

1. Introduction

1.1 - State Party

Andorra

1.2 - Date of ratification of the World Heritage Convention

03/01/1997

1.3 - Entities involved in the preparation of Section I of the Periodic Reporting

Governmental institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage
World Heritage property managers/coordinators

1.4 - Primary government authorities responsible for the implementation of the Convention

- Olivier Codina
Département du Patrimoine Culturel - Gouvernement d'Andorre
Director
Département du Patrimoine Culturel et de la Politi
- Meritxell Font Vilaginés
Délégation Permanente de la Principauté d'Andorre auprès de l'UNESCO
Délégué Permanent adjoint

Comment

Modifier la charge de M. Olivier Codina: "Directeur du Patrimoine Culturel" Changer le responsable de la Délégation permanente (ce n'est plus Mme. Font): "Délégation Permanente de la Principauté d'Andorre auprès de l'UNESCO Andreu Jordi Tomàs Premier secrétaire de l'ambassade 1 place d'Andorre 75016 Paris Andorra andreujordi@govern.ad

1.5 - Other key institutions responsible

- Josep Maria Naudí
Chef du service de la Communication, des Infrastructures i du Milieu Aquatique
Département du Patrimoine Naturel
Domain: naturel

1.6 - Comments

2. Inventories / lists / registers for cultural and natural heritage

2.1 - Cultural Heritage (Level and Status)

National	Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state	Not applicable
Local	Process commenced
Other (please provide details in 2.7)	Not applicable

2.2 - Natural Heritage (Level and Status)

National	Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state	Not applicable
Local	No process established
Other (please provide details in 2.7)	Not applicable

2.3 - Are inventories/lists/registers adequate to capture the diversity of cultural and natural heritage in the State Party?

Inventories/lists/registers capture some of the diversity of cultural and natural heritage.

2.4 - Are inventories / lists / registers used to protect the identified cultural heritage?

Inventories / lists / registers are frequently used for the protection of cultural heritage.

2.5 - Are inventories / lists / registers used to protect the identified natural heritage?

Inventories / lists / registers are sometimes used for the protection of natural heritage.

2.6 - Are inventories / lists / registers used for the identification of properties for the Tentative List?

Inventories / lists / registers are sometimes used for the identification of potential World Heritage Properties.

2.7 - Comments, conclusions and / or recommendations related to inventories / lists / registers of cultural and natural heritage (questions 2.1 to 2.6)

Le registre du patrimoine culturel national a une valeur informative. Il est utilisé comme base pour l'inscriptions de biens à l'Inventaire Général du Patrimoine et pour la gestion quotidienne des dossiers Les inventaires ont un rôle dans la protection de la faune (Loi relative à la possession et protection des animaux). Les inventaires relatifs à la flore ont un rôle informatif

3. Tentative List

3.1 - Potential future nominations (Property name / anticipated year of nomination)

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3.2 - Tools used for a preliminary assessment of the potential Outstanding Universal Value

Others (please provide details in 3.7)
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3.3 - Level of involvement in the preparation of the Tentative List

National government institution(s)	Fair
Regional / provincial / state / government(s)	Not applicable
Local government(s)	No involvement
Other government departments	No involvement
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	No involvement
Local communities / residents	Not applicable
Indigenous peoples	Not applicable
Landowners	No involvement
Local industries	No involvement
Non Governmental Organization(s)	Fair
Consultants / experts	Poor
Site manager / coordinator(s)	No involvement

3.4 - Was the authority(ies) listed in question 1.4 responsible for the approval and submission of the Tentative List?

Yes

3.5 - If not, what authority(ies) is responsible for the approval and submission of the Tentative List?

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3.6 - Do you intend to update your Tentative List within the next six years?

Yes

3.7 - Comments

La liste indicative a été élaborée à partir des inventaires nationaux, elle doit être revue et le système employé pour son établissement affiné.

4. Nominations

4.1 - Property

Name	Date of submission	Status
Madriu-Perafita-Claror Valley	2003-01-31	inscribed
Madriu-Perafita-Claror Valley	2006-05-30	inscribed

4.2 - Involvement in recent nominations

National government institution(s)	Good
Regional / provincial / state government(s)	No involvement
Local government(s)	Fair
Other government departments	Fair
UNESCO National Commission	Fair
Local authorities within or adjacent to the property	Fair
Local communities / residents	Fair
Indigenous peoples	No involvement
Landowners	Fair
Local industries	No involvement
Non Governmental Organization(s)	Good
Consultants / experts	Good
Site manager / coordinator	No involvement

4.3 - Perceived benefits of inscribing properties on the World Heritage List

Strengthened protection of sites (legislative, regulatory, institutional and / or traditional)	Some benefit
Enhanced conservation practices	Limited benefit
Catalyst for wider community appreciation of heritage	Limited benefit
Improved presentation of sites	Limited benefit
Enhanced honour / prestige	Some benefit
Increased funding	Low benefit
Additional tool for lobbying / political influence	Not applicable
Stimulus for enhanced partnerships	Limited benefit
Increased recognition for tourism and public use	Limited benefit
Stimulus for economic development in surrounding communities	Low benefit
Others (please provide details in 4.4)	

4.4 - Comments

L'appréciation générale de l'inscription est relativement bonne mais, dans l'attente de sa traduction en plans d'action, la phase de diagnostic et inventaire est peu visible et génère un sentiment d'inaction. La mise en place des premières actions concrètes a modifié positivement cette opinion.

5. General Policy Development

5.1 - Legislation

Comment

La protection du Patrimoine Culturel et naturel (faune et flore) est inscrite dans la constitution andorrane. Actuellement, les principaux textes législatifs en vigueur ont trait à la protection du patrimoine culturel, de la faune et à la gestion du milieu aquatique. . Loi 9/2003 du Patrimoine Culturel (en cours de modification) . Loi 13/2012 de la possession et protection des animaux. . Loi de la pêche et de la gestion des milieux aquatiques (BOPA 24/07/2002)

5.2 - Legislation not listed in 5.1

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5.3 - Comment

La Loi générale de l'aménagement du territoire mentionne la protection du patrimoine culturel et naturel. Mis à part l'Inventaire Général du Patrimoine Culturel et les zones de protection naturelle naturel d'intérêt national, elle établit que les communes (municipalités) doivent établir un inventaire (catalogue) des édifices, espaces et éléments d'intérêt historique, monumental, culturel, naturel et les itinéraires d'intérêt de la paroisse (commune) dont elles fixent le degré de protection

5.4 - Is the legal framework (i.e. legislation and / or regulations) adequate for the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and natural heritage?

The legal framework is adequate for the identification, conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

5.5 - Can the legal framework (i.e. legislation and / or regulations) for the identification, conservation and protection of the State Party's cultural and natural heritage be enforced?

Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework could be strengthened.

5.6 - Other International Conventions adhered

Comment

L'Andorre a ratifié les conventions culturelles européennes de Grenade sur le patrimoine architectural (1999), de la Valette sur le patrimoine archéologique (1998) et de Florence sur le paysage (2012). Elle a adhéré également à la convention de Berne sur la vie sauvage et milieu naturel de l'Europe (2000) et à celle de Ramsar sur les zones humides d'importance internationale (2012).

5.7 - Implementation of International Conventions into national policies

There is limited coordination and integration.

5.8 - States Party's policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities

There are no specific policies to give heritage a function in the life of communities but this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

5.9 - Integration of heritage into comprehensive / larger scale planning programmes

There are no specific policies, but nonetheless this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

5.10 - Comments

Dans la plupart des cas il ne s'agit pas de stratégie globale mais de politiques sectorielles ciblées.

6. Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation

6.1 - To what degree do the principal agencies / institutions responsible for cultural and natural heritage cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of this heritage?

There is some cooperation between the principal agencies / institutions for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage but improvements are possible.

6.2 - To what degree do other government agencies cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of natural and cultural heritage?

There is limited cooperation between other government agencies and the principal agencies / institutions for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

6.3 - To what degree do different levels of government cooperate in the identification, conservation, protection and presentation of cultural and natural heritage?

There is limited cooperation between different levels of government for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

6.4 - Are the services provided by the agencies / institutions adequate for the conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage properties in your country?

There is some capacity to conserve, protect and present World Heritage properties but significant deficiencies remain.

6.5 - Comments

7. Scientific and Technical Studies and Research

7.1 - Is there a research programme or project specifically for the benefit of World Heritage properties?

There is no research programme specifically addressing World Heritage.

7.2 - Research projects

- Évolution historique du paysage de moyenne et haute montagne / 2013
National
Cultural
archéologie du paysage

7.3 - Comments

En relation au bien inscrit au patrimoine mondial, une première phase de recherche est antérieure à l'inscription, une seconde a eu lieu entre 2006 et 2009 et la dernière phase est en cours. L'échelle géographique du pays permet d'inscrire ces recherches dans un cadre national raison pour laquelle il n'y a pas de projet strictement centré sur le bien inscrit.

8. Financial Status and Human Resources

8.1 - Sources of funding

National government funds	Major source of fixed term funding
Other levels of government (provincial, state, local)	Minor source of fixed term funding
International assistance from the World Heritage Fund	Not applicable
International multilateral funding (e.g. World Bank, IDB, European Union)	Not applicable
International bilateral funding (e.g. AFD, GTZ, DGCS, GEF, etc.)	Not applicable
NGOs (international and / or national)	Not applicable
Private sector funds	Not applicable
Other (Please specify in 8.6)	Not applicable

8.2 - Involvement of State Party in the establishment of foundations or associations for raising funds and donation for the protection of World Heritage

No

8.3 - National policies for the allocation of site revenues for conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage

No

8.4 - Is the current budget sufficient to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively at the national level?

The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the conservation, protection and presentation needs.

8.5 - Are available human resources adequate to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage effectively at the national level?

A range of human resources exist, but they are below optimum to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage.

8.6 - Comments

9. Training

9.1 - Formal training / educational institutions / programs

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9.2 - Training needs

Conservation	High priority
Education	High priority
Promotion	High priority

Interpretation	Medium priority
Administration	Low priority
Visitor management	Medium priority
Community outreach	Medium priority
Risk preparedness	Medium priority
Enforcement (custodians, police)	Medium priority
Other	Not applicable

9.3 - Does the State Party have a national training/ educational strategy to strengthen capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection and presentation?

There is no national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation, protection and presentation but nonetheless this is being done on an ad hoc basis.

9.4 - Comments

10. International Cooperation

10.1 - Cooperation with other States Parties

No cooperation
Financial support

10.2 - Twinned World Heritage properties with others

No

10.3 - Comments

11. Education, Information and Awareness Building

11.1. Media used for World Heritage sites promotion

11.1.1 - Publications

Information
National

11.1.2 - Films / TV

Information
National

11.1.3 - Media campaigns

Information
International
National
Local

11.1.4 - Internet

Information
National

11.1.5 - Postage stamps, medals

Information

National

11.1.6 - World Heritage Day

Not applicable

11.1.7 - Translation and diffusion of publications made available by the World Heritage Centre

Not applicable

11.1.8 - Other (please specify in 11.1.8)

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11.1.9 - Comments

11.2. Education, Information and Awareness Building

11.2.1 - Strategy to raise awareness among different stakeholders

There are no strategies to raise awareness about conservation, protection and presentation of World Heritage.

11.2.2 - Level of general awareness

Private Sector	Poor
Youth	Fair
Communities living in/around heritage sites	Fair
Tourism industry	Poor
Decision makers and public officials	Fair
Indigenous peoples	Not Applicable
General public	Fair

11.2.3 - Does the State Party participate in UNESCO's World Heritage in Young Hands programme?

The State Party does not participate in UNESCO's *World Heritage in Young Hands programme*.

11.2.4 - Level of frequency of activities

Courses for teachers for the use of the <i>World Heritage in Young Hands Kit</i>	
Courses/activities for students within the school programmes	
Youth Forums	
Skills-training courses for students	
Organized school visits to World Heritage properties/cultural and natural sites	
Activities linked to heritage within the framework of UNESCO Clubs/Associations	
Other (comment below)	

11.2.5 - Comments

Il n'y a pas de formation scolaire spécifique relative au patrimoine mondial, mais cette notion est intégrée dans les activités relatives au patrimoine culturel et des visites scolaires sont organisées occasionnellement sur le site du patrimoine mondial.

12. Conclusions and Recommended Actions

12.1. State Party's implementation of the *World Heritage Convention*

12.1.1 - Identification of heritage

Identification of heritage
Inventories capture some of the diversity of cultural and natural heritage.
Inventories / lists / registers are sometimes used for the identification of potential World Heritage Properties.

12.1.2 - National Inventories

National Inventories
National : Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state : Not applicable
National : Process completed or continually updated
Regional / provincial / state : Not applicable

12.1.3 - Tentative List

Tentative List
Yes

12.1.4 - Legal framework

Legal framework
Existing capacity/resources to enforce the legal framework could be strengthened.

12.1.5 - Implementation of international conventions within national policies

Implementation of international conventions within national policies

12.1.6 - Communities

Communities
Local communities / residents: Not applicable
Level of involvement / consultation of local landowners: Not applicable
Level of involvement / consultation of local industries: No involvement
Local communities / residents: Fair
Indigenous peoples: No involvement
Landowners: Fair

12.1.7 - Larger-scale planning

Larger-scale planning
There are no specific policies, but nonetheless this is being achieved on an ad hoc basis.

12.1.8 - Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation

Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation
There is limited cooperation between different levels of government for the conservation and protection of cultural and natural heritage.

12.1.9 - Scientific and Technical Studies and Research

Scientific and Technical Studies and Research
There is no research programme specifically addressing World Heritage.

12.1.10 - Financial status

Financial status
The available budget is acceptable but could be further improved to fully meet the conservation, protection and presentation needs.

12.1.11 - Human resources

Human resources
A range of human resources exist, but they are below optimum to conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage.

12.1.12 - Training

Training
Ad hoc basis for national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation.

12.1.13 - International cooperation

International cooperation
No cooperation
Financial support

12.1.14 - Education, Information and awareness building

Education, Information and awareness building
Private Sector : Poor
Youth : Fair
Communities living in/around heritage sites : Fair

12.2. Actions for the implementation of the *World Heritage Convention* (identified from table 12.1).

12.2.1 - Please select the top issues (up to six)

Please refer to question 5.2

12.3. Priority Actions Assessment

12.3.2 - Priority actions assessment

2 Inventories / lists / registers for cultural and natural heritage						
		Action	Short description	Authority(ies) responsible	Timeframe	May this action require International Assistance from the World Heritage Fund?
2.3	Inventories capture some of the diversity of cultural and natural heritage.	Implémentation de certains inventaires sectoriels	La connaissance est fort avancée pour certains types de patrimoines classiques, notamment monumental. Il l'est moins pour le patrimoine vernaculaire qui a été longtemps considéré comme mineur ou pour certains aspects naturels.	Divers ministères et administrations impliquées	Processus entamé et se trouvant à des degrés de réalisation divers selon le champ d'application. Des résultats significatifs sur l'ensemble du territoire ne peuvent être attendus qu'à moyen terme.	Non
5 General Policy Development						
5.7	There is limited coordination or integration of different legal instruments for the development of heritage conservation, protection and presentation policies.	Favoriser la coordination entre les divers secteurs chargés de la protection du patrimoine (naturel et culturel)	Favoriser la communication et les synergies entre les divers champs de la protection. Certaines actions bénéfiques restent peu connues des autres intervenants et la vision reste fréquemment sectorielle.	Divers niveaux de l'échelle de prises de décision.	Non fixé. Moyen et long terme	Non
6 Status of Services for Protection, Conservation and Presentation						
6.2	There is limited capacity to adequately conserve, protect and present cultural and natural heritage and significant deficiencies remain.	Sensibilisation sur les enjeux de la protection	Mise en place d'une politique transversale pour sensibiliser envers les enjeux de protection patrimoniale, en particulier ceux associés à l'authenticité. Actions adressées à tous les acteurs afin de favoriser leur prise en compte.	Divers niveaux de l'échelle de prises de décision.	Non fixé. Moyen et long terme	Non
9 Training						
9.3	Ad hoc basis for national strategy for capacity development in the field of heritage conservation.	Impulser l'accès à des formations techniques en matière de conservation.	Accroître les possibilités de formation pour développer les compétences, les savoirs faire et les techniques associées au patrimoine traditionnel. Le nombre de spécialistes formés en matière de patrimoine est relativement restreint.	Non fixé. Attendu l'échelle géographique du pays et les débouchées potentielles, les actions doivent tenir compte de la masse critique minimale pour assurer un rendement acceptable des initiatives.	Non établi. Long terme.	Non

12.3.3 - Additional actions for the implementation of the World Heritage Convention

13. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting Exercise

13.1 - Was the questionnaire easy to use and clear to understand?

Yes

13.2 - Please provide suggestions for improvement:

13.3 - Please rate the level of support from the following entities for completing the Periodic Report questionnaire

World Heritage Centre	Good
UNESCO (other sectors)	Not applicable
UNESCO National Commission	Not applicable
ICOMOS International	Not applicable
IUCN International	Not applicable
ICCROM	Not applicable
ICOMOS national / regional	Not applicable
IUCN national / regional	Not applicable

13.4 - How accessible was the information required to complete the Periodic Report?

All required information was accessible

13.5 - Please rate the follow-up to conclusions and recommendations from the previous Periodic Reporting exercise by the following entities

UNESCO	Not applicable
Advisory Bodies	Not applicable
State Party	Not applicable
Site Managers	Not applicable

13.6 - Comments

14. Thank you