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UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE

WORLD HERITAGE COMMITTEE

**Thirty-seventh session** 

Phnom Penh, Cambodia 16 – 27 June 2013

<u>Item 5 of the Provisional Agenda:</u> Reports of the World Heritage Centre and the Advisory Bodies

5C. Summary and Follow-up of the Director General's meeting on "The World Heritage Convention: Thinking Ahead" (UNESCO HQs, 2-3 October 2012)

#### SUMMARY

On 2 and 3 October 2012, the Director-General convened a meeting entitled "The World Heritage Convention: Thinking Ahead" to give the opportunity to the Advisory Bodies, the States Parties and the Secretariat to collectively review some of the main challenges and opportunities facing the Convention. During the 36th session of the World Heritage Committee, many States Parties also welcomed this idea and felt that an open dialogue between them, the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat would be useful in improving the implementation modalities of the Convention. This reflection was initiated in the framework of the celebration of the 40th anniversary of the World Heritage Convention, which provided an opportunity to celebrate its success but also to address the overall functioning of the Convention. At the end of the meeting, the Director-General proposed to bring this issue to the 37th session of the Committee.

A summary of this meeting, as well as a description of follow-up actions undertaken, are included in the present document.

Draft Decision: 37 COM 5C, see Point III

#### I. BACKGROUND

1. The Director-General convened on 2 and 3 October 2012 at UNESCO's Headquarters a two-day brainstorming meeting titled "Thinking Ahead", on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the World Heritage Convention. The first day was devoted to consultations of the Director-General with the three Advisory Bodies. The results of the first day's discussions were presented at a joint meeting of the Advisory Bodies, States Parties and the Secretariat on the second day.

The States Parties and Advisory Bodies expressed their gratitude and welcomed this 2. initiative of the Director-General to facilitate dialogue, communication and transparency in all processes of the Convention. Written contributions from States Parties were received prior to the meeting and many countries expressed their views at the meeting. At the request of States parties, the web page specially created for the meeting was kept open for more contributions to facilitate an ongoing dialogue; a few contributions were also received after the event. The webpage can be found at the following address: http://whc.unesco.org/en/events/957.

A detailed summary of this meeting, including the major conclusions of the debate, is attached to the present document as an Annex.

#### II. FOLLOW-UP

3. A number of follow-up actions were undertaken in line with the major conclusions of the meeting. These actions are described below, keeping in mind that other follow-up actions will be undertaken as part of this ongoing process:

4. Regarding Tentative Lists, the inclusion of sites in the Tentative List is a country-driven process, therefore the recommended punctual involvement of the Advisory Bodies at that stage needs to be requested by the States Parties concerned. At every suitable occasion (such as meeting, workshop, course, etc.) the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat emphasize the importance of regular assessment and revisions of Tentative Lists, as well as harmonization efforts at the regional level.

5. Relating to nominations, a five-day training course "Caribbean Training Course in the Preparation of Nomination Dossiers for World Heritage" was organized to strengthen professional capacities in the Caribbean Small Island Developing States (SIDS) in preparing nomination dossiers and to increase the number and quality of nominations of cultural and natural heritage sites (Antigua and Barbuda 23-28 March 2013) involving 30 experts from 15 Caribbean countries and representatives of the Advisory Bodies and UNESCO. This is in addition to the ongoing training initiative for the African continent that was commenced in 2008. Information on the ongoing Pilot Projects to test the Upstream Process is reported in Document WHC-13/37.COM/9.

6. Regarding the conservation of properties, the recently launched online information system on the State of conservation of properties (http://whc.unesco.org/en/soc) contributes to improved transparency and dialogue by all parties involved and also enables communities to participate as partners in the implementation of the Convention and enhance awareness and benefits associated with the inscription of sites on the World Heritage List (see also Document WHC-13/37.COM/7C).

7. In the framework of enhancing dialogue and cooperation between the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat, two specific meetings are organized each year to review the state of conservation of properties (the so-called "SOC week"), analyse emerging issues and identify any supplementary information needed from the State Parties concerned before the examination of the reports by the Committee. Furthermore, three annual meetings are organized between the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat to prepare the session of the Committee and the General Assembly and to discuss the cooperation and modalities of work of the Secretariat and the Advisory Bodies. These meetings, which are held in January and September, as well as before the Committee session, provide an occasion to constantly discuss the roles and responsibilities of the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat.

8. To facilitate dialogue, communication and transparency, a number of Delegates considered that more guidance should be given in advance of the Committee session, this was also among the recommendations of the workshop on "Decision-Making Procedures of the Statutory Organs of the World Heritage Convention" that was held in Bahrain in 2010. The Committee also decided at its 35th session in 2011 to "Develop further capacity building activities for the Chairperson, Rapporteur and Committee members, including through the systematic explanation of documents to States Parties" (Decision 35 COM 12B). In this regard, the Secretariat organized an informal orientation session for Committee members, which was held on 1 February 2013 in UNESCO Headquarters. This session focussed mainly on procedural issues and statutory processes, and discussed a number of specific points concerning nominations.

9. To address the needs identified regarding capacity building, the World Heritage Centre and the Advisory Bodies, in close cooperation with States Parties and relevant category 2 centres, have undertaken a number of activities that contributed directly to the implementation of the World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy (WHCBS), adopted by the World Heritage Committee at its 35th session in 2011. These included programmes aimed at strengthening regional and national institutions responsible for heritage protection, training initiatives targeting professionals and youth and the development of new guidance materials.

10. The roles and responsibilities of the Advisory Bodies and the World Heritage Centre has been discussed in-depth at several sessions including by the 33rd, 34th and 35th sessions of the Committee respectively. It was also reviewed on the occasion of the expert meeting on the decision-making procedures of the statutory organs of the World Heritage Convention (Manama, Bahrain, 15-17 December 2010). The report was provided to the Committee (Document WHC-11/35.COM/12B) and resulted in Decision 35 COM 12B. Furthermore, on specific issues, comprehensive discussions have also taken place, for example on improving state of conservation procedures during the 33rd session (Seville, 2009), which were reflected in Decision 34 COM 7C and in an international expert meeting on the challenges on the state of conservation of World Heritage properties (Dakar, 2011) which resulted in Decisions 35 COM 7C and 35 COM 12E. Further coordination took place on several issues, including the establishment of the Information System on State of Conservation (see document WHC-13/37 COM/7C) to avoid any duplication of initiatives, the preparation of reactive monitoring and advisory missions and in focused drafting of state of conservation decisions, clearly recognizing the complementary roles of the World Heritage Centre and the Advisory Bodies in line with chapter I.G of the Operational Guidelines.

11. It should be also noted that the Secretariat is constantly looking for solutions to overcome the prevailing budgetary constraints. Indeed and whenever possible, meetings and working sessions with States Parties and Advisory Bodies are organized via Internet connections/live stream or video conference. Furthermore, budgetary constraints are leading to increased reliance on the generosity of the Host country for the sessions of the World Heritage Committee, which bears a large portion of the costs related to the organisation of the session.

12. The closing event of the celebration of the 40th Anniversary of the Convention held in Kyoto thanks to the generosity of the Japanese authorities, demonstrated the ongoing close exchange and dialogue between States Parties - including national authorities, site managers

and civil society partners in World Heritage conservation- the Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat. A report on the 40th Anniversary celebrations is included in Working document WHC-13/37.COM/5E.

13. As noted in the summary of the meeting, further follow-up will be reported to the 19th General Assembly of States Parties in November 2013. The implementation of agreed actions will also be harmonized with the implementation plans prepared to follow-up on the recommendations of the UNESCO external Auditor and for the Strategic Action Plan 2012-2022.

#### III. DRAFT DECISION

#### Draft Decision: 37 COM 5C

The World Heritage Committee,

- 1. <u>Having examined</u> Document WHC-13/37.COM/5C;
- 2. <u>Recalling</u> Decisions **33 COM 5A, 34 COM 5C, 35 COM 5D and 36 COM 12B** adopted at its 33rd (Seville, 2009), 34th (Brasilia, 2010), 35th (UNESCO, 2011) and 36th (Saint-Petersburg, 2012) sessions respectively,
- 3. <u>Takes note</u> of the Summary of the Director General's meeting on "The World Heritage Convention: Thinking Ahead" (UNESCO HQs, 2-3 October 2012);
- <u>Acknowledges</u> the follow-up actions already undertaken and <u>urges</u> to pursue efforts in the framework of the implementation plans of the UNESCO External Auditor and of the Strategic Action Plan 2012-2022 which will be presented to the General Assembly at its 19th session in 2013;
- 5. <u>Encourages</u> all parties concerned to further enhance and facilitate dialogue, communication and transparency in all processes of the Convention.

#### ANNEX

# Summary of the meeting "The World Heritage Convention: Thinking Ahead" between the Director-General of UNESCO, States Parties to the World Heritage Convention and the Advisory Bodies to the World Heritage Committee

### 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> October 2012, UNESCO HQ, Paris

The Director-General of UNESCO convened a two-day brainstorming meeting titled "Thinking Ahead", on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the *World Heritage Convention*. The first day was devoted to consultations of the Director-General with the three Advisory Bodies - ICOMOS, IUCN, and ICCROM (including the President of ICOMOS and Director-General of IUCN) on the basis of the "non-papers" prepared by each of them. These papers were subsequently also shared with all the States Parties through the web-page specially created for the meeting (<u>http://whc.unesco.org/en/events/957</u> - Password: convention72). The issues highlighted in these papers and the results of the first day's discussions were presented at a joint meeting of the Advisory Bodies, the States Parties and the Secretariat on the second day.

All participants (States Parties and Advisory Bodies) expressed their gratitude and welcomed the initiative of the Director-General to facilitate dialogue, communication and transparency in all processes of the *Convention*. While 28 States Parties to the *Convention* submitted their written contributions prior to the meeting, some 40 countries expressed their views at the meeting. Some of those who could not send their written comments expressed their interest to do so later and requested that the web-page be kept open for such contribution to facilitate an ongoing dialogue.

The rich discussion that followed place is summarised in the following major conclusions:

#### 1. Tentative Lists:

- The Advisory Bodies should be engaged with the States Parties in the very first step of the nomination process i.e. in the preparation and assessment of Tentative Lists, and their regional harmonisation. This would ensure that only those sites that have the potential to meet the criteria for outstanding universal value, and contribute to filling the gaps on the World Heritage List are added to national tentative lists.
- Tentative Lists that have been developed through such a rigorous screening process could be considered for some form of recognition, perhaps through a rebranding of the term "Tentative List" into "*national inventory of significant/potential World Heritage sites*" or as the "*World Heritage candidate list*".

#### 2. Nominations:

- The support provided under the "upstream process" should be further strengthened, and also formalised within the *Operational Guidelines* to make it uniformly applicable to all needy countries.
- Provide focussed capacity building for preparing nominations, including through

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the organisation of the nominations development course as implemented in the Africa region, and by involving national and regional institutions and UNESCO Category 2 Centres.

- As foreseen in the "upstream process", a phased approach to nominations should be adopted that would comprise a first stage of assistance to establish the potential of the site to meet the criteria for outstanding universal value, followed by the next stages of support in the elaboration of the nomination dossier, and to ensure that the required conditions of integrity, authenticity and management requirements are fulfilled.
- A first-stage rigorous and critical national-level feasibility study process is necessary before it is decided to take nominations forward.
- There is need to reconsider the time-lines for submission and evaluation of nominations and their consideration by the World Heritage Committee, which are currently too short to allow adequate dialogue, including also the possibility of slowing down the submission of nominations.
- An effective dialogue should be maintained between the Advisory Bodies and relevant authorities and experts in the States Parties during the entire process of evaluation of nominations.
- Better communication, dialogue and transparency between the Advisory Bodies, the Secretariat and the States Parties can help resolve issues before the results of evaluation of nominations are presented to the World Heritage Committee.

#### 3. Conservation of properties:

- The long-term preservation and state of conservation of sites should be given primacy in the work under the *Convention*, supported by a proactive approach to monitoring World Heritage Sites by the Advisory Bodies, as recommended by the recent Evaluation of the Global Strategy.
- All parties should promote a more positive use of the monitoring processes of the Convention to lead to solutions to conservation issues. The List of World Heritage in Danger (LWHD) in particular should be used to encourage international cooperation for ensuring the early removal of properties from this list.
- Consideration should be given to separating within the LWHD treatment of properties that are faced by developmental threats and neglect of management, where States Parties are more able to act quickly, and those suffering from natural and man-made disasters, including wars and conflicts, where long-term support is required.
- In the interest of transparency, Advisory Bodies and the Secretariat should be encouraged to consult with the State Party concerned, prior to proposing a property on the LWHD, in order to seek consensus and identify the actions required that will be supported by including a property on the LWHD.
- The Advisory Bodies should be enabled to provide direct technical support to States Parties for assessing and mitigating the impact of developmental projects on properties at the earliest possible opportunity, in order to reconcile conservation with development and to find practical solutions to pressing social and economic development issues while safeguarding the OUV of the property.
- There is a need to make use of the *Convention* as an engine for promoting sustainable development, focussing on local communities and incorporating poverty reduction aspects into management programmes.
- Transparency, dialogue and consultation in Convention processes by all parties is also a critical part of better enabling communities to participate as partners in the Convention, and secure benefits associated with listing of Sites on the World

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Heritage List.

• Open dialogue, transparency and ongoing communication between the Advisory Bodies, the Secretariat and the States Parties are essential in all processes relating to monitoring the state of conservation of World Heritage properties.

#### 4. Capacity building:

- There is need to focus capacity building activities especially on institutional strengthening at the national level in States Parties (including in relation to legal systems for protecting heritage) while also continuing to target efforts on building the capacity of national professionals and youth. There is need to develop targeted national capacity building strategies for this purpose.
- Make better use of national and regional training institutions and expertise, as well as UNESCO Category 2 Centres and relevant UNESCO Chairs in all capacity building activities.
- More practical guidance should be provided on all aspects of World Heritage conservation through training, resource manuals and sharing of best practice, in a wide range of languages and supported by appropriate training materials.
- A thesaurus of technical terms used in the implementation of the *Convention* should also be developed.
- New Committee members should be given comprehensive induction training, soon after their election, and not just through the half-day orientations session that is organised a day before the World Heritage Committee session.

#### 5. Roles of Advisory Bodies and Secretariat:

- Further clarify the distinct roles and responsibilities of the Advisory Bodies (expertise, independent technical and analytical functions) and the Secretariat (regulatory and technical functions).
- The Secretariat should play a much stronger role in consistently reminding the World Heritage Committee of the *Operational Guidelines*, Rules of Procedure and its own past decisions.
- The Secretariat should serve as a facilitator between the States Parties and Advisory Bodies.
- The Advisory Bodies and Secretariat should function in a fully transparent manner, and should communicate clearly both current practices and scope for improvements.
- The Advisory Bodies should make use of national and regional expertise, and ensure balanced geographical representation in their staff and experts chosen. The Advisory Bodies have already begun a series of capacity building activities towards this end.
- Resources are required to enable the Advisory Bodies and Secretariat need to respond with greater promptness to the requests of States Parties, especially in relation to issues which require resolution between the sessions of the World Heritage Committee.

#### 6. Role of the Committee and governance:

• The growing discrepancy between expert advice and decisions of the World Heritage Committee is negatively impacting on the credibility of the *Convention*.

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- The World Heritage Committee should follow the *Operational Guidelines* and the rules that it has itself established. In case of any departure from them, the Committee must record the reasons for doing so.
- Different geographical regions should be equitably represented on the World Heritage Committee.
- There is need to significantly enhance the role of local communities, indigenous peoples and the civil society in all processes of the *Convention*.

#### 7. Resource constraints:

- Many of the points above related to tentative lists, upstream processes, technical advice on development projects, and capacity building have important resource implications. The necessary financial resources will need to be found in order to support these activities if they are to be fully implemented.
- States Parties must contribute adequate funds on a voluntary basis for effective implementation of the *Convention*.
- Create an innovative funding mechanism for financing the work of the *Convention* and ensuring sustainability of the World Heritage Fund.
- In view of resource constraints, the World Heritage Committee must prioritise and adopt an incremental approach to implementing priorities, and many of the requested actions, such as the introduction of the upstream process, will not be possible given current levels of resourcing.
- The Committee should consider the possibility of reviewing Article 16 of the *Convention* to enhance the limit of assessed and voluntary contributions of the States Parties.

#### Road map for follow-up:

In closing, the Director-General welcomed the open and frank dialogue on critical issues at the eve of the 40<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the *World Heritage Convention* in Kyoto, November 2012. She proposed to bring these issues forward to the 37<sup>th</sup> session of the World Heritage Committee (June 2013) and to the General Assembly of States Parties (November 2013). She warmly thanked the Advisory Bodies for the in-depth reflection in their non-papers and all States Parties for their contributions which offer concrete and practical suggestions for the future of this important instrument.

It was agreed that the report of the UNESCO External Auditor on the Evaluation of the Global Strategy and the PACT Initiative and the implementation plan prepared for its recommendations provides a very good framework and road-map to follow-up on the various suggestions that were made at the meeting. This is further complemented by the implementation plan prepared to follow-up on the Global Strategy and Action Plan, which was adopted by the General Assembly of States Parties. It was also agreed to harmonise the two implementation plans for better efficiency and to avoid duplication of effort. States Parties may also consider the preparation of a corresponding National Strategy and Action Plan for implementation of the Convention within their countries.