

PERIODIC REPORTING EXERCISE ON THE APPLICATION OF THE WORLD HERITAGE CONVENTION

SECTION I

Application of the World Heritage Convention by the State Party

State Party: The Socialist Republic of Vietnam

PERIODIC REPORTING FOR WELL PLANNED HERITAGE PRESERVATION

Background

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The twenty-ninth General Conference of UNESCO, held in 1997, decided to activate Article 29 of the World Heritage Convention concerning the submission of periodic reports on the state of implementation of the World Heritage Convention (Section I) and the State of Conservation of World Heritage properties (Section II). The national authorities are invited to report on Section I, while Section II shall be prepared for each property inscribed on the World Heritage list by the person(s) directly in charge of the property's management.

The periodic reports prepared by the States Parties will serve a three-fold purpose:

- * to assess the current state of all World Heritage related issues in a State Party,
- * to help focus the Committee's as well as the State Party's future activities and funds,
- to strengthen sub-regional and regional co-operation between States Parties.

The Periodic Reporting Questionnaire

In 1998, at its twenty-second session, the World Heritage Committee approved Explanatory Notes, designed to be read in conjunction with the Periodic Reporting Format, in order to outline the information expected to flow from the periodic reporting exercise. To facilitate the preparation of the report, a Questionnaire was developed that the States Parties are encouraged to use. It closely follows the subjects referred to in the Explanatory Notes, but in contrast to the latter splits the subjects up into short questions to be answered in a few sentences or paragraphs. A second type of question requires the indication of YES or NO by circling or underlining the appropriate answer. All questions are clearly identified with a little number in the right hand column of the Questionnaire. To make the reporting results meaningful <u>every</u> one of these questions has to be answered. If no answer is possible, the reasons should be given. If the available space is not sufficient for the answer, the response should be continued on a separate sheet of paper, clearly indicating the number of the question the text refers to (e.g. 006).

Benefits for the States Parties

The Questionnaire was developed in such a way as to allow to extract and compile or compare relevant information from different States Parties or properties, facilitating the process of preparing the regional synthesis report to be presented to the World Heritage Committee. The YES / NO questions make it possible to evaluate the reports quantitatively, but only the details that should be supplied in the related 'open question' make the answers meaningful and can be the basis for concerted actions to preserve a State Party's most valuable heritage for its transmission to future generations.

The information collected in this way will help the States Parties to assess their own strengths and weaknesses concerning the implementation of the World Heritage Convention, putting them in a position to (re)define policies and to request assistance in order to finance projects and / or training. On the other hand it allows the World Heritage Committee to collect information needed to devise *Regional Action Plans*, give well-informed advice to States Parties and to focus funds as well as attention on the region(s), States Parties and / or properties that need the collective support of the international community.

The preparation process of the regional periodic report will furthermore enhance regional cooperation through information meetings as well as through the better availability of regularly up-dated information on activities as well as contact addresses etc. The identification of the State Party's strengths makes it possible to exchange experiences and look for solutions to problems (e.g. of site conservation) within the region.

Conclusion

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Periodic Reporting is a participatory exercise, aiming to collect information on World Heritage related issues on a national as well as on the property level. The individual State Party reports will be collated into a regional synthesis report to be presented to the World Heritage Committee. This information will enhance cooperation between the Committee and the States Parties and allow to focus funds and activities more efficiently, allowing the States Parties to protect their most valuable heritage more effectively for transmission to future generations.

PERIODIC REPORTING ON THE APPLICATION OF THE WORLD HERITAGE CONVENTION

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SECTION I: APPLICATION OF THE WORLD HERITAGE CONVENTION BY THE STATE PARTY

I.1. Introduction

- a. State Party
- b. Year of ratification or acceptance of the Convention
- c. Organization(s) or entity(ies) responsible for the preparation of the report
- d. Date of the report
- e. Signature on behalf of State Party

I.2. Identification of cultural and natural heritage properties

- a. National inventories
- b. Tentative List
- c. Nominations

I.3. Protection, conservation and presentation of the cultural and natural heritage

- a. General policy development
- b. Status of services for protection, conservation and presentation
- c. Scientific and technical studies and research
- d. Measures for identification, protection, conservation, presentation and rehabilitation
- e. Training
- I.4. International co-operation and fund raising

1.5. Education, information and awareness building

I.6. Conclusions and recommended action

- a. Main conclusions
- b. Proposed future action(s)
- c. Responsible implementing agency(ies)
- d. Timeframe for implementation
- e. Needs for international assistance.

I.7. Assessment of the Periodic Reporting exercise for Section I

I.1. Introduction

2	Country (and State Party if different): The Socialist Republic of Vietnam	001
l	Year of ratification or acceptance of the preparation of this report: October, 1987	002
0	Organisation(s) or entity(ies) reponsible for this report:	003
ļ	Ministry of Culture and Information, and Vietnam National Commission for UNESCO	
	Organisation: Department of Conservation and Museology	
	Person responsible: Dr TRUONG QUOC BINH, Deputy Gen. Director	
	Address: 51 – 53 NGO QUYEN	
	City and post code: Hanoi	
ł	Telephone: 84-4-9435590 (Office) Mobile 84-0913524945	Ì
	Fax: 84-4-9439929 (Office) 84-4-8356081	
	E-mail: <u>DocamVN@hn.vnn.vn</u>	
d	Date of the report: October, 25, 2002	004
e	Signature on behalf of the State Party	005
ł	Signature:	ļ
	Name: Dr TRUONG QUOC BINH	
	Function: Deputy Gen. Director Department of Conservation and Museology	!
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I.2. Identification of the cultural and natural properties

This item refers in particular to Articles 3,4 and 11 of the Convention regarding the identification of cultural and natural heritage and the nomination of properties for inscription on the World Heritage List.

a	National inventories	
	Inventories of cultural and natural heritage of nationl significance form the basic for the identification of possible World Heritage properties. Indicate the organisation(s) or intitution(s) responsible for the preparation and updating of these national inventories (if different from those named under question 003).	006
	Organisation(s)/ Institution(s): Department of Conservation and Museology	
	Person(s) responsible: Dr DANG VAN BAI Gen. Director	
	Address: 51 – 53 NGO QUYEN	
	City and post code: Hanoi	
	Telephone: 84-4-9436711	
	Fax: <i>84-4-9439929</i>	
	E-mail: DocamVN@hn.vnn.vn	
	If the space on the Questionnaire is not sufficient, please continue on a separate	page.

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	Indicate if and to what extent inventories lists and/or registers at the local, state and/or national level exist:	007
	Have you undertaken the preparation of lists or of national inventories on one or several of the following levels:	008
	NATIONAL (/) STATE/ PROVINCE (/) LOCAL ()	
I	NO inventory (list or registry) has been developed ()	
	When was (were) the inventory (inventories) compiled, please give date(s): On going	009

b	Tentative list	[
	Article 11 of the Convention refers to the submission by States Parties of inventories of properties suitable for inclusion in the World Heritage List, so-called Tentative List. Have you submitted a Tentative List of natural and/or cultural properties in your country since your adhesion to the World Heritage Convention: YES/NO	010
	Provide the dates of submission of the Tentative List (if any): 1991, 1997	011
	Provide the dates of any revision made since its submission (if any): 1997	012
	Name institution(s) responsible for identifying and delineating the properties included in the Tentative List (if different from those named under question 003):	013
	Organisation(s) Institution(s): Department of Conservation and Museology	
	Person(s) responsible: Dr TRUONG QUOC BINH, Deputy Gen. Director	
	Address: 51 – 53 NGO QUYEN	
	City and post code: Hanoi	
	Telephone: 84-4-9435590 Mobile 84-0913524945	
	Fax: 84-4-9439929 (Office) 84-4-8356081 (Home)	
	E-mail: DocamVN@hn.vnn.vn	

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1.2.b continued

In accodance with paragraphs 7 and 8 of the Operational Guidelines, with the coodination of UNESCO and the World Heritage Center in implementing the Convention, the Goverment of Vietnam is also encounraged to provide a description of the process of preparation and revision of the Tentative List. Process of preparation and revision of the Tentative Lists: 1990-1991 and 1996-1997

Collaboration and co-operation with local authorities and people: the local authorities were consulted for the selection: Intersectoral meettings. the local population was consulted for the selection: Local meetting in each nomination site area

Were the local authorities consulted for the identification:	YESNO	015
Was the local population consulted for the identification:	YESTO	016

C	Nominations			
	List the properties that have been nom List, giving the name of the property, t date of inscription or extensio. Also in withdrawn or not examined by the Wo	he date of sub clude propertie	mission and, if applicable the es that were deferred, referred,	017
	Name of property De	ate of submissi	on Date of inscription	
	1- Hue Monuments (cultural)	July,15,1991	inscribed in 1993	
	2- Huong Son (landscape)	July,15,1991	Refer	
	3- CucPhuong National Park (natural)	July,15,1991	Defer	
	4- Ha long Bay (natural)	July,15,1991	inscribed 1994	
	5- Hoa Lu (cultural)	July,15,1991	Defer	
	6- My Son (cultural)	Nov, 15,1997	inscribed 1999	
	7- Hoi An (cultural)	Nov,15,1997	inscribed 1999	i
	8- Sapa (cultural)	Nov, 15, 1997		
	9- BaBe Lake (natural)	Nov,15,1997		
	10-Phong Nha Ke Bang National Park	Nov,15,1997	On going (not examined by the WHC)	

I.2.c continued

Please provide an analysis of the process by which these nominations are prepared, indicating also to which degree this was done in collaboration and co-operation with local authorities and people:

The nominations are prepared by the Department of Conservation and Museology, Ministry of Culture and Information, co-operation with the authorities of Vietnam National Commission for UNESCO, Ministry of Agriculture and Urban Development, Ministry of Science Technology and Envirenment, Genral Department of Tourism, National Center of Humanity Science, IUCN, FFI, WWF... and authorities and people of provinces : Thua thien-Hue, Quang Ninh, Quang Nam, Quang Binh Ha Tay and, Ninh Binh

Describe the motivation for entering into the nomination process:

The act of inlisting of Vietnamese cultural and natural heritage in the World Heritage List generated more enthusiasm to the Vietnamese authorities in Preserving and Safeguarding the Heritage. Special legal and technical measure have been undertaken for safeguarding and preserving the authenticity and environment of the protected heritage zone, technical and financial resources have been mobilized though national as well as international resources.

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Detail the obstacles and difficulties encountered in that process as well as the perceived benefits of World Heritage listing and the lessons learnt:

Obstacles or difficulities encountered: Lack of experience and technical equipments - Strengthen the co-operation with UNESCO and International Technical Experts.

- The process by wich these nominations are prepared is good ocation for making the documentation of the sites, strengthen the co-operation between the MOCI and other Institutions and Sectors including the local level and strengthen the consulation to the local communities.

I.3. Protection, conservation and presentation of the cultural and natural heritage

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This item refers in particular to Articles 4 and 5 of the Convention, in which States Parties recognise their duty of ensuring the identification, protection, conservation, presentation and transmission to future generations of the cultural and natural World Heritage and that effective and active measures are taken to this effect. Article 5 of the Convention specifies the following measures:

General policy development	
Provide information on the adoption of policies that aim to give the cultural and na heritage a function in the life of the community, including the dates of their elaboration implementation:	ntural n and
Vietnam recognizes that the duty of ensuring the indentification, protect conservation, presentation and transmission to future generations of the cultural natural heritage situated on its territory, belongs primarily to Vietnam. It will do all it to this end, to the utmost of its own resources and, where appropriate, with international assistance and co-operation, inparticular, financial, artistic, scientific technical, which it may be able to obtain. The adoption of policies that aim to give the cultural and natural heritage a fu- in the life of the community. The operational policy and plans aiming to give the Herit function in the life of the community are the National Programme for Sufeguardin National Cultural Heritage form 1994 up to now.	it can any c and untion tage a
Provide information on the way the State Party or the relevant authorities has (have) steps to integrate the protection of World Heritage properties into comprehensive plat programmes. Indicate also the level on which the integration takes place (e.g. nat	nning
state / provincial or local):	
The efforts made by Vietnam to intergrate the Heritage in a national manage	ement
and development policy, at the following level on which the integration takes place: National:	<u>1</u>
National: - Strengthen the legistation system for protection of cultural and natural heritage an sustainable development of tourism, in particular the "Law on Cultural Heritage"	
National: - Strengthen the legistation system for protection of cultural and natural heritage an sustainable development of tourism, in particular the "Law on Cultural Heritage" adopted on June, 2001. - Making and implementation the "National Programme for Safeguarding of the Cu	" was
National: - Strengthen the legistation system for protection of cultural and natural heritage an sustainable development of tourism, in particular the "Law on Cultural Heritage" adopted on June, 2001. - Making and implementation the "National Programme for Safeguarding of the Cu Heritage" Provincial:	" was
National: - Strengthen the legistation system for protection of cultural and natural heritage an sustainable development of tourism, in particular the "Law on Cultural Heritage" adopted on June, 2001. - Making and implementation the "National Programme for Safeguarding of the Cu Heritage" Provincial:	" was
 Strengthen the legistation system for protection of cultural and natural heritage an sustainable development of tourism, in particular the "Law on Cultural Heritage" adopted on June, 2001. Making and implementation the "National Programme for Safeguarding of the Cu Heritage" Provincial: Establishment and strengthen the management system of the sites. 	" was Itural

1.3.a continued

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- Areas where improvement would be desirable:
Lack of co-operation of inter-ministries for protection
and promotion of heritage, lack of funds,
lack of scientific-technological equipments
- More inter-ministrial and international Co-operation
for intergrated development which the Vietnamese Gorverment
is working should be indicated

1	Status of services for protection, conservation and presentation	n gir si Dafalar
	Provide information on any services for protection, conservation and presentation of heritage within the territories of the State Party which have been set up or have been substantially improved since ratification of the World Heritage Convention, if applicable:	024
	 The Center of Preservation of Hue Old City's Monuments (1993) The Department of Ha Long Bay Managment (1995) The Center of Preservation of Hoi An Monuments (2000) The Management Boad of My Son Monuments (2000) The Ceneter of Heritage and Monuments Management Department of Quang Nam Province (2000) 	
	- Plan to establish the "National Cultural Heritage Council" under Primer Minister and "Cultural Heritage Department" under Ministry of Culture and Information .	
	Give the number of staff on the national level directly involved in protection, conservation and presentation of cultural and natural heritage: <i>About 2000 staffs on national level</i>	02:
	Assess their means to discharge their function in terms of influence on policy making and implementation:	02
ł	The number of staff is inadequate and lack the technical facitities necessary for	

I.3.b continued

027 Indicate areas where improvement would be desirable, and towards which the State Party is working:

The areas where improvement would be dsirable: Lack of professional training, in paticular on the conservation and management.

The State Party will be: Strengthening staff qualified numbers with professional degrees in response to the working requirements; strengthening capacity of the leadership and staff on the national level directly involved in protection, conservation and presentation of cul tural and natural heritage.

Scientific and technical studies and escarabs

List significant scientific and technical studies or research projects of a generic nature (site 028 specific information should be reported upon under Section II.4) that would benefit World Heritage properties, initiated or completed. Indian's also how the study results are disseminated and/or how they can be accessed.

- Since 1973, UNESCO has conducted various mission involving prominent experts to Hue to evaluate, set plan of action and define technical and financial assistance. From 1981 up to date, many scientific and technical studies concerning UNESCO International Campaign for the Safeguarding the Hue Monuments- Wold Heritage Site.

- The scientific and technical study concerning My Son- Word Heritage Site of Polish- Vietnamese Project (1982-1990) of Italian- Vietnamese and UNESCO Project from 1999-2001.

- The scientific and technical study concerning Hoi An Wold Heritage Site of Japan, UNESCO.

- The scientific and technical study concerning Ha Long Bay - Wold Heritage Site of UNESCO, IUCN and UNDP Project.

029 List the areas where improvement would be desirable and towards which the State Party is working:

- Improving facilities and material suporting the heritage's management

- Strengthening the training and re-training in situ for the technical staff

- Co-operation for ognization the study visit and study in conservation in abroad such as in Lucknow, India; Japan; Australia...

- Co-operation with international universities on protection and conservation training cultural heritage.

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	ar country have		and policies of	concerning identification of national heritage	
	,,		Tenaomation	YES/NO	
tourism de	old Heritage Site evelopment in th	s are designeated as e National Platfor	the key sites and m for Socio-Ec	d figures as a priority for conomic Development o	r f 0
natural her essential fa Te been estab	itage constitutes ction in the develourism pressures lished. Due to b	a special tourist reso opment of tourism al exit in World Herito lax enforcenment	ource and that co ond the enhancen age Sites. Althou of tourism cont	seted that the cultural and ultural conservation is an ment of national assets. Igh tourism controls hav prols, sites are extremel	e v
vulnerable and Inform concerning national h	to tourism presss nation and Gene indentification critage, Particula	ure. Therefore, the c ral Department of V protection, conserv	ngreement betwee Tetnam Tourism vation, preservat given to services	n the Ministry of Cultur have specific regulation ion and rehabilitation of s aiming at the protection	e n J
If such m World He	easures have beer ritage Convention	taken, have they ha	nd an impact on t	the implementation of the YES / NO Economic benifits retaine	
locally.Incr businesses, understandi The as well as buildings.N	ease in income of such as souvern ng of heritage valu negative impact: S unorganized deve legative impact of r	the local people wh ir shops, restaurants es ome cultural heritage lopment of land, esp natural environment to	o live nearby the , hotels, local th may be disturberd ecially for housing the world heritag	e site through a variety of canportation, etc;Increasin due to graffiti by the visito ng, hotells, and commerci	n a
packages L	aboratory intensiv of its control.	e research on the imp	pact of the chemic	cal used in conservation a	ni
	ocal communities	involved in the co	nservation and j	crotection of natural and YES NO	
	es in the conserv			articipation of the loca ultural heritage and assess	
including	ndigenous peopl		ng generation	of the locul communities in the conservation an y, Hoi An	

I.3.d continued

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Is the private sector involved in the conservation and protection of natural and cultural heritage?	036
Describe the actions undertaken to involve the private sector in the conservation and protection of natural and cultural heritage sites:	037
The actions undertaken to involve the private sector in the conservation and protection of the World Heritage:	
- Participation the part of restoration and conservation projects of cultural heritage sites.	
Are NGO's involved in the conservation and protection of natural and cultural heritage?	038
YES NO	
Describe the actions undertaken to involve NGO's in the conservation and protection of natural and cultural heritage sites:	039
NGO's are involved in the protection and conservation of cultural and natural	
heritage sites:	
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Participation the protection and monitoring activities of heritage sites	
- Contribute toward the increase public awareness on heritage	
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Indicate if, on the basis of the experiences gained, policy and/or legal reform is considered necessary:	040
TES INO	
Describe why this is the case and how a new policy / legislation should be conceived:	041
Vietnam 's accession to the World Heritage Convention on 1987, was another milestone in an age-old tradition of commitment by the goverment and people to the	r e
underlying sprit of this international instrument- expressed in Vietnam as a celebration of the complementarity of nature and culture and the integration of conservation with the life	f -
of the community	
In view of the provisions of this Convention and the evolving socio-economic changes in the cuontry as a result of the Renovation Policy, the Pallament of Vietnam has	s s
formulate a new "Law on Cultural Heritage". This covers basic elements such as the	е
protection, registration and classification of cultural property, trade in cultural property	<i>י</i> ,
change discoveries and the regulation of archaeological excavations. It also establishes the National Heritage Council as the competent authority for the implementation of the	e e
national Heritage Council as the completent duthority for the implementation of an national law and UNESCO Convention	

1.3.d continued

Which other international conventions for the protection of cultural or natural heritage have ⁰⁴² been signed or ratified by the State Party:

- Convention on westlands of international importance especially as waterfowl habitat, RAMSAR, 2/2/1971

- Convention on international trade in endanered species of wild fauna and flora, March, 3, 1973.

-Vienna convention for the protection of the ozone layer

- United nations framework Convention on Climate change

- Convention on Biological Diversity.

Describe how the application of these different legal instruments is coordinated and otal integrated in national policies and planning:

The application of different legal instruments is coordinated and intergrated in national policies and planning is importance basic not only for² the protection of oustanding values of cultural and natural properties but also for the maintain and protect the surrounding landscape and the invirenment of the sites.

Indicate relevant scientific and technical measures that the State Party or relevant institutions within the State have taken for the identification, protection, conservation, presentation and rehabilitation of cultural and natural heritage:

Repair, maintenance, restoration, conservation treatment of cultural property, con truction, expansion, recontruction, renovation, management, evacuation and conservation treatment of architectural structure...

If the space on the Questionnaire is not sufficient, please continue on a separate page, clearly labelling the answer with the corresponding number of the question (e.g. 006).

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1.3.d continued

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Indicate relevant financial measures that the State Party or relevant authorities have t for the identification, protection, conservation, presentation and rehabilitation of cul and natural heritage:	tural
The revelant financial measures that the State Party or relevant authorities have tak not enough for the indentification, protection, conservation, presentation and rehability of cultural and natural heritage	
Is there on annual had at allowing for the material and the state of t	itage 04
Is there an annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Heri sites in your country?	NO
If YES, is it specifically for a property or is it part of a regular budget covering culture	and 04
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Her	itage
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Her	itage
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Her	itage
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Her	itage
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Here ites in Vietnam is the part of a regular budget covering cultue and environment. Give detailed information on the presentation of cultural and natural heritage, which refer to publications, internet web pages, films, stamps, postcards, books, etc. (please a	ı can ⁰⁴
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Here ites in Vietnam is the part of a regular budget covering cultue and environment. Give detailed information on the presentation of cultural and natural heritage, which refer to publications, internet web pages, films, stamps, postcards, books, etc. (please ar examples for all World Heritage properties, if possible): The presentation anf the provision of information of the heritage to the ge- bubblic are an essential method of promoting and understanding of the origins	t can ⁰⁴ ttach <i>neral</i>
environment? The annual budget allowance for the protection and conservation of World Here ites in Vietnam is the part of a regular budget covering cultue and environment. Give detailed information on the presentation of cultural and natural heritage, which refer to publications, internet web pages, films, stamps, postcards, books, etc. (please a examples for all World Heritage properties, if possible): The presentation of the provision of information of the heritage to the ge-	ttach neral and is for nade:

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Identify areas where improvements of the measures taken for the identification, protection, conservation, preservation and rehabilitation of World Heritage properties would be desirable, and towards which the State Party is working:

Have fund enough for printing publication, books, amps of tourisms, postcards, informations leaflets... making films, etc

Provide information on the training and educational strategies that have been implemented within the State Party for professional capacity building: The presentation and provision of information of the heritage to the general public are an essntial method of promoting and understanding of the origins and development of modern societies. The personnel training on studying, safeguarding, preservation, conservation and restoration of cultural and natural heritage is carried out on the basic of existed educational systems on the state level.
The special courses on studying, safeguarding, and conservation of heritage were included into the National Program on Safeguarding The National Heritage and the National Program on Education and Training. Morever, there are reguarly carried out various training workshops and seminars for the staff employed in sphere of safeguarding, preservation, conservation and restoration of heritage. Training programs at the postgraduate level should be developed with special emphasis on the protection and management of cultural and natural heritage.

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If YES, list the primary needs:	
Training Programs on Conservation of Wood, Paper, Textile Lighting on museums's exhibition	
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Were existing training opportunities in your State and in other countries identified YES NO	
If YES, please give details:	
The Preservation and Museology Faculty of Hanoi Cultural University	
The Architectural Heritage of Hanoi Architectural University	
	ł
Have you developed training modules or programmes for the World Heritage sites	2
YES NO	
If YES. give details: -Training programs at the postgraduate level should be developed	
with special emphasis on the protection and management of the heritage. - The main challenge now faced is provision long-term training	
at the level of doctorat level of the field heritage protection	

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1.3.e	continued	
	Has staff received heritage training in or outside of your country: YES / NO	057
	If YES, give details:	058
	- Many training courses have orgnized for staff in Vietnam on protection of cultural and natural heritage and outside of Vietnam , such as: NRLC Lucknow India, Japan, France, Australia, USA, PKZ Poland	
	Give details on the establishment or development of national or regional centres for training and education in the protection, conservation, and presentation of the cultural and natural	059
	heritage (if applicable): The project cooperation between Camberra University (Australia) and Hanoi Cultural University for established the Regional Training Center at Hanoi Cultural University for training and education in the field of protection, conservation of the cultural and natural heritage	
	Describe the degree to which such training has been integrated within existing university	060
	and educational systems:	1
	- Doctor Philosophy on Archaeology / or History. - Master on Cultural Activities -B.A on Conservation and Museology/ or Architectural Conservation/ or Archaeology/ or History/ or Fine Art	

Indicate the steps that the State has taken to encourage scien training and educational activities concerning heritage:	tific research as a support to 0
The State has taken to encouurage scientific research edu cational activities cocerning heritage: -Strenthening the scientific research on cultural and protection	
- Cooperation with the education and the NGO sectors for of the herirage.	r protection and promotion
Identify areas where improvement would be desirable, and tow working:	vards which the State Party is 0
-Carried out various training workshops and seminars sphere of safeguarding, preservation, conservation and restor -Preparation educational programs at the postgraduate on the protection and management of cultural and natural he	ation of heritaze. level with special emphasis

I.4. International cooperation and fund raising

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This item refers particularly to Articles 4, 6, 17 and 18 of the Convention:

	fig in s
Provide detailed information on the co-operation with other States Parties for the identification, protection, conservation and preservation of the World Heritage located on their territories:	063
The bilterial and multilateral activities for the protection, conservation and preservation of World Heritage Sites located on Vietnam territories: - For Hue Monuments: The International Campaign luched by UNESCO from 1981, the biterial projects with Japan, France, Poland. - For Hoi An Old Streets: Japan - For Hoi Son Sanstuary: Poland, Germany, Italia - For Ha Long Bay: UNDP, IUCN, China, Australia, Thai land	

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•	To summarize the information given above, please indicate the type of co-operation best describing your activities (multiple answers possible):
	Bi- and multilateral agreements (b) Hosting and / or attending of international training courses / seminars (b)
1	Hosting and / or attending of international training courses / seminars (${\cal W}$
	Financial support (4)
]	Distribution of information material (please attach copy) ()
	Other (please specify):
	ndicate which measures have been taken to avoid damage directly or indirectly to the World Heritage on the territory of other States Parties:
	Do you have World Heritage sites that have been twinned with others at national or nternational level: YES NO
I	f YES, give details about the form of cooperation:
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Have national, public and private foundations or associations been established for rais funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage:	ing ⁰ VO
If YES, give details:	0
The Friends of ChamPa Cultural Heritage Association (Germany) The Denish Fiends of Hue Association (Denmark) TOYOTA FOUNDATION FORD FUNDATION LERICI FUNDATION (Italia) America Express	
The World Heritage Fund	
Has the State Party given assistance to this end?	×0 0
If YES, give details:	0
The State Party has given to assistance for:	
- Recieving the equipments for the protection projects - Addional funds of the protection projects	
Excelled the organizations for protection of heritage such	
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the	e
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage Sites	e
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the	e
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage Sites	e
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage Sites	e
- Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites - Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage Sites - Contribute toward the increase public awareness	
 Establish the organizations for protection of heritage sites Monitoring activities of raising and using the funds and donations for the protection of World Heritage Sites Contribute toward the increase public awareness Has the government made voluntary contributions to the World Heritage Fund, besides/	the 0
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1.5. Education, information and awareness building

This item refers particularly to Articles 27 and 28 of the Convention on educational programmes. Information on site-specific activities and programmes should be provided under item II.4

Have steps been taken by the State Party to raise the awareness of decision-makers, property owners and/or the general public about the protection and conservation of cultural and natural heritage?
If YES, please give details:
The presentation and provision of information of the heritage and the protection and conservation of cultural and natural heritage by TV, Radio, Newspapersto raise the awareness of dicision-makers, property- owners and the general public are an essntial method of promoting and understanding of the origins and development of modern societies.
Provide information on education (primary, secondary and tertiary) and information programmes that have been undertaken or are planned to strengthen appreciation and respect by the population, to keep the public broadly informed of the dangers threatening the heritage and of activities carried out in pursuance of the Convention:
Taking the heritage education programme into primary, secondary and tertiaty schools. Increasing the cultural and natural heritage promotion activities into domestic and intervational media to strengthen appreciation and respect by the population, to keep the public broadly inform of the dangers theatening the heritage and of activities carried out in pursuance of the Convention.
Does the State Party participate in the UNESCO Special Project Young People's Participation in World Heritage Preservation and Promotion?

I.6. Conclusions and recommended action

Please summarise the main conclusions regarding the identification of cultural and natural heritage properties (see item I.2.):

In the process of its formation and development, the Vietnam nation has created an original and diversified culture. The Vietnamese cultural and natural heritage is a vivid expression of Vietnam culture and nature itself. There arematerial evidences justifying the process of formation and development of the Vietnamese nation in general hiatorical process of mankin.

In the history of Vietnam, the protection of heritage has the same meaning of the protection of national independence. Since years, the protection and promotion of heritage had been and are being highly esteemed by the Vietnam government and people. To date, it its regarded as a necessity for the Vietnamese people and is one of the basically element for the development.

1.6. continued

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Please summarise the main conclusions regarding the protection, conservation and presentation of the cultural and natural heritage (see item I.3.): To day cultural and natural heritage preservation, especially where its concerns the heritage in everyday use (pagodas, teples, traditional houses, etc) canot work without popular participation at local, regional and national level. Therefore, the basic policy for preservation of heritage is: the administration shoud be well advised to obtain the participation and cooperation of the public, especially of property-owners and the younger generation. The present challenge faced by the management of heritage is to keep up this cooperation, as most of these agencies tend to slip away due to the financial constraints.	079
 Please summarise the main conclusions regarding international co-operation and fund raising (see item I.4.):	080
The heritage could be considered as common of all humanity. Therefore, international co-operation is essential in developing and maintaining standards in its management. International exchange of professional staff and technical assistance programs should also be developed to raise the standards of the heritage management. International co-operration in the field of protecting and conserving heritage has been constinuously addressed in Vietnam. As a result the International Campaign for Safeguarding the HUE of Vietnam was created under the patronage of UNESCO. This campaign immensely helped Vietnam to attract more and more international co-operation with the influx of specialists, equipments and financial resources in the field of heritage protection and promotion.	
Please summarise the main conclusions regarding education, information and awareness building (see item I.5.): The presentation and provision of information of the heritage to the general public are an essntial method of promoting and understanding of the origins and development of modern societies. The personnel training on studying, safeguarding, preservation, conservation and restoration of cultural and natural heritage is carried out on the basic of existed educational systems on the state level. The special courses on studying, safeguarding, and conservation of heritage were included into the National Program on Safeguarding The National Heritage and the National Program on Education and Training. Morever, there are reguarly carried out various training workshops and seminars for the staff employed in sphere of safeguarding, preservation, conservation and restoration of heritage. Training programs at the postgraduate level should be developed with special emphasis on the protection and management of cultural and natural heritage.	081
 Give an overview over proposed future action / actions: The most important opportunities in cultural conservation activities in Vietnam are: -Strengthening of national cultural identity, bearing in mind the rapid deterioration of many living traditions of ceative and technical excellence and the impact of certain developments effort. -Cultural development strategies and the legal and regulatory framworks for historic conservation which need to be more specific and complete. The need for Master Development Plans for certain heritage sites, the need to sustain the plan and site conservation efforts, and need of a funding mechanism to finance activities and the methods for documenting the economic benefits of investment in cultural activities. - The enhancement of national assets and the development of tourism. 	082

Name the agency	responsible for implementation of these actions (if different from 003):	0
	Department of Conservation and Museology	
	51-53 NGO QUYEN,	
	HANOI	
	84-4-9436711	
	84-4-9439929	
	DocamVN@hn.vnn.vn .	
Give a timeframe	for the implementation of the actions described above: 2005	c
	to the implementation of the actions described above. 2005	
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	ch of the planned activities International Assistance from the World ay be needed (if any):	(
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Please, give an analysis of the process by which the Convention was ratified by the State Party:

In October 1987, Vietnam ratified the Convention. It was one of the importance event on the Renovation process of Vietnam. As the a member State Party of Convention, the Vietnamese proffesional staff have more experiences in the field Protection and Conservation and Promotion of Cultural and Natural Heritage

If the space on the Questionnaire is not sufficient, please continue on a separate page, clearly labelling the answer with the corresponding number of the question (e.g. 006).

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