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UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE

WORLD HERITAGE COMMITTEE

Fortieth session

Istanbul, Turkey 10 - 20 July 2016

<u>Item 13 of the Provisional Agenda</u>: Follow-up to Recommendations of Evaluations and Audits on Working Methods and outcomes of the ad-hoc Working Group

13B. Follow-up to the Recommendations of the External Auditor's "Report on the governance of UNESCO and dependant funds, programmes and entities" (Document 38 C/23)

SUMMARY

This Document is presented pursuant to Resolution 38C/101, by which the General Conference of UNESCO invited all intergovernmental programmes, committees and organs of the Conventions to inscribe, in 2016 if feasible, an item on their agenda concerning the follow-up to the recommendations of the External Auditor's "*Report on the governance of UNESCO and dependant funds, programmes and entities*" contained in Document 38 C/23.

Draft Decision: see Point IV.



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

Organisation

des Nations Unies pour l'éducation,

la science et la culture

I. BACKGROUND

- 1. The 37th session of the General Conference (2013) requested for the External Auditor to conduct an audit of the governance of UNESCO as a follow-up to the United Nations Joint Inspection Unit's (JIU) recommendations concerning the methods of work of UNESCO's intergovernmental bodies. In this Resolution, the General Conference invited all Governing Bodies, intergovernmental programmes, committees and organs established by conventions "to perform a self-assessment covering the overall relevance of their work in relation to their specific terms of reference as well as the efficiency and effectiveness of their meetings, including the impact and utility of experts' time; the outcome of these self-assessments should be reported by January 2015" (Resolution **37C/ 96**).
- Consequently, the 19th session of the General Assembly of States Parties to the World Heritage Convention (UNESCO, 2013) invited the World Heritage Centre "to launch a consultation process open for all States Parties, based on the self-assessment framework delivered by the External Auditor" (Resolution 19 GA 9).
- 3. As requested by Resolutions **37 C/96** of the General Conference of UNESCO and **19 GA 9** of the General Assembly of States Parties, a self-assessment questionnaire was circulated to the Chairpersons of the governing entities of the *World Heritage Convention*, who held this position during the period 2013-2014, to coordinate the comments by Committee members and States Parties.
- 4. The results of the questionnaire were included in the final audit report on the governance of UNESCO and dependent funds, programmes and entities which was discussed by the 197th session of the Executive Board (October 2015). The Executive Board recommended to the 38th session of the General Conference to establish an open-ended working group to further discuss the recommendations of the audit report.

II. WORKING GROUP ON GOVERNANCE, PROCEDURES AND WORKING METHODS OF THE GOVERNING BODIES OF UNESCO

- 5. At its 38th session in 2015, the General Conference reaffirmed the need for a holistic and comprehensive reform of UNESCO, particularly of its Governing Bodies, in order to ensure greater effectiveness and efficiency in governance and to improve strategic decision making in the Organization, and indicated that this reform shall be Member State-driven. By its Resolution **38 C/101**, the General Conference decided to establish an open-ended working group on governance, procedures and working methods of the Governing Bodies of UNESCO, building on the recommendations of the Executive Board (197 EX/Decision 28 and 44).
- 6. Pursuant to Resolution **38 C/101**, the mandate of the Working Group is to examine the governance, procedures and working methods of the Governing Bodies of UNESCO on the basis of the views and proposals received from Member States, the External Auditor's *Report on the Governance of UNESCO and dependent funds, programmes and entities*, relevant evaluations and audits by the Internal Oversight Service (IOS), as well as previous decisions and resolutions related to governance. The Working Group will aim at providing a set of recommendations, along with their likely impact and financial implications, to be examined by the General Conference at its 39th session.
- 7. The Working Group held two meetings respectively on 17 February and 1 April 2016. Some more meetings have been scheduled before the Working Group's recommendations are submitted to the 202nd session of the Executive Board (2017) which will transmit it, - with its own comments - to the 39th session of the General Conference, in 2017. The Informal Summary of Contributions from Member States in

the framework of the meetings of the open-ended working group that have already been held is included in Annex I of the present document.

8. Furthermore, by Resolution **38 C**/**101**, the General Conference invited all intergovernmental programmes, committees and organs of the Conventions to inscribe, in 2016 if feasible, an item on their agenda concerning the follow-up to the recommendations of the External Auditor's report contained in document 38 C/23, to improve their governance by concrete measures, and to report on their proposals to the Chairperson of the open-ended working group. In this regard, the President of the General Conference, in his capacity as Chairperson of the Working Group, has addressed a letter on 6 April 2015 to the Chairperson of the General Conference, an item has been inscribed on the Agenda of the 40th session of the Committee. The Chairperson of the 40th session of the World Heritage Committee accordingly informed the members of the Committee by a Circular letter dated 5 May 2016.

III. RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S "REPORT ON THE GOVERNANCE OF UNESCO AND DEPENDANT FUNDS, PROGRAMMES AND ENTITIES"

- 9. An Executive Summary of the Audit Report on the Governance of UNESCO and dependant funds, programmes and entities can be found in Annex of Document 38 C/23 which is attached, as Annex II, to the present Document.
- 10. First of all, it should be noted that the question of the governance, and notably of the working methods of the Governing Bodies of the 1972 *Convention* (World Heritage Committee and General Assembly of States Parties) has been the subject of several evaluation/audits in the past years (e.g. Audit of the Working Methods of Cultural Conventions as well as the Evaluation of UNESCO's Standard-Setting work of the Culture Sector). Therefore, some of the recommendations of the External Auditor contained in Document 38 C/23 which are of direct relevance for the World Heritage Governing Bodies have already been examined by the World Heritage Committee and/or the General Assembly of States Parties. This is notably the case for some of the actions suggested by the Auditor under **Recommendation 3 (part ii)**, as listed below:
 - "accelerate the shortening of sessions": This suggestion has already been addressed by the World Heritage Committee. Consequently, efforts have been undertaken by the Secretariat in this regard and the length of the meetings of the World Heritage Committee has been reduced from 13 days in 2012 to 10 in 2016. In addition, and with a view to further reducing the duration of each session, the Committee may wish to consider to further rationalize the agenda of future sessions.
 - "annual meetings biennial, and biennial meetings quadrennial": The frequency of meetings of the World Heritage Committee have been addressed on several occasions. In this regard, in 2014, the Committee adopted Decision 38 COM 5F.1, by which it considered the annual frequency of its sessions appropriate. Moreover, it has to be underlined that, for what concerns the General Assembly of States Parties and as per Article 8 of the 1972 Convention, the Assembly is meeting "during the ordinary session of the General Conference of UNESCO". Hence, any change to the schedule of meeting of the General Assembly would entail a revision of the 1972 Convention.

- "simplify and improve the dissemination of results": The dissemination of results (i.e. Decisions of the Committee and Resolutions of the General Assembly as well as their respective Summary Records) has already been simplified since several years, i.e. they are sent electronically to States Parties and uploaded on the relevant webpages.
- 11. Secondly, it should be pointed out that some of the recommendations of the External Auditor have a general scope and are of relevance to all Governing Bodies of the Culture Conventions. This concerns several of the actions suggested by the Auditor under **Recommendation 3 (part ii)**, as well as **Recommendations n°5**, 7, and 8. These suggested actions and recommendations as well as their potential impact on the Governing Bodies are listed below together with comments the Committee may wish to take into consideration:

• Recommendation No. 3.

> Group meetings together

The grouping together of statutory meetings may have an impact on statutory deadlines (e.g. in case of the 1972 *Convention*: process for nomination to the World Heritage List or State of conservation review process) and, hence, may have important consequences on the decision-making process and also have administrative and financial impacts. Furthermore, and as indicated in paragraph 10 above, in certain cases - for example for the 1972 *Convention* - the period and frequency of Statutory meetings are the subject of provisions in the Convention. Hence, any change to the schedule of these meetings may entail a revision of the relevant Convention.

> Make more use of teleconferences

It should be noted that while the use of teleconferences for small meetings can be envisaged, and is already frequently used, it would be difficult to implement it for larger statutory meetings for practical reasons (i.e.: time difference between States Parties, organization of debates, of voting processes and procedures, etc.)

Convene essential meetings only and finance them through the regular budget.

By essence, statutory meetings are mandatory, and hence, essential. They are, in principle, financed through the UNESCO Regular Budget. However States Parties hosting meetings provide substantial support, crucial in view of the current financial constraints faced by UNESCO.

Finally, concerning suggested actions under Recommendation 3, such as "reducing the number of meeting participants", "shortening agendas by prioritizing and delegating minor decisions", "increase the delegation of authority to the bureau", it should be noted that such decisions lie with States Parties and Committee members who may wish to consider reducing the number of their representatives to statutory meetings, to consider further rationalizing agendas of future sessions, to consider delegating minor decisions as well as to modify the level of delegation within the respective Governing Bodies. In this regard, it should also be underlined that such decisions may imply a revision of the Rules of Procedure of each of the concerned Governing Bodies.

• Recommendation No. 5. On a provisional trial basis, the External Auditor recommends that the General Conference: (i) decide to elect, from 2016, the same States Parties to the governing bodies of the heritage-related conventions and that the Governing Bodies thus constituted shall hold their respective sessions in a single joint session, under appropriate legal arrangements;

Implementation of part (i) of this Recommendation entails that all Member States are parties to the same Conventions - i.e. that they have all ratified the same culture Conventions. However, it should be noted that it is not the case, and that ratification of Conventions is dealt with by each country at the national level. (In this regard, for example, 191 States are Parties to the 1972 Convention, 168 to the 2003 Convention, 131 to the 1970 Convention, 127 to the 1954 Convention)

Moreover, a single joint session of all culture Conventions will undoubtedly imply a change of the Basic texts (Rules of Procedure, Operational Guidelines, Operational Directives, etc.) of each of the Conventions and an entire revision of the internal calendar of the cycle of statutory meetings and deadlines, which may have huge consequences on the decision-making process, as well as administrative and financial impacts.

Finally, a single joint session may imply an extended Agenda as well as extended representation by countries to cover all relevant fields of competence that would be discussed.

• Recommendation No. 7. The External Auditor recommends: (i) drawing up a draft governance code in 2016, under the supervision of the Bureau of the Executive Board, that harmonizes and systematizes the Rules of procedure, texts and practices of the Governing Bodies of all UNESCO universe entities;

Part (i) of this Recommendation concerns the systematisation of the Rules of Procedure of "the Governing Bodies of all UNESCO universe entities" and hence would entail a revision of the texts of the Rules of Procedure of each of the Governing Bodies. In this regard, it is to be noted that such a revision lies with each Governing Body concern which is responsible for amending and adopting its own Rules of Procedure. Therefore, the harmonization and systematization of the Rules of Procedure, texts and practices of the Governing Bodies of all "UNESCO universe entities" would, if such a proposal is approved, have to be undertaken in two steps: firstly at the level of the Body concerned and secondly on a common basis at the level of all Governing Bodies.

• Recommendation No. 8. The External Auditor recommends: (i) examining means of introducing a screening system for individual candidates for the offices of chair and vice-chair of Governing Bodies, based on robust and transparent criteria of competence; (ii) adopting a resolution to limit the total length of consecutive terms of office (e.g. to four years) for the same delegate in a governing body so that delegates can gain sufficient experience but the bodies can at the same time be periodically renewed; (iii) that Member States candidates for a seat on a governing body undertake to nominate a full member or alternate with sufficient experience in that body's field; (iv) introducing mandatory training for the offices of chair and vice-chair of a governing body, tailored to the experience of the new officers

This Recommendation suggests the introduction of new rules regarding the designation/election of Chairs and Vice-Chairs of Governing Bodies, limitation of the duration of terms of office as well as requirements for such a tenure. In this regard, such provisions would be included accordingly in the Rules of Procedure of each Governing Body. However, as indicated above, it should be underlined that amendments/revisions of the texts of the Rules of Procedure of each of the Governing Body concerned, who is responsible for amending and adopting its own Rules of Procedure.

IV. DRAFT DECISION

Draft Decision: 40 COM 13B

The World Heritage Committee,

- 1. <u>Having examined</u> Document WHC/16/40.COM/13B,
- 2. <u>Recalling</u> the work undertaken with a view to assess and improve the working methods of the Governing Bodies of the World Heritage Convention, and notably the related Resolutions of the General Assembly **18 GA 8** and **19 GA 9** as well as Decisions **36 COM 9A, 37 COM 11** and **38 COM 9C** on this matter,
- 3. <u>Also recalling</u> the Audit of the Working Methods of Cultural Conventions and the Evaluation of UNESCO's Standard-Setting work of the Culture Sector undertaken by the Internal Oversight Service (IOS) and its corresponding Decisions **38 COM 5F.1 and 38 COM 5F.2** on these matters,
- 4. <u>Recalling furthermore</u> that the reflection on issues related to working methods by the ad-hoc Working Group established at its 38th session (Doha, 2014) is still ongoing,
- 5. <u>Takes note</u> of the efforts and steps already undertaken with a view to improve and streamline the working methods of the Governing Bodies of the 1972 Convention in line with the Recommendations by the External Auditor and IOS on this matter;
- 6. <u>Decides</u> to transmit, as requested, Document WHC/16/40.COM/13B as well as relevant decision adopted on this subject at its 40th session to the Chairperson of the open-ended Working Group on the Governance Procedures and Working Methods of the Governing Bodies;
- 7. <u>Further requests</u> that a progress report on this matter be presented at its 41st session in 2017.

ANNEX I



Working Group on the Governance, Procedures and Working Methods of the Governing Bodies of UNESCO

Informal Summary of Contributions from Member States

A. "Structure, composition and methods of work of the Governing Bodies (General Conference and Executive Board)" (Sub-Group 1)

Proposed dates for the meetings of Sub-Group 1

Proposed by the Bureau of the Working Group and approved on 1 April 2016 by the Working Group:

- 2 June 2016
- 23 September 2016

Overarching issues

- Balance of decision-making powers between the two governing bodies according to their constitutional mandates
- Enhanced and institutionalized dialogue and cooperation between General Conference and Executive Board
- Relations between the General Conference, the Executive Board and the Secretariat of UNESCO.
- Governance reform to focus on effectiveness and efficiency
- Cost-cutting approach is not an aim *per se* (move beyond)
- Small delegations to contribute to all reforms
- Participation of all Member States and the governing bodies of the international and intergovernmental entities of UNESCO in the drafting of the C/4 and C/5
- All proposed reforms should be costed
- Ensure visibility of the work of the Organization and its Governing Bodies

1. General Conference:

- Timing/schedule and flexibility of Commissions possibility of permanent Commissions
- Simplification of agenda items, grouping of items and taking note items. Annotated agenda
- Review the National Policy Statements to provide guidance to the Executive Board and the Secretariat in the formulation of the C/5 and to focus on key programme areas and on selected items (cf: dedicated round table of Ministers/Ministerial Round table on the preparation of future C/5)
- Role of the Bureau and distribution of minutes of Bureau meetings

1

- Proposed amendments to the Rules of procedure of the General Conference on Rule 82 on voting rights (document 38 C/WG/1/4)
- Large participation and geographical balance in reform decision- making

2. Executive Board:

- Limitation of (consecutive) terms
- Review the Executive Board's own reforms of its structure and working methods
- Organizational meetings at the beginning of the two-years cycle to determine provisional agendas and programmes of work, open to all Member states
- Increased participation of all Member States in the debate of the C/5 programme design
- Reduction of agenda items, reduction and grouping of items, taking note items, annotated agenda
- Reduction/Abolition of the general debate for national statements
- Open ended informal consultations on proposed draft decision before discussions in Commissions and Plenary
- Role of the Bureau and distribution of minutes of Bureau meetings
- Improved reporting by the Executive Board to the General Conference on its own activities and on programme implementation, including the Board's evaluation
- Thematic Debate during and outside the formal session of the Executive board
- Interactive sessions of dialogue between the DG and the Executive Board on the report on the programme implementation
- Review the debate on staffing issues
- Participation and geographical balance in reform decision making

B. "Structure, composition and methods of work of UNESCO's international and intergovernmental bodies (IIBs)" (Sub-Group 2)

Proposed dates for the meetings of Sub-Group 2

To be agreed

Overarching issues

- Coherence with the Organization's Programme and priorities
- Enhanced visibility of results
- Streamlining activities of IIBs to contribute to C/5 expected results
- IIBs to address UNESCO's role in the implementation of the 2030 agenda
- Coherence and synergies, noting different geneses and legal status of various bodies and independence of some of them
- Balance between equity and efficiency in participation of Member States
- Each IIB to review the recommendations of the external auditor in line with resolution 38 C/101

Harmonization of methods of work

- Harmonization of working methods and of Rules of Procedure
- Streamlining reporting formats
- Common practices and procedures
- Clarification of the mandates of Bureaus versus main organs

Alignment with C/5 and overarching priorities

- Involvement of IIB in the preparation of UNESCO's Programme and Budget Consultation of IIB in the preparation, in particular on the format and timing
- Contributions of IIB to deliver the C/5 and the expected results once approved by the General Conference - Presentation of the approved C/5 to IIB, planning of activities of IIB based on the consideration of the approved C/5 and IIB reporting on contribution to the Expected Results of the C/5.
- Priority setting mechanism
- Development of result framework a theory for change of the IIB.

Efficiency of results delivery

- Annotated agendas with discussion points
- Reinforced use of ICTs and availability of documents online
- Measures to enhance transparency of the work of IBBs
- Visibility and communication on respective mandates
- Improving efficiency of meetings (length, participants, technical aspects, dissemination of results)

Enhanced coordination with and among IIBs

- Merging IIBs with similar or related programme focus.
- Regular meetings of the presidents of treaty bodies
- Harmonization of the global calendar of meetings over the biennium
- Relation between IIBs and the General Conference, including reporting

C. Date of the forthcoming meeting of the Working Group

• 3 October 2016

ANNEX II

	General Conference 38th session, Paris 2015	38 (
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	· · ·	
Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture		
Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura		
Организация Объединенных Наций по вопросам образования, науки и культуры	• •	38 C/23 2 November 2015 Original: English
منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلم والثقافة	•	
联合国教育、 科学及文化组织	 . Item 5.2 of the provisional agenda 	

FOLLOW UP TO THE UNITED NATIONS JOINT INSPECTION UNIT (JIU) RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING THE METHODS OF WORK OF UNESCO'S INTERGOVERNMENTAL BODIES

REPORT BY THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

OUTLINE

Source: 37 C/Resolution 96 and 197 EX/Decision 28 and 44.

Background: This document is presented in compliance with 37 C/Resolution 96 and 197 EX/Decision 28 and 44.

Purpose: By 37 C/Resolution 96, the General Conference requested the External Auditor to present an interim report on the findings and main recommendations of the governance review to the Executive Board at its 196th session, with the full report to be presented at the 197th session of the Executive Board, with a view to recommending relevant follow-up measures for consideration by the General Conference at its 38th session.

Decision required: the General Conference is invited to take a decision on the proposals contained in document 38 C/23, paragraph 1.

INTRODUCTION

1. After examining the external audit report on the governance of UNESCO and dependent funds, programmes and entities and the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Executive Board, the Executive Board adopted the following decision with a view to recommending follow up measures for consideration by the 38th General Conference (197 EX/Decision 28 and 44):

The Executive Board,

- 1. <u>Having examined</u> document 197 EX/44,
- 2. <u>Also having examined</u> documents 197 EX/28 and 197 EX/28.INF on the audit of the governance of UNESCO,
- 3. <u>Recognizing</u> the hard work undertaken by the informal group of friends of governance,
- 4. <u>Considering</u> the recommendations and conclusions of the External Auditor's report on the governance of UNESCO,
- 5. <u>Reaffirming</u> the need for a holistic and comprehensive reform of UNESCO, particularly its governing bodies, in order to ensure greater effectiveness and efficiency of the governance of the Organization,
- 6. <u>Takes note</u> of the additional information provided by the Secretariat on the financial implications of the proposals contained in document 197 EX/44,
- 7. <u>Recommends</u> that the General Conference, at its 38th session:
 - (a) <u>discuss</u> the question of the governance and working procedures and methods of the governing bodies of UNESCO;
 - (b) <u>establish</u> an open-ended working group on governance, procedures and working methods of the governing bodies of UNESCO on the basis particularly of the External Auditor's report on the governance of UNESCO;
 - (c) <u>define</u> the terms of reference and timetable of the open-ended working group, so that it may submit its report to the General Conference at its 39th session;
- 8. <u>Requests</u> the Director-General of UNESCO to include in the agenda of the 38th session of the General Conference of UNESCO an item on the governance and working procedures and methods of the governing bodies of UNESCO;
- 9. <u>Also requests</u> the Director-General to submit to the first meeting of the above-mentioned working group, further information on the structure of the governing bodies of other agencies of the United Nations system, including aspects relating to their composition, functioning and frequency of meetings, in order to establish a comparison within the system.
- 10. <u>Requests</u> the Chair of the Executive Board, in consultation with the Director-General, to prepare the necessary practical arrangements and organize on a trial basis, during the biennium 2016-2017, and without amending the Rules of Procedure, meetings of the Executive Board members, in principle six times per year. These meetings will be open to

Member States member of the Executive Board, to non members of the Executive Board as observers with enhanced participation status, and to the Secretariat;

- 11. <u>Decides</u> to suspend the Preparatory Group and the Information Meetings on a trial basis during the biennium 2016-2017 and to integrate them in the meetings of Executive Board members as described under paragraph 10. These meetings have no decision-making power, but will foster discussions in view of the regular formal Executive Board sessions during the biennium, to be followed by an evaluation to be included in the report referred to in paragraph 7c;
- 12. <u>Requests</u> the Director-General to review and improve the existing orientation materials, regarding the functions and responsibilities of the governing organs and Executive Board members, as well as a UNESCO acronym glossary to be provided to Member States;
- 13. <u>Requests</u> the Director-General to start the implementation of recommendations 1, 11 and 13 of the above-mentioned External Auditor's Report on Governance and to report to the 199th session of the Executive Board on progress.



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

197 EX/28 Rev.

38 C/23 Annex

PARIS, 23 September 2015 English only

Item 28 of the provisional agenda

Executive Board

Hundred and ninety-seventh session

NEW AUDITS BY THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

SHORT-FORM REPORT

AUDIT OF THE GOVERNANCE OF UNESCO AND DEPENDENT FUNDS, PROGRAMMES AND ENTITIES

SUMMARY

This document is the short-form report of the External Auditor's audit report on the governance of UNESCO and its dependent funds, programmes and entities, as submitted in document 197 EX/28.INF, in compliance with Article 12.6 of the Financial Regulations and pursuant to 37 C/Resolution 96.

Action expected of the Executive Board: Proposed decision in paragraph 28.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT REPORT ON THE GOVERNANCE OF UNESCO AND DEPENDENT FUNDS, PROGRAMMES AND ENTITIES

DISCLAIMER: This executive summary was drawn up by the External Auditor at the Secretariat's request in order to optimize translation costs and facilitate the governing bodies' discussions. Only the <u>long-form</u> report is authoritative in terms of the exact content, nature and scope of the External Auditor's observations and recommendations.

1. In November 2013, by 37 C/Resolution 96, the General Conference requested that the External Auditor conduct an audit of the external governance of UNESCO and entities that are attached to or administered by the Organization (Annex 2), following a report by the United Nations Joint Inspection Unit (JIU) on the administration and management of UNESCO. At its request, an interim report was submitted to the Executive Board in April 2015 (196 EX/23 INF.5). The full report, summarized here, was submitted to the Board in July 2015 so that, pursuant to the aforementioned resolution, it could recommend *"relevant follow-up measures for consideration by the General Conference at its 38th session"* (November 2015).

2. The first chapter summarizes the conditions under which the governance review took place. It was based in particular on the self-assessment of the governing bodies, cost evaluation of governance arrangements and benchmarking with international institutes.

3. The second chapter proposes guidelines in continuity with numerous recommendations, which, in the past, advised that external governance be better managed, but which have not yet delivered all the results expected. These recommendations remain necessary even though they are insufficient given the dysfunctions and persistent shortcomings that led to the request for the present audit.

4. The third and last chapter therefore lays out 15 new recommendations, in order to restructure and enrich external governance. Annexes complete the remarks made in these chapters.

I. METHODOLOGY, SELF-ASSESSMENT, COSTS	II. BETTER MANAGING EXTERNAL GOVERNANCE	IIIRESTRUCTURING AND REINFORCING EXTERNAL GOVERNANCE	Annexes
 The review took into account the numerous audits and evaluations of recent years. There was an underlying complacency in the governing bodies' assessment, which limited its scope. The indirect costs of governance are still unclear, but their estimation, albeit imperfect, indicates that they are significant. 	 Action in ten areas, stemming from recommendations that are thus reiterated and enlarged. Many were blocked completely or partly by obstacles, which the context, especially budgetary,made it necessary to overcome. 	 15 new recommendations aim to reduce overlapping, bring governing bodies closer, harmoniZe rules and procedures, improve performance and reduce costs. Confidence can best be regained through measures on governance codes, ethics and audit committees in particular. 	 International law on governance. Statistical results of the self-assessment. Direct and indirect costs. Governing bodies coping with risks of perception of conflict of interest, corruption and fraud. Observations.

I. METHODOLOGY AND SELF-ASSESSMENT

(1) Scope and definitions

5. Neither UNESCO nor the United Nations, which uses the term "main organs", has defined "governing body". Here, that term will designate a statutory body or regular meeting of UNESCO (see 191 EX/16 Part IV, Annex): "meetings of a representative character", Category I (international conferences of States), Category II (intergovernmental meetings other than international conferences of States) and Category III (non-governmental conferences). Advisory bodies, which meet occasionally, fall outside that scope (for instance, UNESCO forums such as the Global Citizenship Education Forum), as do the category 2 institutes and centres.

6. The international law of governance has developed in recent years, though UNESCO itself has not yet defined it. A definition of governance has therefore been adopted in cooperation with the Organization, and served as a reference for the audit:

Definition: Governance refers to the legal framework and the exercise of political authority required to lead and supervise the work of the Organization, determine its strategic direction, set its priorities, regularly assess its performance, determine the level of acceptable risk for its action, allocate resources in accordance with agreed policies and expected results and report thereon to stakeholders.

7. The External Auditor has held discussions with each of the concerned components of UNESCO.¹ These discussions took various forms adapted to each component and to the subjects addressed. The findings were, for the most part, annexed to the aforementioned interim report. From February 2014 to June 2015, this work mobilized, on a part-time basis, as many as six auditors who had vast experience of international organizations and management issues in a diplomatic, multilateral environment. The dispersal, the frequent diversity and the sometimes incomplete character of the main resource, product and result indicators of the entities that have a governing body were an added difficulty, despite the efforts that are being carried out to remedy the situation.

8. The audit took into account all kinds of reports, as the governance evaluation process is practically continuous at UNESCO, especially through the Special Committee. It also took into account the successive reforms that have been undertaken, some of which are substantial, such as the one undertaken after the independent external evaluation (IEE, 2010).

(2) Self-assessment in 2014

9. The results of the self-assessment requested by the General Conference² can either be termed predominantly positive, if taken literally and only considered from the viewpoint of the <u>response rate</u> and ratings of the respondents, or disappointing, if substantial feedback had been expected. On the one hand, the diversity of the factual data received in response reflects the absence of a standardized management chart summarizing the nature, activity and resources of the entities and their governing bodies. On the other, self-assessment of the *"continued relevance, overlapping mandates, transparency and efficiency of decision-making and the cost of governance arrangements"*, as requested by the General Conference, was frequently tardy and incomplete. However, those replies, albeit incomplete, add up to an acceptable, representative survey.

¹ It is impossible to discern how the components of "the UNESCO universe" and their governing bodies are organized without an official organizational chart.

² "(a) all the governing bodies, intergovernmental programmes, committees and conventions are invited to participate in a self-assessment bearing on the global relevance of their work with regard to their specific mandate, as well as the efficiency and effectiveness of their meetings, and particularly the impact and usefulness of experts' time (...)".

10. The self-assessment rightly highlights UNESCO's strengths. Moreover, it expressed a general contentment: 41% of the replies gave the highest rating regarding goals reached and the quality of governance. The only recurring negative observation concerned the inadequacy of the budgets of the governing bodies, as much for their functioning as for actions they supervise. The self-assessment did not reveal any strong will, let alone the possibility of a consensus, to reform UNESCO's governance. This confirms the predominant "wait-and-see" attitude³, further illustrated by the implementation of only a quarter of the IEE's recommendations concerning governance.

11. The hundreds of written or oral comments, both general and specific, gathered in the course of the self-assessment confirm, leaving aside individual positions,⁴ that there is no desire, even among a minority, for in-depth reform.

12. In brief, the tone – or rather atonality – of some of the self-assessment contributions would suggest that the leaders of the governing bodies, who are mostly representatives of Member States, do not feel comfortable with officially sharing a critical analysis of the current governance practice. This finding, which seems to be at variance with the preoccupations of the General Conference, is a matter for concern.

If this exercise were to end there, the conclusion would at the very least be that the governing bodies do not desire any major changes, except additional financial resources, and that it is very unlikely that there will be a consensus to resolutely take the determined initiatives required to bring about substantial, lasting improvements to governance. This feeling is corroborated by the inconsistent follow-up to previous audits and evaluations in this field.

(3) The cost of external governance arrangements

13. A new estimate of the cost of external governance arrangements (governing bodies and the bodies that assist them) has been considered.⁵ The External Auditor finds that the accounting and auditing tools allow for only a partial – and sometimes very approximate – estimate of the costs featuring in UNESCO's accounts. The result is a very broad biennial range, from **\$25 million to \$39 million** (one of the annexes sets out the methodological problems involved in estimating these costs and the working time of the secretariats of the governing bodies of the conventions, programmes and institutes).

Estimated biennial costs

- 1. Direct costs of the General Conference and Executive Board (source: GBS): **\$7.2 million.**
- 2. Direct costs of conventions, programmes and category 1 institutes (source: External Auditor, GBS methodology): **\$5.3 million.**
- 3. Valuation of the working time of secretariat staff not directly assigned to the governing bodies (source: Secretariat): **\$7.9 million.**
- 4. Unrecognized voluntary contributions in kind: **\$2 million to \$12 million** (source: Secretariat, non-exhaustive amount).
- 5. Valuation of the working time of the secretariats of conventions, programmes and institutes devoted to external governance *stricto sensu*: **\$2.2 million to \$6.6 million** (source: External Auditor's estimate).

³ The Executive Board had foreseen this wait-and-see attitude: see 37/C/49 Add. Annex.

⁴ In most cases, the self-assessment was carried out by one person or a few people, with collegial review (by a governing body, bureau or commission) being the exception.

⁵ Reports 191 EX/16 Part IV and 191 EX/16.INF, 15 March 2013, contained previous evaluations.

14. The estimate is all the more incomplete because the occupation of the meeting rooms at Headquarters has not been valued. The General Conference might usefully task the Secretariat with proposing modernization of their management, as well as additional savings, drawing among other things on the experience of the Committee on Conferences of the United Nations General Assembly and its services, summarized in an annex.

15. There have been reductions in staff numbers in recent years, but the Secretariat has not assessed whether they have materially reduced the working time it spends on the governing bodies.

16. The conclusion on this point is that, since UNESCO has not provided itself with the means to establish the real cost of the current external governance arrangements with a sufficient degree of accuracy, that cost can be evaluated only approximately; it would, on average and per biennium, fall in a range of about 5% to 8% of regular budget spending.⁶

17. The range of \$2 million to \$12 million for unrecognized contributions in kind (see 4 in the box above), for instance, essentially relates to the annual meeting of the 1972 Convention. Such a level of spending and such a range of evaluation for a single governing body meeting is evidence of erratic governance, especially if compared to the total financial resources available for achieving the objectives of other conventions and programmes. It means that one to two hundred million dollars (at current values), maybe even much more, have been spent on huge gatherings under one convention since it came into being⁷.

(4) Benchmarking

18. To acknowledge the General Conference's concerns, comparisons have also been made with other United Nations specialized agencies. Best practices that could be transposed to UNESCO, have thus been mentioned. All the United Nations Secretary General's reports on the "Comprehensive review of governance and oversight within the United Nations and its funds, programmes and specialized agencies", following the 2005 World Summit remain a base corpus. The very Member States that adopted these principles and their follow-up at the United Nations went on to exonerate themselves on a number of points when they were required to reflect upon them and, if possible, decide how they could be applied at UNESCO.

19. Two recommendations stem from this first chapter dedicated to methodology, self-assessment and costs:

Recommendation No. 1. The External Auditor recommends that the Secretariat provide the Executive Board at its spring 2016 session with an official organizational chart of the "UNESCO universe" and the different governing bodies.

Recommendation No. 2. The External Auditor recommends that:

- (i) a report on the means required to evaluate and manage the full external governance costs of each entity be prepared and submitted to the Executive Board for discussion at its spring 2016 session, and
- (ii) that the Executive Board initiate the comprehensive implementation of this report between now and the spring 2017 session, with a view to producing a comprehensive

⁶ This global ratio has only an indicative meaning for the "UNESCO universe", as the mandates of each of its governing bodies are different, and their activities depend on variables such as voluntary contributions, whether they are counted or unrecognized in the accounts of the Organization.

⁷ A rigorous analysis would have to include the expenses borne by Member States for the travel arrangements of representatives and experts for the work of the governing bodies, in addition to those of their permanent representatives. Based on a total of 200 trips per month for all the entities – an estimate that is purely intuitive, but probably not excessive – at an average of \$4,000, that would amount to some \$19 million of additional marginal costs per biennium, directly borne by the Member States.

and constructive report on external governance costs for the General Conference at its 39th session.

II. BETTER MANAGEMENT OF EXTERNAL GOVERNANCE

20. This second chapter examines the principal mechanisms and some of the governance procedures or practices that, according to the audit, can be improved upon. It is broadly equivalent to an examination of the follow-up to the recommendations previously made in numerous internal and external audit or evaluation reports, since the current findings are so similar to those made in the past. It largely reflects the findings of the Executive Board, which pointed out in 2013 that "governance structures are found to be heavy (size and number of subsidiary bodies, frequency of meetings)⁴⁸.

21. One obstacle to carrying out recommendations is the diversity of the current patchwork of governing bodies and of their performance. This obstacle will remain for as long as the – fiction, all the more comfortable for having foundations – persists that it is up to each body to decide on its own governance, despite the fact that all the Member States come together in a General Conference. The result is a recommendation reiterating the advice that has so far been ignored, and a recommendation to put in place the means to overcome previous obstacles, as well as a timetable:

Recommendation No. 3. The External Auditor recommends that the General Conference:

- (i) delegate the steering and management of the following ten actions to the Bureau of the Executive Board;
- (ii) to that end, provide the Board with the appropriate means to ensure, after obtaining the opinion of each of the governing bodies, consulted as needed and in the most efficient way, the adoption, at the 39th session of the General Conference, of a guide to best practices applicable to the whole of UNESCO and its dependent funds, programmes and entities:
 - accelerate the shortening of sessions
 - group meetings together
 - make annual meetings biennial, and biennial meetings quadrennial
 - make more use of teleconferences
 - convene essential meetings only and finance them through the regular budget
 - reduce the number of meeting participants
 - shorten agendas by prioritizing and delegating minor decisions
 - increase the delegation of authority to the bureau
 - simplify and improve the dissemination of results
 - encourage best practices

Recommendation No. 4. The External Auditor recommends that:

- the Secretariat place at the Executive Board's disposal the budget (possibly funded by the resources of the appropriate Special Accounts), experts and services required to establish a draft "guide to best practices in governance" and a concrete implementation plan to be considered by the Executive Board at its autumn 2016 session and for adoption by the General Conference at its 39th session;
- (ii) the experts to be placed at the Board's disposal should not have had any ties whatsoever to UNESCO over the previous three years, and should ensure balanced

⁸ 37 C/49 Add., Annex, para. 44.

representation of the management cultures of the Member States of the General Conference;

- (iii) at its autumn 2016 session, the Executive Board have before it a report drawn up by its experts and validated by its Bureau, containing a significant acceleration plan for the implementation of each action listed in the guide, together with indicators of inputs, outputs and expected outcomes that are measurable and relevant regarding the situation as at 31 December 2015;
- (iv) the reports preparatory to the adoption of the budget contained in document 39 C/5 clearly identify in detail the effects related to the implementation of the guide to best practices, such as decreased expenditure relating to governing bodies, redeployment of the projected savings with a view to the implementation of the plan, dissemination of the guide, and training for delegation and Organization staff members.

RESTRUCTURING AND STRENGTHENING EXTERNAL GOVERNANCE

22. The third and last chapter responds to the General Conference's questions concerning "continued relevance [and] overlapping terms of reference". The synoptic table of 49 governing bodies and related entities, established by the External Auditor and annexed to the report, reveals a complexity that is unequalled among all the other agencies in the United Nations system with approximately comparable resources (some \$250 million per year).

23. Stemming from historical differences between legal instruments, this complexity partly explains why the governance structure does not correspond to any operational rationale and thus leaves the Organization open to risks of overlapping mandates and gaps in the system. Recent initiatives undertaken by governing bodies to remedy it have been mentioned, but there are still too few. As a result of the analysis thus developed, ten new recommendations have been formulated:

<u>Recommendation No. 5</u>. On a provisional trial basis, the External Auditor recommends that the General Conference:

- decide to elect, from 2016, the same States Parties to the governing bodies of the heritage-related conventions and that the governing bodies thus constituted shall hold their respective sessions in a single joint session, under appropriate legal arrangements;
- (ii) entrust the Executive Board with organizing the implementation of this arrangement by its autumn 2016 session and provide it with appropriate resources;
- (iii) request the Secretariat consequently to merge the secretariats of these conventions by 1 September 2016.

Recommendation No. 6. The External Auditor recommends:

- (i) experimenting with a two-yearly meeting of chairs and directors of Category 1 institutes in the Education Sector and with structured coordination between the two sessions;
- (ii) examining, on the basis of this trial, the requirements for combining the institutes within a single *corporate* unit of which the current institutes would form operational divisions, with a single supreme governing body;
- (iii) that for the autumn 2016 Executive Board session the Secretariat produce a report that sets out the lessons learned from this trial and the conditions under which combining the institutes, or at the very least the establishment of joint governance, might be possible, together with an action plan to achieve this.

Recommendation No. 7. The External Auditor recommends:

- drawing up a draft governance code in 2016, under the supervision of the Bureau of the Executive Board, that harmonizes and systematizes the rules of procedure, texts and practices of the governing bodies of all UNESCO universe entities;
- (ii) ensuring that this document is regularly updated through a repertoire of practice prepared by the Secretariat and submitted for approval to the Executive Board;
- (iii) adopting the decisions needed to implement this system at the 39th session of the General Conference.

Recommendation No. 8. The External Auditor recommends:

- examining means of introducing a screening system for individual candidates for the offices of chair and vice-chair of governing bodies, based on robust and transparent criteria of competence;
- (ii) adopting a resolution to limit the total length of consecutive terms of office (e.g. to four years) for the same delegate in a governing body so that delegates can gain sufficient experience but the bodies can at the same time be periodically renewed;
- (iii) that Member States candidates for a seat on a governing body undertake to nominate a full member or alternate with sufficient experience in that body's field;
- (iv) introducing mandatory training for the offices of chair and vice-chair of a governing body, tailored to the experience of the new officers.

Recommendation No. 9. The External Auditor recommends establishing an open working group, under the direction of the Chair of the Executive Board and with the assistance of the Secretariat of the Governing Bodies, in order to prepare a proposal, along the lines of practice in other international organizations, to be examined at the 39th session of the General Conference, for systematic voting on a specific set of issues under debate, in each category of governing body, and according to arrangements to be specified.

Recommendation No. 10. The External Auditor recommends:

- (i) setting up an ethics committee;
- (ii) adding a section on the ethical conduct of members of governing bodies to the code of governance recommended elsewhere;
- (iii) that the Ethics Office assist the governing bodies, at their request;
- (iv) that public declaration of interest arrangements be put in place for experts assisting governing bodies.

Recommendation No. 11. The External Auditor recommends:

- (i) strengthening oversight of risk management, under the control of the General Conference and within a framework defined by the General Conference,
- (ii) delegating oversight of risk management to the Executive Board or an independent audit committee; and
- (iii) that the arrangements put in place and the progress made be reported on to the General Conference at its 39th session.

Recommendation No. 12. The External Auditor recommends:

- (i) the establishment of an independent audit committee, in accordance with the recommendations made in 2011 by the United Nations Joint Inspection Unit, with competence for all the entities, funds and programmes attached to UNESCO;
- to that end, that the Bureau of the Executive Board supervise the preparation of draft terms of reference and draft rules to be submitted to the General Conference at its 39th session for approval;
- (iii) that, pending amendment of the Basic Texts of UNESCO, an ad hoc interim audit committee reporting directly to the Executive Board be established, based on the current Oversight Advisory Committee.

Recommendation No. 13. The External Auditor recommends that the General Conference:

- approve the draft medium- and long-term strategic plans concerning resources, especially IT resources, the organization and methods of the Organization, and in general, structural investments;
- (ii) delegate to the Executive Board the annual review of these plans, their budgets, and input, output and outcome indicators.

Recommendation No. 14. The External Auditor recommends that the General Conference set up an independent biennial governance evaluation under the supervision of the Executive Board and with the relevant support of the Secretariat. This would include the actions of the secretariats of convention and programme governing bodies, and the first report of the evaluation would be reviewed by the independent audit committee and then by the General Conference in 2017.

Recommendation No. 15. The External Auditor recommends that the General Conference:

- (i) create the position of governance adviser to the Executive Board from 1 January 2016, as well as, depending on the new responsibilities of the adviser:
- (ii) some positions for specialized advisers, by 1 July 2016;
- (iii) entrust an independent expert group with the selection of candidates.

GENERAL CONCLUSION

24. With \$250 million a year, ambitious UNESCO is one of the poorest agencies in the United Nations system. Member States must therefore balance their priorities in terms of their approach to governance, between the absolute supremacy of political power, whose results can be measured today, and the stated but inconsistently accepted need for scientific skill and exactitude, which is indispensable in the areas of culture, education and the natural and human sciences.

25. As the External Auditor has already recommended, there is a need to give "experts a central role in the delegations", with strict ethical guarantees. If this is not possible, then governance of UNESCO must be reviewed "to clearly acknowledge its geopolitical rather than scientific nature".⁹

⁹

See report WHC-11/35.COM/INF.9A, para. 178, recommendation 10.

26. Furthermore, without rigorously selecting a limited number of ordered priorities, and even developing methods such as intersectorality giving the Organization a "competitive" advantage, the impact of any reform will remain marginal, at the expense of the populations whose expectations are high.

- 27. The conclusion is thus that three sequences must be connected:
 - (i) continue previous efforts, fully developing the best practices already recommended,
 - (ii) accept that this effort does not dispense with the need to renew structures, and work resolutely towards this goal,
 - (iii) order priorities pragmatically according to the resources allocated to the means thus reconfigured.

Proposed decision

28. The Executive Board may wish to consider adopting a decision along the following lines:

The Executive Board,

- 1. <u>Recalling</u> 37 C/Resolution 96;
- 2. Having examined documents 197 EX/28 and 197 EX/28.INF,