Deposited in the mile (1.5 kilometers) deep walls of the Grand Canyon are millions of years of geological processes. The resulting geological strata can be seen down the side of the canyon. The geological evidence of the earth's history — from 2.7 million years ago to the present — is on display. The Grand Canyon is one of the places on earth where a person can literally walk through time. From surface to the base of the canyon, a person can walk into the canyon observing Cenozoic era species and forms of life that have gone extinct. The view from the rim before the walk is started. It is in the Western Regions. Mesozoic era rocks were once 2,000,000 meters (1.5 million) thick on the basis that have all been eroded now. These deposits exhibit the world's oldest specimens of species that roamed the land during the "Age of Reptiles." This area is the site of the Grand Canyon National Park.

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