 -PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT, PAGES 1-5. Page 290, left "The expanse "The expanse of asphalt parade ground and the vehicle sheds **ICOMOS** column, parag. of asphalt on the upper level, and the area close to the east front of the considers that parade ground convent, needs archaeological survey, to better understand the corrections and the vehicle these aspect and in order to guarantee the authenticity of the re-iterate sheds on the property, before developing any action of requalification". arguments/ upper level are justification put JUSTIFICATION: However, there is no historical evidence of forward in the far more recent and landscaping in this area (after the completion of the building), nomination have the cartography of the construction phase is scarce and dossier that negative inaccurate; and nineteenth-century cartography does not have been fully impact on the record landscaping in this area. It should be noted that par, of considered. this parade ground (on the back of the building), was created appearance of this part of the by the cutting of a rocky mass, in which the palace is Garden. implanted, reason why it is expected to exist little capacity of Hence, earth. As for the space immediately in front of the East only façade, it is a Terreiro, that originally served as "playground" some elements of the Cerco for the friars and since the beginning of the nineteenth century, it has been used as a terreiro for the military parade. Garden retain authentic design SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION [...]", VOL. 1, PAGES 51 AND 243; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, fabric, particularly in PAGES 4-8 AND 24; AND THE TWO PHOTOS ATTACHED (SEE the formal THE JUSTIFICATION PAGE 286, RIGHT COLUMN, PARAG. 6). grove area, but the area close to the east front of

	the monastery does not reflect the original design nor subsequent relevant phases of modifications/ renovation".		
Page 290, left column, parag. 8	"The Tapada []. Today the middle and furthest divisions are merging once again as the aim of encouraging native flora and fauna is being implemented".	"The Tapada [].Today, <u>projects</u> encouraging native flora and fauna are being implemented. JUSTIFICATION: The second (middle) and third (furthest) Tapadas have been together since its foundation, in 1744, and have maintained their function. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 138 AND 245-246; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 12-15 AND 24-33.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be a clarification.
Page 292, left column, parag. 2	"The list submitted in February is useful; however, it does not represent an integrated conservation programme for the Complex, which is needed".	"The list submitted in February is useful; it does represent an integrated conservation programme for the Complex, which is needed". JUSTIFICATION: Additional information from February 2019 presented a "Table of conservation and restoration actions between 1744 and 2034" by the partners. In addition, in the Nomination, a set of programs was presented until 2034, as well as in the additional information of November 2018, in this case, by the School of Arms, which undertakes to develop a series of medium and long-term actions in accordance with current legislation, namely, the Law of Portuguese Cultural Heritage (Law No. 107/2001), in particular articles 45 and 46, and in consonance with the Collaboration Protocol, signed on February 15, 2019. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 411-414 AND 420-421; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018, PAGES 1-5 (PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT); ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 103-105.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 292, left column, parag. 4	"However, ICOMOS notes that there is a strong need for more coordination among all partners responsible for the property and their respective activities".	"ICOMOS notes that there is a strong coordination among all partners responsible for the property and their respective activities". JUSTIFICATION: Since 1995, the partners have assumed a set of responsibilities related to the Property in the most diverse areas (conservation, maintenance, monitoring, cultural promotion and research) expressed in the unilateral and bilateral protocols, which are found in the Collaboration Protocol, signed in February 2019, which is an update to the Protocol of the Mission Unit created in 2010 for the preparation of the Nomination.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a

		SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	difference of
		420-421; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019,	opinion.
		PAGES 108-114.	
Page 292, left	"ICOMOS	"ICOMOS considers that a robust and apparently well geared	ICOMOS
column, parag.	considers that a	up monitoring system, with suitable indicators, exists for the	considers that
	robust and	Palace, set up by the GDCH. ICOMOS suggests separating	the corrections
	apparently well	the indicators concerning the state of conservation of the	re-iterate
	geared up	property from those assessing the efficiency (and	arguments/
	monitoring	effectiveness) of the management arrangements, as they	justification put
	system exists	address two different aims".	forward in the
	for the Palace,	address two different diffis .	nomination
	set up by the	JUSTIFICATION: The monitoring indicators (based on a four-	dossier that
	GDCH.	color system) correspond to the process used by the General	have been fully
		Directorate for Cultural Heritage (GDCH) services	considered.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	responsible for the conservation, maintenance and	considered.
	_		ICOMOC
	the more	monitoring of classified property.	ICOMOS
	recent	Con (NIO) (DIAMETER) POR PROGRAMMENT 122 1	considers that
	monitoring	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	this reflects a
	system may	390-391.	difference of
	need to be		opinion.
	simplified.		
	Additionally,		
	ICOMOS		
	suggests		
	separating the		
	indicators		
	concerning the		
	state of		
	conservation of		
	the property		
	from those		
	assessing the		
	efficiency (and		
	effectiveness)		
	of the		
	management		
	arrangements,		
	as they address		
	two different		
	aims".		
	"ICOMOS	"ICOMOS []. In this regard it develops a common	ICOMOS
	[]. In this	visitation strategy, and with a common framework for the	considers that
. 1	regard it would	presentation of the property, its values, attributes and history,	the corrections
	be necessary	is being envisaged, which includes the creation of a single	re-iterate
	that the	ticket for the whole property. []".	arguments/
	management	JUSTIFICATION: The visitation circuits of the Convent and	justification put
	develops a	Tapada area (military and public) are included in the first	forward in the
	common	volume of the Nomination of the Royal Building of Mafra.	nomination
	visitation	They are regulated by the Protocol signed in 2013, included	dossier that
	strategy with a	in the second volume of the Nomination.	have been fully
	common	in the second volume of the nonlination.	considered.
		SEE "NOMINATION FOR INCOMPTION [1" VOI 1 BACES	considered.
	framework for	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	
	the presentation	446-455 (VISITOR ROUTES) AND 420-421; ADDITIONAL	
	of the property,	INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018, PAGES 1-5 (PROTECTION	
	its values,	AND MANAGEMENT).	
	attributes and		
	history. []".		

D 204 1.6	WTL -		ICOMOS
Page 294, left column, parag. 2	"The nomination []. The visual structure of the management system in the nomination dossier mentions other partners among the concerned parties but it is not clear how the local community and entrepreneurs, for instance, will be involved in the management	"The nomination []. The visual structure of the management system in the nomination dossier mentions other partners among the concerned parties <u>and define</u> how the local community and entrepreneurs, for instance, will be involved in the management process". JUSTIFICATION: The local community and entrepreneurs are involved in the management process, as mentioned in the second clause of the Collaboration Protocol (Consultative Unit). Through this protocol, the Consultative Unit of the Royal Building of Mafra was also created, whose mission is to collaborate in supporting the development of plans and projects of the Cooperation Unit. SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGE 112.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
Page 294, right column, parag. 1	rocess". "The various separate agreements need to be integrated into one single instrument that delineates common objectives and specific management tasks for each management body".	"The various separate agreements are now integrated into one single instrument that delineates common objectives and specific management tasks for each management body". JUSTIFICATION: The separate agreements are integrated in the Collaboration Protocol, signed in February 2019, first clause, and the specific objectives in the programs of intervention until 2034. SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 411-414 AND 420-421; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NOVEMBER 2018, PAGES 1-5 (PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT); ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 112.	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.
Page 295, right column, parag. 6	"Develop a landscape study and a cartographic inventory of the heritage features of the Tapada to support a more complete and detailed understanding of the historical evolution of the design of the Tapada, including the distribution of the functional areas, of the hydraulic system and its	"Develop a landscape study and a cartographic inventory of the heritage features of the Tapada to support a more complete and detailed understanding of the historical evolution of the design of the Tapada, including the distribution of the functional areas, of the hydraulic system and its elements, the selection of plants, as well as alterations to the species and their layout, so as to reinforce and further substantiate the proposed justification for inscription as a site". JUSTIFICATION: In the additional information of 2019 was presented in a detailed description of the Cerco Garden and Tapada, designation on the hydraulic system and principally distribution of the functional areas in the three parts of Tapada, accompanied by an extensive chronology of the Royal Building of Mafra, including photographs and old maps and modern. Even though, the Tapada is an important aspect of Mafra, its existence makes sense only by understanding the property as a "whole", especially since the Nomination is drawn from a cultural and built, basis. In this sense the Cerco Garden and the Tapada, although very important, for understanding the	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-iterate arguments/ justification put forward in the nomination dossier that have been fully considered. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion.

	elements, the selection of plants, as well as alterations to the species and their layout, so as to reinforce and further substantiate the proposed justification for inscription".	property, from the historical point of view are complementary and subsidiary to the palace. In the case of the "Royal site of Mafra", it is not a hunting park that received a palace, but a palace that required the existence of a green area (garden and the Tapada with three areas: agricultural; silvoagropastoral and forest) suited to its needs. SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FEBRUARY 2019, PAGES 12-15, 24-33 AND 45 (COMPARATIVE TABLE).	
Page 284, left column, parag. 3	"Conceived [], a Franciscan monastery [] Palace".	"Conceived [], a convent [] Palace". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 284, right column, parag. 6	"The nominated [], a Franciscan monastery [] study".	"The nominated [], a <u>convent</u> [] study". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 287, left column, parag.	"The complex [], a Franciscan monastery [] sculpture;".	"The complex [], a <u>convent</u> [] sculpture;". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 288, left column, parag. 4	"This criterion [], a Franciscan monastery [] earthquake".	"This criterion [], a convent [] earthquake". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 290, right column, parag. 2	"The Royal Building of Mafra [] the Franciscan monastery [] building".	"The Royal Building of Mafra [] the convent [] building". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence

Page 294, right column, parag. 7 Page 284, right column, parag. 4	"The Royal Building of Mafra [] the Franciscan monastery [] building". "The Royal Building of Mafra [] are	"The Royal Building of Mafra [] the convent [] building". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137. "The Royal Building of Mafra [] are located some 40 km [] Atlantic coast".	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence ICOMOS acknowledges this typing
Page 284, right column, parag. 8	located some 30 km [] Atlantic coast". "Construction [] by 1730 [] death in 1750".	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGE 16. "Construction [] by 1735 [] death in 1750". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGE 103.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 284, right column, parag. 9	"The western [] by the monastery [] royal family".	"The western [] by the convent [] royal family". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 285, left column, parag. 2	"The monastery [] works of art".	"The convent [] works of art". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 286, right column, parag. 8	"Based on the information []. However, the setting of the monastery wing is undermined by the present state of the School of Arms' part of the Cerco Garden. Additionally, [] fair condition".	"Based on the information []. However, the setting of the convent wing is undermined by the present state of the School of Arms' part of the Cerco Garden. Additionally, [] fair condition". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 287, left column, parag. 3	"The augmented comparative analysis [] and the Monastery	"The augmented comparative analysis [] and the Convent [] property. It then [] (Italy, 1997, (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)). SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the

	[] property.		meaning of the
	[]".		sentence
Page 288, left column, parag. 7	"ICOMOS observes [] and a monastery [] seamlessly. []".	"ICOMOS observes [] and a <u>convent</u> [] seamlessly. []". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 290, left column, parag. 7	"The expanse [] of the monastery [] modifications/ renovation".	"The expanse [] of the <u>convent</u> [] modifications/ renovation". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 118-137.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence
Page 285, left column, parag. 3	"From 1777, King João V's successors [] the Baroque taste. Queen Maria had just installed the last of six new organs in the basilica in 1807 when the Peninsular War broke out and Napoleonic troops occupied the palace".	"From 1777, King João V's successors [] the Baroque taste. The Prince and later King João VI had just installed the last of six new organs in the basilica in 1807 when the Peninsular War broke out and Napoleonic troops occupied the palace". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 110-113 AND 203.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 285, left column, parag. 6	"An enclosure for bowls and other games was created in the Garden. []".	"An enclosure for <u>balls</u> and other games was created in the Garden. []". SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 154, 241 AND 242 (IMAGE 230).	ICOMOS does not consider the reference to bowls as an error. The nomination dossier at p. 154 states the following: The playing field originally hosted seven games: four with balls (one-to-one, two teams of two apiece, one against two), two versions of bowls and one with a hoop, of which there

Γ	T		
			still survives
			one playing
D 207 1 6	(7 1 1	(G. 1001 d. D. 10 11 d. 14 M.C. F. 10	field.
Page 285, left	"In the mid-	"In <u>1821</u> , the Royal family returned to Mafra [] Cerco	ICOMOS
column, parag.	19 th century,	Garden in a picturesque manner (1843)".	acknowledges
7	the Royal	Car (Olovery Trong Programmer) []22 year 1 pugge	this
	family returned	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	clarification.
	to Mafra [] Cerco Garden	270 AND 319.	Explanation:
	in a picturesque		This detail is
	manner		only mentioned
	(1843)".		in the
	(10.0)		Portuguese
			version of the
			dossier but not
			in the English
			version.
Page 285, right	"The Tapada	"The Tapada was established by Royal Decree in 1744, []	ICOMOS
column, parag.	was established	and nearly <u>21</u> kilometres long, that survives to this day".	acknowledges
2	by Royal		this typing
	Decree in 1744,	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 43,	error.
	[] and nearly	146 AND 351.	
	22 kilometres		
	long, that		
	survives to this		
Page 286, left	day". "The	"The boundaries of the nominated property include the Royal	ICOMOS
column, parag.	boundaries of	Building of Mafra, the Cerco Garden and the Tapada, and are	acknowledges
6	the nominated	delineated by a wall for the entire perimeter (21km). []".	this typing
	property	defined by a want for the entire permitter (271811).	error.
	include the	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 43,	
	Royal Building	146 AND 351.	
	of Mafra, the		
	Cerco Garden		
	and the Tapada,		
	and are		
	delineated by a		
	wall for the		
	entire perimeter		
Page 290, left	(~22km). []". "The	"The nomination []. []. The basilica remains almost	ICOMOS
column, parag.	nomination	entirely as built by 1735, although the six organs are	accepts this
1	[]. []. The	replacements of 1807".	correction as a
	basilica remains	·r ····	factual error.
	almost entirely	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES	
	as built by	103 AND 203.	
	1750, although		
	the six organs		
	are		
	replacements of		
D 200 1 2	1807".		ICOMOS
Page 290, left	"The Tapada	"The Tapada was formed []. []. The entire 21 km length of the Tapada wall has been lent year; length into the in-	ICOMOS
column, parag.	was formed	of the Tapada wall has been kept very largely intact in its	acknowledges this typing
0	[]. []. The entire 22 km	location, [] etc. []".	this typing error.
	length of the	SEE "NOMINATION FOR INSCRIPTION []", VOL. 1, PAGES 43,	CITOI.
	Tapada wall has	146 AND 351.	
	been kept very		
	largely intact in		
1			

its location,	
[] etc. []".	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : Portugal

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Sanctuaire du Bon Jésus du Mont à Braga

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
P. 298, 1st column, 9th paragraph, lines 38-53	The original or historical design of the current landscape is apparently not well understood. ICOMOS requested additional documentation on the historical design, selection of plants and meaning of the main landscape elements. The State Party in February 2019 summarised the historical understanding of the design, based on the existence of early maps, contemporary newspaper reports and books, and records of the Confraternity. Authorship of the design remains uncertain, although an 1883 map documents the form of the design at this time. Original plant selections are also documented, and the planting plan can at least be partly inferred from surviving mature specimens which are recorded as main or remarkable species. None the less, gaps in	The original or historical design of the current landscape is apparently not well understood. ICOMOS requested additional documentation on the historical design, selection of plants and meaning of the main landscape elements. The State Party in February 2019, supported by Annex 4 in the nomination file in Portuguese language, summarised the historical understanding of the design, based on the existence of early maps, contemporary newspaper reports and books, and records of the Confraternity. Authorship of the design remains uncertain, although an 1883 map documents the form of the design at this time that still remains on site. Original plant selections are also documented, and the planting plan scheme can at least be partly inferred from surviving mature specimens which are recorded as main or remarkable species. None the less, gaps in knowledge about the landscape remain, importantly regarding the meaning of the vegetation. and landscape to the sacred place. NOTE: This information is provided in ANNEX 4 in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by	ICOMOS considers that the corrections reiterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and in additional information that have been fully considered.

	knowledge about the landscape remain, importantly regarding the meaning of the vegetation.	different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property. The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a	
	landscape to the sacred place.	reply to ICOMOS, as acknowledged, that summarizes chapter. "Bom Jesus do Monte: the landscape and the place" (pp 310-319). A full translation into English is here provided.	
		https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9- Landscape% 20Study-en.pdf	
		Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information.	
		The meaning of the vegetation is presented in the nomination file in pages 19-21. Park planting plans were not frequent in the 19 th century and planting usually is documented through plants lists (supported by plant catalogues from nurseries) or plant invoices. However, the estimation of the age of trees included under the designation of remarkable trees - is another indicator as	
P. 299, 1 st	Boundaries	well as photographic documents. Boundaries	ICOMOS considers
column, 9th paragraph, lines. 38-45	The nominated property's boundary incorporates all the attributes of the proposed Outstanding Universal Value and is well defined, generally following the perimeter road. It broadly corresponds to the 1883 sanctuary boundary. The boundary excludes a part of the sacred mount on the	The nominated property's boundary incorporates all the attributes of the proposed Outstanding Universal Value and is well defined, generally following the perimeter road. It broadly-corresponds to the 1883 sanctuary boundary. The boundary excludes a part of the sacred mount on the north side. The excluded area has a luxury hotel with intensive tourism activities, and a Carmelite convent. ICOMOS considers these exclusions are justified.	that this correction, regarding the use of the word "broadly", provides information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. A comparison of the 1883 plan and proposed boundary indicates some differences.
	north side. The excluded area has a luxury hotel with intensive tourism activities, and a Carmelite convent. ICOMOS considers these exclusions are justified.	NOTE: This part on the north side includes a Carmelite convent and a private villa (Casa do Castelo) built in the early 1900 that in recent years opened just for occasional summer events. Neither the Convent or the villa ever belonged to the sacred mount. The 1883 plan has the clear indication of the boundary of the sacred mount (dashed line).	With regard to the current text about exclusions, this explains that not all of the mount is proposed and why.
P. 299, 2 nd column, 9th paragraph,	State of conservation The ICOMOS mission	State of conservation The ICOMOS mission notes that there are	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/ considers
lines 17-24	notes that there are visible restoration problems on the main Portico and the lower parts of the staircases	visible restoration problems on the main Portico and the lower parts of the staircases caused by the continuous, long term use of thousands of visitors, as well as natural	this correction to be a clarification. It is the buildings associated with the funicular that

	caused by the continuous, long term use of thousands of visitors, as well as natural environmental factors. The not-yet restored nine chapels face high moisture problems both on their surfaces and in their interiors. The funicular needs conservation, and the lakeside café is out of order and in a decayed state.	environmental factors. The not-yet restored nine chapels face high moisture problems both on their surfaces and in their interiors. The funicular needs conservation, and The lakeside café is out of order and in a decayed state. NOTE: Portico, stairway of the Portico including chapels, walls, pavements, fountains are in a final phase of completing restoration works due to be finished 30 of June 2019. The funicular has been restored in 2006. (See Report 1 on Programming of Future Works on works completed - 1 October 2018 at the request of the ICOMOS external expert). It has since received yearly reports on the state of condition. Passengers security was just reinforced as a consequence of the	require conservation, not the funicular itself.
		2017 report as well as yearly security tests	
P. 300, 1st column, 6 th	Factors affecting the property	are taken. Factors affecting the property ICOMOS requested confirmation of the	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error. The additional
paragraph, lines 33-42	ICOMOS requested confirmation of the timetable for removal of the bar in its interim report. The State Party advised in February 2019 that the	ICOMOS requested confirmation of the timetable for removal of the bar in its interim report. The State Party advised in February 2019 that the current commercial lease will be revoked in 2020 and the bar will be returned to the control of the Confraternity. No further details of the timetable were	information was fully considered and a more precise timetable was being sought.
	current commercial lease will be revoked in 2020 and the bar will be returned to the control of the Confraternity. No further	provided. NOTE: In Report 1 – Programming of Future Works (1 oct 2018), the intervention in the bar is	
	details of the timetable	part of the Rehabilitation Area "Church"	
P. 301, 2nd column, paragraph 4,	were provided. Criteria under which inscription is proposed	foreseen for 2020-2025 (Annex 1A). Criteria under which inscription is proposed The property is nominated on the basis of	ICOMOS considers that this correction contains new
lines 22-23	The property is nominated on the basis of cultural criteria (ii) and (iv) .	cultural criteria (ii) and criterion (iv). NOTE:	information that cannot be taken account of at this stage.
		The State Party removes criterion (ii)	
P. 302, 1 st column, paragraph 6,	Criteria under which inscription is proposed	Criteria under which inscription is proposed	ICOMOS considers that the corrections re-
paragraph 6, lines 33-36	However, information on one important aspect, the meaning of the vegetation and landscape to the sacred place, is needed to complete the	However, information on one important aspect, the meaning of the vegetation and landscape to the sacred place, is needed to complete the understanding of the property. NOTE:	iterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and in additional information that have been fully considered.
	understanding of the property.	This information is provided in ANNEX 4 in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the	

contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property.

The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a reply to ICOMOS, as acknowledged, that summarizes chapter. "Bom Jesus do Monte: the landscape and the place" (pp 310-319). A full translation into English is here provided.

https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9-Landscape%20Study-en.pdf

Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information.

The meaning of the vegetation is presented in the nomination file in pages 19-21. Park planting plans were not frequent in the 19th century and planting usually is documented through plants lists (supported by plant catalogues from nurseries) or plant invoices. However, the estimation of the age of trees included under the designation of remarkable trees - is another indicator as well as photographic documents.

P. 302, 2nd column, 5th paragraph, lines 29-41

Authenticity

ICOMOS considers that location of nominated property on a mount continues as it has through history, and its setting overlooking the city of Braga remains, despite the expansion of the city towards the sanctuary over time. The form and design of the ensemble have evolved over a period of centuries, and there is only a limited understanding what currently remains of the landscape planting's historical design substance and related meaning. The nominated property otherwise portrays the full, unified and harmonious realization of the symbolic Christian landscape of Jerusalem, based on an overall structure for the sanctuary dating from the 17th

Authenticity

ICOMOS considers that the location of the nominated property on a mount continues as it has through history, and its setting overlooking the city of Braga remains, despite the expansion of the city towards the sanctuary over time. The form and design of the ensemble have evolved over a period of centuries, and there is only a limited understanding what currently remains of the landscape planting's historical design or substance and related meaning is well understood. The nominated property otherwise portrays the full, unified and harmonious realization of the symbolic Christian landscape of Jerusalem, based on an overall structure for the sanctuary dating from the 17th century and Baroque style architecture of the 18th century.

NOTE:

This information is provided in ANNEX 4 in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by

ICOMOS considers that the corrections reiterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and in additional information that have been fully considered.

	century and Baroque style architecture of the 18th century.	different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property.	
	century.	The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a reply to ICOMOS, as acknowledged, that summarizes chapter "Bom Jesus do Monte: the landscape and the place" (pp 310-319). A full translation into English is here provided.	
		https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9- Landscape%20Study-en.pdf	
		Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information.	
P. 303, 2 nd column, 4 th paragraph, lines 14-19	There are a number of future conservation projects to be undertaken, including those related to the funicular, lakeside café and Hotel do Elevador. In addition, while the Confraternity is making great efforts to address issues with the woodland, some challenges cannot yet be addressed due to a lack of funds	Conservation measures There are a number of future conservation projects to be undertaken, including those related to the funicular, to the lakeside café and Hotel do Elevador Casa do Correio (former barracks). In addition, while the Confraternity is making great efforts to address issues with the woodland, some challenges cannot yet be addressed due to a lack of funds.	Regarding the funicular, ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/ considers this correction to be a clarification. It is the buildings associated with the funicular that require conservation, not the funicular itself. In the case of the Hotel do Elevador, ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
P. 304, 1st column, paragraph 1, lines 1-3	funds. Documentation As noted above, the original or historical design of the landscape, including the full planting plan, and its meaning as a sacred place, should be further documented.	As noted above, the original or historical design of the landscape, including the full planting plan, and its meaning as a sacred place, should be further documented. NOTE: This information is provided in ANNEX 4 in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property. The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a reply to ICOMOS, as acknowledged, that summarizes chapter "Bom Jesus do Monte: the landscape and the place" (pp 310-319). A full translation into English is here provided. https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9-Landscape%20Study-en.pdf	ICOMOS considers that the corrections reiterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and in additional information that have been fully considered.

Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information. P. 304. 2^{nd} Management system Management system With regard to the column, understanding of paragraph 2 and limited The limited understanding of the attributes, **ICOMOS** The 3, lines 11-22 understanding of the attributes associated with the original or considers that the historical design of the landscape, attributes associated with corrections re-iterate the original or historical including arguments put forward the full planting plan, limits the the nomination design of the landscape, in including satisfactory management of the dossier and the full planting plan, landscape, which should be guided by this additional information limits the satisfactory understanding. that have been fully management of the considered. It is noted that the action plan does not landscape, which should be guided by this include all conservation, restoration and rehabilitation works for the property, understanding. such as works in progress as well as those It is noted that the action being planned. In the case of the action plan does not include all plan, ICOMOS accepts conservation, restoration **NOTE:** this correction as a and rehabilitation works This information is provided in ANNEX 4 factual error. in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The for the property, such as works in progress as well introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in as those being planned. English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property. The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a reply to ICOMOS, as acknowledged, that summarizes chapter "Bom Jesus do Monte: the landscape and the place" (pp 310-319). A full translation into English is here provided. https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9-Landscape%20Study-en.pdf Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information. The meaning of the vegetation is presented in the nomination file in pages 19-21. Park planting plans were not frequent in the 19th century and planting usually is documented through plants lists (supported by plant catalogues from nurseries) or plant invoices. However, the estimation of the age of trees included under the designation of remarkable trees - is another indicator as well as photographic documents. information on conservation restoration and rehabilitation works for the property, such as works in progress as well

P. 305, 1 st column, 3 rd paragraph, lines 13-19	Evaluation of the effectiveness of the protection and management of nominated property The protection and management of the nominated property is generally good, including the existing documentation archive, legal protection and management system. However, as a cultural landscape, a more complete understanding of landscape attributes of the property associated with the original or historical design and their meaning is required.	as those being planned was clarified in response to the request of ICOMOS external examiner (See Report 1 on Programming of Future Works ANNEX 1A, 1 October 2018 at the request of the ICOMOS external expert). Evaluation of the effectiveness of the protection and management of nominated property The protection and management of the nominated property is generally good, including the existing documentation archive, legal protection and management system. However, as a cultural landscape, a more complete understanding of landscape attributes of the property associated with the original or historical design and their meaning is required. NOTE: This information is provided in ANNEX 4 in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by different experts that support in detail the Description and History of the Property. The State Party has provided further clarification on the landscape study in a	ICOMOS considers that the corrections reiterate arguments put forward in the nomination dossier and in additional information that have been fully considered.
	complete understanding of landscape attributes of		
	the property associated with the original or historical design and their meaning is	in the nomination file (pp 295-438). The introduction (p. 297) to ANNEX 4 is in English language and summarizes the contents of all chapters in Portuguese language, based on extensive literature by different experts that support in detail the	
		https://bomjesus.pt/doc/9- Landscape%20Study-en.pdf	
		Annex 2 – Management Plan- 5.2 The Park and the Wood (pp. 223-237) provides complimentary information. The meaning of the vegetation is presented in the nomination file in pages 19-21. Park planting plans were not frequent in the 19 th century and planting usually is documented through plants lists (supported by plant catalogues from nurseries) or plant invoices. However, the estimation of the age of trees included under the designation of remarkable trees - is another indicator as well as photographic documents.	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : République de Corée

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Seowon, académies néo-confucéennes coréennes

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
p. 180, left, line 14	This serial property comprises nine seowon representing a type of Neo-Confucian academy of the Joseon Dynasty (15 th – 19 th centuries CE).	This serial property, which was established from the mid-16 th to mid-17 th centuries, comprises nine seowon representing a type of Neo-Confucian academy of the Joseon Dynasty. See Dossier, pp. 23, 52, 130, 173	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/considers this correction to be a clarification. The dates in the evaluation text relate to the Dynasty and the proposed correction inserts dates related to the property.
p. 181, right, line 32	The founding dates for the components are: Sosu-seowon – 1542 CE,	The founding dates for the components are: Sosu-seowon – 1543 CE, See Dossier, pp. 73, 109, 130; 1 st Additional Information, p. 6	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
p. 183, left, line 29	A shrine was rebuilt in 1886 CE,	A shrine was repaired in 1886 CE, See Dossier, pp. 122, it was also wrongly described as "rebuilt" and it should be the word "repaired".	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/considers this correction to be a clarification. The evaluation text relied on the nomination text which was incorrect.
p. 188, right, line 39	The Seowon, Korean Neo-Confucian Academies is a serial property which comprises nine seowon representing a type of Neo-Confucian academy of the Joseon Dynasty (15 th -19 th centuries CE).	The Seowon, Korean Neo-Confucian Academies (from the mid-16 th to mid-17 th centuries) is a serial property which comprises nine seowon representing a type of Neo-Confucian academy of the Joseon Dynasty. See Dossier, pp. 23, 52, 130, 173	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification/considers this correction to be a clarification. The dates in the evaluation text relate to the Dynasty and the proposed correction inserts dates related to the property.
p. 188, left, line 50	Visitor management is adequate and an integrated	Visitor management is adequate and an integrated	ICOMOS acknowledges this

prese	ntation (of th	e nine	presentation	of	the	nine	typing error.
comp	onents a	as a	single	components as	s a sing	gle non	ninated	
nomi	nated			property is pla	nned.			
prope	erty and is p	olannec						



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): République démocratique populaire lao

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Sites de jarres mégalithiques de Xieng Khouang – plaine des Jarres

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 156, column 1, para 4, line 5	(grave markers, or lids for the jars)	To replace (or) with (and). (grave markers, and lids for the jars)	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change that contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. The State Party acknowledged in the nomination materials that there is no reliable evidence for the conclusion that the disks were lids for the jars, despite this common assumption. (eg. Nomination Dossier, p. 5).
Page 156, column 2, para 7, line 10	The jars are associated with mortuary practices, and are thought to reflect funerary practices of elites.	The jars are associated with mortuary practices, and seemingly to reflect social status of funerary practices.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. (Nomination Dossier, p. 74)
Page 156, column 2, para 8, line 6	(thought to be grave markers or lids for the jars)	To replace or with and. (thought to be grave markers and lids for the jars)	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change that contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. The State Party acknowledged in the nomination materials that there is no reliable evidence for the

			,
D 157		To delete the words in brackets	conclusion that the disks were lids for the jars, despite this common assumption. (eg. Nomination Dossier p. 5). ICOMOS considers this to
Page 157, column 1, para 4, Line 10	such as Sites 23 (sedimentary breccia) and 25 (andesite).	such as Sites 23 and 25.	be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence. This information was taken from material provided by the State Party to justify the inclusion of these components. (Additional Information, February 2019, pp. 1, 2, 4, 5).
Page 158, column 1, line 25	A new high voltage transmission line runs through the buffer zone of site 3	The sentence is to be removed. A new high voltage transmission line was only planned and never been developed. As due to the HIA consultation this development project was advised to avoid the buffer zone.	ICOMOS considers that this correction contains new information which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. This was described in the nomination dossier (p. 120), and Additional Information of November 2018 (pp. 4-5) states that the transmission line will have visual impacts, and that the Heritage Department had negotiated to move it from its original location within the nominated property to the 'edge of the buffer zone'. Advice that the project will now not be developed is new information.
Page 158, column 1, line 26	Roadworks have damaged some the elements in some components (particularly site 52)	Roadworks have damaged some elements in one component (site 52)	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion. Although the impacts of roads/tracks are most significant for component 52, roads and tracks have also impacted on the integrity of other components (eg. components 2, 3, 21 and 25).
Page 160, column 1, para 2, line 1	The State Party has indicated in the additional information received in February 2019 that there are possible future plans for a 'large scale restoration' at Site 1,	The State Party has indicated in the additional information received in February 2019 that there are possible future plans for a restoration at Site 1,	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification. The context of this comment in the evaluation report is that projects classed as 'conservation work' should also be subject to

Page 161, column 1, para supports the day-to-days management of the other components which is provided by nearby villages. The office of the Plain of Jars, bline 6 Incolumn 1, para 166, line 6 Incolumn 2, para 167, column 2, para 168, line 6 Incolumn 2, para 169, para 1				<u></u>
Provincial decrees establish the column 1, para 1, and the plain of 3, the column 2, line Provincial decrees establish the funding base and the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division which manages site 1, and supports the day-to-day management of the other components which is provided by nearby villages. Its duties extend beyond site 1.			the ICOMOS mission, the possibility of future restoration at Site 1 was discussed, primarily in terms of consolidating vulnerable jars and improving site presentation. However, this should be considered conservation work rather than future development." To clarify, the conservation work planned at Site 1 is not a "large scale" project. It is only to treat a targeted number of jars that are	forwarded to the World Heritage Centre according to paragraph 172 of the Operational Guidelines. These processes should not be limited to 'development projects'
Page 161, column 1, para 6, line 6 The office of the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division is not yet fully established. The office of the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division is officially established since August 2018 and is already working. It includes 18 staff, and additional staff will be recruited. Page 161, column 2, line While all proposals, designs or plans for regional development or The office of the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division is officially established since August 2018 and is already working. It includes 18 staff, and additional staff will be recruited. The office of the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division is officially established since August 2018, the organisational chart shown on p. 145 of the nomination dossier has not yet been fully established; furthermore many of the functions outlined in pp. 144-145 are described in the future tense, leading ICOMOS to the view that work to establish these arrangements was in progress. Page 161, column 2, line While all proposals, designs or plans for regional development or	column 1, para 3,	funding base and the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division which manages site 1, and supports the day-to-day management of the other components which is provided	Provincial decrees establish the funding base and the Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division which is responsible not only for managing all nominated sites at the Plain of Jars, but also for all (not nominated) jar sites under national protection. Furthermore, it supports the day-to-day management provided by nearby villages.	this correction is a clarification which contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. The nomination dossier (p. 136) states that the Plain of Jars Technical Division is responsible for the day to day management of Site 1, as well as supporting the management of all the other sites. This is also shown in a diagram on p. 138. The information concerning the Division's duties in relation to all jar sites (not just those included in the World Heritage nomination)
column 2, line plans for regional development or this correction provides	column 1, para 6, line 6	Heritage Technical Division is not yet fully established.	Heritage Technical Division is officially established since August 2018 and is already working. It includes 18 staff, and additional staff will be recruited.	clarification. ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion. While the office was established in 2018, the organisational chart shown on p. 145 of the nomination dossier has not yet been fully established; furthermore many of the functions outlined in pp. 144-145 are described in the future tense, leading ICOMOS to the view that work to establish these arrangements was in progress.
			To be removed.	ICOMOS considers that
	· ·			-

	other arms of government must be forwarded to the World Heritage Office for Heritage Impact Assessment, it is not clear whether this is fully functioning.	According to the Law on the National Heritage (2015) Article 44, all proposals, designs or plans for regional development or infrastructure implementation from other arms of government must be forwarded to the World Heritage Office for Heritage Impact Assessment.	contradicts information provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. While HIA Guidelines have been developed, the Additional Information received in February 2019 acknowledges 'the importance of putting in place a HIA system as soon as possible'. (p. 15)
Page 161, column 2, para 2, line 6	However, conservation measures, research, and improvements to the presentation of the overall property are not prominent at this level of management planning. (at village level)	The management system has been designed so that at the village level, the responsibilities focus on day-to-day monitoring and basic maintenance. Conservation, research and presentation are tasks that are under the responsibility of the technical staff and agencies at the provincial and national level.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be an editorial change which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 161, column 2, para 3	Guidelines for Heritage Impact Assessment have been developed as part of the management system, but these are not yet included in the legal framework, and the State Party notes that they are not yet consistent with the management system has been presented.	The State Party has provided additional information in February 2019 to clarify that the State Party is in the process of preparing a Provincial Governor's Decree which will require all future development projects in Xiengkhuang province to be subject to HIA procedures, in line with the guidelines for Heritage Impact Assessment. The decree will be issued by end of 2019 and will reinforce the provisions regarding HIA in the Law on the National Heritage (2015) Article 44.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion. Because the decree was not yet in place at the time of the completion of the evaluation, ICOMOS considers the text to be factually correct. The Additional Information received in February 2019 acknowledges 'the importance of putting in place a HIA system as soon as possible'. (p. 15)
Page 161, column 2, para 4, line 5	In 2018, the Province of Xiengkhuang was affected by the collapse of a dam followed by heavy storms	The bold part needs to be removed. In fact, in 2018, the collapse of a dam occurred in Attapeu province in the south of the country, followed by heavy storms that affected various provinces in Lao PDR. Xiengkhuang province was affected by heavy rain, but within the nominated property only a few sites were directly affected. In response, Lao PDR has now secured the commitment and support from SEAMEO-SPAFA and expertise from ICCROM/Ritsumeikan University to proceed with a programme to build capacity in risk preparedness and prepare a DRM plan. This will start in late 2019.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
Page 162, column 2, para 3, line 21	A Tourism Management Plan is currently being developed and will guide new interpretation actions.	A Tourism Management Plan has been committed to be accomplished by 2020. It will guide new interpretation actions.	ICOMOS considers that this correction provides information which contradicts information

Page 163,	Nevertheless, ICOMOS	As discussed during the ICOMOS	provided at earlier stages of the evaluation procedure. (Additional Information, February 2019, p. 9). ICOMOS considers that
column 1, para 5, line 8	considers that a management plan is needed, due to the heavy reliance on coordination and legal frameworks.	mission, the State Party is open to develop a management plan in due course.	this is an additional comment. A recommendation to the State Party to develop a management plan has been included in the draft decision for the World Heritage Committee.
Page 163, column 1, para 5, line 10	Many dimensions of the management system do not seem to be fully operationalized, and the Heritage Impact Assessment is yet to be fully functioning and is unrelated to the legal frameworks.	Some dimensions of the management system do not seem to be fully operationalized nonetheless the State Party is in the process of preparing a Provincial Governor's Decree which will require all future development projects in Xiengkhuang province to be subject to HIA procedures.	ICOMOS considers that this reflects a difference of opinion. In relation to the HIA procedures, ICOMOS considers the text to be factually correct because the decree was not yet in place at the time of the completion of the evaluation. The Additional Information received in February 2019 acknowledges 'the importance of putting in place a HIA system as soon as possible'. (p. 15)
Page 163, column 2, para 5, line 3	This serial property of 15 components contain 1325 of these large carved stone jars	grammatical error. This serial property of 15 components contains 1325 of these large carved stone jars	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error, which does not modify the meaning of the sentence.
Page 164, column 1, para 4, line 1	The serial property is protected under the Lawand the Provincial Governor's Decree concerning the Management and Conservation of the Plain of Jars World Heritage Sites No. 996.	To add this text. In addition, Decree No. 870 concerning Establishment and Operation of Plain of Jars Heritage Technical Division sets up the structure, duties of the newly-established site management office. Provincial governor's Decree No. 995 provides a mechanism for funding site conservation through revenue sharing from tourism.	ICOMOS considers this additional text to be an editorial change which adds further detail to the evaluation report text.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Tchéquie

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Paysage d'élevage et de dressage de chevaux d'attelage cérémoniels à Kladruby nad Labem

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 250, the left column, the 3 rd paragraph from the top, the last sentence	The Imperial Stud Farm was established in 1579 and since then it has been dedicated to this task.	The Imperial Imperial Court Stud Farm was established in 1579 and since then it has been dedicated to this task. (Explanation: The legal status of the stud farm at Kladruby nad Labem was of an Imperial Court Stud Farm and it was one of three such stud farms on the territory of the Habsburg Monarchy.)	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
Page 250, the right column, the second paragraph from the bottom (line	The current tripartite design results from progressive adaptation of natural conditions and responds to both functional needs, linked to the operations of the stud farm, and aesthetic aspirations, justified by the imperial status of the farm.	The current tripartite design results from progressive adaptation of natural conditions and responds to both functional needs, linked to the operations of the stud farm, and aesthetic aspirations, justified by the imperial Imperial Court status of the farm.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
Page 250, the right column, 1 st paragraph from the bottom, the 4 th line from the top	An additional avenue, mirroring that of Řečanská , has left only a few traces in the landscape, due to the construction of the Paddock stable.	An additional avenue, mirroring that of Řečanská Selmická, has left only a few traces in the landscape, due to the construction of the Paddock stable.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error
Page 251, the left column, the 4 th paragraph from the bottom	At the end of the 18 th century, the system of the Habsburg Imperial Stud Farms included Kopčany (in present-day Slovakia), Lipice (present-day Slovenia) and Kladruby nad Labem.	At the end of the 18 th century, the system of the Habsburg Imperial Imperial Court Stud Farms included Kopčany (in present-day Slovakia), Lipice (present-day Slovenia) and Kladruby nad Labem.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification
Page 251, the left column, the	A destructive fire in 1757 necessitated the removal of	A destructive fire in 1757 necessitated the removal of a	ICOMOS acknowledges both

material, although views although views and vistas have and vistas have been maintained. been maintained. (Explanation: the Chvaletice power station is not situated in the buffer zone but it is beyond the outer boundary of the buffer zone.) Page 258, the January 2017, the January 2017. the ICOMOS considers this Since Since implementation of provisions of right column, implementation of provisions of correction to be a the entire 3rd the Heritage Act for the nominated the Heritage Act for the clarification. property are under the paragraph from nominated property are under responsibility of the Municipal the top the responsibility of the Authority of Přelouč, which Municipal **Authority** Přelouč, which enjoys extended enjoys extended powers within the Czech administrative system. A powers within the Czech administrative system. major part of the nominated Protection and management of landscape is the designated national heritage site (it covers the nominated property as a national heritage site (NHS) is not only the buildings but also guided by the Agreement on the open areas – landscape, and general Principles of Restoration the Kladruber horse breeding and further development of the stock). The Regional Authority Area of the NHS of the Stud Farm of the Pardubický Region is in at Kladruby nad Labem (May charge of the implementation of 2017). the relevant provisions of Act 20/1987 Coll. on national heritage management as amended; since January 2017 Municipal the Přelouč Authority in its capacity of a local authority with extended powers has been responsible for the implementation of the aforementioned Act only in those areas of the nominated property including the buildings and structures located in them which are not designated as an integral part of the national heritage site. At the same time Přelouč the Municipal Authority is not a self-governing body in the matters of heritage management but empowered under a special legal provision to act as a state administration body in this respect. In this context the Regional Authority of the Pardubický Region as its superior deals with the appeals related to heritage management matters and provides guidance on heritage management in general to the Přelouč Municipal Authority. Protection and Management of the nominated property as a national heritage site (NHS) is guided by the Agreement on general Principles of Restoration and

		further development of the Area of	
		the NHS of the Stud Farm at	
		Kladruby nad Labem (May 2017).	
Page 260, the	Kladruby nad Labem had been	Kladruby nad Labem had been	ICOMOS
right column,	part of the Habsburgs' imperial	part of the Habsburgs' imperial	acknowledges this
the 4 th	stud-farms since the late 16 th	Imperial Court stud-farms since	clarification
paragraph from	century and over the centuries it	the late 16 th century and over the	
the bottom	has been consistently expanded,	centuries it has been consistently	
	adapted and embellished to	expanded, adapted and	
	support the breeding and training	embellished to support the	
	of the Kladruber horses, a special	breeding and training of the	
	type of draft horses used in formal	Kladruber horses, a special type of	
	ceremonies.	draft horses used in formal	
		ceremonies.	
Description at	Surrounding landscape (Mošnice	Surrounding landscape (Mošnice	ICOMOS
Picture 3	Park)	Park) (Edge of the productive	acknowledges this
		forest at the north of the	factual error.
		nominated property)	
		(Explanation: it is not a picture of	
		the Mošnice park.)	



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S): Tchéquie / Allemagne

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE: Région minière Erzgebirge/Krušnohoří

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation de l'Organisation consultative	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait figurer en gras)	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation consultative et/ou du Centre du patrimoine mondial
237, right, 5	A nomination under the title "Mining Cultural Landscape Erzgebirge/ Krušnohoří" was submitted by the States Parties in January 2014 for evaluation as a cultural landscape under criteria (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv).	A nomination under the title "Mining Cultural Landscape Erzgebirge/ Krušnohoří" was submitted by the States Parties in January 2014 for evaluation as a cultural landscape under criteria (ii), (iii) (iv) and (vi).	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
238, right, 17	However, many important deeper mines were in operation as well (Měděnec Bludná).	However, many important deeper mines were in operation as well (Měděnec, Mědník Hill, 5-CZ and Bludná tin and iron ore district, 2.1-CZ).	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification. However, on page 165 of the Nomination Dossier, left column, lines 25-27 indicates the following: "However, many important deeper mines were in operation as well (e.g. Měděnec, Bludná)"
239, left, 5	Krupka district was among the most important, with tin, silver and, later, iron, lead, copper and mercury ores extracted.	Krupka district was among the most important, with tin, copper and later tungsten and molybdenum ores extracted.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
239, right, 53	The area of the 22 components totals 6,766.059 ha, with buffer zones totalling 13,017.850 ha.	The area of the 22 components totals 6,766.059 ha, with buffer zones totalling 13,017.791 ha.	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
240, right, 10	As for development, the State Parties reported on extraction licenses granted over the last years near component 2-DE Altenberg-Zinnwald Mining	Cf. nomination file p. 415, right column, and Additional Information February 2019, chart 1: There was only one extraction	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

	Landscape.	license granted, the other approvals are exploration licenses. As for development, the State	
		Parties reported on exploration licenses and one extraction license granted over the last years near component 2-DE Altenberg-Zinnwald Mining.	
241, right, 4	In February 2019 the State Parties have also informed on other forms of pollution, including random risk.	In February 2019 the State Parties have also informed on other forms of pollution, including radon risk.	ICOMOS acknowledges this typing error.
245, right, 10	The nominated components were declared protected landscapes in 2014, while the Red Tower of Death and its compound was declared a national monument in 2008.	The nominated components were declared protected landscapes in 2014, while the Red Tower of Death and its compound was declared a national monument in 2008, and in 2014 respectively.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
245, right, 10	Historic centres, mining complexes or individual monuments also enjoy additional specific protection status.	Historic centres, the Royal Mint in Jáchymov and the Mauritius Mine in Hřebečná, mining complexes or individual monuments also enjoy additional specific protection status.	ICOMOS considers this correction to be a clarification.
245, right, 39	All components of the nomination in Germany are covered by the Monument Conservation Act of Saxony (SächsDSchG 1993–2012) or by the Nature Conservation and Landscape Protection Act of Saxony (SächsNatSchG – 2007).	Cf. p 438 nomination file (left column, and table 46) The built structure and the landscape features related to mining of the components in Germany are covered by the Monument Conservation Act (SächsDSchG 1993-2012). Larger landscape units are mostly covered by the Landscape Protection Act of Saxony (SächsNatSchG – 2007).	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
246, left, 3-10	Monument listing is carried out by the Saxon State Office for Historic Preservation and the Archaeological Heritage Office in Saxony in consultation with the municipality in which the monument is located, which can propose heritage designation of listed monuments. In fact, listing does not automatically grant protection, which becomes legally effective only when the municipality enacts a corresponding statute.	(Cf. p. 439 nomination file, left) In facts, listing automatically grants protection. Only in case of monument protection areas a statute is required, and monument protection areas can be proposed by municipalities. Monument listing is carried out by the Saxon State Office for Historic Preservation and the Archaeological Heritage Office in Saxony. in consultation with The municipality in which the monument is located, which can additionally propose heritage designation of monument protection areas. In case of the designation of monument protection areas a formal contribution of the municipal council is required.	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.
246, right, 35- 37	Planning included in the management plan foresees promotion and presentation of the	Cf. Management Plan p. 21 The Saxon-Bohemian silver road was	ICOMOS acknowledges this clarification.

	transboundary Ore Mountains mining region both nationally and internationally and the establishment of the 'Saxon-Bohemian Silver Mines Route' connecting several educational mining trails and museums.	already established as part of the transboundary work. Planning included in the management plan foresees promotion and presentation of the transboundary Ore Mountains mining region both nationally and internationally. and the establishment of the 'Saxon-Bohemian Silver Mines Route' connecting several educational	
No no se image	14-1 A 34 (C1:-)	mining trails and museums.	ICOMOS accepta this
No page, image 3	Jáchymov – Adit (Czechia)	Jáchymov – Adit No. 1 (Czechia)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.
No page, image 4	Müdisdorfer man-made ditch (Czechia)	Müdisdorfer man-made ditch (Germany)	ICOMOS accepts this correction as a factual error.



(conformément au paragraphe 150 des Orientations)

ÉTAT(S) PARTIE(S) : France

ÉVALUATION DE LA PROPOSITION D'INSCRIPTION DU SITE : Arles, Roman and Romanesque Monuments

Page, colonne, ligne de l'évaluation	Phrase incluant l'erreur factuelle (l'erreur factuelle devrait	Correction proposée par l'Etat partie	Commentaire (s'il y en a) de l'Organisation
de	figurer en gras)		consultative et/ou du
l'Organisation consultative	6		Centre du patrimoine mondial
Page 59, 1re	Luma Arles est actuellement en	Contrairement à ce qui est affirmé,	L'ICOMOS considère
colonne, 3 ^e	construction, ce qui signifie que	la France, conformément au	cette correction comme
paragraphe	la Commission locale et les	paragraphe 172 des Orientations, a	étant une clarification.
	services d'État qui la	transmis dès 2014 au Centre du	
	constituent, censés protéger le	patrimoine mondial, des	L'ICOMOS confirme
	bien, ont approuvé sa	informations sur le projet Luma	néanmoins ne pas avoir
	construction. Le projet Luma	Arles ainsi qu'une étude d'impact.	reçu cette information.
	Arles aura un impact visuel	Le Centre du patrimoine mondial	
	négatif sur le bien et sa valeur	a accusé réception de ce courrier le	
	universelle exceptionnelle.	1 ^{er} décembre 2014.	
	Le Centre du patrimoine	Depuis cette date, la France n'a	
	mondial n'a pas reçu	reçu aucune demande	
	d'informations concernant le	d'information complémentaire de	
	projet de tour et sa	la part du Centre du patrimoine	
	construction, comme cela	mondial	
	aurait dû être le cas selon le	Ce paragraphe ne doit donc plus	
	paragraphe 172 des	figurer dans l'évaluation.	
	Orientations.		