

1. Introduction

1.1 - State Party

Spain

1.2 - Date of ratification of the World Heritage Convention

04/05/1982

1.3 - Entities involved in the preparation of Section I of the Periodic Reporting

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage

1.4 - Primary government authorities responsible for the implementation of the Convention

- Laura de Miguel Riera
Ministerio de Educación, Cultura y Deporte

Subdirección General de Protección de Patrimonio Histórico

Comment

Authority responsible: 1. Elisa de Cabo de la Vega
Subdirectora General de Protección del Patrimonio Histórico
MECD Plaza del Rey, 1 28071 Madrid (Spain) Telephone: +34 91 701 70 35 Fax: +34 91 701 73 81 Email: elisa.decabo@mecd.es
2. Esther Rodríguez García
Subdirectora General Adjunta de Protección del Patrimonio Histórico MECD Plaza del Rey, 1 28071 Madrid (Spain)
Telephone: +34 91 701 70 54 Fax: +34 91 701 73 81 Email: esther.rodriguez@mecd.es

1.5 - Other key institutions responsible

- Basilio Rada Martínez
Director del Organismo Autónomo Parques Nacionales
Ministerio de Agricultura, Alimentación y Medio Ambiente
Domain: Natural

1.6 - Comments

2. Inventories / lists / registers for cultural and natural heritage

2.1 - Cultural Heritage (Level and Status)

National	Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state	Process completed or continually updated
Local	Process completed or continually updated
Other (please provide details in 2.7)	Not applicable

2.2 - Natural Heritage (Level and Status)

National	Process completed or continually updated
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Regional / provincial / state	Process completed or continually updated
Local	Not applicable
Other (please provide details in 2.7)	Not applicable

2.3 - Are inventories/lists/registers adequate to capture the diversity of cultural and natural heritage in the State Party?

Inventories / lists / registers capture the full diversity of cultural and natural heritage.

2.4 - Are inventories / lists / registers used to protect the identified cultural heritage?

Inventories / lists / registers are frequently used for the protection of cultural heritage.

2.5 - Are inventories / lists / registers used to protect the identified natural heritage?

Inventories / lists / registers are frequently used for the protection of natural heritage.

2.6 - Are inventories / lists / registers used for the identification of properties for the Tentative List?

Inventories / lists / registers are frequently used for the identification of potential World Heritage Properties.

2.7 - Comments, conclusions and / or recommendations related to inventories / lists / registers of cultural and natural heritage (questions 2.1 to 2.6)

3. Tentative List

3.1 - Potential future nominations (Property name / anticipated year of nomination)

Antequera Dolmen Sites / 2016 /

3.2 - Tools used for a preliminary assessment of the potential Outstanding Universal Value

ICOMOS thematic studies
Filling the gaps – an action plan for the future by ICOMOS, Gaps analysis by IUCN
UNESCO's Global Strategy for a representative, balanced and credible World Heritage List

3.3 - Level of involvement in the preparation of the Tentative List

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional / provincial / state / government(s)	Good
Local government(s)	Poor
Other government departments	Poor
UNESCO National Commission	No involvement
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Fair
Local communities / residents	Poor
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Poor
Local industries	No involvement
Non Governmental Organization(s)	Poor
Consultants / experts	Fair
Site manager / coordinator(s)	Fair

3.4 - Was the authority(ies) listed in question 1.4 responsible for the approval and submission of the Tentative List?

Yes

3.5 - If not, what authority(ies) is responsible for the approval and submission of the Tentative List?

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3.6 - Do you intend to update your Tentative List within the next six years?

Yes

3.7 - Comments

The Autonomous Communities (regional governments) propose the nominations but the authority responsible for the approval of the TL is the Historical Heritage Council (coordinating body between the State Administration and the Autonomous Communities in the sphere of cultural heritage). The Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport, as interlocutor with UNESCO, submits the Tentative List to the WHC.

4. Nominations

4.1 - Property

Name	Date of submission	Status
Altamira Cave	1983-12-30	inscribed
Cave of Altamira and Paleolithic Cave Art of Northern Spain	2006-12-27	inscribed
Aqueduc romain, Ségovie	1983-12-30	
Old Town of Segovia and its Aqueduct	1985-11-04	inscribed
Old Town of Segovia and its Aqueduct	2011-04-01	referred
Churches of the Kingdom of the Asturias	1983-12-30	inscribed
Monuments of Oviedo and the Kingdom of the Asturias	1997-07-01	inscribed
Monuments of Oviedo and the Kingdom of the Asturias	2007-01-31	pending
The Mosque of Cordoba	1983-12-30	inscribed
Historic Centre of Cordoba	1993-10-20	inscribed
Alhambra, Generalife and Albayzin, Granada	1983-12-30	inscribed
Alhambra, Generalife and Albayzin, Granada	1993-05-10	inscribed
Santo Domingo de Silos, Burgos	1983-12-30	
Burgos Cathedral	1983-12-30	inscribed
Burgos Cathedral	2013-02-01	referred
The Cathedral of Leon	1983-12-30	
Monastery and Site of the Escorial, Madrid	1983-12-30	inscribed
Museo del Prado	1983-12-30	withdrawn
Parque Güell, Palacio Güell and Casa Mila in Barcelona	1983-12-30	inscribed
Works of Antoni Gaudí	2004-01-28	inscribed
Santiago de Compostela (Old Town)	1984-12-21	inscribed
Old Town of Ávila with its Extra-Muros Churches	1984-12-21	
Old Town of Ávila with its Extra-Muros Churches	1985-11-07	inscribed
Old Town of Ávila with its Extra-Muros Churches	2007-01-30	inscribed
Old Town of Ávila with its Extra-Muros Churches	2007-12-12	referred
Old Town of Ávila with its Extra-Muros Churches	2010-02-01	referred
The cathedral of Jaen	1984-12-21	
Mudejar Architecture of Teruel	1985-12-30	inscribed

Name	Date of submission	Status
Mudejar Architecture of Aragon	2000-06-30	inscribed
Historic City of Toledo	1985-12-30	inscribed
Garajonay National Park	1985-12-30	inscribed
Plaza Mayor de Salamanca	1985-12-30	deferred
Old City of Salamanca	1986-12-04	deferred
Old City of Salamanca	1987-11-13	inscribed
Royal site of San Ildefonso Homestead	1985-12-30	
Cathedral, Alcazar and Archivo de Indias in Seville	1985-12-30	
Cathedral, Alcázar and Archivo de Indias in Seville	1986-12-04	inscribed
Cathedral, Alcázar and Archivo de Indias in Seville	2010-02-01	inscribed
Old Town of Cáceres	1985-12-30	inscribed
Dalt Vila (Ibiza)	1986-12-04	not inscribed
Ibiza, Biodiversity and Culture	1998-06-30	inscribed
Monastery of Poblet	1989-01-03	deferred
Poblet Monastery	1991-04-01	inscribed
Gerona	1989-01-03	not inscribed
Monastery of Sant Pere de Rodes, Gerona	1989-01-03	not inscribed
Colegiata de San Vicente de Cardona (Barcelona)	1989-01-03	not inscribed
Ubeda and Baeza	1989-01-09	not inscribed
The Renaissance monumental ensembles of Ubeda and Baeza	1999-06-30	withdrawn
Renaissance Monumental Ensembles of Úbeda and Baeza	2002-01-25	inscribed
Renaissance Monumental Ensembles of Úbeda and Baeza	2011-01-27	not inscribed
Jaén Cathedral	2013-01-30	
Archaeological Ensemble of Mérida	1992-10-14	inscribed
Royal Monastery of Santa María de Guadalupe	1992-09-25	inscribed
Route of Santiago de Compostela	1992-10-20	inscribed
Chemins de Saint-Jacques du nord de l'Espagne	2012-01-26	Incomplete
Pyrénées - Mont Perdu	1995-09-29	inscribed
Pyrénées - Mont Perdu	1999-08-30	inscribed
Historic Walled Town of Cuenca	1995-10-16	inscribed
La Lonja de la Seda de Valencia	1995-10-06	inscribed
Las Médulas	1996-06-28	inscribed
Palau de la Música Catalana and Hospital de Sant Pau, Barcelona	1996-06-28	inscribed
Palau de la Música Catalana and Hospital de Sant Pau, Barcelona	2007-12-12	inscribed
San Millán Yuso and Suso Monasteries	1996-06-28	inscribed
Prehistoric Rock Art Sites in the Côa Valley and Siega Verde	2009-01-28	inscribed
Rock Art of the Mediterranean Basin on the Iberian Peninsula	1997-07-03	inscribed
Archaeological Ensemble of Tàrraco	1999-07-02	inscribed
University and Historic Precinct of Alcalá de Henares	1997-06-30	inscribed
San Cristóbal de La Laguna	1998-06-30	inscribed
Palmeral of Elche	1998-06-30	inscribed
Roman Walls of Lugo	1999-06-30	inscribed
Catalan Romanesque Churches of the Vall de Boí	1999-06-30	inscribed
Archaeological Site of Atapuerca	1999-06-30	inscribed
Aranjuez Cultural Landscape	2000-06-30	inscribed
Dinosaur ichnite sites in the Iberian Peninsula	2005-01-24	deferred
Dinosaur Ichnites of the Iberian Peninsula	2008-01-31	Incomplete
Dinosaur Ichnites of the Iberian Peninsula	2009-01-28	deferred
Vizcaya Bridge	2005-01-25	inscribed

Name	Date of submission	Status
Teide National Park	2006-01-30	inscribed
The Mediterranean Shore of the Pyrenees	2006-01-31	withdrawn
Tower of Hercules	2008-01-29	inscribed
The Mercury and Silver Binomial on the Intercontinental Camino Real. Almadén, Idrija	2008-01-29	referred
The Mercury and Silver Binomial. Almadén and Idrija with San Luis Potosí	2010-01-26	deferred
Heritage of Mercury. Almadén and Idrija	2011-02-01	inscribed
Cultural Landscape of the Serra de Tramuntana	2010-01-28	inscribed
Plasencia-Monfrague-Trujillo: Mediterranean Landscape	2011-01-27	withdrawn
Cultural Landscape of Valle Salado de Añana	2013-01-30	
Doñana National Park	1993-05-11	inscribed
Doñana National Park	2005-02-01	inscribed

Comment

522bis Jaén Cathedral (Extension): Withdrawn (2014) 1445
 Cultural Landscape of Valle Salado de Añana; Withdrawn (2014)

4.2 - Involvement in recent nominations

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional / provincial / state government(s)	Good
Local government(s)	Good
Other government departments	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	No involvement
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Fair
Local communities / residents	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	Fair
Local industries	Poor
Non Governmental Organization(s)	Poor
Consultants / experts	Fair
Site manager / coordinator	Good

4.3 - Perceived benefits of inscribing properties on the World Heritage List

Strengthened protection of sites (legislative, regulatory, institutional and / or traditional)	High benefit
Enhanced conservation practices	High benefit
Catalyst for wider community appreciation of heritage	High benefit
Improved presentation of sites	Some benefit
Enhanced honour / prestige	Some benefit
Increased funding	Some benefit
Additional tool for lobbying / political influence	Some benefit
Stimulus for enhanced partnerships	Limited benefit
Increased recognition for tourism and public use	High benefit
Stimulus for economic development in surrounding communities	High benefit
Others (please provide details in 4.4)	Not applicable

4.4 - Comments

5. General Policy Development

5.1 - Legislation

Comment

- Law 16/1985 of the Spanish Historical Heritage, developed by Royal Decree 111/1986. - Every Autonomous Community (total 17) has its own Law of Historical Heritage. - National

Plans for Cultural Landscapes, Intangible Heritage, Underwater Heritage, Industrial Heritage, Traditional Architecture, Cathedrals, Monasteries, etc - Law 5/2007 of the National Parks network - Law 43/2003 of Mounts - Law 4/1989 for the conservation of Natural Spaces - Law 42/2007 for Natural Heritage and Biodiversity

5.2 - Legislation not listed in 5.1

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5.3 - Comment

Laws usually include the obligation to develop inventories and lists that help identify different sorts of heritage, both cultural and natural at different levels of legal protection. They also include definitions of different sorts of heritage, preventive and promotion measures and sanctions conducting to the protection of heritage. National Plans establish general guidelines for the protection and management of diverse sorts of heritage at a practical level, with no legal scope.

5.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and / or regulations) adequate for the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and natural heritage?

The legal framework is adequate for the identification, conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

5.5 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and / or regulations) for the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and natural heritage be enforced?

There is excellent capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework .

5.6 - Other International Conventions adhered

Comment

Convention Hague 1954 and Protocols; Convention on Wetlands of International Importance. Ramsar, 1971; Convention on the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property. Paris 1970; Convention Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage. Paris, 2001; Convention Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage. Paris, 2003; Convention Protection of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions. Paris, 2005; EEC 3911/92 export of cultural goods; 93/7/EEC return objects, UNIDROIT.

5.7 - Implementation of International Conventions into national policies

There is adequate coordination and integration.

5.8 - States Party's policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities

There are no specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

5.9 - Integration of heritage into comprehensive / larger scale planning programmes

There are no specific policies, but nonetheless this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

5.10 - Comments

6. Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation

6.1 - To what degree do the principal agencies / institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of this heritage?

There is effective cooperation between principal agencies / institutions for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

6.2 - To what degree do other government agencies cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of natural and cultural heritage?

In general, cooperation exists between other government agencies and the principal agencies / institutions for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage but there are still deficiencies.

6.3 - To what degree do different levels of government cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage?

Different levels of government cooperate effectively for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

6.4 - Are the services provided by the agencies / institutions adequate for the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage properties in your country?

There is adequate capacity within services to conserve, protect and present World Heritage properties.

6.5 - Comments

7. Scientific and Technical Studies and Research

7.1 - Is there a research programme or project specifically for the benefit of World Heritage properties?

There is some research specifically addressing World Heritage.

7.2 - Research projects

- International Meeting on Contemporary Architecture in Historic Cities / 17 to 19 September 2013
International
Cultural
<http://unesco.urbanismosevilla.org/unesco/en>
International experts from diverse fields analyzed and debated topics related to the incorporation of contemporary architecture into historic urban contexts.
- Annual World Heritage Sites Managers Meeting in Spain / Three days a year
National
Both
<http://www.mecd.gob.es/cultura-mecd/areas-cultura/patrimonio/mc/patrimoniomundial/iniciativas/encuentro-de-gestores.html>
A forum to debate, learn and share experiences and best practices of managers and stakeholders of the WH sites in Spain.

- First Iberoamerican Meeting for managers of WH Rock Art Sites / 26 to 29 May 2014
International
Cultural
-
Sharing experiences, practices and results on problems and management of the Rock Art sites.
- Strategic assessment for the incorporation of contemporary architecture in the World Heritage cities / 2007
National
Cultural
-
The purpose is to study the conditions for the incorporation of contemporary buildings in historic cities.
- Working meeting: Content and methodology of management plans in Latin America historical cities, with special reference to World Heritage. / 20 to 24 May 2013
International
Cultural
-
Expert meeting led to reflection on the content and methodology for the preparation of management plans of historic cities, focusing specifically on the Iberoamerican WH cities.

7.3 - Comments

8. Financial Status and Human Resources

8.1 - Sources of funding

National government funds	Major source of sustained funding
Other levels of government (provincial, state, local)	Major source of sustained funding
International assistance from the World Heritage Fund	Not applicable
International multilateral funding (e.g. World Bank, IDB, European Union)	Minor source of fixed term funding
International bilateral funding (e.g. AFD, GTZ, DGCS, GEF, etc.)	Not applicable
NGOs (international and / or national)	Minor source of sustained funding
Private sector funds	Minor source of sustained funding
Other (Please specify in 8.6)	Not applicable

8.2 - Involvement of State Party in the establishment of foundations or associations for raising funds and donation for the protection of World Heritage

No

8.3 - National policies for the allocation of site revenues for conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage

No

8.4 - Is the current budget sufficient to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively at the national level?

The available budget is sufficient but further funding would enable more effective conservation, protection and presentation to meet international best practice standards.

8.5 - Are available human resources adequate to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively at the national level?

Human resources are adequate but additional staffing would enable more effective conservation, protection and presentation to meet international best practice standards.

8.6 - Comments

9. Training

9.1 - Formal training / educational institutions / programs

- Institute of Cultural Heritage of Spain (IPCE) / National / Cultural
The aim of the Institute is to investigate, preserve and restore cultural heritage and establish general guidelines at a national level.

9.2 - Training needs

Conservation	Low priority
Education	High priority
Promotion	Medium priority
Interpretation	Medium priority
Administration	Low priority
Visitor management	Medium priority
Community outreach	High priority
Risk preparedness	Medium priority
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Low priority
Other	Not applicable

9.3 - Does the State Party have a national training/ educational strategy to strengthen capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection and presentation?

There is a national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection and presentation that is effectively implemented.

9.4 - Comments

Question 9.3, the Institute of Cultural Heritage of Spain has among its functions the training of technicians specializing in conservation and restoration of cultural property, through continuous training, participation in post-graduate training, holding seminars and scientific meetings and a program of international cooperation. There is also a National Plan on Education and Heritage.

10. International Cooperation

10.1 - Cooperation with other States Parties

Participation in other UN programmes
Bi-lateral and multi-lateral agreements

Financial support
Sharing expertise for capacity building
Hosting and / or attending international training courses/seminars
Distribution of material / information

10.2 - Twinned World Heritage properties with others

Yes

10.3 - Comments

Projects through the extra-budgetary Funds for the identification, protection, conservation and preservation of the World Heritage located in other countries.

11. Education, Information and Awareness Building

11.1. Media used for World Heritage sites promotion

11.1.1 - Publications

Information
Awareness Raising
International
National

11.1.2 - Films / TV

Not applicable

11.1.3 - Media campaigns

Information
International

11.1.4 - Internet

Information
Awareness Raising
Education
International
National

11.1.5 - Postage stamps, medals

Awareness Raising
National

11.1.6 - World Heritage Day

Information
Awareness Raising
Education
National

11.1.7 - Translation and diffusion of publications made available by the World Heritage Centre

Information
International

11.1.8 - Other (please specify in 11.1.8)

Information
International

11.1.9 - Comments

PUBLICATIONS - World Heritage Cultural Landscapes, Luengo and Rössler, Ayto de Elche, 2012. INTERNET - Web Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport, microsite for World Heritage - Web Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport, microsite for Youth Forums in Spain POSTAGE STAMPS - Tickets series of the National Blind Lottery (2012): WH sites in Spain. WH DAY - Broad participation TRANSLATION OF PUBLICATIONS - World heritage papers OTHERS - Spanish translation of the Committee sessions

11.2. Education, Information and Awareness Building

11.2.1 - Strategy to raise awareness among different stakeholders

There are strategies to raise awareness about conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage that are being effectively implemented.

11.2.2 - Level of general awareness

Private Sector	Poor
Youth	Fair
Communities living in/around heritage sites	Fair
Tourism industry	Fair
Decision makers and public officials	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not Applicable
General public	Fair

11.2.3 - Does the State Party participate in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme?

The State Party participates in UNESCO's *World Heritage in Young Hands programme* and has integrated World Heritage Education in School Curricula.

11.2.4 - Level of frequency of activities

Courses for teachers for the use of the <i>World Heritage in Young Hands Kit</i>	Often
Courses/activities for students within the school programmes	Often
Youth Forums	Regularly
Skills-training courses for students	Occasionally
Organized school visits to World Heritage properties/cultural and natural sites	Regularly
Activities linked to heritage within the framework of UNESCO Clubs/Associations	Regularly
Other (comment below)	Never

11.2.5 - Comments

- World Heritage Managers Meetings in Spain: every year since 2007- Average participation: 60 people. - Iberic World Heritage managers Meetings (Portugal, Andorra, Spain): biannually since 2004. - World Heritage International Youth Forum in Spain: every year since 2009- Average participation: 40 young people from different countries and continents.

12. Conclusions and Recommended Actions

12.1. State Party's implementation of the World Heritage Convention

12.1.1 - Identification of heritage

Identification of heritage
Inventories / lists / registers capture the full diversity of cultural and natural heritage.
Inventories / lists / registers are frequently used for the identification of potential World Heritage Properties.

12.1.2 - National Inventories

National Inventories
National : Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state : Process completed or continually updated
National : Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state : Process completed or continually updated

12.1.3 - Tentative List

Tentative List
Yes

12.1.4 - Legal framework

Legal framework
There is excellent capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework .

12.1.5 - Implementation of international conventions within national policies

Implementation of international conventions within national policies

12.1.6 - Communities

Communities
Local communities / residents: Poor
Level of involvement / consultation of local landowners: Not applicable
Level of involvement / consultation of local industries: Poor
Local communities / residents: Fair
Indigenous peoples: Not applicable
Landowners: Fair

12.1.7 - Larger-scale planning

Larger-scale planning
There are no specific policies, but nonetheless this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

12.1.8 - Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation

Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation
Different levels of government cooperate effectively for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

12.1.9 - Scientific and Technical Studies and Research

Scientific and Technical Studies and Research
There is some research specifically addressing World Heritage.

12.1.10 - Financial status

Financial status
The available budget is sufficient but further funding would enable more effective conservation, protection and presentation to meet international best practice standards.

12.1.11 - Human resources

Human resources
Human resources are adequate but additional staffing would enable more effective conservation, protection and presentation to meet international best practice standards.

12.1.12 - Training

Training
There is a national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection and presentation that is effectively implemented.

12.1.13 - International cooperation

International cooperation
Participation in other UN programmes
Bi-lateral and multi-lateral agreements
Financial support
Sharing expertise for capacity building
Hosting and / or attending international training courses/seminars
Distribution of material / information

12.1.14 - Education, Information and awareness building

Education, Information and awareness building
Private Sector : Poor
Youth : Fair
Communities living in/around heritage sites : Fair

12.2. Actions for the implementation of the *World Heritage Convention* (identified from table 12.1).

12.2.1 - Please select the top issues (up to six)

Please refer to question 5.2

12.3. Priority Actions Assessment

12.3.2 - Priority actions assessment

Answers provided have not outlined any serious management need.

12.3.3 - Additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

13. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

13.1 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

Yes

13.2 - Please provide suggestions for improvement:

More characters in fields regarding legislation or publications would be welcome in order to better reflect the real framework.

13.3 - Please rate the level of support from the following entities for completing the Periodic Report questionnaire

World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors)	Not applicable
UNESCO National Commission	
ICOMOS International	
IUCN International	
ICCROM	
ICOMOS national / regional	
IUCN national / regional	

13.4 - How accessible was the information required to complete the Periodic Report?

All required information was accessible

13.5 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from the previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

UNESCO	Good
Advisory Bodies	Not applicable
State Party	Fair
Site Managers	Fair

13.6 - Comments

14. Thank you